

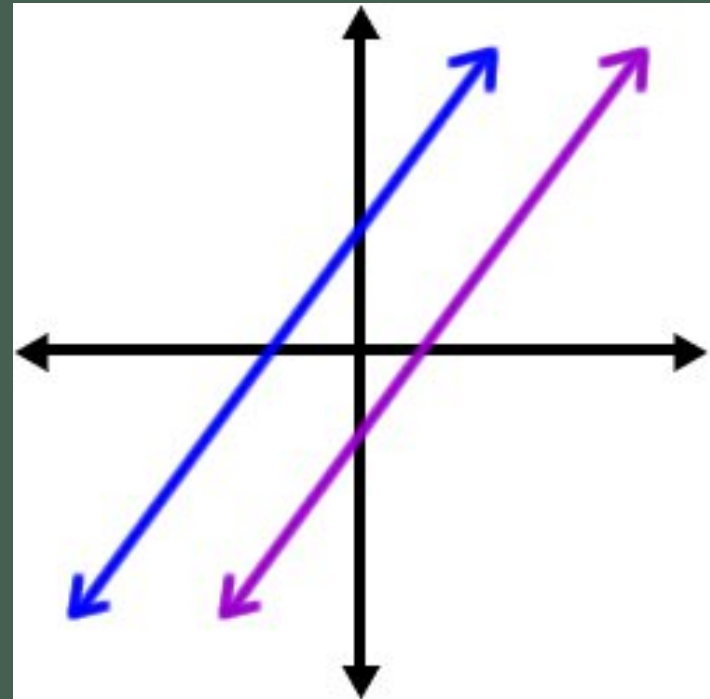


PARALLEL & PERPENDICULAR LINES

Wolff Algebra 1H

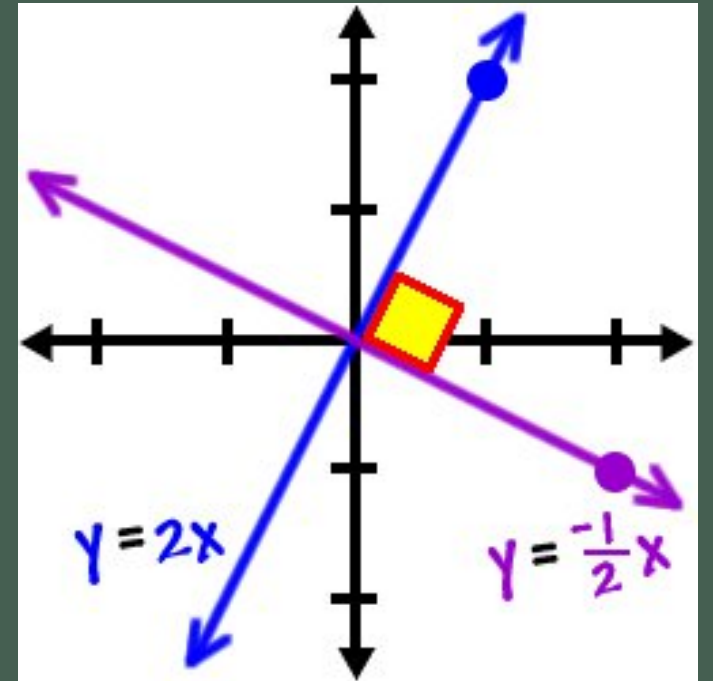
Parallel lines ||

- Never intersect
- Same slope
- Different y-intercepts



Perpendicular Lines \perp

- Intersect at right angles
- Opposite reciprocal slopes
 - Exception: vertical/horizontal lines that have slope of zero/undefined



Model 1

- Write an equation in point-slope form for the line that passes through $(4, -1)$ and is parallel to the graph of $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 7$

Same slope

x & y coordinates on
the parallel line

- **$y + 1 = \frac{1}{4}(x - 4)$**

Model 4

- Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that passes through (4,7) and is perpendicular to the graph of $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$

$$y - 7 = -\frac{3}{2}(x - 4)$$

Enter in the point you know and the opposite reciprocal slope

$$y - 7 = -\frac{3}{2}x + 6$$

$+ 7 \qquad \qquad + 7$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + 13$$

Practice with a partner

- Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that passes through (4,-2) and is parallel to the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 7$

Test yourself individually

- Write an equation in slope-intercept form for the line that passes through $(4, -1)$ and is perpendicular to the graph of $2x - 2y = 3$

Model 2

- On the plans for a treehouse, a beam represented by \overline{QR} has endpoints $Q(-6,2)$ and $R(-1,8)$. A connecting beam represented by \overline{ST} has endpoints $S(-3,6)$ and $T(-8,5)$. Are the beams perpendicular? Explain.

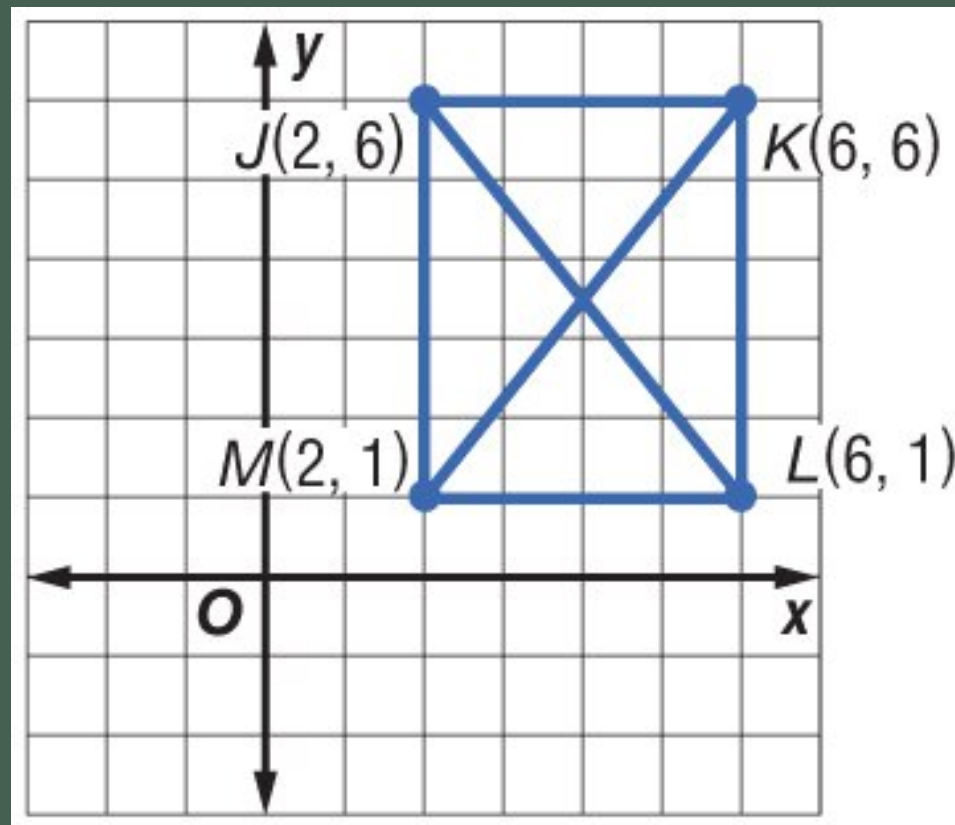
- Slope $\overline{QR} = \frac{8 - 2}{-1 - (-6)}$
- $= \frac{6}{5}$

- Slope $\overline{ST} = \frac{5 - 6}{-8 - (-3)}$
- $= \frac{-1}{-5} = \frac{1}{5}$

- $\frac{6}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{5}$ are not opposite reciprocals so no, not perpendicular

Collaborate

The graph shows the diagonals of a rectangle. Determine whether \overline{JL} is perpendicular to \overline{KM} .



Model 3

- Determine whether the graphs of $6x - 2y = -2$, $y = 3x - 4$, and $y = 4$ are parallel or perpendicular. Explain.

- $6x - 2y = -2$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -6x & & -6x \\ -2y & = & -6x - 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -2 & & -2 \quad -2 \\ y & = & 3x + 1 \end{array}$$

Slope: 3, y-int: 1

$$y = 3x - 4$$

Slope: 3, y-int: -4

$$y = 4$$

Slope: 0, y-int: 4

$6x - 2y = -2$ and $y = 3x - 4$ have the same slopes and different y-intercepts so they are parallel lines. $Y = 4$ is a horizontal line so it is not parallel or perpendicular to either of the others.