Lab 4. Linked Structures

Theme. In this lab, you will:

-use a linked structure to model a linear collection of objects

-practise how to add a node to a linked structure

-practise how to traverse the nodes within a linked structure

Key concepts: linear linked structure, manipulation of a linked structure

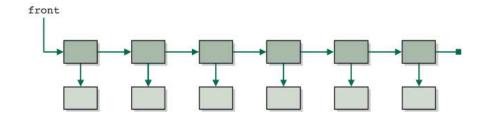
Required file(s): lab4.zip

1 Getting started...

- 1. In a web browser, download the archive lab4.zip from Blackboard and extract its contents into your default eclipse workspace for this module.
- 2. Start up eclipse.
- 3. Making use of the contents of your extracted archive, create a new Java project named **mother-link** in your eclipse workspace using the contents of your extracted archive.

2 Working with Linked Structures

A *linked structure* uses object reference variables to link one object to another. Each object in a linked structure is known as a **node**. A linear linked structure (also commonly known as a *linked list*) is suitable for modelling a *linear* collection of objects. Using such a structure, there is no need to use any array for storing the elements of a collection.



We have looked at how the fundamental building blocks of a linear link structure can be represented using a Java class called LinearNode. A LinearNode object represents a node within a linked list. We have also discussed the concepts of how a node can be added to a linked list and how to obtain the elements within a linked list. The following exercises give you a chance to put these concepts in writing using Java code.

The Eclipse Java project mother-link has two packages.

- 1. Package jss2 contains:
 - LinearNode A class for modelling a node in a linear linked structure.
- 2. Package ancestry contains:
 - Female A class for modelling a female person who has a name.

• MotherLink – A class to model a family line that involves females only. The idea is to form a link based on a daughter and mother relationship. The ancestral information is kept in a *reversed* order. The last in line in a mother link is the *youngest* within the family line.

This class uses a linear linked structure to model the ancestral information. The first node in the linear linked structure holds the female in the most recent generation. The last node holds the ultimate ancestor. For example, if Clare's mother is Belle and Belle's mother is Angela, the linear structure should look like the following:

Your Tasks

Your task is to complete the given implementation of LinearNode and MotherLink according to the specification. A successful completion of the implementation should enable the ancestral information of the last in line to be written to the standard output.

<u>Hint</u>: As usual, the rough locations where you are expected to add your Java code and relevant hints for accomplishing the tasks have been marked throughout the given Java programs. Look out for **block comments** that include a sequence of *four* exclamation marks, i.e.:

/* !!!! ... */

The locations where you are expected to pay particular attention on the given Java code have also been annotated. Look out for **block comments** that include a sequence of *four* plus signs, i.e.:

/* ++++ ... */

- 1. Define *two* fields (i.e. instance variables) in class LinearNode.
- 2. Complete the implementation of the constructor of LinearNode which enables a new LinearNode object to be created. Such a LinearNode object does not hold any an element nor have a "follower".
- 3. Complete the implementation of the constructor of LinearNode which enables a new LinearNode object with an element, but no "follower", to be created.
- 4. In class MotherLink, define a field named lastInLine for keeping a LinearNode<Female> object.
- 5. Complete the implementation of the constructor of MotherLink.
- 6. Suppose the following Java statement has just been executed:

```
MotherLink link = new MotherLink(new Female("Angela"));
```

Using an *object diagram*, describe the **state** of object link.

<u>Hint</u>: The state of an object refers to the fields of the object and their values at a specified point during the runtime of the application.

7. Suppose the following Java statements have just been executed:

```
MotherLink link = new MotherLink(new Female("Angela"));
link.addNextInLine(new Female("Belle"));
```

Using an *object diagram*, describe the **state** of object link.

- 8. Complete the implementation of the method addNextInLine in MotherLink. This method should add a new node to the front of the mother link.
- 9. Complete the implementation of the method size in MotherLink. This method should return the number of nodes within the mother link. For practice at traversing, linked lists implement this using a loop to count the nodes (rather than maintaining an instance field count as we did in Unit 5).
- 10. Complete the implementation of the method toString in MotherLink. This method should return a String representation of the complete mother link.

3 Testing

Now test your implementation to see if it meets the above requirements. Use the given main(String[]) method in MotherLink to perform a quick unit testing. If your implementation is correct, the output should be:

```
This mother link has 5 people.

They are:

Emma who is the daughter of...

Dorothy who is the daughter of...

Clare who is the daughter of...

Belle who is the daughter of...

Angela.
```

4 The Ultimate Challenge: Questions to think about...

- 1. The current output of the class MotherLink is not ideal. It assumes that there are at least two people in the mother link. However, the implementation of this class does not endorse this assumption. Modify the method toString so that appropriate output could be produced even when the mother link:
 - is empty, i.e.:

```
This mother link is empty.
```

• contains *only* one member, i.e.:

```
This mother link has one person. She is:
Angela.
```

2. The present implementation keeps track of the youngest female within a mother link, i.e. the last in line. Can you implement another version of mother link which keeps track of the oldest female in the family line, i.e. the first in line?

What would such an implementation be suitable for modelling?

3. The present implementation of mother link provides the implementation basis for modelling an ADT. Name this ADT.

<u>Hint</u>: Complete the Self Test on Blackboard.