Libembroidery v1.0-alpha Manual

What is libembroidery?

libembroidery is a low-level library for reading, writing, and altering digital embroidery files in C.

libembroidery is the underlying library that is used by Embroidermodder 2 and is developed by The Embroidermodder Team. It handles over 45 different embroidery specific formats as well as several non-embroidery specific vector formats.

It also includes a CLI called embroider that allows for better automation of changes to embroidery files and will be more up-to date than the Embroider-modder 2 GUI.

If you want to find a simple fix to contribute see the *Development* section of the manual.

https://embroidermodder.org

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The Embroidermodder Project

The *Embroidermodder 2* project is a collection of small software utilities for manipulating, converting and creating embroidery files in all major embroidery machine formats. The program *Embroidermodder 2* itself is a larger graphical user interface (GUI) which is at the heart of the project.

This manual, the website (embroidermodder.org), mobile embroidery format viewers and tools (iMobileViewer, MobileViewer), the core library of functions (libembroidery) and CLI (embroider) are all tools to make the standard user experience of working with an embroidery machine better without expensive software which is locked to specific manufacturers and formats. But ultimately we hope that the core $Embroidermodder\ 2$ is a practical, ever-present tool in larger workshops, small cottage industry workshops and personal hobbyist's bedrooms.

Embroidermodder 2 is licensed under the zlib license and we aim to keep all of our tools open source and free of charge. If you would like to support the project check out our Open Collective group. If you would like to help, please join us on GitHub. This document is written as developer training as well helping new users (see the last sections) so this is the place to learn how to start changing the code.

The Embroidermodder Team

The Embroidermodder Team is the collection of people who've submitted patches, artwork and documentation to our three projects. The team was established by Jonathan Greig and Josh Varga. For a full list of members please see the Embroidermodder github page where it is actively maintained.

Build

libembroidery and EmbroiderModder 2 use CMake builds so if you are building the project to use as a library we recommend you run:

```
git clone https://github.com/Embroidermodder/libembroidery
cd libembroidery
cmake .
cmake --build .
```

This builds both the static and shared versions of the library as well as the command line program embroider.

Debug

If you wish to help with development, run this debug script and send us the error log. Note: this is maintained outside of the repository because it gives us a oneliner for new systems with a stable URL:

```
curl https://embroidermodder.org/libembroidery_debugger.sh | sh
```

While we will attempt to maintain good results from this script as part of normal development it should be the first point of failure on any system we haven't tested or format we understand less.

Usage

For basic use, we recommend you build as above then run:

```
./embroider
```

which will print out this advice on how to use these tools without digging straight into the rest of this manual.

EMBROIDER

```
A command line program for machine embroidery. Copyright 2013-2021 The Embroidermodder Team Licensed under the terms of the zlib license.
```

```
https://github.com/Embroidermodder/libembroidery
https://embroidermodder.org
```

Usage: embroider [OPTIONS] fileToRead...

Conversion:

```
-t, -to Convert all files given to the format specified by the arguments to the flag, for example:

$ embroider -t dst input.pes
would convert \"input.pes\" to \"input.dst\"
in the same directory the program runs in.
```

The accepted input formats are (TO BE DETERMINED). The accepted output formats are (TO BE DETERMINED).

Output:

-h, -help	Print this message.
-f, -format	Print help on the formats that
	embroider can deal with.
-q, -quiet	Only print fatal errors.
-V, -verbose	Print everything that has reporting.
-v, -version	Print the version.
Graphics:	
-c, -circle	Add a circle defined by the arguments
	given to the current pattern.
-e, -ellipse	Add a circle defined by the arguments
	given to the current pattern.
-1, -line	Add a line defined by the arguments
	given to the current pattern.
-P, -polyline	Add a polyline.
-p, -polygon	Add a polygon.
-s, -satin	Fill the current geometry with satin
	stitches according

to the defined algorithm.

given to the current pattern.

Quality Assurance:

-S, -stitch

-test Run the test suite.

For each of the flags described here we will go into greater detail in this manual.

Add a stitch defined by the arguments

Ideas

Rendering system There are two forms of render that will be produced.

- 1. A raster format as ppm so we can have a pixel for pixel output (for example extracting the embedded images in some formats).
- 2. The SVG format that will be fairly similar to InkStitch's format.

We have an EmbImage struct to store the raster format.

embroider test01.csv --render

currently creates a blank image. Previously the Hilbert curve test managed to create a correctly rendered version.

Binary download We need a current embroider command line program download, so people can update without building.

Identify the meaning of these TODO items

- Lego Mindstorms NXT/EV3 ports and/or commands

Progress Chart The chart of successful from-to conversions (previously a separate issue) is something that should appear in the README.

Tactile art and braille support One application I'd like to leave a reminder here for is automating embroidery for blind and partially sighted people.

There are many limitations to making braille (cost, poor support, lack of widespread adoption in the sighted world) and as such there is a strong DIY culture around it.

There are blind internet users who can also run terminal applications using a refreshable braille display, so in theory we could support an application like this for them:

```
embroider --braille "Hello, world!" hello.dst
```

which would produce braille that would read "Hello, world!" as an embroidery design.

Another option is tactile fills that use the same fill algorithms but are designed better to facilitate tactile art.

I think the way forward on this is to call up the RNIB business advice line and ask for assistance once we have a working model. That way they can get us in contact with experts to review how legible the output is and usable the software is for the intended audience.

This is less important than getting better machine support but given the high social impact I think it should be a priority.

Coding Standards

A basic set of guidelines to use when submitting code.

Naming Conventions

- Name variables and functions intelligently to minimize the need for comments.
- It should be immediately obvious what information it represents.
- Short names such as x and y are fine when referring to coordinates.
- Short names such as i and j are fine when doing loops.

- Variable names should be "camelCase", starting with a lowercase word followed by uppercase word(s).
- C++ Class Names should be "CamelCase", using all uppercase word(s).
- C Functions that attempt to simulate namespacing, should be "nameSpace camelCase".
- All files and directories shall be lowercase and contain no spaces.
- Tabs should not be used when indenting. Setup your IDE or text editor to use 4 spaces.

Braces

```
For functions: please put each brace on a new line.

void function_definition(int argument)
{
}
For control statements: please put the first brace on the same line.

if (condition) {
}
```

Do not use ternary operator (?:) in place of if/else.

Do not repeat a variable name that already occurs in an outer scope.

Comments

Use exceptions sparingly.

When writing code, sometimes there are items that we know can be improved, incomplete or need special clarification. In these cases, use the types of comments shown below. They are pretty standard and are highlighted by many editors to make reviewing code easier. We also use shell scripts to parse the code to find all of these occurrences so someone wanting to go on a bug hunt will be able to easily see which areas of the code need more love.

libembroidery is written in C and adheres to C89 standards. This means that any C99 or C++ comments will show up as errors when compiling with gcc. In any C code, you must use:

```
/* C Style Comments */
/* TODO: This code clearly needs more work or further review. */
/* BUG: This code is definitely wrong. It needs fixed. */
/* HACK: This code shouldn't be written this way or I don't feel right about it. There may a
/* WARNING: Think twice (or more times) before changing this code. I put this here for a god
/* NOTE: This comment is much more important than lesser comments. */
```

Formats

Overview

Read/Write Support Levels The table of read/write format support levels uses the status levels described here:

Status	Description
None (0)	Either the format produces no
	output, reporting an error. Or it
	produces a Tajima dst file as an
	alternative.
Poor (1)	A file somewhat similar to our
	examples is produced. We don't
	know how well it runs on machines in
	practice as we don't have any user
	reports or personal tests.
Basic (2)	Simple files in this format run well on
	machines that use this format.
Standard (3)	Files with non-standard features
	work on machines and we have good
	documentation on the format.
Reliable (4)	All known features don't cause
	crashes. Almost all work as expected.
Good(5)	All known features of the format work
	on machines that use this format.
	Translations from and to this format
	preserve all features present in both.

So all formats can, in principle, have good read and good write support, because it's defined in relation to files that we have described the formats for.

Test Support Levels

Status	Description
None (0)	No tests have been written to test the specifics of the format.
Basic (1)	Stitch Lists and/or colors have read/write tests.
Thorough (2)	All features of that format has at least one test.

Status	Description
Fuzz (2)	Can test the format for uses of features that we haven't thought of by feeding in nonsense that is designed to push possibly dangerous weaknesses to reveal themselves.
Complete (3)	Both thorough and fuzz testing is covered.

So all formats can, in principle, have complete testing support, because it's defined in relation to files that we have described the formats for.

Documentation Support Levels

Status	Description
None (0)	We haven't researched this beyond
	finding example files.
Basic (1)	We have a rough sketch of the size
	and contents of the header if there is
	one. We know the basic stitch
	encoding (if there is one), but not
	necessarily all stitch features.
Standard (2)	We know some good sources and/or
	have tested all the features that
	appear to exist. They mostly work
	the way we have described.
Good (3)	All features that were described
	somewhere have been covered here or
	we have thoroughly tested our ideas
	against other softwares and
	hardwares and they work as
	expected.
Complete (4)	There is a known official description
-	and our description covers all the
	same features.

Not all formats can have complete documentation because it's based on what information is publically available. So the total score is reported in the table below based on what level we think is available.

Table of Format Support Levels

Format	Read Support	Write Support	Specialised Tests	Documento	ati Sa ore	$Available\\ Score$
Toyota Embroi- dery Format (.100)	Basic	Basic	None	None	0	11
Toyota Embroi- dery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.10o) Bernina Embroidery Format (.art)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Bitmap Cache Embroidery Format (.bmc)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Bits and Volts Em- broidery Format (.bro)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Melco Embroi- dery Format (.cnd)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Embroidery Thread Color Format (.col)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Singer Embroidery Format (.csd)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	Read Support	Write Support	Specialised Tests	Documer	ntati Sn ore	$Available \\ Score$
Comma Sepa- rated Values	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.csv) Barudan Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dat) Melco Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dem) Barudan Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dsb) Tajima Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dst) ZSK USA Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dsz) Drawing Ex- change Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.dxf) Embird Embroidery Format (.edr)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	$Read \\ Support$	$Write \ Support$	$Specialised \\ Tests$	Documen	ntati Sn ore	$Available \\ Score$
Elna Em- broidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.emd) Melco Embroi-	None	None	None	None	0	11
dery Format (.exp) Eltac Embroi-	None	None	None	None	0	11
dery Format (.exy) Sierra Ex-	None	None	None	None	0	11
panded Embroi- dery Format (.eys)						
Fortron Embroi- dery Format (.fxy)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Smoothie G-Code Embroi- dery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.gc) Great Notions Embroidery Format (.gnc)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	Read Support	Write Support	Specialised Tests	Documen	tati Sn ore	$Available \\ Score$
Gold Thread Embroidery Format (.gt)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Husqvarna Viking Embroi- dery Format (.hus)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Inbro Embroidery Format (.inb)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Embroidery Color Format (.inf)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Janome Embroi- dery Format (.jef)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Pfaff Embroidery Format (.ksm)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Pfaff Embroidery Format (.max)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Mitsubishi Embroi- dery Format (.mit)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	$Read \\ Support$	$Write \ Support$	$Specialised \\ Tests$	Documen	ntati Sn ore	$Available \\ Score$
Ameco Embroi- dery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.new) Melco Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.ofm) Pfaff Embroidery Format (.pcd)	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.pcd) Pfaff Em- broidery Format (.pcm)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Pfaff Em- broidery Format (.pcq)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Pfaff Embroidery Format (.pcs)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Brother Embroidery Format (.pec)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Brother Embroidery Format (.pel)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Brother Embroidery Format (.pem)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	Read Support	Write Support	Specialised Tests	Documer	ntati Sn ore	$Available \\ Score$
Brother Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.pes) Brother Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.phb) Brother Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.phc) AutoCAD Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.plt) RGB Embroidery Format (.rgb)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Janome Embroi- dery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.sew) Husqvarna Viking Embroidery Format (.shv)	None	None	None	None	0	11
Sunstar Embroidery Format (.sst)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	Read Support	Write Support	Specialised Tests	Documen	ıtati Sa ore	$Available \\ Score$
Data Stitch Embroi- dery	None	None	None	None	0	11
Format (.stx) Scalable Vector Graphics	None	None	None	None	0	12
(.svg) Pfaff Em- broidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.t01) Pfaff Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.t09) Happy Embroidery	None	None	None	None	0	11
Format (.tap) ThredWorl Embroidery Format	${ m ksNone}$	None	None	None	0	11
(.thr) Text File	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.txt) Barudan Embroidery Format	None	None	None	None	0	11
(.u00) Barudan Embroi- dery Format (.u01)	None	None	None	None	0	11

Format	Read Support None	Write Support None	Specialised Tests	Documentati Sv ore		$Available \\ Score$	
Pfaff Embroidery Format (.vip)			None	None	0	11	
Pfaff Embroidery Format (.vp3)	None	None	None	None	0	11	
Singer Embroidery Format (.xxx)	None	None	None	None	0	11	
ZSK USA Em- broidery Format (.zsk)	None		None	None	None	0	
Total	-	-	-	-	0	671	

For a total of 0% coverage.

Toyota Embroidery Format (.100)

The Toyota 100 format is a stitch-only format that uses an external color file.

The stitch encoding is in 4 byte chunks.

Toyota Embroidery Format (.10o)

The Toyota 10o format is a stitch-only format that uses an external color file.

The stitch encoding is in 3 byte chunks.

Bernina Embroidery Format (.art)

We don't know much about this format. TODO: Find a source.

Bitmap Cache Embroidery Format (.bmc)

We don't know much about this format. TODO: Find a source.

Bits and Volts Embroidery Format (.bro) The Bits and Volts bro format is a stitch-only format that uses an external color file. The header is 256 bytes. There's a series of unknown variables in the header. The stitch list uses a variable length encoding which is 2 bytes for any stitch Melco Embroidery Format (.cnd) The Melco cnd format is a stitch-only format. We don't know much about this format. TODO: Find a source. Embroidery Thread Color Format (.col) Stitch Only Format. Singer Embroidery Format (.csd) Stitch Only Format Comma Separated Values (.csv) Stitch Only Format. Barudan Embroidery Format (.dat) Stitch Only Format Melco Embroidery Format (.dem) Stitch Only Format Barudan Embroidery Format (.dsb) • Stitch Only Format. \boxtimes Basic Read Support \square Basic Write Support \Box Well Tested Read

Tajima Embroidery Format (.dst)

• Stitch Only Format.

 \Box Well Tested Write

- \boxtimes Basic Read Support
- \Box Well Tested Read
- \square Well Tested Write

.DST (Tajima) embroidery file read/write routines Format comments are thanks to tspilman@dalcoathletic.com who's notes appeared at http://www.wotsit.org under Tajima Format.

Header The header seems to contain information about the design. Seems to be ASCII text delimited by 0x0D (carriage returns). This must be in the file for most new software or hardware to consider it a good file! This is much more important than I originally believed. The header is 125 bytes in length and padded out by 0x20 to 512 bytes total. All entries in the header seem to be 2 ASCII characters followed by a colon, then it's value trailed by a carriage return.

$C\ memory$	Description
char LA[16+1];	First is the 'LA' entry, which is the design name with no path or extension information. The blank is 16 characters in total, but the name must not be longer that 8 characters and padded out with spaces (0x20).
char ST[7+1];	Next is the stitch count ST, this is a 7 digit number padded by leading zeros. This is the total stitch count including color changes, jumps, nups, and special records.
char CO[3+1];	Next, is CO or colors, a 3 digit number padded by leading zeros. This is the number of color change records in the file.
<pre>char POSX[5+1];</pre>	Next is +X or the positive X extent in centimeters, a 5 digit non-decimal number padded by leading zeros.
<pre>char NEGX[5+1];</pre>	Following is the -X or the negative X extent in millimeters, a 5 digit non-decimal number padded by leading zeros.
<pre>char POSY[5+1]; char NEGY[5+1]; char AX[6+1]; char AY[6+1];</pre>	Again, the +Y extents. Again, the -Y extents. AX and AY should express the relative coordinates of the last point from the start point in 0.1 mm. If the start and last points are the same, the coordinates are (0,0).

C memory	Description
char MX[6+1]; char MY[6+1];	MX and MY should express coordinates of the last point of the previous file for a multi-volume design. A multi-volume design means a design consisted of two or more files. This was used for huge designs that can not be stored in a single paper tape roll. It is not used so much (almost never) nowadays.
char PD[9+1];	PD is also storing some information for multi-volume design.

Uses 3 byte per stitch encoding with the format as follows:

The 3 byte encoding for the dxf format.

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	y+3	y-1 y-3 color change	y+27	y-27	x-27	x+9 x+27 x+81	x-3	x+3

T01 and Tap appear to use Tajima Ternary.

Where the stitch type is determined as:

- Normal Stitch 00000011 0x03
- Jump Stitch 10000011 0x83
- Stop/Change Color 11000011 0xC3
- End Design 11110011 0xF3

Inclusive or'ed with the last byte.

Note that:

- 1. The max stitch length is the largest sum of 1+3+9+27+81=121 where the unit length is 0.1mm so 12.1mm.
- 2. The coordinate system is right handed.

ZSK USA Embroidery Format (.dsz)

The ZSK USA dsz format is stitch-only.

Drawing Exchange Format (.dxf)

Graphics format.

Embird Embroidery Format (.edr) Stitch Only Format Elna Embroidery Format (.emd) Stitch Only Format. Melco Embroidery Format (.exp) Stitch Only Format. Eltac Embroidery Format (.exy) Stitch Only Format. Sierra Expanded Embroidery Format (.eys) Stitch Only Format. Smoothie G-Code Embroidery Format (.fxy)? Fortron Embroidery Format (.fxy) Stitch Only Format. Great Notions Embroidery Format (.gnc) Stitch Only Format. Gold Thread Embroidery Format (.gt) Stitch Only Format. Husqvarna Viking Embroidery Format (.hus) Stitch Only Format. Inbro Embroidery Format (.inb) Stitch Only Format. Embroidery Color Format (.inf) Stitch Only Format.

Janome Embroidery Format (.jef)

Stitch Only Format.

Pfaff professional Design format (.ksm)

Stitch Only Format.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.max)

Stitch Only Format.

Mitsubishi Embroidery Format (.mit)

Stitch Only Format.

Ameco Embroidery Format (.new)

Stitch Only Format.

Melco Embroidery Format (.ofm)

Stitch Only Format.

Pfaff PCD File Format

Stitch Only Format.

The format uses a signed 3 byte-length number type.

See the description here 5 for the overview of the format.

For an example of the format see11.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.pcm)

The Pfaff pcm format is stitch-only.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.pcq)

The Pfaff pcq format is stitch-only.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.pcs)

The Pfaff pcs format is stitch-only.

Brother Embroidery Format (.pec)

The Brother pec format is stitch-only.

Brother Embroidery Format (.pel)

The Brother pel format is stitch-only.

Brother Embroidery Format (.pem)

The Brother pem format is stitch-only.

Brother Embroidery Format (.pes)

```
The Brother pes format is stitch-only.
struct PEShdr
{
char PESId[8];
DWORD PECOffset;
};
```

Brother Embroidery Format (.phb)

The Brother phb format is stitch-only.

Brother Embroidery Format (.phc)

The Brother phc format is stitch-only.

AutoCAD Embroidery Format (.plt)

The AutoCAD plt format is stitch-only.

RGB Embroidery Format (.rgb)

The RGB format is a color-only format to act as an external color file for other formats.

Janome Embroidery Format (.sew)

The Janome sew format is stitch-only.

Husqvarna Viking Embroidery Format (.shv)

The Husqvarna Viking shv format is stitch-only.

Sunstar Embroidery Format (.sst)

The Sunstar sst format is stitch-only.

Data Stitch Embroidery Format (.stx)

The Data Stitch stx format is stitch-only.

Scalable Vector Graphics (.svg)

The scalable vector graphics (SVG) format is a graphics format maintained by \dots

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.t01)

The Pfaff t01 format is stitch-only.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.t09)

The Pfaff t09 format is stitch-only.

Happy Embroidery Format (.tap)

The Happy tap format is stitch-only.

ThredWorks Embroidery Format (.thr)

The ThreadWorks thr format is stitch-only.

Text File (.txt)

The txt format is stitch-only and isn't associated with a specific company.

Barudan Embroidery Format (.u00)

The Barudan u00 format is stitch-only.

Barudan Embroidery Format (.u01)

The Barudan u01 format is stitch-only.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.vip)

The Pfaff vip format is stitch-only.

Pfaff Embroidery Format (.vp3)

The Pfaff vp3 format is stitch-only.

Singer Embroidery Format (.xxx)

The Singer xxx format is stitch-only.

ZSK USA Embroidery Format (.zsk)

The ZSK USA zsk format is stitch-only.

On Embedded Systems

The library is designed to support embedded environments, so it can be used in CNC applications.

Compatible Boards

We recommend using an Arduino Mega 2560 or another board with equal or greater specs. That being said, we have had success using an Arduino Uno R3 but this will likely require further optimization and other improvements to ensure continued compatibility with the Uno. See below for more information.

Arduino Considerations

There are two main concerns here: Flash Storage & SRAM.

libembroidery continually outgrows the 32KB of Flash storage on the Arduino Uno and every time this occurs, a decision has to be made as to what capabilities should be included or omitted. While reading files is the main focus on arduino, writing files may also play a bigger role in the future. Long term, it would be most practical to handle the inclusion or omission of any feature via a single configuration header file that the user can modify to suit their needs.

SRAM is in extremely limited supply and it will deplete quickly so any dynamic allocation should occur early during the setup phase of the sketch and sparingly or not at all later in the sketch. To help minimize SRAM consumption on Arduino and ensure libembroidery can be used in any way the sketch creator desires, it is required that any sketch using libembroidery must implement event handlers. See the ino-event source and header files for more information.

There is also an excellent article by Bill Earl on the Adafruit Learning System which covers these topics in more depth: http://learn.adafruit.com/memories-of-an-arduino?view=all.

Space

Since a stitch takes 3 bytes of storage and many patterns use more than 10k stitches, we can't assume that the pattern will fit in memory. Therefore we will need to buffer the current pattern on and off storage in small chunks. By the same reasoning, we can't load all of one struct beore looping so we will need functions similar to binaryReadInt16 for each struct.

This means the EmbArray approach won't work since we need to load each element and dynamic memory management is unnecessary because the arrays lie in storage.

TODO: Replace EmbArray functions with embPattern load functions.

Tables

All thread tables and large text blocks are too big to compile directly into the source code. Instead we can package the library with a data packet that is compiled from an assembly program in raw format so the specific padding can be controlled.

In the user section above we will make it clear that this file needs to be loaded on the pattern USB/SD card or the program won't function.

TODO: Start file with a list of offsets to data with a corresponding table to load into with macro constants for each label needed.

Current Pattern Memory Management

It will be simpler to make one file per EmbArray so we keep an EmbFile* and a length, so no malloc call is necessary. So there needs to be a consistent tmpfile naming scheme.

TODO: For each pattern generate a random string of hexadecimal and append it to the filenames like stitchList_A16F.dat. Need to check for a file which indicates that this string has been used already.

Special Notes

Due to historical reasons and to remain compatible with the Arduino 1.0 IDE, this folder must be called "utility". Refer to the arduino build process for more info: https://arduino.github.io/arduino-cli/0.19/sketch-build-process/

libembroidery relies on the Arduino SD library for reading files. See the ino-file source and header files for more information.

The Assembly Split

One problem to the problem of supporting both systems with abundant memory (such as a 2010s or later desktop) and with scarce memory (such as embedded systems) is that they don't share the same assembly language. To deal with this: there will be two equivalent software which are hand engineered to be similar but one will be in C and the other in the assembly dialects we support.

All assembly will be intended for embedded systems only, since a slightly smaller set of features will be supported. However, we will write a x86 version since that can be tested.

That way the work that has been done to simplify the C code can be applied to the assembly versions.

Utility Functions

Avoiding the use of libc

Avoiding the use of libm

The cos and sin functions are calculated using

The arctan2 function in the source is calculated using Euler's series for the inverse tangent[?]:

```
\equation $$ \tan^{-1}(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\inf y} \frac{2^{2n}(n!)^{2}}{(2n+1)!} \frac{x^{2n+1}}{(1+x^{2})^{2n+1}} equation $$
```

Build

To build the documentation run make. This should run no problem on a normal Unix-like environment assuming pandoc is available.

- Pandoc creates the content of the page by converting the markdown to html.
- Pandoc also creates the printer-friendly documentation from the same markdown.
- Markdown acts as a go-between because it is easy to alter directly in the GH editor.

This way: 1. We write one set of documents for all projects. 2. The website can be simple and static, supporting machines that don't run javascript. 3. We control the styling of each version independently of our editing (Markdown) version 4. The printer-friendly documentation can have nicely rendered fonts and well placed figures.

Features

Bindings

Bindings for libembroidery are maintained for the languages we use internally in the project, for other languages we consider that the responsibility of other teams using the library.

So libembroidery is going to be supported on:

- * x86 systems as assembly (to aid writing assembly for other systems)
- * avr systems as assembly (for arduino)
- * arm systems as assembly (for other embedded systems)
- * C (by default)
- * C++ (also by default)
- * Java (for the Android application MobileViewer)
- * Swift (for the iOS application iMobileViewer)

For C# we recommend directly calling the function directly using the Dll Import feature:

[DllImport("libembroidery.so", EntryPoint="readCsv")]

see this StackOverflow discussion for help.

For Python you can do the same using ctypes.

To Flag

Circle Flag

Ellipse Flag

Line Flag

Polyline Flag

Polygon Flag

Satin Flag

Stitch Flag

Test Suite

Threads

- DXF Color Table
- HUS Color Table
- JEF Color Table
- PCM Color Table
- PEC Color Table

Other Supported Thread Brands

The thread lists that aren't preprogrammed into formats but are indexed in the data file for the purpose of conversion or fitting to images/graphics.

- Arc Polyester
- Arc Rayon
- Coats and Clark Rayon
- Exquisite Polyester
- Fufu Polyester
- Fufu Rayon
- Hemingworth Polyester
- Isacord Polyester
- Isafil Rayon
- Marathon Polyester

- Marathon Rayon
- Madeira Polyester
- Madeira Rayon
- Metro Polyester
- Pantone
- Robison Anton Polyester
- Robison Anton Rayon
- Sigma Polyester
- Sulky Rayon
- ThreadArt Rayon
- ThreadArt Polyester
- ThreaDelight Polyester
- Z102 Isacord Polyester

Development

A right-handed coordinate system is one where up is positive and right is positive. Left-handed is up is positive, left is positive. Screens often use down is positive, right is positive, including the OpenGL standard so when switching between graphics formats and stitch formats we need to use a vertical flip (embPattern_flip).

0x20 is the space symbol, so when padding either 0 or space is preferred and in the case of space use the literal '.' Use the macros:

```
#define PAD_SPACE(n) \
    embFile_pad(currentFile, ' ', n)
#define PAD_ZERO(n) \
    embFile_pad(currentFile, 0, n)
```

to save writing functions that may not inline.

Design Philosophy and Coding Standards

- 1. No GUI code will be present in libembroidery.
- 2. The library will be written in pedantic ANSI C/C90, aiming for no compiler warnings under GCC for compatibility with the most possible platforms.
- 3. The command line program embroider targets 32-bit and 64 bit systems that comply to POSIX or current Windows/MacOS standards. Practically, this means we only call C99 standard library functions.
- 4. Don't use any of the C Standard Library. All interfacing should be done by linux system calls or their equivalents.
- 5. Never use dynamic memory allocation (malloc/free) all memory that would need those functions uses temporary files instead.
- 6. Share heavy memory usage between functions, for example use embBuffer for buffering headers rather than having a separate char header[] variables.

Image Fitting

A currently unsolved problem in development that warrants further research is the scenario where a user wants to feed embroider an image that can then be .

Finding fixes

To find jobs marked within the source code rather than the list above, use:

```
grep "TODO" *.c *.h
```

Testing

Build embroider then run:

```
./embroider -test &> report.txt
```

If any of the tests return a fail in the summary (see tail report.txt) then it would help the project to send us an issue attaching the file to your message along with a description of the system you ran the program on.

To Do

We currently need help with:

- 1. Thorough descriptions of each embroidery format.
- 2. Finding resources for each of the branded thread libraries (along with a full citation for documentation).
- 3. Finding resources for each geometric algorithm used (along with a full citation for documentation).
- 4. Completing the full --full-test-suite with no segfaults and at least a clear error message (for example "not implemented yet").
- 5. Identifying "best guesses" for filling in missing information when going from, say .csv to a late .pes version. What should the default be when the data doesn't clarify?
- 6. Improving the written documentation.
- 7. Funding, see the Sponsor button above. We can treat this as "work" and put far more hours in with broad support in small donations from people who want specific features.

Beyond this the development targets are categories sorted into:

- 1. Basic Features
- 2. Code quality and user friendliness
- 3. embroider CLI
- 4. Documentation
- 5. GUI
- 6. electronics development

Basic features.

- 1. Incorporate #if Oed parts of libembroidery.c.
- 2. Interpret how to write formats that have a read mode from the source code and vice versa.
- 3. Document the specifics of the file formats here for embroidery machine specific formats. Find websites and other sources that break down the binary formats we currently don't understand.
- 4. Find more and better documentation of the structure of the headers for the formats we do understand.

Code quality and user friendliness

- 1. Document all structs, macros and functions (will contribute directly on the web version).
- 2. Incorporate experimental code, improve support for language bindings.
- 3. Make stitch x, y into an EmbVector.

embroider CLI

- 1. Make -circle flag to add a circle to the current pattern.
- 2. Make -rect flag to add a rectangle to the current pattern.
- 3. Make -fill flag to set the current satin fill algorithm for the current geometry. (for example "-fill crosses -circle 11,13,10" fills a circle with center 11mm, 13mm with radius 10mm with crosses).
- 4. Make -ellipse flag to add to ellipse to the current pattern.
- 5. Make -bezier flag to add a bezier curve to the current pattern.

Embroider pipeline Adjectives apply to every following noun so

```
embroider --satin 0.3,0.6 --thickness 2 --circle 10,20,5 \
--border 3 --disc 30,40,10 --arc 30,50,10,60 output.pes
```

Creates:

- 1. a circle with properties: thickness 2, satin 0.3,0.6
- 2. a disc with properties:
- 3. an arc with properties:

in that order then writes them to the output file output.pes.

Documentation

- 1. Create csv data files for thread tables.
- 2. Convert tex to markdown, make tex an output of build.bash.
- 3. Run sloccount on extern/ and . (and) so we know the current scale of the project, aim to get this number low. Report the total as part of the documentation.

4. Try to get as much of the source code that we maintain into C as possible so new developers don't need to learn multiple languages to have an effect. This bars the embedded parts of the code.

\mathbf{GUI}

- 1. Make MobileViewer also backend to libembroidery with a Java wrapper.
- 2. Make iMobileViewer also backend to libembroidery with a Swift wrapper.
- 3. Share some of the MobileViewer and iMobileViewer layout with the main EM2. Perhaps combine those 3 into the Embroidermodder repository so there are 4 repositories total.
- 4. Convert layout data to JSON format and use cJSON for parsing.

Electronics development

- 1. Currently experimenting with $Fritzing^{(8)}$, upload netlists to embroiderbot when they can run simulations using the asm in libembroidery.
- 2. Create a common assembly for data that is the same across chipsets libembrodiery_data_internal.s.
- 3. Make the defines part of embroidery.h all systems and the function list "c code only". That way we can share some development between assembly and C versions.

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Appendix

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