Reparobanue Ripoe

[-l,l] -> (-a,~)

] fe Li((R), me. [|f(x)|0|x<=

 $f(x) = \frac{2}{2} + \sum_{h=1}^{\infty} \left(a_h \cos\left(\frac{\pi h x}{\ell}\right) + b_h \sin\left(\frac{\pi h x}{\ell}\right) \right) \times e^{\left(-\frac{\ell}{\ell}, \frac{\ell}{\ell}\right)}$

 $a_{r} = \frac{1}{\ell} \left\{ f(t) \cos(\frac{\pi r t}{\ell}) dt \right\}$

 $b_{h} = \frac{1}{\ell} \int_{-\ell_{f}}^{\ell} f(t) \sin\left(\frac{dht}{\ell}\right) dt$

 $f(x) = \frac{1}{2\ell} \int_{1}^{\ell} f(t) dt + \frac{1}{\ell} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \int_{1}^{\ell} f(t) \cos(\frac{n\pi(t-x)}{\ell}) dt$ $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2\ell} & \frac{1}{2\ell$

 $\forall \lambda \in (0; +\infty)$ $\lambda_1 = \frac{1}{\ell}, \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{\ell}, \lambda_3 = \frac{1}{\ell}, \lambda_4 = \frac{1}{\ell}$ $\frac{1}{\pi} \geq \Delta \lambda \int f(t) \cos[\lambda; (t-x)] dt$

worm opposon $f(x) = \frac{4t}{1} \int dx \int f(t) \cos(x(t-x)) dt$ -($\int f(t) \cos(x(t-x)) dt \sim \int f(t) \cos(x(t-x)) dt$

def (Unimerpair Pyphe) $\sqrt{1+1}$ $\stackrel{\circ}{=}$ $-\infty$ $f(x) = \frac{1}{3} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dy \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \cos(y(t-x)) dt \iff \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (a(\lambda) \cos(\lambda x) + b(\lambda) \sin(\lambda x)) d\lambda$

1 B enny remnocmy y $f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int dy \int f(t) \cos(y(t-x)) dt$

 $f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int dy \ V. P. \int f(t) e^{iy(x-t)} dt$

def (Theosparo arme Pyple) N169 P(y) = 1 | f(t) e-ity of t

 $f(x) = v.p. \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int \Phi(y) e^{ixy} dy$ $+ \rightarrow f$ $f(t) = F(\lambda)$ $F(\lambda) = v.p. \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int \Phi(y) e^{ixy} dy$

 $F(\lambda) = \int_{\pi}^{2} (a(\lambda) - i \cdot b(\lambda))$

 $a(\lambda) = \frac{1}{3T} \int f(y) \cos(\lambda y) dy$ $b(\lambda) = \frac{1}{J_1} \int f(y) \sinh(\lambda y) dy$

 $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}$ $+\frac{1}{2\pi}\int_{e}^{+\infty} e^{-ixy} dx = \frac{1}{2\pi}\int_{e}^{+\infty} (e^{-(\alpha-iy)x})$ $+e^{-(\alpha+iy)x})dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\left(\frac{1}{\alpha-iy} + \frac{1}{\alpha+iy}\right) = \sqrt{2\pi}\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2+y^2}$ $e^{-\alpha x} = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2+y^2}$ $e^{-\alpha x} = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2+y^2}$ $e^{-\alpha x} = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}$ $e^{-\alpha x} = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}$ $e^{-\alpha x} = \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{2\pi}$

 $e^{-\alpha x} = \cos(xy) + i \sin(xy)$ maxime of payare $e^{-\alpha x} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int \frac{\cos(xy)dy}{\alpha^2 + y^2} = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \int \frac{\cos(xy)}{\alpha^2 + y^2} dy \quad (x > 0)$

 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{e^{-\alpha x}}{e^{-\alpha x}} \times 20$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{e^{-\alpha x}}{e^{-\alpha x}} \times 20$ $f = \int_{DT} \int_{C} (-e^{ax})e^{-ixy}dx + \int_{DT} \int_{C} e^{-ax}e^{-ixy}dx =$

 $e^{-ax} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(-\sqrt{\frac{y}{\pi}} \left(\frac{yv}{a^2 + y^4} \right) e^{ixy} \right) dy = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{+\infty} \frac{y \sin(xy)}{a^2 + y^4} dy, x > 0$ $e^{-at^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}}$ $e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}}$ $e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}}$ $e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}}$ $e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{w^2}{4a}}$

Choucmba: N170

1) lu retitions

 $F[af+bq]=af+b\hat{q}$ $a,b\in \mathbb{R}, f,g\in L(\mathbb{R})$

If € L(R), morga f € C(R), JACR JCA, rowiew

 $|\hat{f}(\lambda)| \leq \frac{74\pi}{4} \int_{-\infty} |\hat{f}(x)| dx' A^{\lambda} \in \mathbb{L}$

Cuezanhue, {f,}, f, ∈ L (P) u bepro f ∈ L (P)

 $\lim_{N\to\infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}} |f_n(x) - f(x)| dx = 0, morga f_n \to f$

3) Ospaz rpouzbognoù opururana

f f'e L (IR) N C (IR) morga F [f'] (y) = iy F [f] (y)

Cuganbue: eau $f \in C^{h}(\mathbb{R}), h \ge 1, morgo$ $|F[f](y)| \le \frac{M}{n}, \text{ uge } M = \sup |F[f^{(n)}](y)|$ $|y| = \frac{M}{n} = \sup |F[f^{(n)}](y)|$

 $f(u)(t) = (i\omega)^2 f(\omega)$ $f(w) = (i\omega)^2 f(\omega)$ $f(w) = (i\omega)^2 f(\omega)$

4) Th (o chepmre)

 $f * g = \sqrt{2\pi} f \cdot g \qquad \varphi * y = \int \varphi(t) \chi(x-t) dt$ $f * g = \sqrt{2\pi} f * g$

5) Apourbognae oppara

 $i^{k} F^{(k)}[1] = F[x^{k}]$

6) f(t-a) = e-ima f

+) eiat f = f (ω-a)

8) $f(\alpha t) = \frac{\alpha}{4} f(\frac{\omega}{\omega})$

 $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\delta(x)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\sqrt{\delta(x)} e^{-ixy} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$

 $e^{iat} = \sqrt{2\pi} \quad \delta(\omega - \alpha)$ $\cos(at) = \sqrt{2\pi} \quad \delta(\omega - \alpha) + \delta(\omega + \alpha)$ $\sinh(at) = \sqrt{2\pi} \quad \delta(\omega - \alpha) - \delta(\omega + \alpha)$