

Creating a simple R Package

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Creating a minimalist R package

More information can be found in Hadley Wickham's **R Packages** book:

<http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/intro.html>

Required Packages

In order to create a package make sure you have the following packages:

```
install.packages(c("devtools", "roxygen2", "testthat", "knitr"))
```

Creating a package as an R Project

Here's the list of suggested steps to create an R package from scratch

- Open RStudio
- Go to **File** in the menu bar
- Select **New Project**
- Choose **New Directory**
- Choose **R Package**
- Specify a name for the package (e.g. **oski**), and choose directory
- Click on button **Create Project**

What's in the package structure?

The series of previous steps should initialize an “R project” with the following contents:

```
.Rbuildignore  
oski.Rproj  
DESCRIPTION  
NAMESPACE  
R/  
man/  
.Rproj.user/
```

- Open the **DESCRIPTION** file and customize its fields with your information
- Don't touch **NAMESPACE** (this will be updated via **devtools**)
- Don't modify the contents in **man/**
- Add R code (functions) in the directory **R/**

Adding code and Roxygen comments

- Go to the R/ directory and add your own R scripts (containing the functions).
- Document your code using Roxygen comments
- Add examples to the main functions

Here's an example of code for a function `coin()` (in file `coin.R`)

```
## @title Coin
## @description Creates an object of class \code{"coin"}
## @param sides vector of coin sides
## @param prob vector of side probabilities
## @return an object of class coin
## @export
## @examples
## # default
## coin1 <- coin()
##
## # another coin
## coin2 <- coin(c('h', 't'))
##
## # us cent
## cent1 <- coin(c('lincoln', 'shield'))
##
## # loaded coin
## loaded <- coin(prob = c(0.7, 0.3))
##
coin <- function(sides = c("heads", "tails"), prob = c(0.5, 0.5)) {
  object <- list(
    sides = sides,
    prob = prob)
  class(object) <- "coin"
  object
}
```

Workflow with "devtools"

The typical package development workflow with "devtools" consists of:

- generating the documentation: `.Rd` files in `man/` directory
- checking that the documentation is OK
- build the bundled package: creates the compressed file (a.k.a. *tarball* `.tar.gz` file); this file can be shared and installed in any platform.
- install the package: installs the bundled package.

We are assuming that you are using an R project to work in your package. In this way, R's working directory is actually the directory of your project. Here's the `devtools` commands you should use:

```
library(devtools)

# creating documentation (i.e. the Rd files in man/)
devtools::document()

# checking documentation
devtools::check_man()

# building tarball (e.g. oski_0.1.tar.gz)
devtools::build()

# checking install
devtools::install()
```

More elements: tests and vignettes

You should also include test and vignettes.

To include unit tests:

<http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/tests.html>

To include vignettes:

<http://r-pkgs.had.co.nz/vignettes.html>

Devtools workflow

```
library(devtools)

# creating documentation (i.e. the Rd files in man/)
devtools::document()

# checking documentation
devtools::check_man()

# run tests
devtools::test()

# checking documentation
devtools::build_vignettes()

# building tarball (e.g. oski_0.1.tar.gz)
devtools::build()

# checking install
devtools::install()
```