1. Is

List the content of current directory. In the above example, it shows that there are 2 files or directories in directory '/home'

2. mkdir

```
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -mkdir /home/Lesley
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -ls /home/Lesley
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$
```

Make/create a directory in HDFS as specified

Here I created a folder named `Lesley` under '/home`. Command `Is` shows that there's no item under this directory.

3. put

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -put README.txt /home/Lesley
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -ls /home/Lesley
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r- 3 ubuntu supergroup __175 2024-01-28 04:00 /home/Lesley/README.txt
```

Put/copy an item from local to HDFS

In the above lines of commands, I moved README.txt from local default folder to /home/Lesley.

4. get

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -get /home/Lesley/README.txt readme_copy.txt
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ ls
LICENSE-binary NOTICE-binary README.txt
LICENSE.txt NOTICE.txt bin include libexe [ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ cat readme_copy.txt
                                                                            readme_copy.txt share
For the latest information about Hadoop, please visit our website at:
   http://hadoop.apache.org/
and our wiki, at:
   https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/HADOOP/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -get /home/Lesley HDFS_Docs
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ ls
                LICENSE.txt
                                 NOTICE.txt bin include libexec
LICENSE-binary NOTICE-binary README.txt etc lib
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ cd HDFS_Docs
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6/HDFS_Docs$ ls
README.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6/HDFS_Docs$
```

Get/copy a whole directory or a file from HDFS to local directory or file. If the local directory does not exist, it will automatically make one.

The above example 1 copies a file README.txt to local default folder.

The above example 2 copies the whole HDFS directory /home/Lesley to local folder HDFS Docs.

5. rm

```
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -rm /home/Lesley/README.txt
Deleted /home/Lesley/README.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$
```

Remove/delete a file (not a directory) in HDFS

6. rmdir

```
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -rmdir /home/Lesley
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -ls /home
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r-- 3 ubuntu supergroup 175 2024-01-25 04:02 /home/README.txt
```

Remove/delete an empty directory in HDFS.

In step 5, we know that the directory Lesley is empty, so now it can be safely removed. From the above code we can see that under */home* there's no longer */home/Lesley*. It is emoved successfully.

7. cp

Copy a file or multiple files from specified path to another directory/path. When copying multiple files, the destination must be a directory, not a file name. In the example, I copied README.txt from /home to /home/Maria.

8. cat

```
[ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$ bin/hdfs dfs -cat /home/Maria/README.txt
For the latest information about Hadoop, please visit our website at:
   http://hadoop.apache.org/
and our wiki, at:
   https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/HADOOP/
ubuntu@ip-172-31-19-22:~/hadoop-3.3.6$
```

Display the content under the specified path. It must be a file, not a directory.