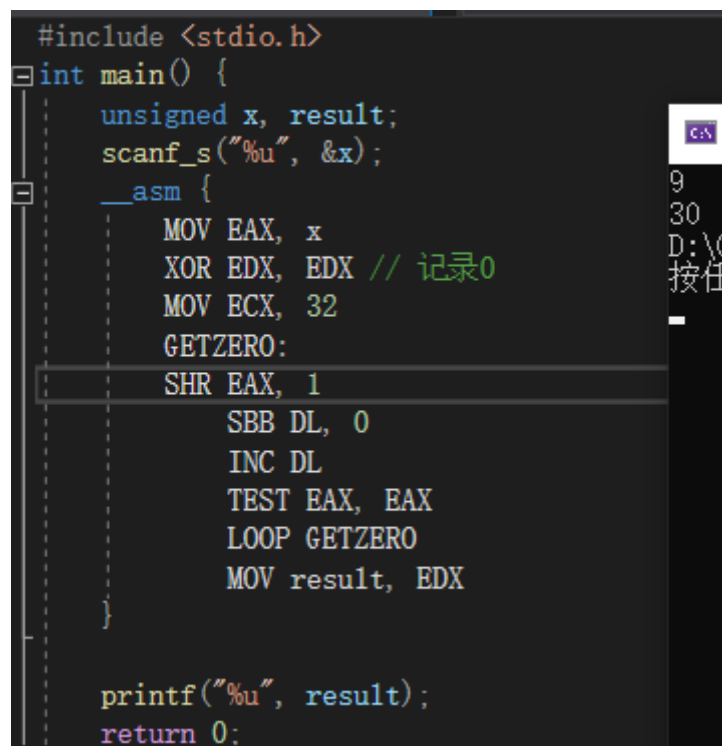


35. 由用户输入一个无符号整数(整型); 统计该32位整数中位值为0的个数; 显示输出统计结果

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    unsigned x, result;
    scanf_s("%u", &x);
    __asm {
        MOV EAX, x
        XOR EDX, EDX // 记录0
        MOV ECX, 32
        GETZERO:
            SHR EAX, 1
            SBB DL, 0
            INC DL
            TEST EAX, EAX
            LOOP GETZERO
        MOV result, EDX
    }

    printf("%u", result);
    return 0;
}
```

结果:



```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    unsigned x, result;
    scanf_s("%u", &x);
    __asm {
        MOV EAX, x
        XOR EDX, EDX // 记录0
        MOV ECX, 32
        GETZERO:
            SHR EAX, 1
            SBB DL, 0
            INC DL
            TEST EAX, EAX
            LOOP GETZERO
        MOV result, EDX
    }

    printf("%u", result);
    return 0;
}
```

38. 由用户从键盘输入一个字符串; 分别统计字符串中英文字母、十进制数字字符和其他符号的个数; 显示输出统计结果

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
```

```

unsigned letters, nums, others = 0;
char str[1000];
gets_s(str);
__asm {
    LEA EDI, str
    CMP BYTE PTR [EDI], 0
    JE OVER
    XOR EBX, EBX // letter
    XOR EDX, EDX // nums
    XOR ECX, ECX // others
    ALOOP:
        MOV AL, BYTE PTR[EDI]
        SUB AL, 48 // 假设是0
        CMP AL, 9
        JA SHORT LETTER
        INC EDX
        JMP NEXT

    LETTER:
        SUB AL, 17 // 假设是A
        CMP AL, 25
        JA SHORT LETTER1
        INC EBX
        JMP NEXT

    LETTER1:
        SUB AL, 32 // 假设是a
        CMP AL, 25
        JA OTHER
        INC EBX
        JMP NEXT

    OTHER:
        INC ECX

    NEXT:
        INC EDI
        CMP BYTE PTR[EDI], 0
        JNE ALOOP

    OVER:
        MOV letters, EBX
        MOV nums, EDX
        MOV others, ECX
}

printf("字母数: %u, 十进制数字字符数: %u, 其他符号数: %u", letters, nums, others);
return 0;
}

```

结果:

```

this IS 123 Test *()C
字母数: 10, 十进制数字字符数: 3, 其他符号数: 9

```

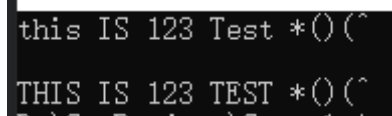
41.由用户从键盘输入一个字符串；将所有可能的小写字母转换为对应的大写字母；最后显示输出字符串。请采用子程序实现把可能的小写字母转换为大写字母。

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    char str[1000];
    gets_s(str);
    __asm {
        LEA EDX, str
        XOR ECX, ECX
        ALOOP:
            MOV EAX, [EDX]
            CALL LOWTOUP
            INC EDX
            CMP BYTE PTR[EDX], 0
            LOOPNE ALOOP
    }

    printf("\n%s", str);
    return 0;

    __asm {
        LOWTOUP:
            MOV AL, BYTE PTR [EDX]
            CMP AL, 0
            JE OVER
            SUB AL, 97 // 假设是a
            CMP AL, 25
            JA OVER
            ADD AL, 65
            MOV BYTE PTR[EDX], AL
        OVER:
            RET
    }
}
```

结果:



44.由用户输入一个无符号十进制整数（整型）；将该整数转换为对应十六进制数输出。要求输出时，只能采用字符串格式（先转换为对应的十六进制数字字符串）

```
#include <stdio.h>
char str[1000];
int main() {
    unsigned x;
    scanf_s("%u", &x);
    __asm {
        PUSH -1
```

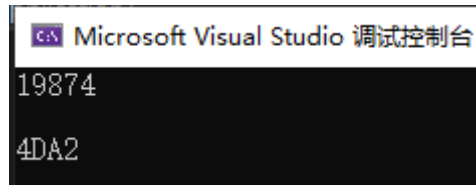
```

MOV EDI, x
LEA EDX, str
ALoop:
    MOV EAX, EDI
    AND AL, 0x0f
    ADD AL, '0'
    CMP AL, '9'
    JLE NEXT
    ADD AL, 7
NEXT:
    PUSH EAX
    SHR EDI, 4
    TEST EDI, EDI
    JE DEAL
    JMP ALop
DEAL:
    POP EAX
    CMP EAX, -1
    JE OVER
    MOV BYTE PTR[EDX], AL
    INC EDX
    JMP DEAL
OVER:
}

printf("\n%s\n", str);
return 0;
}

```

结果:



```

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```

47.由用户从键盘输入一个十进制数字字符串（假设不含其他字符）；然后把该十进制数字字符串转换成对应的数值；接着将该数值转换成对应的十六进制数字字符串；最后输出十六进制数字字符串。请采用子程序实现把十进制数字字符串转换为对应的数值。

```

#include <stdio.h>
unsigned decimalNum;
char decimalStr[10], hexadecimalStr[10];
int main() {
    scanf_s("%s", decimalStr, 10);
    __asm {
        LEA EDX, decimalStr
        MOV ECX, 10
        CALL TONUM
        MOV decimalNum, EAX
        MOV ECX, EAX
        LEA EDX, hexadecimalStr
        CALL TOHEXSTR
    }
}

```

```
printf("十进制数值: %u\n", decimalNum);
printf("十六进制字符串: %s\n", hexadecimalStr);
return 0;
```

```
__asm {
TONUM:
    XOR EAX, EAX
    PUSH EBX
    PUSH EDI
    XOR EBX, EBX
    MOV EDI, EDX
    ALOOP:
        MOV BL, BYTE PTR[EDI]
        SUB BL, '0'
        MUL ECX
        ADD EAX, EBX
        INC EDI
        CMP BYTE PTR[EDI], 0
        JNE ALOOP
        POP EDI
        POP EBX
        RET
}
```

```
__asm {
TOHEXSTR:
    PUSH -1
    BLOOP:
        MOV EAX, ECX
        AND AL, 0x0f
        ADD AL, '0'
        CMP AL, '9'
        JLE NEXT
        ADD AL, 7
    NEXT:
        PUSH EAX
        SHR ECX, 4
        TEST ECX, ECX
        JE DEAL
        JMP BLOOP
    DEAL:
        POP EAX
        CMP EAX, -1
        JE OVER
        MOV BYTE PTR[EDX], AL
        INC EDX
        JMP DEAL
    OVER :
        RET
}
}
```

结果:

```
123
+ 进制数值: 123
+ 进制字符串: 7B
```

50.由用户从键盘先后输入两个自然数；然后分别计算这两个数的和、差、积；分别显示输出结果。请采用合适的子程序。要求在输入和输出时，都只能采用字符串格式。

```
#include <stdio.h>
char sum[10], difference[10], product[10];
char a[10], b[10];

int main() {
    scanf_s("%s", a, 10);
    scanf_s("%s", b, 10);
    __asm {
        LEA EDX, b
        MOV ECX, 10
        CALL STRTONUM
        PUSH EAX
        LEA EDX, a
        CALL STRTONUM
        PUSH EAX

        MOV EDI, [ESP + 4] // b
        MOV EAX, [ESP] // a
        MUL EDI
        LEA ECX, product
        CALL NUMTOSTR

        MOV EAX, [ESP] // a
        ADD EAX, [ESP + 4]
        LEA ECX, sum
        CALL NUMTOSTR

        MOV EAX, [ESP] // a
        SUB EAX, [ESP + 4]
        LEA ECX, difference
        CALL NUMTOSTR
        POP EAX
        POP EAX
    }
    printf("a = %s, b = %s\n", a, b);

    printf("a + b = %s\n", sum);
    printf("a - b = %s\n", difference);
    printf("a * b = %s\n", product);
    return 0;
    __asm {
        STRTONUM:
        XOR EAX, EAX
        PUSH EBX
        PUSH EDI
        XOR EBX, EBX
        MOV EDI, EDX
```

```

        ALOOP :
            MOV BL, BYTE PTR[EDI]
            SUB BL, '0'
            MUL ECX
            ADD EAX, EBX
            INC EDI
            CMP BYTE PTR[EDI], 0
            JNE ALOOP
            POP EDI
            POP EBX
            RET
    }

__asm {
NUMTOSTR:
    PUSH EBX
    MOV EBX, 10
    PUSH -1
    CMP EAX, 0
    JGE BLOOP
    MOV BYTE PTR[ECX], '-'
    INC ECX
    NEG EAX
    BLOOP:
        XOR EDX, EDX
        DIV EBX
        ADD DL, '0'
        PUSH EDX
        TEST EAX, EAX
        JNE BLOOP
    DEAL :
        POP EAX
        CMP EAX, -1
        JE OVER
        MOV BYTE PTR[ECX], AL
        INC ECX
        JMP DEAL
    OVER :
        POP EBX
        RET
}
}

```

结果:



```

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213
75
a = 213, b = 75
a + b = 288
a - b = 138
a * b = 15975

```

