

made at Tenant's expense and Tenant must pay the full rent with no adjustment. The cost of the repairs will be added rent.

If there is more than minor damage to the Unit by fire or other casualty, Landlord may cancel this Lease within 30 days after that fire or casualty by giving notice. The Lease will end 30 days after Landlord's cancellation notice to Tenant. Tenant must deliver the Unit to Landlord on or before the cancellation date in the notice and pay all rent due to the date of the fire or casualty. If the Lease is cancelled Landlord is not required to arrange for the repair of the Unit. The cancellation does not release Tenant of liability in connection with the fire or casualty. This Section, when permitted, is intended to replace the terms of applicable statutory law. Tenant has no right to cancel this Lease due to fire or casualty.

10. Liability

Landlord is not liable for loss, expense, or damage to any person or property, unless due to Landlord's negligence. Landlord is not liable to Tenant if anyone is not permitted or is refused entry into the Building.

Tenant must pay for damages suffered and money spent by Landlord relating to any claim arising from any act or neglect of Tenant. If an action is brought against Landlord arising from Tenant's act or neglect Tenant shall defend Landlord at Tenant's expense with an attorney of Landlord's choice.

Tenant is responsible for all acts of Tenant's family, employees, guests or invitees. Tenant must carry whatever property or liability insurance Landlord may require and will name Landlord as a party insured. The insurance shall be no less than a Tenant's Homeowners Insurance Policy in the minimum amount stated above. Tenant shall deliver a copy of the binder to Landlord prior to taking possession of the Unit.

11. Entry by Landlord

Landlord or parties authorized by Landlord may enter the Unit at reasonable hours to: repair, inspect, exterminate, install or work on systems and cause performance of other work that Landlord decides is necessary. At reasonable hours Landlord may show the Unit to possible buyers, lenders or tenants.

If Landlord enters the Unit, Landlord will try not to disturb Tenant. Landlord may cause to be kept in the Unit all equipment necessary to make repairs or alterations to the Unit or Building. Landlord is not responsible for disturbance or damage to Tenant because of work being performed on or equipment kept in the Unit. Landlord's or the Association's use of the Unit does not give Tenant a claim of eviction. Landlord or those authorized by Landlord may enter the Unit to get to any part of the Building.

Landlord has the right at any time to permit the following people into the Unit: (i) receiver, trustee, assignee for benefit of creditors; or (ii) sheriff, marshal or court officer; and (iii) any person from the fire, police, building, or sanitation departments or other state, city or federal government and (iv) the Association, Board of Managers and any other party permitted or authorized by the Declaration or Management Agreement covering the Unit or Condominium. Landlord has no responsibility for damage or loss as a result of those persons being in the Unit.

12. Construction or demolition

Construction or demolition may be performed in or near the Building. Even if it interferes with Tenant's ventilation, view or enjoyment of the Unit it shall not affect Tenant's obligations in this Lease.

13. Assignment and sublease.

Tenant must not assign this Lease or sublet all or part of the Unit or permit any other person to use the Unit. If Tenant does, Landlord has the right to cancel the Lease as stated in the Default section. Tenant must get Landlord's written permission each time Tenant wants to assign or sublet. Permission to assign or sublet is good only for that assignment or sublease. Tenant remains bound to the terms of this Lease after a permitted assignment or sublet even if Landlord accepts rent from the assignee or subtenant. The amount accepted will be credited toward rent due from Tenant. The assignee or subtenant does not become Landlord's tenant. Tenant is responsible for acts of any person in the Unit.

14. Tenant's certificate

Upon request by Landlord, Tenant shall sign a certificate stating the following: (1) This Lease is in full force and unchanged (or if changed, how it was changed); and (2) Landlord has fully performed all of the terms of this Lease and Tenant has no claim against Landlord; and (3) Tenant is fully performing all the terms of the Lease and will continue to do so; and (4) rent and added rent have been paid to date. The certificate will be addressed to the party Landlord chooses.

15. Condemnation

If all or a part of the Building or Unit is taken or condemned by a legal authority, Landlord may, on notice to Tenant, cancel the Term. If Landlord cancels, Tenant's rights shall end as of the date the authority takes title to the Unit or Building. The cancellation date must not be less than 30 days from the date of the Landlord's cancellation notice. On the cancellation date Tenant must deliver the Unit to Landlord together with all rent due to that date. The entire award for any taking including the portion for fixtures and equipment belongs to Landlord. Tenant gives Landlord any interest Tenant may have to any part of the award. Tenant shall make no claim for the value of the remaining part of the Term.

16. Tenant's duty to obey laws and regulations

Tenant must, at Tenant's expense, promptly comply with all laws, orders, rules, requests, and directions, of all governmental authorities, Landlord's insurers, Board of Fire Underwriters, or similar groups. Notices received by Tenant from any authority or group must be promptly delivered to Landlord. Tenant will not do anything which may increase Landlord's insurance premiums. If Tenant does, Tenant must pay the increase in premium as added rent.

17. Sale of Unit

If the Landlord wants to sell the Unit Landlord shall have the right to end this Lease by giving 30 days notice to Tenant. If Landlord gives Tenant that notice then the Lease will end and Tenant must leave the Unit at the end of the 30 days period in the notice.

18. No liability for property

Neither Landlord, the Association or Board of Managers is liable or responsible for (a) loss, theft, misappropriation or damage to the personal property, or (b) injury caused by the property or its use.

19. Playground, pool, parking and recreation areas

If there is a playground, pool, parking or recreation area, or other common areas, Landlord may give Tenant permission to use it. If Landlord gives permission, Tenant will use the area at Tenant's own risk and must pay all fees Landlord or the Association charges. Landlord is not required to give Tenant permission.

20. Terraces and balconies

The Unit may have a terrace or balcony. The terms of this Lease apply to the terrace or balcony as if part of the Unit. The Landlord may make special rules for the terrace and balcony. Landlord will notify Tenant of such rules.

Tenant must keep the terrace or balcony clean and free from snow, ice, leaves and garbage and keep all screens and drains in good repair. No cooking is allowed on the terrace or balcony. Tenant may not keep plants, or install a fence or any addition on the terrace or balcony. If Tenant does, Landlord has the right to remove and store them at Tenant's expense.

21. Correcting Tenant's defaults

If Tenant fails to correct a default after notice from Landlord, Landlord may correct it at Tenant's expense. Landlord's cost to correct the default shall be added rent.

22. Notices

Any bill, statement or notice must be in writing. If to Tenant, it must be delivered or mailed to the Tenant at the Unit. If to Landlord it must be mailed to Landlord's address. It will be considered delivered on the day mailed or if not mailed, when left at the proper address. A notice must be sent by certified mail. Landlord must notify Tenant if Landlord's address is changed. The signatures of all Tenants in the Unit are required on every notice by Tenant. Notice by Landlord to one named person shall be as though given to all those persons. Each party shall accept notices of the other.

23. Tenant's default

A. Landlord must give Tenant notice of default. The following are defaults and must be cured by Tenant within the time stated:

- (1) Failure to pay rent or added rent on time, 3 days.
- (2) Failure to move into the Unit within 15 days after the beginning date of the Term, 5 days.
- (3) Issuance of a court order under which the Unit may be taken by another party, 5 days.
- (4) Failure to perform any term in another lease between Landlord and Tenant (such as a garage lease), 5 days.
- (5) Improper conduct by Tenant annoying other tenants, 3 days.
- (6) Failure to comply with any other term or Rule in the Lease, 5 days.

If Tenant fails to cure in the time stated, Landlord may cancel the Lease by giving Tenant a cancellation notice. The cancellation notice will state the date the Term will end which may be no less than 3 days after the date of the notice. On the cancellation date in the notice the Term of this lease shall end. Tenant must leave the Unit and give Landlord the keys on or before the cancellation date. Tenant continues to be responsible as stated in this Lease.

B. If Tenant's application for the Unit contains any misstatement of fact, Landlord may cancel this Lease. Cancellation shall be by cancellation notice as stated in Paragraph 23. A.

C. If (1) the Lease is cancelled; or (2) rent or added rent is not paid on time; or (3) Tenant vacates the Unit, Landlord may in addition to other remedies take any of the following steps: (a) enter the Unit and remove Tenant and any person or property, and (b) use eviction or other lawsuit method to take back the Unit.

D. If this Lease is cancelled, or Landlord takes back the Unit, the following takes place:

(1) Rent and added rent for the unexpired Term becomes due and payable. Tenant must also pay Landlord's expenses as stated in Paragraph 23. D(3).

(2) Landlord may re-rent the Unit and anything in it. The re-renting may be for any Term. Landlord may charge any rent or no rent and give allowances to the new tenant. Landlord may, at Tenant's expense, do any work Landlord feels is needed to put the Unit in good repair and prepare it for renting. Tenant remains liable and is not released in any manner.

(3) Any rent received by Landlord for the re-renting shall be used first to pay Landlord's expenses and second to pay any amounts Tenant owes under this Lease. Landlord's expenses include the costs of getting possession and re-renting the Unit, including, but not only, reasonable legal fees, brokers fees, cleaning and repairing costs, decorating costs and advertising costs.

(4) From time to time Landlord may bring actions for damages. Delay or failure to bring an action shall not be a waiver of Landlord's rights. Tenant is not entitled to any excess of rents collected over the rent paid by Tenant to Landlord under this Lease.

(5) If Landlord re-rents the Unit combined with other space an adjustment will be made based on square footage. Money received by Landlord from the next tenant, other than the monthly rent, shall be considered as part of the rent paid to Landlord. Landlord is entitled to all of it.

Landlord has no duty to re-rent the Unit. If Landlord does re-rent, the fact that all or part of the next tenant's rent is not