Welcome

Intro to Game Programming with



by Kevin Richey

Kevin Richey

• Fourth grade, graphics and games in BASIC



What About You?

- Favorite games
- Use a computer & keyboard
- Programming
- Python or PyGame

Hands-On Programming!

- 1. Python statements
- 2. Structure of a PyGame program
- 3. Screen & Drawing
- 4. Animation
- 5. User input
- 6. Collision detection
- 7. See a working game!

Edit "MyGame.py"

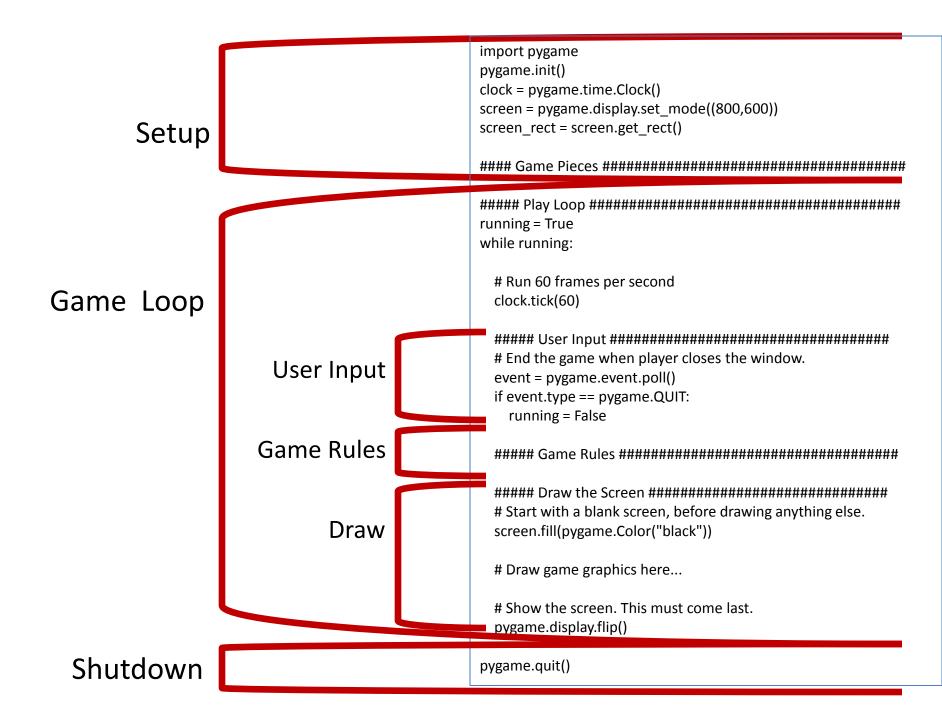
- 1. Double-click "IntroToPyGame-master"
- 2. Right-click "MyGame.py"
- 3. Select "Open"

1. Python Statements

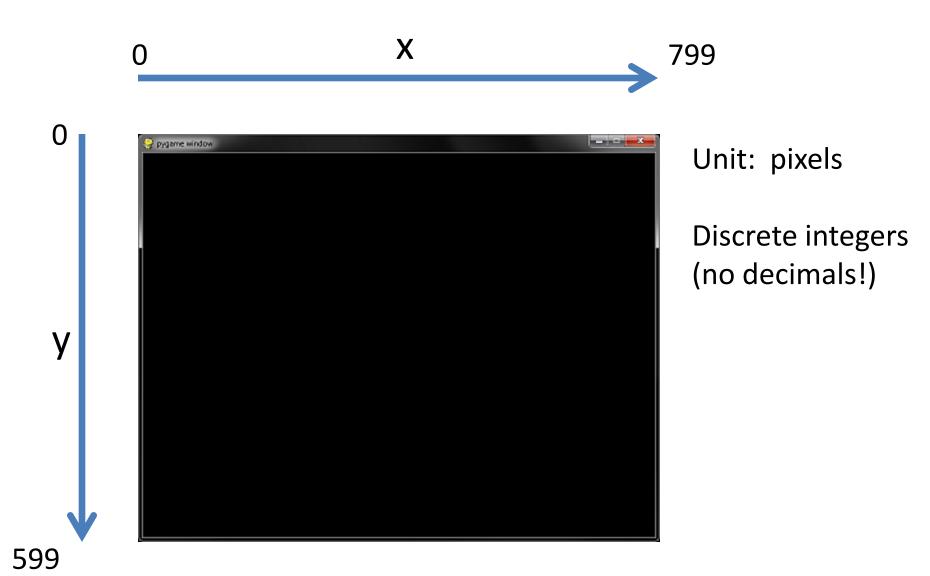
- Assignment name = something
- <u>Function</u>
 function(param1, param2, ...)
- Conditional
 if condition is true:
 do this
 elif condition is true:
 do this instead
- Loop while condition is true: do this

Run "MyGame.py"

- 1. Double-click "MyGame.py" icon
- 2. Click "Run" button

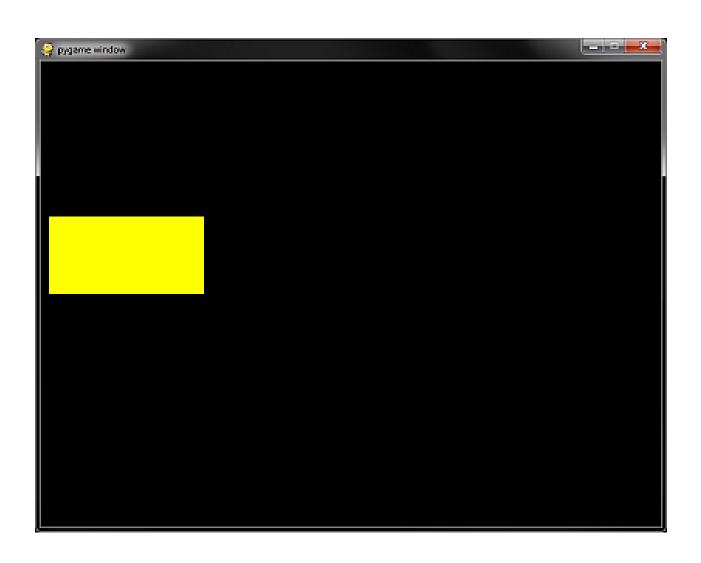


screen = pygame.display.set_mode((800,600))



3. Drawing Graphics

pygame.draw.rect(screen, color, box)



pygame.draw Functions

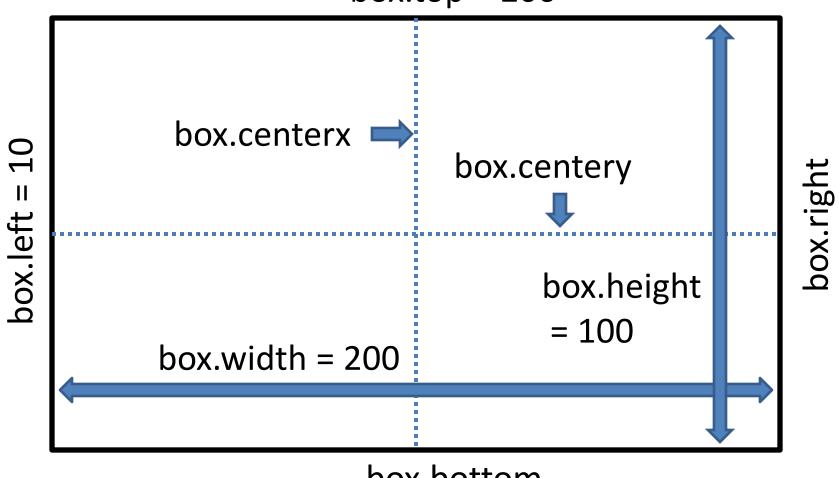
pygame.draw.rect()
pygame.draw.polygon()
pygame.draw.circle()
pygame.draw.ellipse()
pygame.draw.arc()
pygame.draw.line()
pygame.draw.lines()
pygame.draw.aaline()

pygame.draw.aalines()

http://www.pygame.org/docs/ref/draw.html
or Google "pygame.draw"

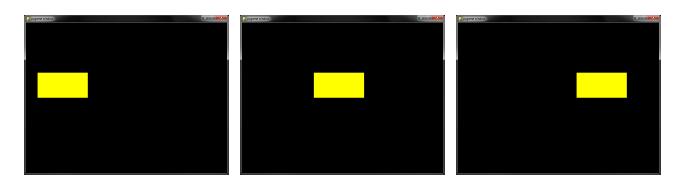
box = pygame.Rect(10, 200, 200, 100)





box.bottom

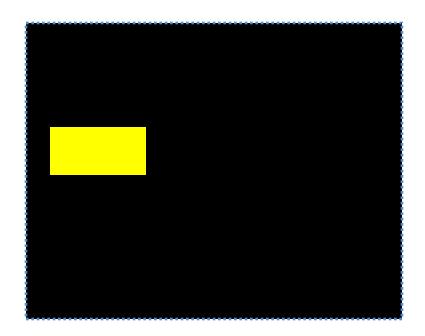
4. Animation!



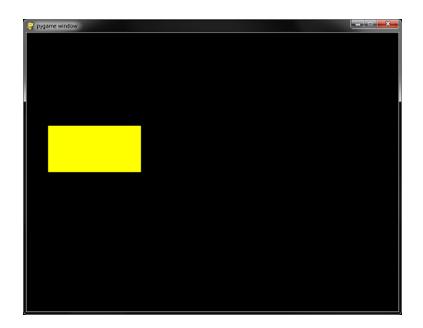
Clear, Draw, & Flip

```
# Start with a blank screen
screen.fill(pygame.Color("black"))
# Draw game graphics here...
pygame.draw.rect(screen, color, box)
# Show the screen. This must come last.
pygame.display.flip()
```

Double Buffer

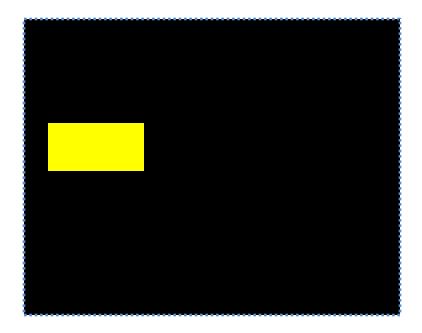


Hidden surface

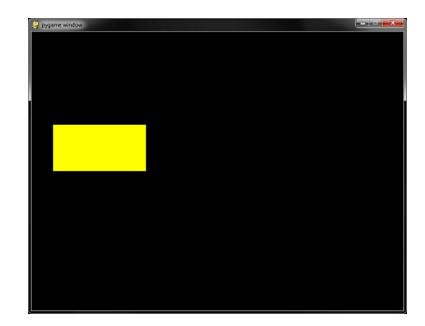


Visible window

screen.fill(pygame.Color("black"))

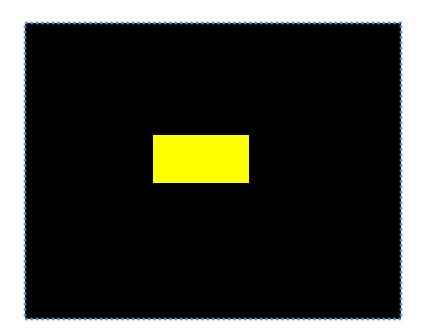


Hidden surface

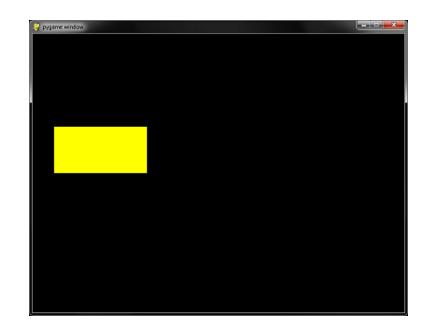


Visible window

pygame.draw.rect(screen, color, box)

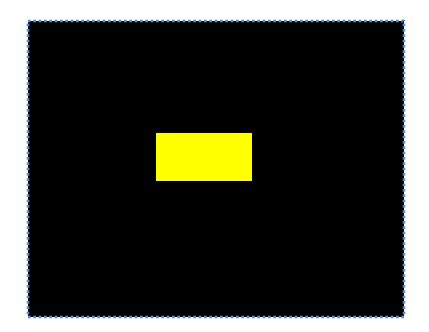


Hidden surface

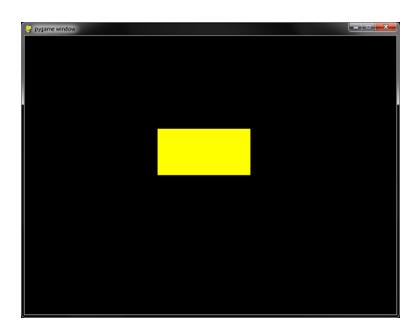


Visible window

pygame.display.flip()



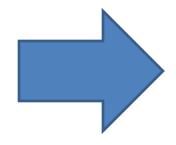
Hidden surface



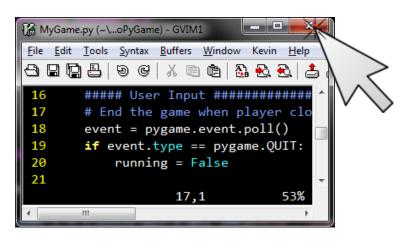
Visible window

5. User Input













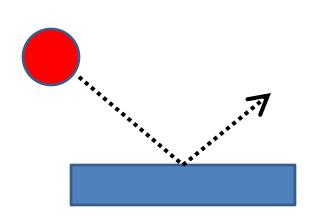
KEYUP

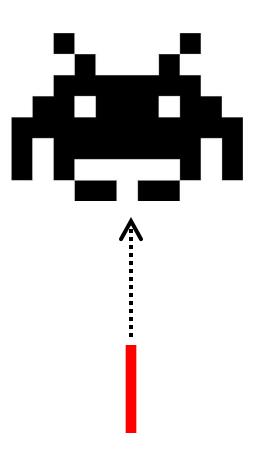
QUIT

Reading Keyboard Arrow Keys

```
elif event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
    if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:
        ball dx = -ball speed
    elif event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:
        ball dx = ball speed
    elif event.key == pygame.K_UP:
        ball dy = -ball speed
    elif event.key == pygame.K_DOWN:
        ball dy = ball speed
elif event.type == pygame.KEYUP:
    if event.key == pygame.K LEFT or event.key == pygame.K RIGHT:
        ball dx = 0
    elif event.key == pygame.K UP or event.key == pygame.K DOWN:
        ball dy = 0
```

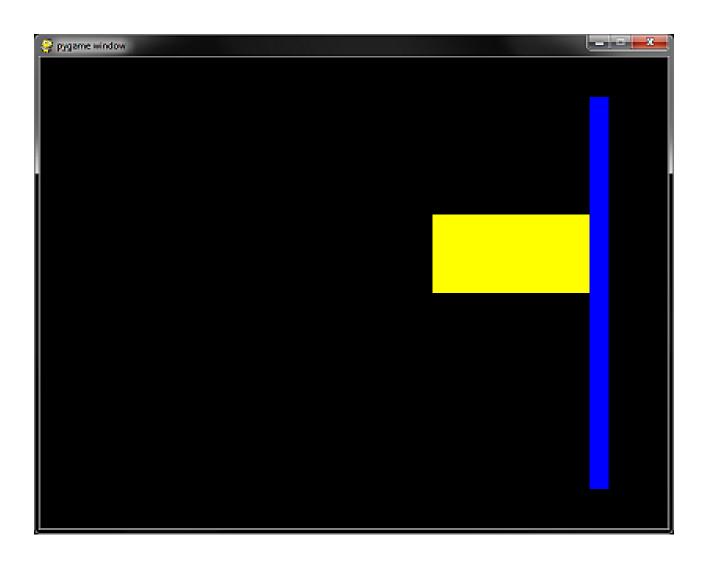
6. Collision Detection





```
# Draw game graphics here...
pygame.draw.rect(screen, box_color, box)
pygame.draw.rect(screen, wall_color, wall)
```

box.colliderect(wall)



7. Edit "blockout.py"

- 1. Double-click "IntroToPyGame-master"
- 2. Right-click "blockout.py"
- 3. Select "Open"

Change the Ball and Paddle

The Blockout game isn't much fun yet. Try to improve it by changing the ball and paddle.

- 1. Find the "Constants" section near the top of the file.
- 2. Type new color names inside the quotation marks.
- 3. Change the numbers after **ball_size** = and **ball_speed** =.
- 4. Change the numbers after **paddle_size** = and **paddle_speed** =.
- 5. Play the game after each change to see how it works.
- Q. How do these changes affect game play?
- Q. Which values do you like?

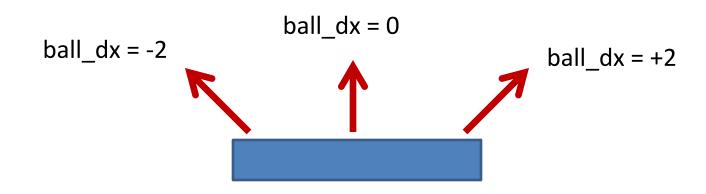
Keeping Score

Make each block worth 10 points and show the player's score on the screen. This requires adding multiple lines of code in different parts of the game program.

- 1. Create a score counter in "Game Pieces", equal to zero.
- 2. When the "Ball hits a block", increase the score counter by some points.
- 3. Under "Draw the Screen", use the draw_text() function to display the score in the top-left corner. You will have to convert the score number into text using the str() function, like this: "str(score)".

Aiming the Ball with the Paddle

Change the angle of the ball when it hits different parts of the paddle. Under "Bounce ball off the paddle", set the ball_dx value between -2 and +2.



Paddle Speed Control

Make the paddle move faster when player holds down the Shift key. The event.key values for left and right shift keys are pygame.K_LSHIFT and pygame.K_RSHIFT.

Extra Lives

Give the player three lives. When the ball hits the bottom, subtract one life and restart the ball in the center. The game is over when the player has zero lives.

Increasing Difficulty

Every time the ball hits a block, shrink the paddle (paddle.width -= 2). This will make the game progressively harder.

Try it at Home

- 1. Install Python 3.2.5:
 - https://www.python.org/download/releases/3.2.5/
- 2. Install PyGame:
 - http://www.pygame.org/download.shtml
- 3. Get the code for this class:
 - https://github.com/LetsCodeBlacksburg/IntroToPyGame
- 4. Learn more
 - Free Books: inventwithpython.com
 - Python: https://docs.python.org/3.2/
 - PyGame: http://www.pygame.org/docs/

The End



HAVE FUN!