

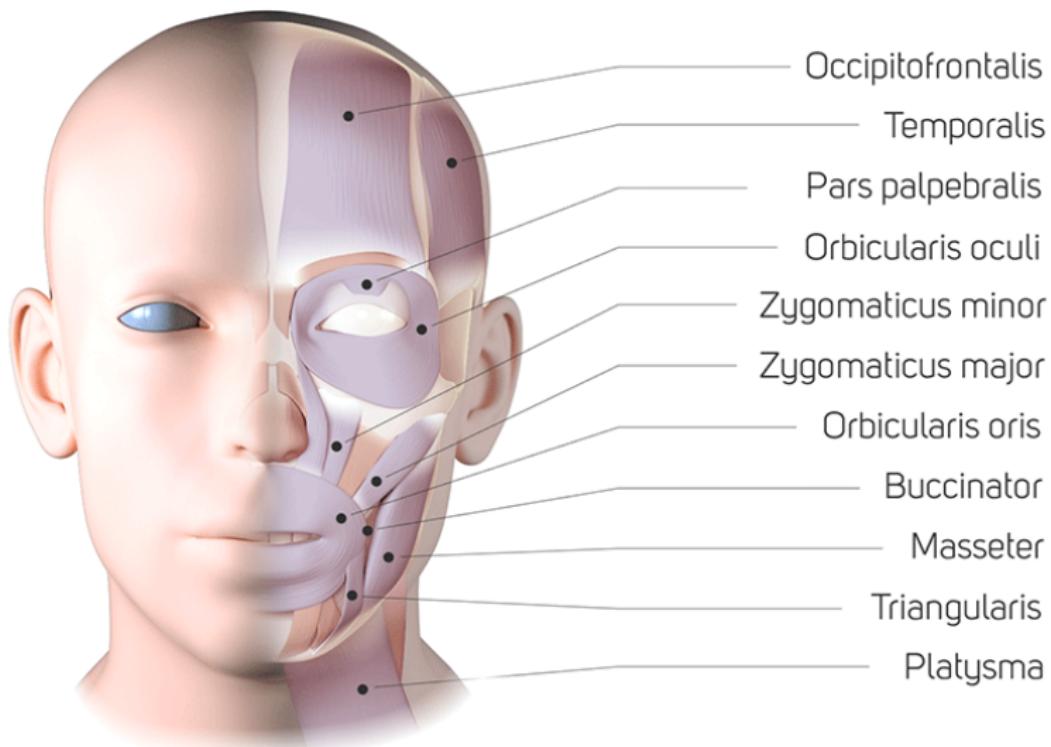
# Through the eyes of RoboFace

Robotics practical – final project

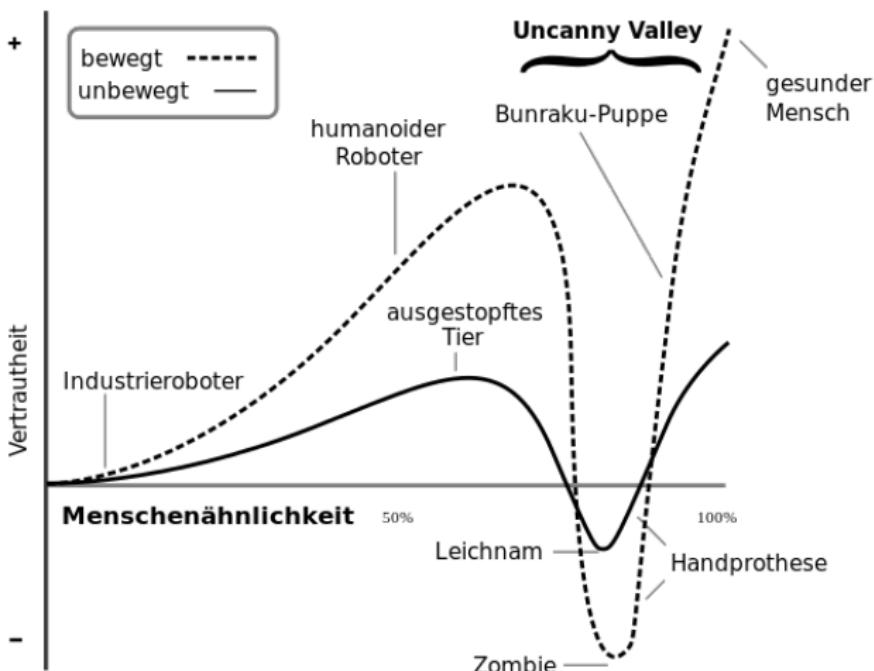
Kevin Kiefer, Letiția Elena Pârcălăbescu

the 28<sup>th</sup> of March 2017

# HumanFace



# Uncanny Valley



# Uncanny Valley



RoboFace  
Hardware

# RoboFace

## Software

- ➊ dependecies: pololu-usb-sdk, RapaPololuMaestro, boost(python), python(2 or 3)
- ➋ low-lvl code implemented in c++
- ➌ python api build on top
- ➍ main workflow implemented in python

# RoboFace

## Software

```
template<size_t N>
class ServoConfig
{
public:
    ServoConfig(
        const std::array<int,N> & servoChannel ,
        const std::array<int,N> & servoPos
    );
    // getter & setter
private:
    std::array<int, N> servoChannel_;
    std::array<int, N> servoPos_;
};
```

RoboFace

## Software

```
template<size_t NUM_SERVOS>
struct ServoConstraints
{
public:
    ServoConstraints(
        int min, int max,
        const std::array<int, NUM_SERVOS> & channels
    );

    bool isValidChannel(int channel) const;
    bool isValidPosition(int pos) const;

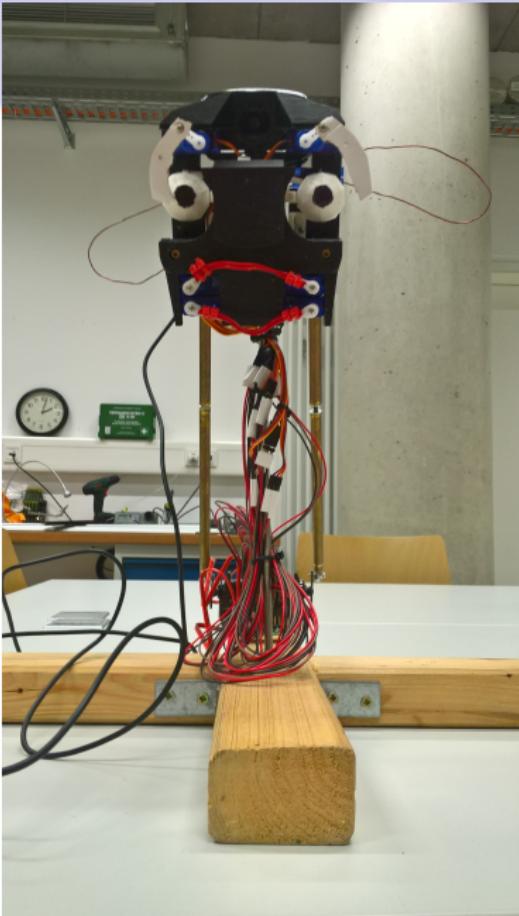
    // isValidChannelArray & isValidPositionArray

    template<size_t N>
    typename std::enable_if<(N <= NUM_SERVOS), bool>::type
    isValidConfig(const ServoConfig<N> & config) const;

private:
    std::array<int, NUM_SERVOS> channels_;
    int minPos_;
    int maxPos_;
};
```

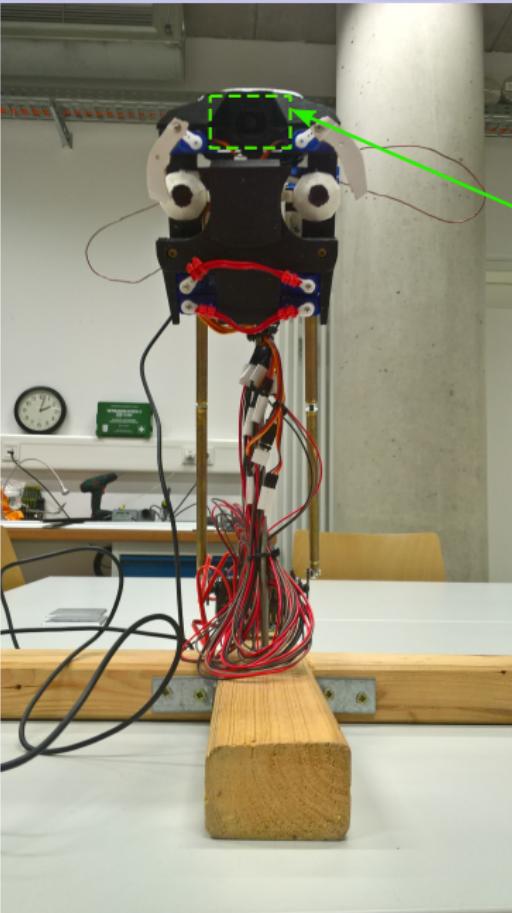
# RoboFace

## Deep Vision Problem



# RoboFace

## Deep Vision Problem



## Deep Vision

Short Intro into Neural Networks

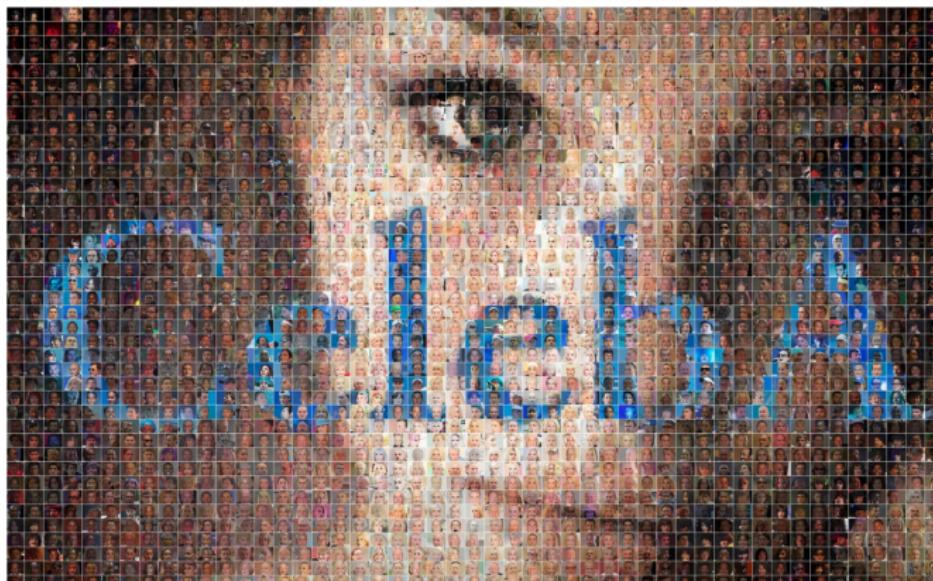
# CelebA Dataset web (2016)

202.599 images, 10.177 identities, 40 attributes per image

## Large-scale CelebFaces Attributes (CelebA) Dataset

Ziwei Liu Ping Luo Xiaogang Wang Xiaoou Tang

Multimedia Laboratory, The Chinese University of Hong Kong



# CelebA Dataset

## Sample Images

Eyeglasses



Wearing Hat



Bangs



Wavy Hair



Pointy Nose



Mustache



Oval Face



Smiling



## CelebA Dataset

## Attribute Selection

chose 13 labels out of 40 available

- ① Black Hair
  - ② Blond Hair
  - ③ Brown Hair
  - ④ Eyeglasses
  - ⑤ Gray Hair
  - ⑥ Male
  - ⑦ Mouth Slightly Open
  - ⑧ No Beard
  - ⑨ Smiling
  - ⑩ Straight Hair
  - ⑪ Wavy Hair
  - ⑫ Wearing Earrings
  - ⑬ Wearing Lipstick

## Own Approach Architecture

- ① 32 of neurons in each convolutional layer
  - ② Activations: Relu
  - ③ 9 x 9 convolution → Max Pooling
  - ④ 7 x 7 convolution → Max Pooling
  - ⑤ 5 x 5 convolution → Max Pooling
  - ⑥ 3 x 3 convolution → Max Pooling
  - ⑦ 3 x 3 convolution → Max Pooling
  - ⑧ Dropout(0.25)
  - ⑨ 512 Dense
  - ⑩ Dropout(0.5)
  - ⑪ 13 Dense
  - ⑫ Sigmoid
  - ⑬ Binary Crossentropy
  - ⑭ Adadelta optimiser
  - ⑮ Overall: 125,709 parameters

HumanFace  
○

Uncanny Valley  
○○

Hardware  
○

Software  
○○○

Problem  
○○○

Dataset  
○○○

Own Approach  
○●○○○○○○○

References  
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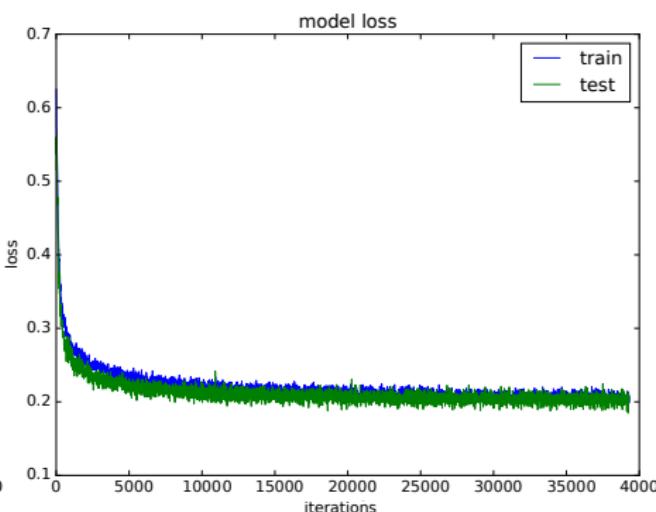
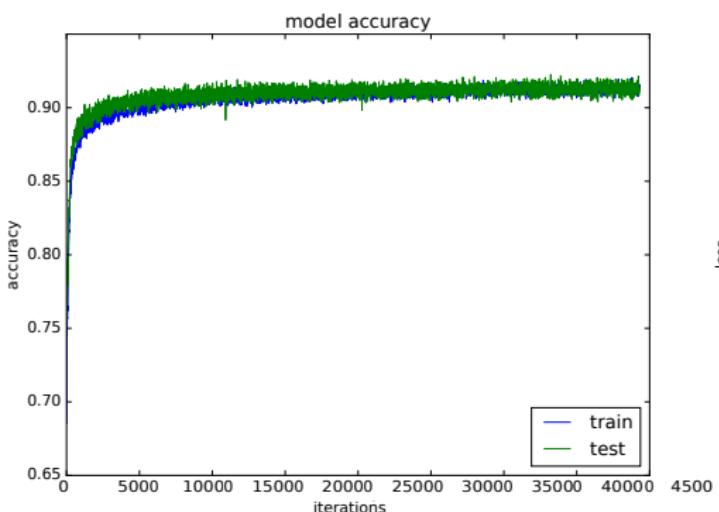
# Own Approach

## Architecture

# Own Approach

How to not do it!

Without data normalisation: beautiful training curve, BUT...

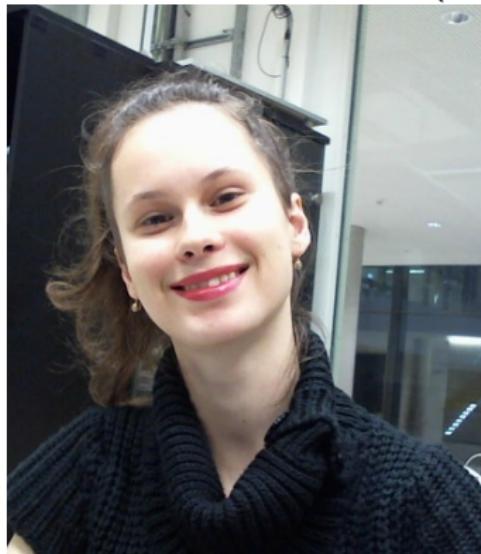


# Own Approach

How to not do it!

... BUT no generalisation capability at all!

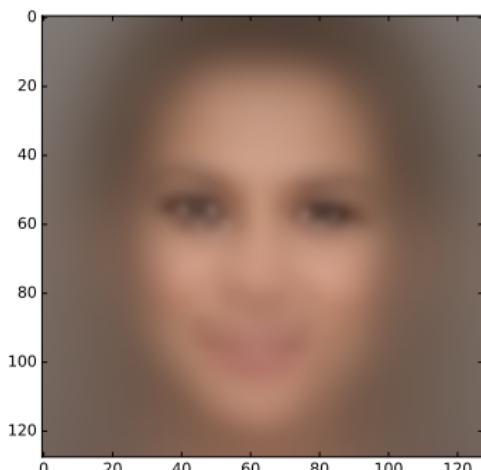
The predicted classes on the real world images from the robot are:  
Male (0.89), No beard (0.76)



# Data normalisation

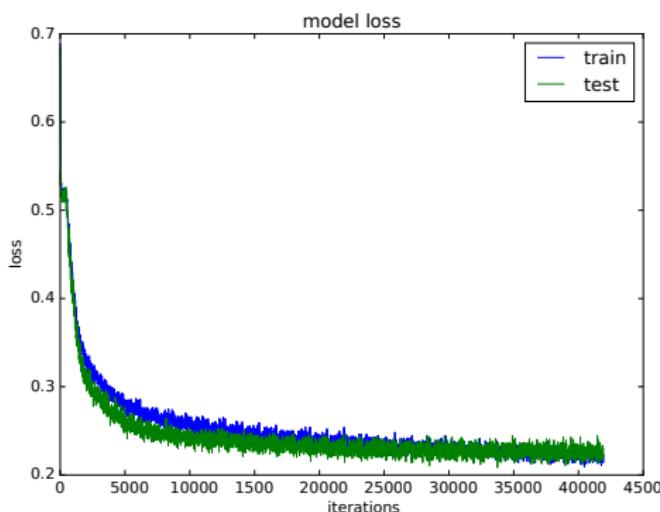
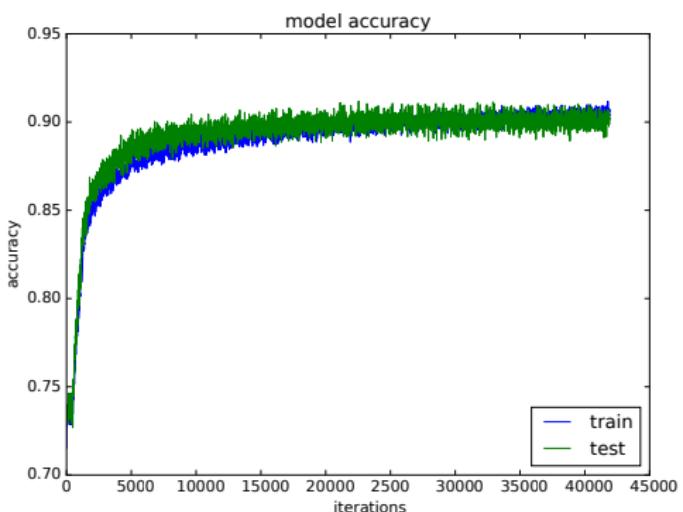
How to really do it!

- ① center the eyes
- ② resize images to have the same inter ocular distance
- ③ rotate image to make the inter ocular line look horizontal
- ④ resize image to 128 x 128 pixels
- ⑤ subtract the mean face



# Own Approach

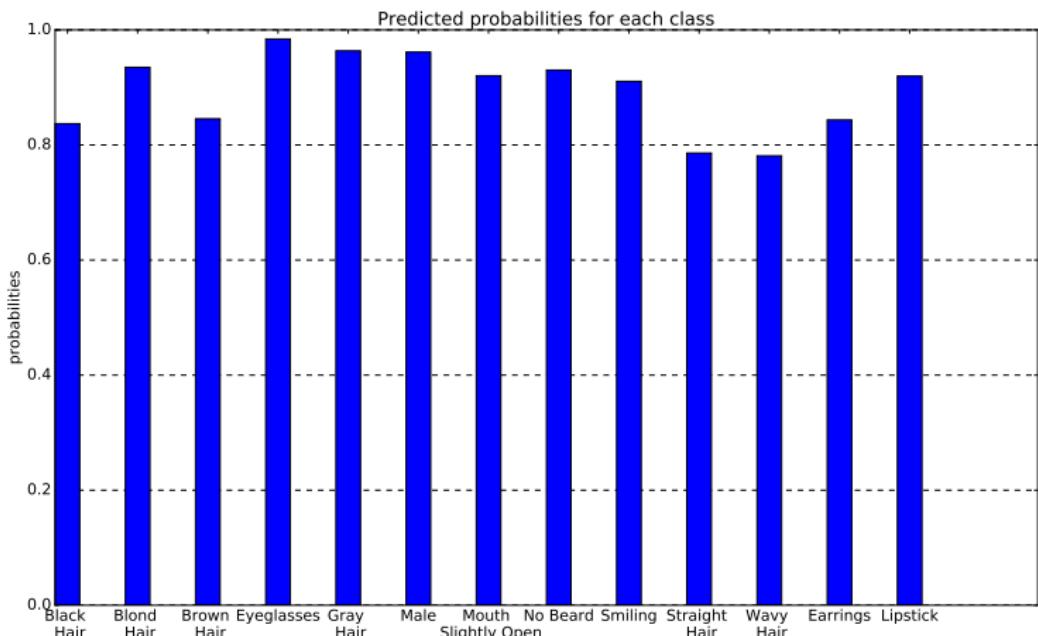
## Training Curves



## Own Approach

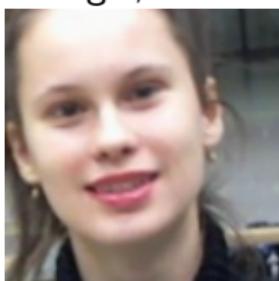
### Final Accuracy per Class

overall accuracy of 90%

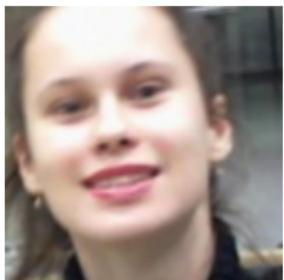


# Exemplary Results

'Black Hair', 'Mouth Slightly Open', 'No Beard', 'Smiling',  
'Wearing Earrings', 'Wearing Lipstick'

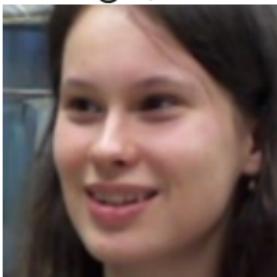


'Black Hair', 'Mouth Slightly Open', 'No Beard', 'Straight Hair',  
'Wearing Lipstick'

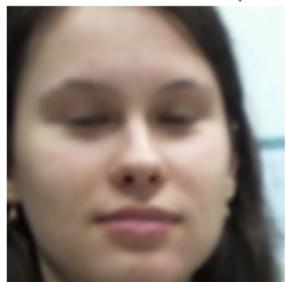


# Exemplary Results

'Black Hair', 'Mouth Slightly Open', 'No Beard', 'Smiling',  
'Straight Hair', 'Wearing Earrings', '**Wearing Lipstick**



'Black Hair', '**Male**', 'Straight Hair' – only 2 out of 45 examples.



# References

Celeba website, 2016. URL

<http://mmlab.ie.cuhk.edu.hk/projects/CelebA.html>.

X. W. Ziwei Liu, Ping Luo and X. Tang. Deep learning face attributes in the wild. In *Proceedings of International Conference on Computer Vision (ICCV)*, 2015.