# exploratory-data-analysis

## January 27, 2019

```
<a href="http://cocl.us/DA0101EN_NotbookLink_Top">
     <img src="https://s3-api.us-geo.objectstorage.softlayer.net/cf-courses-data/CognitiveClass/</pre>
</a>
  Data Analysis with Python
  Exploratory Data Analysis
  Welcome!
   In this section, we will explore several methods to see if certain characteristics or features can
be used to predict car price.
  Table of content
<a href="#import_data">Import Data from Module</a>
<a href="#pattern_visualization">Analyzing Individual Feature Patterns using Visualization
<a href="#discriptive_statistics">Descriptive Statistical Analysis</a>
<a href="#basic_grouping">Basics of Grouping</a>
<a href="#correlation_causation">Correlation and Causation</a>
<a href="#anova">ANOVA</a>
  Estimated Time Needed: 30 min
  What are the main characteristics which have the most impact on the car price?
  1. Import Data from Module 2
  Setup
  Import libraries
In [62]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
  load data and store in dataframe df:
In [63]: path='https://s3-api.us-geo.objectstorage.softlayer.net/cf-courses-data/CognitiveClass/
        df = pd.read_csv(path)
        df.head()
           symboling normalized-losses make aspiration num-of-doors \
Out[63]:
                                   122 alfa-romero std
        0
                                                                         two
                                    122 alfa-romero
```

std

two

1

```
2
                             122 alfa-romero
           1
                                                       std
                                                                     two
3
           2
                             164
                                          audi
                                                       std
                                                                    four
4
           2
                             164
                                          audi
                                                                    four
                                                       std
    body-style drive-wheels engine-location wheel-base
                                                               length ...
  convertible
                         rwd
                                        front
                                                      88.6 0.811148 ...
1
   convertible
                         rwd
                                        front
                                                      88.6
                                                            0.811148 ...
2
     hatchback
                         rwd
                                        front
                                                      94.5
                                                            0.822681 ...
3
         sedan
                         fwd
                                        front
                                                      99.8 0.848630 ...
4
         sedan
                         4wd
                                        front
                                                      99.4 0.848630 ...
   compression-ratio
                       horsepower
                                   peak-rpm city-mpg highway-mpg
                                                                       price
0
                                      5000.0
                                                                     13495.0
                  9.0
                            111.0
                                                    21
                                                                 27
                  9.0
                            111.0
                                      5000.0
                                                    21
                                                                 27
                                                                     16500.0
1
2
                            154.0
                                                                     16500.0
                  9.0
                                      5000.0
                                                    19
                                                                 26
3
                 10.0
                            102.0
                                      5500.0
                                                    24
                                                                 30
                                                                     13950.0
4
                  8.0
                            115.0
                                      5500.0
                                                    18
                                                                 22
                                                                    17450.0
  city-L/100km
                horsepower-binned diesel
0
     11.190476
                            Medium
                                          0
                                               1
1
     11.190476
                            Medium
                                          0
                                               1
2
     12.368421
                            Medium
                                          0
                                               1
3
      9.791667
                            Medium
                                               1
     13.055556
                            Medium
                                               1
```

[5 rows x 29 columns]

## 2. Analyzing Individual Feature Patterns using Visualization

To install seaborn we use the pip which is the python package manager.

```
In [64]: %%capture
! pip install seaborn
```

Import visualization packages "Matplotlib" and "Seaborn", don't forget about "%matplotlib inline" to plot in a Jupyter notebook.

How to choose the right visualization method?

When visualizing individual variables, it is important to first understand what type of variable you are dealing with. This will help us find the right visualization method for that variable.

symboling	int64
normalized-losses	int64
make	object
aspiration	object
num-of-doors	object
body-style	object
drive-wheels	object
engine-location	object
wheel-base	float64
length	float64
width	float64
height	float64
curb-weight	int64
engine-type	object
num-of-cylinders	object
engine-size	int64
fuel-system	object
bore	float64
stroke	float64
compression-ratio	float64
horsepower	float64
peak-rpm	float64
city-mpg	int64
highway-mpg	int64
price	float64
city-L/100km	float64
horsepower-binned	object
diesel	int64
gas	int64
dtype: object	

# Question #1:

What is the data type of the column "peak-rpm"?

Double-click here for the solution.

for example, we can calculate the correlation between variables of type "int64" or "float64" using the method "corr":

# In [67]: df.corr()

Out[67]:		symboling	normalized-losses	wheel-base	length	\
	symboling	1.000000	0.466264	-0.535987	-0.365404	
	normalized-losses	0.466264	1.000000	-0.056661	0.019424	
	wheel-base	-0.535987	-0.056661	1.000000	0.876024	
	length	-0.365404	0.019424	0.876024	1.000000	
	width	-0.242423	0.086802	0.814507	0.857170	
	height	-0.550160	-0.373737	0.590742	0.492063	
	curb-weight	-0.233118	0.099404	0.782097	0.880665	

```
-0.110581
                                        0.112360
                                                    0.572027 0.685025
engine-size
                   -0.140019
                                                    0.493244 0.608971
bore
                                       -0.029862
stroke
                   -0.008245
                                        0.055563
                                                    0.158502 0.124139
compression-ratio
                   -0.182196
                                                    0.250313 0.159733
                                       -0.114713
horsepower
                    0.075819
                                        0.217299
                                                    0.371147
                                                              0.579821
peak-rpm
                    0.279740
                                        0.239543
                                                   -0.360305 -0.285970
                   -0.035527
                                       -0.225016
                                                   -0.470606 -0.665192
city-mpg
highway-mpg
                    0.036233
                                       -0.181877
                                                   -0.543304 -0.698142
price
                   -0.082391
                                        0.133999
                                                    0.584642 0.690628
city-L/100km
                    0.066171
                                        0.238567
                                                    0.476153 0.657373
diesel
                   -0.196735
                                       -0.101546
                                                    0.307237 0.211187
                                                   -0.307237 -0.211187
gas
                    0.196735
                                        0.101546
                      width
                                height
                                        curb-weight
                                                     engine-size
                                                                       bore \
symboling
                  -0.242423 -0.550160
                                          -0.233118
                                                        -0.110581 -0.140019
normalized-losses
                   0.086802 -0.373737
                                           0.099404
                                                        0.112360 -0.029862
wheel-base
                   0.814507 0.590742
                                           0.782097
                                                        0.572027
                                                                   0.493244
length
                   0.857170 0.492063
                                           0.880665
                                                        0.685025
                                                                   0.608971
width
                   1.000000
                             0.306002
                                           0.866201
                                                        0.729436
                                                                   0.544885
height
                   0.306002
                             1.000000
                                           0.307581
                                                        0.074694
                                                                   0.180449
curb-weight
                   0.866201
                             0.307581
                                           1.000000
                                                        0.849072
                                                                   0.644060
engine-size
                   0.729436
                             0.074694
                                           0.849072
                                                        1.000000
                                                                   0.572609
bore
                   0.544885
                             0.180449
                                           0.644060
                                                        0.572609
                                                                   1.000000
stroke
                   0.188829 -0.062704
                                           0.167562
                                                        0.209523 -0.055390
compression-ratio
                   0.189867 0.259737
                                           0.156433
                                                        0.028889
                                                                  0.001263
horsepower
                   0.615077 -0.087027
                                           0.757976
                                                        0.822676
                                                                  0.566936
peak-rpm
                  -0.245800 -0.309974
                                          -0.279361
                                                       -0.256733 -0.267392
city-mpg
                  -0.633531 -0.049800
                                          -0.749543
                                                       -0.650546 -0.582027
                                                       -0.679571 -0.591309
highway-mpg
                  -0.680635 -0.104812
                                          -0.794889
price
                   0.751265 0.135486
                                           0.834415
                                                        0.872335
                                                                  0.543155
city-L/100km
                   0.673363 0.003811
                                           0.785353
                                                        0.745059
                                                                   0.554610
diesel
                   0.244356 0.281578
                                           0.221046
                                                        0.070779
                                                                  0.054458
gas
                  -0.244356 -0.281578
                                          -0.221046
                                                       -0.070779 -0.054458
                             compression-ratio
                                                 horsepower
                     stroke
                                                             peak-rpm \
symboling
                  -0.008245
                                      -0.182196
                                                   0.075819
                                                              0.279740
normalized-losses
                   0.055563
                                      -0.114713
                                                   0.217299
                                                             0.239543
wheel-base
                   0.158502
                                       0.250313
                                                   0.371147 -0.360305
length
                   0.124139
                                       0.159733
                                                   0.579821 -0.285970
width
                   0.188829
                                       0.189867
                                                   0.615077 -0.245800
                                       0.259737
                                                  -0.087027 -0.309974
height
                  -0.062704
curb-weight
                                                   0.757976 -0.279361
                   0.167562
                                       0.156433
engine-size
                   0.209523
                                       0.028889
                                                   0.822676 -0.256733
bore
                                                   0.566936 -0.267392
                  -0.055390
                                       0.001263
stroke
                   1.000000
                                       0.187923
                                                   0.098462 -0.065713
compression-ratio
                   0.187923
                                       1.000000
                                                  -0.214514 -0.435780
horsepower
                   0.098462
                                      -0.214514
                                                   1.000000
                                                             0.107885
peak-rpm
                  -0.065713
                                      -0.435780
                                                   0.107885 1.000000
```

```
-0.034696
                                       0.331425
                                                  -0.822214 -0.115413
city-mpg
highway-mpg
                  -0.035201
                                       0.268465
                                                  -0.804575 -0.058598
price
                   0.082310
                                       0.071107
                                                   0.809575 -0.101616
city-L/100km
                   0.037300
                                      -0.299372
                                                   0.889488 0.115830
diesel
                   0.241303
                                       0.985231
                                                  -0.169053 -0.475812
                                      -0.985231
                                                   0.169053
                                                             0.475812
gas
                  -0.241303
                   city-mpg
                             highway-mpg
                                              price
                                                     city-L/100km
                                                                     diesel \
symboling
                  -0.035527
                                0.036233 -0.082391
                                                         0.066171 -0.196735
normalized-losses -0.225016
                                -0.181877
                                          0.133999
                                                         0.238567 -0.101546
wheel-base
                  -0.470606
                                -0.543304
                                          0.584642
                                                         0.476153 0.307237
length
                                -0.698142
                                                         0.657373 0.211187
                  -0.665192
                                          0.690628
width
                  -0.633531
                                -0.680635
                                           0.751265
                                                         0.673363 0.244356
                                                         0.003811 0.281578
height
                  -0.049800
                                -0.104812
                                          0.135486
curb-weight
                  -0.749543
                                -0.794889
                                           0.834415
                                                         0.785353 0.221046
engine-size
                  -0.650546
                                -0.679571
                                           0.872335
                                                         0.745059 0.070779
bore
                  -0.582027
                                -0.591309
                                          0.543155
                                                         0.554610 0.054458
stroke
                  -0.034696
                                -0.035201
                                           0.082310
                                                         0.037300 0.241303
compression-ratio 0.331425
                                0.268465
                                          0.071107
                                                        -0.299372 0.985231
horsepower
                  -0.822214
                                -0.804575 0.809575
                                                         0.889488 -0.169053
peak-rpm
                  -0.115413
                                -0.058598 -0.101616
                                                         0.115830 -0.475812
city-mpg
                   1.000000
                                0.972044 -0.686571
                                                        -0.949713 0.265676
highway-mpg
                   0.972044
                                1.000000 -0.704692
                                                        -0.930028 0.198690
price
                                -0.704692 1.000000
                                                         0.789898
                  -0.686571
                                                                   0.110326
city-L/100km
                  -0.949713
                                -0.930028 0.789898
                                                         1.000000 -0.241282
diesel
                                                        -0.241282 1.000000
                   0.265676
                                0.198690 0.110326
                  -0.265676
                                -0.198690 -0.110326
                                                         0.241282 -1.000000
gas
                        gas
symboling
                   0.196735
normalized-losses
                   0.101546
wheel-base
                  -0.307237
length
                  -0.211187
width
                  -0.244356
height
                  -0.281578
curb-weight
                  -0.221046
engine-size
                  -0.070779
bore
                  -0.054458
                  -0.241303
stroke
compression-ratio -0.985231
horsepower
                   0.169053
peak-rpm
                   0.475812
city-mpg
                  -0.265676
highway-mpg
                  -0.198690
price
                  -0.110326
city-L/100km
                   0.241282
diesel
                  -1.000000
                   1.000000
gas
```

The diagonal elements are always one; we will study correlation more precisely Pearson correlation in-depth at the end of the notebook.

Question #2:

Find the correlation between the following columns: bore, stroke,compression-ratio, and horsepower.

Hint: if you would like to select those columns use the following syntax: df[['bore','stroke','compression-ratio','horsepower']]

```
In [70]: # Write your code below and press Shift+Enter to execute
        df[['bore', 'stroke', 'compression-ratio', 'horsepower']].corr()
Out[70]:
                                       stroke compression-ratio horsepower
                               bore
                                                        0.001263
                           1.000000 -0.055390
                                                                   0.566936
        bore
                          -0.055390 1.000000
                                                        0.187923
                                                                   0.098462
        stroke
        compression-ratio 0.001263 0.187923
                                                        1.000000
                                                                  -0.214514
        horsepower
                           0.566936 0.098462
                                                       -0.214514
                                                                    1.000000
```

Double-click here for the solution.

Continuous numerical variables:

Continuous numerical variables are variables that may contain any value within some range. Continuous numerical variables can have the type "int64" or "float64". A great way to visualize these variables is by using scatterplots with fitted lines.

In order to start understanding the (linear) relationship between an individual variable and the price. We can do this by using "regplot", which plots the scatterplot plus the fitted regression line for the data.

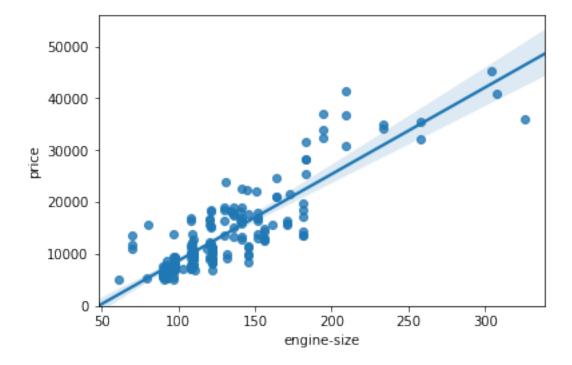
Let's see several examples of different linear relationships:

Positive linear relationship

Let's find the scatterplot of "engine-size" and "price"

/home/jupyterlab/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/scipy/stats/stats.py:1713: FutureWarning: Usi return np.add.reduce(sorted[indexer] \* weights, axis=axis) / sumval

```
Out[71]: (0, 56004.41452314475)
```

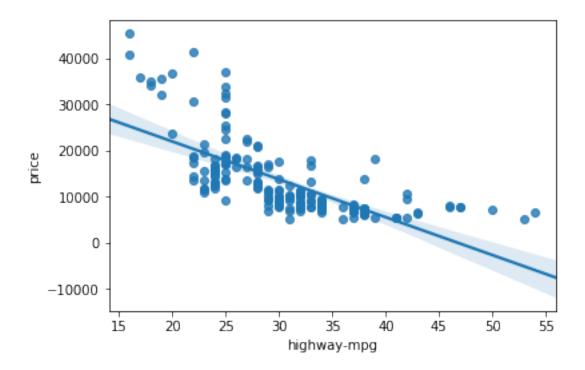


As the engine-size goes up, the price goes up: this indicates a positive direct correlation between these two variables. Engine size seems like a pretty good predictor of price since the regression line is almost a perfect diagonal line.

We can examine the correlation between 'engine-size' and 'price' and see it's approximately 0.87

Highway mpg is a potential predictor variable of price

```
In [74]: sns.regplot(x="highway-mpg", y="price", data=df)
Out[74]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f2e4db8b3c8>
```



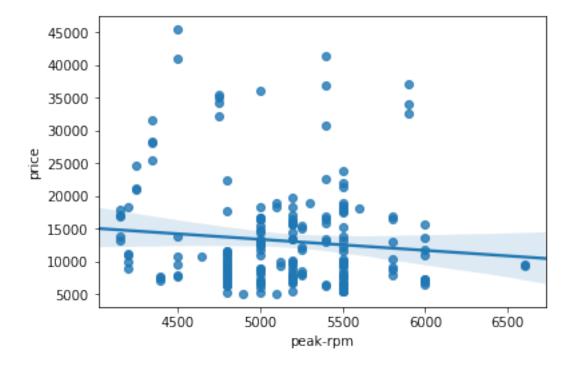
As the highway-mpg goes up, the price goes down: this indicates an inverse/negative relationship between these two variables. Highway mpg could potentially be a predictor of price.

We can examine the correlation between 'highway-mpg' and 'price' and see it's approximately -0.704

Weak Linear Relationship

Let's see if "Peak-rpm" as a predictor variable of "price".

```
In [76]: sns.regplot(x="peak-rpm", y="price", data=df)
Out[76]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f2e4e37f748>
```



Peak rpm does not seem like a good predictor of the price at all since the regression line is close to horizontal. Also, the data points are very scattered and far from the fitted line, showing lots of variability. Therefore it's it is not a reliable variable.

We can examine the correlation between 'peak-rpm' and 'price' and see it's approximately -0.101616

## Question 3 a):

Find the correlation between x="stroke", y="price".

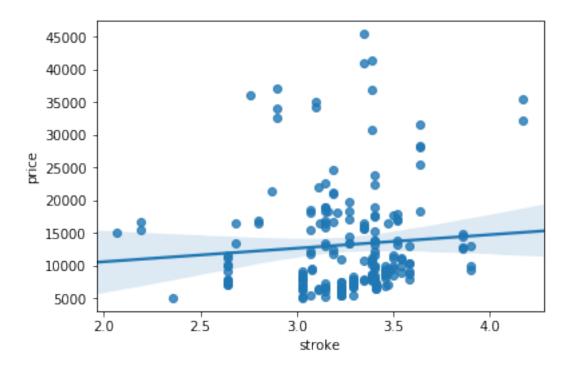
Hint: if you would like to select those columns use the following syntax: df[["stroke","price"]]

Double-click here for the solution.

Question 3 b):

Given the correlation results between "price" and "stroke" do you expect a linear relationship? Verify your results using the function "regplot()".

Out[79]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f2e4dc1bf28>



Double-click here for the solution.

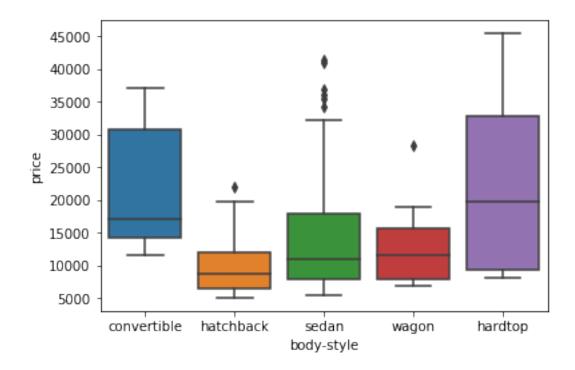
Categorical variables

These are variables that describe a 'characteristic' of a data unit, and are selected from a small group of categories. The categorical variables can have the type "object" or "int64". A good way to visualize categorical variables is by using boxplots.

Let's look at the relationship between "body-style" and "price".

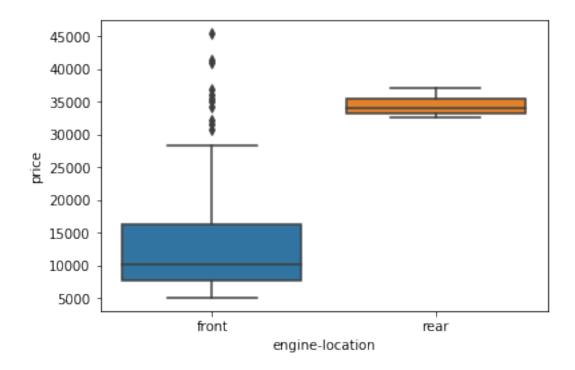
In [18]: sns.boxplot(x="body-style", y="price", data=df)

Out[18]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f2e64231128>

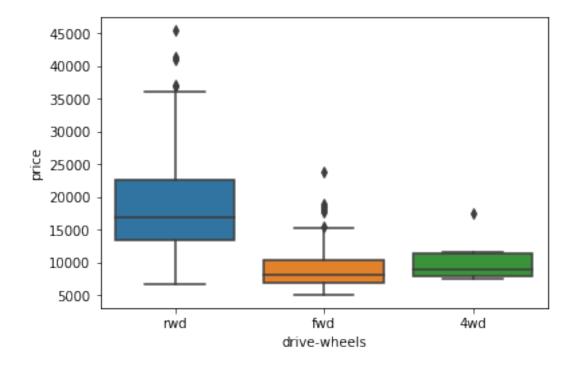


We see that the distributions of price between the different body-style categories have a significant overlap, and so body-style would not be a good predictor of price. Let's examine engine "engine-location" and "price":

```
In [19]: sns.boxplot(x="engine-location", y="price", data=df)
Out[19]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f2e6425d9e8>
```



Here we see that the distribution of price between these two engine-location categories, front and rear, are distinct enough to take engine-location as a potential good predictor of price. Let's examine "drive-wheels" and "price".



Here we see that the distribution of price between the different drive-wheels categories differs; as such drive-wheels could potentially be a predictor of price.

#### 3. Descriptive Statistical Analysis

Let's first take a look at the variables by utilizing a description method.

The describe function automatically computes basic statistics for all continuous variables. Any NaN values are automatically skipped in these statistics.

This will show:

```
the count of that variable
the mean
the standard deviation (std)
the minimum value
the IQR (Interquartile Range: 25%, 50% and 75%)
the maximum value
```

We can apply the method "describe" as follows:

```
In [21]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[21]:
                 symboling
                            normalized-losses
                                                 wheel-base
                                                                 length
                                                                               width
                                                             201.000000
                201.000000
                                     201.00000
                                                 201.000000
                                                                          201.000000
         count
         mean
                  0.840796
                                     122.00000
                                                  98.797015
                                                               0.837102
                                                                            0.915126
         std
                  1.254802
                                      31.99625
                                                   6.066366
                                                               0.059213
                                                                            0.029187
                 -2.000000
                                      65.00000
                                                  86.600000
                                                               0.678039
                                                                            0.837500
         min
```

25%	0.000000	101.	00000	94.500	0000	0.80	1538	0.890278	
50%	1.000000	122.	00000	97.000	0000	0.83	2292	0.909722	
75%	2.000000	137.	00000	102.400	0000	0.88	1788	0.925000	
max	3.000000	256.	00000	120.90	0000	1.00	0000	1.000000	
	height	curb-weight	engir	ne-size		bore	s	troke \	
count	201.000000	201.000000	201	.000000	201.00	00000	197.0	00000	
mean	53.766667	2555.666667	126	.875622	3.3	30692	3.2	56904	
std	2.447822	517.296727	41.	. 546834	0.2	68072	0.3	19256	
min	47.800000	1488.000000	61.	.000000	2.5	40000	2.0	70000	
25%	52.000000	2169.000000	98.	.000000	3.1	50000	3.1	10000	
50%	54.100000	2414.000000	120	.000000	3.3	10000	3.2	90000	
75%	55.500000	2926.000000	141	.000000	3.58	30000	3.4	10000	
max	59.800000	4066.000000	326	.000000	3.9	10000	4.1	70000	
	compression	-ratio horse	power	peal	k-rpm	cit	y-mpg	highway-mpg	\
count	201.0	000000 201.0	00000	201.00	00000	201.0	00000	201.000000	
mean	10.	164279 103.4	05534	5117.6	35368	25.1	79104	30.686567	
std	4.0	004965 37.3	65700	478.1	13805	6.4	23220	6.815150	
min	7.0	000000 48.0	00000	4150.00	00000	13.0	00000	16.000000	
25%	8.	600000 70.0	00000	4800.00	00000	19.0	00000	25.000000	
50%	9.0	000000 95.0	00000	E40E 0	301EQ	24.0	00000	30.000000	
7 F 0/				5125.3	33430	24.0	0000	00.00000	
75%	9.4		00000	5125.30			00000	34.000000	
75% max		400000 116.0	00000		00000	30.0			
		400000 116.0		5500.00	00000	30.0	00000	34.000000	
	23.0 pric	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100	00000	5500.00	00000	30.0	00000	34.000000	
	23.0	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100	00000 km	5500.00 6600.00	00000	30.0 49.0	00000 00000 s	34.000000	
max	23.0 pric	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000	00000 km 00 20	5500.00 6600.00 diese 01.000000 0.09950	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0	30.0 49.0 ga	00000 00000 s	34.000000	
max count	23.0 pric 201.00000	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000 3 9.9441	00000 km 00 20 45	5500.00 6600.00 diese	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0	30.0 49.0 ga	00000 00000 s 0	34.000000	
max count mean	23.0 pric 201.000000 13207.12935	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000 3 9.9441 2 2.5345	00000 km 00 20 45	5500.00 6600.00 diese 01.000000 0.09950	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0 3 0	30.0 49.0 ga .00000	00000 00000 s 0 8	34.000000	
count mean std	pric 201.00000 13207.12935 7947.06634	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000 3 9.9441 2 2.5345 0 4.7959	00000 km 00 20 45 99	5500.00 6600.00 diese 01.000000 0.099500 0.30008	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0 3 0	30.0 49.0 ga .00000 .90049 .30008	00000 00000 s 0 8 3	34.000000	
count mean std min	23.0 pric 201.000000 13207.12935 7947.06634 5118.00000	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000 3 9.9441 2 2.5345 0 4.7959 0 7.8333	00000 km 00 20 45 99 18	5500.00 6600.00 diese 01.000000 0.09950 0.300083	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0 3 0 0 0	30.0 49.0 ga .00000 .90049 .30008	00000 00000 s 0 8 3 0	34.000000	
count mean std min 25%	pric 201.000000 13207.12935 7947.06634 5118.000000	400000 116.0 000000 262.0 e city-L/100 0 201.0000 3 9.9441 2 2.5345 0 4.7959 0 7.8333 0 9.7916	00000 km 00 20 45 99 18 33	5500.00 6600.00 diese 01.000000 0.099503 0.300083 0.000000	00000 00000 1 0 201 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1	30.0 49.0 ga .00000 .90049 .30008 .00000	00000 00000 s 0 8 3 0 0	34.000000	

The default setting of "describe" skips variables of type object. We can apply the method "describe" on the variables of type 'object' as follows:

```
In [22]: df.describe(include=['object'])
```

```
make aspiration num-of-doors body-style drive-wheels \ \
Out[22]:
                     201
                                201
                                              201
                                                          201
                                                                        201
         count
                      22
                                   2
                                                2
                                                            5
                                                                          3
         unique
                                             four
                                                                        fwd
         top
                  toyota
                                std
                                                        sedan
         freq
                      32
                                165
                                              115
                                                           94
                                                                        118
                 engine-location engine-type num-of-cylinders fuel-system \
                             201
                                          201
                                                            201
                                                                         201
         count
```

unique	2	6	7	8
top	front	ohc	four	mpfi
freq	198	145	157	92
	horsepower-binned			
count	200			
unique	3			
top	Low			
freq	115			

## Value Counts

Value-counts is a good way of understanding how many units of each characteristic/variable we have. We can apply the "value\_counts" method on the column 'drive-wheels'. Don't forget the method "value\_counts" only works on Pandas series, not Pandas Dataframes. As a result, we only include one bracket "df['drive-wheels']" not two brackets "df[['drive-wheels']]".

We can convert the series to a Dataframe as follows:

Let's repeat the above steps but save the results to the dataframe "drive\_wheels\_counts" and rename the column 'drive-wheels' to 'value\_counts'.

Now let's rename the index to 'drive-wheels':

We can repeat the above process for the variable 'engine-location'.

Examining the value counts of the engine location would not be a good predictor variable for the price. This is because we only have three cars with a rear engine and 198 with an engine in the front, this result is skewed. Thus, we are not able to draw any conclusions about the engine location.

## 4. Basics of Grouping

The "groupby" method groups data by different categories. The data is grouped based on one or several variables and analysis is performed on the individual groups.

For example, let's group by the variable "drive-wheels". We see that there are 3 different categories of drive wheels.

```
In [131]: df['drive-wheels'].unique()
Out[131]: array(['rwd', 'fwd', '4wd'], dtype=object)
```

If we want to know, on average, which type of drive wheel is most valuable, we can group "drive-wheels" and then average them.

We can select the columns 'drive-wheels', 'body-style' and 'price', then assign it to the variable "df\_group\_one".

```
In [184]: df_group_one = df[['drive-wheels','body-style','price']]
#df[['drive-wheels','body-style','price']]
```

We can then calculate the average price for each of the different categories of data.

From our data, it seems rear-wheel drive vehicles are, on average, the most expensive, while 4-wheel and front-wheel are approximately the same in price.

You can also group with multiple variables. For example, let's group by both 'drive-wheels' and 'body-style'. This groups the dataframe by the unique combinations 'drive-wheels' and 'body-style'. We can store the results in the variable 'grouped\_test1'.

```
In [134]: # grouping results
          df_gptest = df[['drive-wheels','body-style','price']]
          grouped_test1 = df_gptest.groupby(['drive-wheels','body-style'],as_index=False).mean()
          grouped_test1
Out[134]:
             drive-wheels
                             body-style
                                                 price
          0
                       4wd
                              hatchback
                                          7603.000000
          1
                       4wd
                                         12647.333333
                                  sedan
          2
                       4wd
                                  wagon
                                          9095.750000
          3
                       fwd
                            convertible 11595.000000
          4
                       fwd
                                hardtop
                                         8249.000000
                              hatchback
          5
                       fwd
                                          8396.387755
          6
                       fwd
                                  sedan
                                          9811.800000
          7
                                          9997.333333
                       fwd
                                  wagon
          8
                       rwd
                            convertible 23949.600000
          9
                                hardtop
                                         24202.714286
                       rwd
                                         14337.777778
          10
                       rwd
                              hatchback
          11
                                         21711.833333
                       rwd
                                  sedan
          12
                       rwd
                                  wagon
                                         16994.222222
```

This grouped data is much easier to visualize when it is made into a pivot table. A pivot table is like an Excel spreadsheet, with one variable along the column and another along the row. We can convert the dataframe to a pivot table using the method "pivot" to create a pivot table from the groups.

In this case, we will leave the drive-wheel variable as the rows of the table, and pivot bodystyle to become the columns of the table:

```
In [135]: grouped_pivot = grouped_test1.pivot(index='drive-wheels',columns='body-style')
          grouped_pivot
Out[135]:
                              price
          body-style
                       convertible
                                          hardtop
                                                       hatchback
                                                                         sedan
          drive-wheels
          4wd
                                NaN
                                              NaN
                                                     7603.000000
                                                                  12647.333333
                            11595.0
                                      8249.000000
                                                     8396.387755
                                                                   9811.800000
          fwd
                            23949.6
                                     24202.714286 14337.777778 21711.833333
          rwd
```

```
body-style wagon
drive-wheels
4wd 9095.750000
fwd 9997.333333
rwd 16994.222222
```

Often, we won't have data for some of the pivot cells. We can fill these missing cells with the value 0, but any other value could potentially be used as well. It should be mentioned that missing data is quite a complex subject and is an entire course on its own.

```
In [136]: grouped_pivot = grouped_pivot.fillna(0) #fill missing values with 0
          grouped_pivot
Out[136]:
                             price
          body-style
                       convertible
                                         hardtop
                                                     hatchback
                                                                       sedan
          drive-wheels
          4wd
                               0.0
                                                   7603.000000 12647.333333
                                        0.000000
          fwd
                           11595.0
                                     8249.000000
                                                   8396.387755
                                                               9811.800000
         rwd
                           23949.6 24202.714286 14337.777778 21711.833333
          body-style
                               wagon
          drive-wheels
          4wd
                         9095.750000
          fwd
                         9997.333333
          rwd
                        16994.222222
```

#### Question 4:

Use the "groupby" function to find the average "price" of each car based on "body-style"?

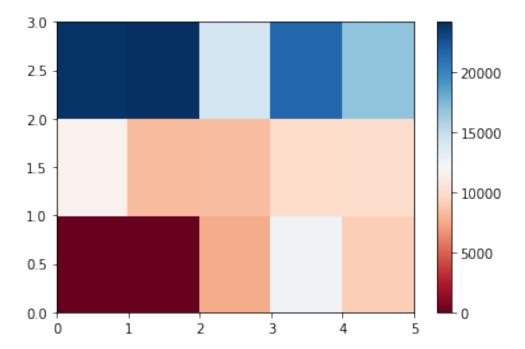
```
In [137]: # Write your code below and press Shift+Enter to execute
          df_gptest2 = df[['body-style','price']]
          grouped_test_bodystyle = df_gptest2.groupby(['body-style'],as_index= False).mean()
          grouped_test_bodystyle
Out[137]:
              body-style
                                 price
          O convertible 21890.500000
          1
                hardtop 22208.500000
          2
              hatchback 9957.441176
          3
                   sedan 14459.755319
          4
                  wagon 12371.960000
```

Double-click here for the solution.

If you did not import "pyplot" let's do it again.

Variables: Drive Wheels and Body Style vs Price

Let's use a heat map to visualize the relationship between Body Style vs Price.



The heatmap plots the target variable (price) proportional to colour with respect to the variables 'drive-wheel' and 'body-style' in the vertical and horizontal axis respectively. This allows us to visualize how the price is related to 'drive-wheel' and 'body-style'.

The default labels convey no useful information to us. Let's change that:

```
In [41]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    im = ax.pcolor(grouped_pivot, cmap='RdBu')

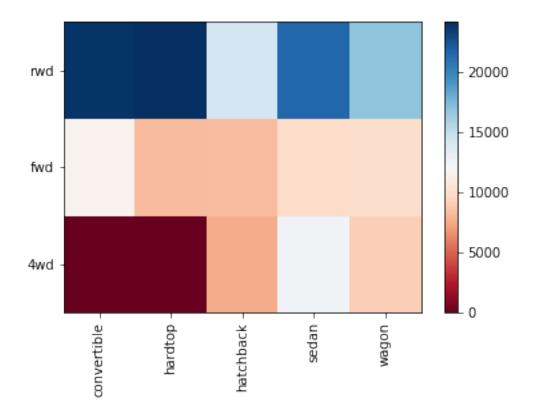
#label names
    row_labels = grouped_pivot.columns.levels[1]
    col_labels = grouped_pivot.index

#move ticks and labels to the center
    ax.set_xticks(np.arange(grouped_pivot.shape[1]) + 0.5, minor=False)
    ax.set_yticks(np.arange(grouped_pivot.shape[0]) + 0.5, minor=False)

#insert labels
    ax.set_xticklabels(row_labels, minor=False)
    ax.set_yticklabels(col_labels, minor=False)

#rotate label if too long
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
```

fig.colorbar(im) plt.show()



Visualization is very important in data science, and Python visualization packages provide great freedom. We will go more in-depth in a separate Python Visualizations course.

The main question we want to answer in this module, is "What are the main characteristics which have the most impact on the car price?".

To get a better measure of the important characteristics, we look at the correlation of these variables with the car price, in other words: how is the car price dependent on this variable?

#### 5. Correlation and Causation

Correlation: a measure of the extent of interdependence between variables.

Causation: the relationship between cause and effect between two variables.

It is important to know the difference between these two and that correlation does not imply causation. Determining correlation is much simpler the determining causation as causation may require independent experimentation.

Pearson Correlation

The Pearson Correlation measures the linear dependence between two variables X and Y.

The resulting coefficient is a value between -1 and 1 inclusive, where:

<b>1</b>: Total positive linear correlation.

<b>0</b>: No linear correlation, the two variables most likely do not affect each other.

<b>-1</b>: Total negative linear correlation.

Pearson Correlation is the default method of the function "corr". Like before we can calculate the Pearson Correlation of the of the 'int64' or 'float64' variables.

In [42]: df.corr()

	••						
Out[42]:		symboling	normaliz	zed-losses v	wheel-base	length \	
	symboling	1.000000		0.466264	-0.535987	-0.365404	
	normalized-losses	0.466264		1.000000	-0.056661	0.019424	
	wheel-base	-0.535987		-0.056661	1.000000	0.876024	
	length	-0.365404		0.019424	0.876024	1.000000	
	width	-0.242423		0.086802	0.814507	0.857170	
	height	-0.550160		-0.373737	0.590742	0.492063	
	curb-weight	-0.233118		0.099404	0.782097	0.880665	
	engine-size	-0.110581		0.112360	0.572027	0.685025	
	bore	-0.140019		-0.029862	0.493244	0.608971	
	stroke	-0.008245		0.055563	0.158502	0.124139	
	compression-ratio	-0.182196		-0.114713	0.250313	0.159733	
	horsepower	0.075819		0.217299	0.371147	0.579821	
	peak-rpm	0.279740		0.239543	-0.360305	-0.285970	
	city-mpg	-0.035527		-0.225016	-0.470606	-0.665192	
	highway-mpg	0.036233		-0.181877	-0.543304	-0.698142	
	price	-0.082391		0.133999	0.584642	0.690628	
	city-L/100km	0.066171		0.238567	0.476153	0.657373	
	diesel	-0.196735		-0.101546	0.307237	0.211187	
	gas	0.196735		0.101546	-0.307237	-0.211187	
		width	height	curb-weight	_		•
	symboling		-0.550160	-0.233118		)581 -0.14001	
	normalized-losses	0.086802 -		0.099404		2360 -0.02986	
	wheel-base	0.814507	0.590742	0.782097			
	length	0.857170	0.492063	0.88066			
	width	1.000000	0.306002	0.866201			
	height	0.306002	1.000000	0.307583			
	curb-weight	0.866201	0.307581	1.000000			
	engine-size	0.729436	0.074694	0.849072			
	bore	0.544885	0.180449	0.644060			
	stroke		-0.062704	0.167562			
	compression-ratio	0.189867	0.259737	0.156433			
	horsepower	0.615077 -		0.757976			
	peak-rpm	-0.245800 -		-0.279363		3733 -0.26739	
	city-mpg	-0.633531 -		-0.749543		)546 -0.58202	
	highway-mpg	-0.680635 -		-0.794889		9571 -0.59130	
	price	0.751265	0.135486	0.83441			
	city-L/100km	0.673363	0.003811	0.785353			
	diesel	0.244356	0.281578	0.221046			
	gas	-0.244356 -	-0.281578	-0.221046	o -0.070	0779 -0.05445	ಶ

stroke compression-ratio horsepower peak-rpm  $\$ 

```
symboling
                  -0.008245
                                      -0.182196
                                                   0.075819
                                                             0.279740
normalized-losses
                   0.055563
                                                   0.217299 0.239543
                                      -0.114713
wheel-base
                   0.158502
                                       0.250313
                                                   0.371147 -0.360305
length
                   0.124139
                                       0.159733
                                                   0.579821 -0.285970
width
                   0.188829
                                       0.189867
                                                   0.615077 -0.245800
                                                  -0.087027 -0.309974
height
                  -0.062704
                                       0.259737
curb-weight
                   0.167562
                                       0.156433
                                                   0.757976 -0.279361
engine-size
                   0.209523
                                       0.028889
                                                   0.822676 -0.256733
bore
                  -0.055390
                                       0.001263
                                                   0.566936 -0.267392
stroke
                   1.000000
                                       0.187923
                                                   0.098462 -0.065713
                                                  -0.214514 -0.435780
compression-ratio 0.187923
                                       1.000000
                                      -0.214514
                                                   1.000000 0.107885
horsepower
                   0.098462
peak-rpm
                  -0.065713
                                      -0.435780
                                                   0.107885 1.000000
city-mpg
                  -0.034696
                                       0.331425
                                                  -0.822214 -0.115413
highway-mpg
                  -0.035201
                                       0.268465
                                                  -0.804575 -0.058598
price
                   0.082310
                                       0.071107
                                                   0.809575 -0.101616
city-L/100km
                   0.037300
                                      -0.299372
                                                   0.889488 0.115830
diesel
                   0.241303
                                       0.985231
                                                  -0.169053 -0.475812
                  -0.241303
                                      -0.985231
                                                   0.169053
                                                             0.475812
gas
                   city-mpg
                             highway-mpg
                                              price
                                                     city-L/100km
                                                                      diesel \
symboling
                  -0.035527
                                0.036233 -0.082391
                                                         0.066171 -0.196735
normalized-losses -0.225016
                                -0.181877
                                          0.133999
                                                         0.238567 -0.101546
wheel-base
                  -0.470606
                                -0.543304
                                           0.584642
                                                         0.476153 0.307237
length
                  -0.665192
                                -0.698142
                                           0.690628
                                                         0.657373 0.211187
width
                                                                   0.244356
                  -0.633531
                                -0.680635
                                           0.751265
                                                         0.673363
                  -0.049800
                                -0.104812
                                           0.135486
                                                         0.003811
                                                                   0.281578
height
curb-weight
                  -0.749543
                                -0.794889
                                           0.834415
                                                         0.785353 0.221046
engine-size
                                                                   0.070779
                  -0.650546
                                -0.679571
                                           0.872335
                                                         0.745059
bore
                  -0.582027
                                -0.591309
                                           0.543155
                                                         0.554610
                                                                   0.054458
stroke
                  -0.034696
                                -0.035201
                                           0.082310
                                                         0.037300 0.241303
compression-ratio 0.331425
                                0.268465
                                           0.071107
                                                        -0.299372 0.985231
horsepower
                  -0.822214
                                -0.804575 0.809575
                                                         0.889488 -0.169053
                  -0.115413
                                -0.058598 -0.101616
                                                         0.115830 -0.475812
peak-rpm
                                0.972044 -0.686571
                                                        -0.949713 0.265676
                   1.000000
city-mpg
highway-mpg
                   0.972044
                                 1.000000 -0.704692
                                                        -0.930028 0.198690
price
                  -0.686571
                                -0.704692 1.000000
                                                         0.789898
                                                                   0.110326
city-L/100km
                  -0.949713
                                -0.930028
                                           0.789898
                                                         1.000000 -0.241282
diesel
                   0.265676
                                0.198690 0.110326
                                                        -0.241282 1.000000
                  -0.265676
                                -0.198690 -0.110326
                                                         0.241282 -1.000000
gas
                        gas
symboling
                   0.196735
normalized-losses
                   0.101546
wheel-base
                  -0.307237
length
                  -0.211187
width
                  -0.244356
height
                  -0.281578
```

```
curb-weight
                  -0.221046
engine-size
                  -0.070779
bore
                  -0.054458
                  -0.241303
stroke
compression-ratio -0.985231
horsepower
                   0.169053
peak-rpm
                   0.475812
city-mpg
                  -0.265676
highway-mpg
                  -0.198690
price
                  -0.110326
city-L/100km
                   0.241282
diesel
                  -1.000000
                   1.000000
gas
```

sometimes we would like to know the significant of the correlation estimate.

P-value:

What is this P-value? The P-value is the probability value that the correlation between these two variables is statistically significant. Normally, we choose a significance level of 0.05, which means that we are 95% confident that the correlation between the variables is significant.

By convention, when the

```
>p-value is $<$ 0.001: we say there is strong evidence that the correlation is significant.</pre>/li>the p-value is $<$ 0.05: there is moderate evidence that the correlation is significant.</pre>//li>
the p-value is $<$ 0.1: there is weak evidence that the correlation is significant.</p>//li>
the p-value is $>$ 0.1: there is no evidence that the correlation is significant.
```

We can obtain this information using "stats" module in the "scipy" library.

```
In [43]: from scipy import stats
```

Wheel-base vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'wheel-base' and 'price'.

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.5846418222655081 with a P-value of P = 8.0764882707329

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between wheel-base and price is statistically significant, although the linear relationship isn't extremely strong ( $\sim 0.585$ )

Horsepower vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'horsepower' and 'price'.

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.8095745670036559 with a P-value of P = 6.369057428259

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between horsepower and price is statistically significant, and the linear relationship is quite strong ( $\sim 0.809$ , close to 1)

Length vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'length' and 'price'.

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.690628380448364 with a P-value of P = 8.0164774661590

## Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between length and price is statistically significant, and the linear relationship is moderately strong ( $\sim 0.691$ ).

Width vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'width' and 'price':

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.7512653440522674 with a P-value of P = 9.2003355104814

**Conclusion:** Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between width and price is statistically significant, and the linear relationship is quite strong (~0.751).

## 0.0.1 Curb-weight vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'curb-weight' and 'price':

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.8344145257702846 with a P-value of P = 2.189577238893

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between curb-weight and price is statistically significant, and the linear relationship is quite strong ( $\sim 0.834$ ).

Engine-size vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'engine-size' and 'price':

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.8723351674455185 with a P-value of P = 9.26549162219798

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between engine-size and price is statistically significant, and the linear relationship is very strong ( $\sim 0.872$ ).

Bore vs Price

Let's calculate the Pearson Correlation Coefficient and P-value of 'bore' and 'price':

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is 0.5431553832626602 with a P-value of P = 8.04918948393

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between bore and price is statistically significant, but the linear relationship is only moderate ( $\sim 0.521$ ).

We can relate the process for each 'City-mpg' and 'Highway-mpg':

City-mpg vs Price

The Pearson Correlation Coefficient is -0.6865710067844677 with a P-value of P = 2.32113206556

Conclusion:

Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between city-mpg and price is statistically significant, and the coefficient of  $\sim$  -0.687 shows that the relationship is negative and moderately strong. Highway-mpg vs Price

**Conclusion:** Since the p-value is < 0.001, the correlation between highway-mpg and price is statistically significant, and the coefficient of  $\sim -0.705$  shows that the relationship is negative and moderately strong.

## 6. ANOVA

ANOVA: Analysis of Variance

The Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) is a statistical method used to test whether there are significant differences between the means of two or more groups. ANOVA returns two parameters:

F-test score: ANOVA assumes the means of all groups are the same, calculates how much the actual means deviate from the assumption, and reports it as the F-test score. A larger score means there is a larger difference between the means.

P-value: P-value tells how statistically significant is our calculated score value.

If our price variable is strongly correlated with the variable we are analyzing, expect ANOVA to return a sizeable F-test score and a small p-value.

**Drive Wheels** 

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fwd

Since ANOVA analyzes the difference between different groups of the same variable, the groupby function will come in handy. Because the ANOVA algorithm averages the data automatically, we do not need to take the average before hand.

Let's see if different types 'drive-wheels' impact 'price', we group the data. Let's see if different types 'drive-wheels' impact 'price', we group the data.

```
grouped_test2=df_gptest[['drive-wheels', 'price']].groupby(['drive-wheels'])
         grouped_test2.head(2)
             drive-wheels
Out[187]:
                            price
         0
                     rwd
                          13495.0
         1
                          16500.0
                     rwd
         3
                          13950.0
                     fwd
         4
                          17450.0
                     4wd
         5
                     fwd
                          15250.0
         136
                     4wd
                           7603.0
In [188]: df_gptest
Out [188]:
             drive-wheels
                           body-style
                                        price
         0
                          convertible
                                      13495.0
                     rwd
         1
                     rwd
                          convertible 16500.0
         2
                            hatchback 16500.0
                     rwd
         3
                     fwd
                                sedan 13950.0
         4
                                sedan 17450.0
                     4wd
         5
                     fwd
                                sedan 15250.0
         6
                     fwd
                                sedan 17710.0
         7
                                wagon 18920.0
                     fwd
         8
                     fwd
                                sedan 23875.0
         9
                     rwd
                                sedan 16430.0
         10
                                sedan
                                      16925.0
                     rwd
         11
                                sedan 20970.0
                     rwd
         12
                                sedan 21105.0
                     rwd
         13
                     rwd
                                sedan 24565.0
         14
                     rwd
                                sedan 30760.0
         15
                                sedan 41315.0
                     rwd
         16
                     rwd
                                sedan 36880.0
         17
                            hatchback
                                        5151.0
                     fwd
                            hatchback
         18
                     fwd
                                       6295.0
         19
                     fwd
                                sedan
                                       6575.0
         20
                     fwd
                            hatchback
                                        5572.0
         21
                            hatchback
                                        6377.0
                     fwd
         22
                     fwd
                            hatchback
                                       7957.0
         23
                            hatchback
                                        6229.0
                     fwd
         24
                     fwd
                                sedan
                                        6692.0
         25
                                       7609.0
                     fwd
                                sedan
```

sedan

8558.0

```
27
                                   8921.0
              fwd
                          wagon
28
              fwd
                      hatchback
                                  12964.0
                                   6479.0
29
              fwd
                      hatchback
              . . .
                                      . . .
. .
                      hatchback
                                   9988.0
171
              fwd
172
              fwd
                          sedan
                                  10898.0
173
              fwd
                      hatchback
                                  11248.0
                      hatchback
                                  16558.0
174
              rwd
175
              rwd
                      hatchback
                                  15998.0
176
                          sedan
                                  15690.0
              rwd
177
                          wagon
                                  15750.0
              rwd
178
              fwd
                          sedan
                                   7775.0
179
              fwd
                                   7975.0
                          sedan
180
              fwd
                          sedan
                                   7995.0
                          sedan
                                   8195.0
181
              fwd
182
              fwd
                          sedan
                                   8495.0
183
              fwd
                          sedan
                                   9495.0
              fwd
                          sedan
                                   9995.0
184
185
              fwd
                   convertible
                                  11595.0
186
              fwd
                      hatchback
                                   9980.0
187
              fwd
                          sedan
                                  13295.0
188
              fwd
                          sedan
                                  13845.0
189
              fwd
                          wagon
                                 12290.0
190
              rwd
                          sedan
                                  12940.0
191
              rwd
                          wagon
                                  13415.0
192
                          sedan
                                 15985.0
              rwd
                                  16515.0
193
              rwd
                          wagon
194
                          sedan
                                  18420.0
              rwd
                                  18950.0
195
              rwd
                          wagon
196
              rwd
                          sedan
                                 16845.0
197
              rwd
                          sedan
                                 19045.0
198
              rwd
                          sedan
                                  21485.0
199
              rwd
                          sedan
                                  22470.0
200
              rwd
                          sedan
                                  22625.0
```

[201 rows x 3 columns]

We can obtain the values of the method group using the method "get\_group".

we can use the function 'f\_oneway' in the module 'stats' to obtain the F-test score and P-value.

This is a great result, with a large F test score showing a strong correlation and a P value of almost 0 implying almost certain statistical significance. But does this mean all three tested groups are all this highly correlated?

## Separately: fwd and rwd

Let's examine the other groups

#### 4wd and rwd

Conclusion: Important Variables

We now have a better idea of what our data looks like and which variables are important to take into account when predicting the car price. We have narrowed it down to the following variables:

Continuous numerical variables:

```
Length
Width
Curb-weight
Engine-size
Horsepower
City-mpg
Highway-mpg
Wheel-base
Bore
```

Categorical variables:

```
Drive-wheels
```

As we now move into building machine learning models to automate our analysis, feeding the model with variables that meaningfully affect our target variable will improve our model's prediction performance.

Thank you for completing this notebook Get IBM Watson Studio free of charge!

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