Files set up by Kevin Ryan based on raw data from the Buckeye 2.0 corpus:

Pitt, M.A., Dilley, L., Johnson, K., Kiesling, S., Raymond, W., Hume, E. and Fosler-Lussier, E. (2007) Buckeye Corpus of Conversational Speech (2nd release) [www.buckeyecorpus.osu.edu] Columbus, OH: Department of Psychology, Ohio State University (Distributor).

The corpus includes 40 speakers, including 20 males and 20 females. Syllable break locations follow CELEX (or estimates based on how clusters are usually divided in CELEX). Stress patterns follow CMU Pronouncing Dictionary (which includes more inflected forms than CELEX). Frequency data come from a TV transcript corpus (chosen to be representative of spoken American English), as described at en.wiktionary.org/wiki/Wiktionary:Frequency_lists. Frequencies are given for the 41,284 words in that corpus with counts of greater than 5. If the Buckeye word (as orthography) doesn't occur in that list, its frequency is given as "NA", suggesting an uncommon word or nonstandard spelling. Load the files in R as x=read.table("segment_durations.txt", header=T, sep="\t", quote="", comment.char="") to handle the special characters properly.

	DISC/CELEX	Buckeye	Notes	
<u>Vowels</u>	i	iy(n)	"beat"	$V = '[iuIUQ \setminus \{2645E13VPHF\}]'$
	u	uw(n)	"boot"	
	I	ih(n)	"bit"	
	U	uh(n)	"book"	
	Q	aa(n)/ao(n)	"bought"	
	{	ae(n)	"bat"	
	2	ay(n)	"bite"	
	6	aw(n)	"bout"	
	4	oy(n)	"boy"	
	5	ow(n)	"bow"	
	E	eh(n)	"bet"	
	1	ey(n)	"bait"	
	3	er(n)	"bird"	
	V	ah(n)	"abbot" (schwa)	
Syllabic Cs	P	el	"bottle"	
	Н	en	"button"	
	F	em	"bottom"	
Consonants	m	m		$C = [mnNltd]_TDSZszkgpbfvwhjrRY]'$
	n	n(x)		
	N	(e)ng		
	l	l		
	t	t		
	d	d	(tap is often transcribed	d this way here)
	J	ch		
	_	jh		
	T	th		
	D	dh		
	S	sh		
	Z	zh		
	S	S		
	Z	Z		
	k	k		
	g	g		
	p	p		
	b	b		
	f	f		
	V	V		
	W	W		
	h	h(h)	(usually "hh" in Buckey	re)
	j	у		
	r	r		
	R	dx	(not reliably transcribe	d)
	Y	tq/x	glottal stop	

segment_durations.txt (840,358 phones)

0.	Segment	unigraph DISC/CELEX transcription
1.	Duration	rounded to nearest millisecond
2.	Speaker	1-40 consecutive
3.	File	section identifier for file containing token
4.	Word	orthography of word
5.	POS	Buckeye part of speech (see table below)
6.	Ideal	like an underlying, phonemic, or careful form of the word
7.	Surface	the (often reduced) surface transcription of the word
8.	Context	immediate segmental context (including #) with hyphen for gap
9.	Prepausal	segment immediately followed by pause (1 or 0)
10.	SylN	location of this syllable in surface word
11.	OfN	total # of surface syllables (for "ideal" syllable count see words file)
12.	SylContext	whole surface syllable with hyphen for gap (syllabification based on CELEX)
13.	SubSyl	onset, nucleus, or coda
14.	StressGuess	primary, secondary, unstressed, or unknown, based on CMU Dict
		Watch out for clitics, which are often given as "primary"
		(can use POS or frequency to weed these out)
		"Guess" because it's based on a dictionary, not the actual token
15.	TVFreq	"NA" (<6) or a # greater than 5 (see intro). Should be logged.
		Approx. <10,000 is useful for getting content words (or use POS)
16.	TimeInto	location in recording (useful for checking or acclimation correction)
17.	IsYoung	1 if "young" (<=30), else 0 (>=40)
18.	IsMale	1 if male (n=20), else 0
19.	IntIsMale	1 if interviewer is male
20.	DurationNor	mal duration correction for overall rate of speaker (speaker's
		avg normalized segment length matches the global avg)

CC	Coordinating conjunction	PP\$	Possessive pronoun
CD	Cardinal number	RB	Adverb
DT	Determiner	RBR	Adverb, comparative
EX	Existential there	RBS	Adverb, superlative
FW	Foreign word	RP	Particle
IN	Preposition/sub. conj.	SYM	Symbol (math. or scientific)
JJ	Adjective	TO	to
JJR	Adjective, comparative	UH	Interjection
JJS	Adjective, superlative	VB	Verb, base form
LS	List item Marker	VBD	Verb, past tense
MD	Modal	VBG	Verb, gerund/pres. part.
NN	Noun, singular or mass	VBN	Verb, past participle
NNS	Noun, plural	VBP	Verb, non-3rd sing. present
NNP	Proper Noun, singular	VBZ	Verb, 3rd sing. present
NNPS	Proper Noun, plural	WDT	wh-determiner
PDT	Predeterminer	WP	wh-pronoun
POS	Possessive ending	WP\$	Possessive wh-pronoun
PRP	Personal pronoun	WRB	wh-adverb

syllable_durations.txt (361,313 syllables)

0.	Syllable	syllable in DISC/CELEX transcription (boundaries follow CELEX)
1.	Duration	syllable length in milliseconds
2.	Speaker	1-40 consecutive
3.	File	section identifier for file containing token
4.	Word	orthography of word
5.	POS	Buckeye part of speech (see table)
6.	Ideal	like an underlying, phonemic, or careful form of word
7.	Surface	the (often reduced) surface transcription of the word
8.	Context	surface with this syllable hyphened out and dots between syllables
9.	Prepausal	syllable precedes pause (1 or 0)
10.	SylN	location of this syllable in surface word (see words for "ideal" count)
11.	OfN	total # of syllables in surface word
12.	Onset	onset (possibly empty)
13.	Nucleus	nucleus
14.	Coda	coda (possibly empty)
15.	StressGuess	primary, secondary, unstressed, or unknown
16.	TVFreq	frequency of word
17.	TimeInto	location in recording
18.	IsYoung	1 or 0
19.	IsMale	1 or 0
20.	IntIsMale	1 or 0

DurationNormalized syllable ms normalized for speaker's overall rate

$\underline{word_durations.txt}$

(284,573 words)

21.

0.	Word	orthography of word
1.	Duration	length of word in milliseconds
2.	Speaker	1-40 consecutive
3.	File	section identifier for file containing token
4.	POS	Buckeye part of speech (see table)
5.	Ideal	like an underlying, phonemic, or careful form of word
6.	Surface	the (often reduced) surface transcription of the word
7.	ParseIdeal	ideal form syllabified with dots
8.	ParseSurface	surface form syllabified with dots
9.	Prepausal	word precedes pause (1 or 0)
10.	SylNIdeal	total # of syllables in ideal form of word
11.	SylNSurface	total # of syllables in surface form of word
12.	StressGuess	compiled stress contour from CMU Dict
		(1 = primary, 2 = secondary, 0 = unstressed, ? = unknown)
13.	TVFreq	frequency of word
14.	TimeInto	location in recording
15.	IsYoung	1 or 0
16.	IsMale	1 or 0
17.	IntIsMale	1 or 0
18.	DurationNormaliz	red word ms normalized for speaker's overall rate