

CS 2050

Computer Science II

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LIVES TRANSFORMED

Agenda

- Sorting Objects:
 - Comparable<T> Interface (review)
 - Merge Sort w/ Linked List



```

1  public class Student {
2
3      private int    id;
4      private String name;
5
6      public Student(int id, String name) {
7          this.id = id;
8          this.name = name;
9      }
10
11     public int getId() { return id; }
12
13     public String getName() { return name; }
14
15     @Override
16     public String toString() {
17         return "(" + id + ", '" + name + "'";
18     }
19 }

```



```
1 public class Student implements Comparable<Student> {
```

```
2  
3     private int id;  
4     private String name;
```

```
5  
6     public Student(int id, String name) {  
7         this.id = id;  
8         this.name = name;  
9     }
```

```
10  
11     public int getId() { return id; }
```

```
12  
13     public String getName() { return name; }
```

```
14  
15     @Override  
16     public String toString() {  
17         return "(" + id + ", " + name + ")";  
18     }
```

```
19  
20  
21     @Override  
22     public int compareTo(Student other) {  
23         return name.compareTo(other.name);  
24     }
```

In our “Java Guide - Interfaces Section” there is an explanation about the **Comparable<T>** interface. Please read it!



```

5 ▶ public class SortingObjectsSol {
6
7     private static final String NAMES_FILENAME = "names.txt";
8
9 ▶     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
10
11         LinkedList<Student> students = new LinkedList<>();
12         Scanner in = new Scanner(new FileInputStream(NAMES_FILENAME));
13         int id = 1;
14         while (in.hasNextLine()) {
15             String name = in.nextLine();
16             Student student = new Student(id, name);
17             students.append(student);
18             id++;
19         }
20         in.close();
21         System.out.println(students);
22     }
23 }

```

```

(1, 'Florentina') (2, 'Omar') (3, 'Brittaney') (4, 'Celestine') (5, 'Joelle') (6, 'Dulcie') (7,
'Magaret') (8, 'Sheldon') (9, 'Mercedes') (10, 'Jaleesa') (11, 'Chelsey') (12, 'Toi') (13,
'Janay') (14, 'Roxana') (15, 'Marge') (16, 'Mitsue') (17, 'Ranae') (18, 'Damion') (19, 'Maranda')
(20, 'Elyse')

```



// TODO: merge the two given lists returning a new list with the elements sorted

```
15 @
16 public static LinkedList<Student> merge(LinkedList<Student> left, LinkedList<Student> right) {
17     int i = 0, j = 0;
18     LinkedList<Student> sorted = new LinkedList<>();
19     while (i < left.size() && j < right.size()) {
20         Student leftStudent = left.get(i);
21         Student rightStudent = right.get(j);
22         if (leftStudent.compareTo(rightStudent) < 0) {
23             sorted.append(leftStudent);
24             i++;
25         }
26         else {
27             sorted.append(rightStudent);
28             j++;
29         }
30     }
31     while (i < left.size()) {
32         Student leftStudent = left.get(i++);
33         sorted.append(leftStudent);
34     }
35     while (j < right.size()) {
36         Student rightStudent = right.get(j++);
37         sorted.append(rightStudent);
38     }
39     left.clear();
40     right.clear();
41     return sorted;
42 }
```



// TODO0: merge the two given lists returning a new list with the elements sorted

```
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16 public static LinkedList<Student> merge(LinkedList<Student> left, LinkedList<Student> right) {
17     int i = 0, j = 0;
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22         if (leftStudent.compareTo(rightStudent) < 0) {
23             sorted.append(leftStudent);
24             i++;
25         }
26         else {
27             sorted.append(rightStudent);
28             j++;
29         }
30     }
31     while (i < left.size()) {
32         Student leftStudent = left.get(i++);
33         sorted.append(leftStudent);
34     }
35     while (j < right.size()) {
36         Student rightStudent = right.get(j++);
37         sorted.append(rightStudent);
38     }
39     left.clear();
40     right.clear();
41     return sorted;
42 }
```




```

44 // TODOd: implement merge sort using a linked list
45 @ public static LinkedList<Student> mergeSort(LinkedList<Student> students) {
46
47     // TODOd: implement the base case
48     if (students.size() <= 1)
49         return students;
50
51     // TODOd: divide the students list into two lists: left and right
52     int middle = students.size() / 2;
53     LinkedList<Student> left = new LinkedList<>();
54     for (int i = 0; i < middle; i++)
55         left.append(students.get(i));
56     LinkedList<Student> right = new LinkedList<>();
57     for (int i = middle; i < students.size(); i++)
58         right.append(students.get(i));
59
60     // TODOd: recursively call mergeSort w/ left and right linked lists
61     left = mergeSort(left);
62     right = mergeSort(right);
63
64     // TODOd: return the result of merging left and right linked lists
65     return merge(left, right);
66 }

```




```

70 LinkedList<Student> students = new LinkedList<>();
71 Scanner in = new Scanner(new FileInputStream(NAMES_FILENAME));
72 int id = 1;
73 while (in.hasNextLine()) {
74     String name = in.nextLine();
75     Student student = new Student(id, name);
76     students.append(student);
77     id++;
78 }
79 in.close();
80 System.out.println(students);
81 LinkedList<Student> studentsSorted = mergeSort(students);
82 System.out.println(studentsSorted);
83 }

```

```

(3, 'Brittaney') (4, 'Celestine') (11, 'Chelsey') (18, 'Damion') (6, 'Dulcie') (20, 'Elyse') (1,
'Florentina') (10, 'Jaleesa') (13, 'Janay') (7, 'Magaret') (15, 'Marge') (16, 'Mitsue') (2,
'Omar') (5, 'Joelle') (17, 'Ranae') (19, 'Maranda') (8, 'Sheldon') (9, 'Mercedes') (12, 'Toi')
(14, 'Roxana')

```

