

## FEE Assignment -4

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(P-1)

$$(Q1) \quad X = 19 \\ Y = 10$$

$$\therefore i(\theta) = X + Y \sin \theta$$

the average value is area under the curve but the  $Y \sin \theta$  function over  $2\pi \rightarrow 0$

So only 'X' remains whose value is

$$\boxed{= 19.00}$$

$$(Q2) \quad i(\theta) = X + Y \sin \theta \quad X = 1.5 \quad Y = 19$$

$$I_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{1.5}{1.5} + \frac{19 \sin \theta}{19} \right)^2 d\theta}$$

$$\boxed{I_{rms} = 13.519}$$

$$(Q3) \quad I_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left( \frac{12}{12} + \frac{7.50 \sin \theta}{7.50} \right)^2 d\theta} \quad X=12 \quad Y=7.50$$

$$R = 31$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{X^2 + Y^2}{2}}$$

$$= 10.0006 \quad 13.11$$

$$P = I_{rms}^2 \times R$$

$$= 9210.875$$

(P-2)

Date: / /

(Q4)

$$V_s^2 = V_R^2 + V_L^2 + 2V_R V_L \cos \phi$$

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(or)

$$230^2 = 75^2 + (197)^2 + 2(75)(197)\cos \phi$$

$$\cos \phi = 0.573$$

(Q5)

$$X = 168$$

$$R_{load} = 79 \Omega$$

$$\cos \phi = 0.756$$

$$0.756 = \frac{168}{Z} = 222.222$$

$$Z =$$

$$I = \frac{168}{222.22} = 0.756$$

$$= I^2 \cdot R_{load}$$

$$= 0.756^2 \cdot 79 = \underline{45.729} \quad \underline{204.186}$$



## FEE Assignment 4

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## Problem - 3

(Q6)

$$Y = 5$$

$$Z = 25$$

$$I_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{\int I^2 dt}{\int dt}}$$

$$I_{\text{avg}} = I_{\text{avg}}$$

$$\text{At } 40 \text{ Hz; } Z_{40} = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{150}{5} = 30$$

$$\text{At } 50 \text{ Hz; } Z_{50} = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{150}{25} = 6$$

Eqns:-

$$30^2 = R^2 + X_{C1}^2$$

$$6^2 = R^2 + (X_{C2})^2 \Rightarrow 6^2 = R^2 + (0.8 X_{C1})^2$$

$$-X_{C1} = 0.8 X_{C2} \rightarrow (2)$$

On solving,

we get

$$X_{C1} \approx 48.99 \Omega$$

$$X_{C2} \approx 39.192 \Omega$$

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(Q7) ~~\* =~~  $Y = 14A$   
 ~~$Z = 26A$~~

$$Z_{40} = V/I = 150/14 = 10.714$$

$$Z_{50} = V/I = 150/26 = 5.769$$

(Eqs)

$$(10.714)^2 = R^2 + X_{C1}^2$$

$$(5.769)^2 = R^2 + X_{C2}^2 = R^2 + (0.8 X_{C1})^2$$

$$\therefore X_{C1} = 15.047 \Omega$$

$$X_{C2} = 12.038$$

(Q8)  $Q = VI \sin \phi$

$$V = 150 \quad Y = 7A \quad \times 10^{-3} \quad Hz$$

$$I = \frac{V}{Z} \quad Z = 27A$$

$$Z = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{150}{27} = 5.556 \quad Z_{40} = 21.429$$

$X_C$  at  $50Hz$  :

$$(21.429)^2 = R^2 + (X_{C1})^2$$

$$(5.556)^2 = R^2 + (X_{C2})^2$$

$$(5.556)^2 = R^2 + (0.8 X_{C1})^2$$

$$X_{C1} (40Hz) = 34.493$$

$$X_{C2} (50Hz) = 27.595$$



$$\frac{V^2}{Z}$$

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$$Q = |I|^2 X_c$$

$$= (27)^2 \cdot (\cancel{64.98}) \cdot 27 = 595$$

$$= 2016.396$$

Problem 4:

$$(Q9) \quad X = 3.50$$

or

$$Y = 7.50 \quad 0 = 12.5 - 25.0 \sin 30^\circ$$

$$\cancel{X = 3.50}$$

$$\cancel{V_t = X I_t}$$

$$P_t = V_t I_t = X^2 + X Y \sin(\omega t + 90^\circ) + 10 X (\sin(\omega t - 30^\circ) + 10 X (\sin(\omega t + 90^\circ) \sin(\omega t - 30^\circ))$$

$$P_{avg} = X^2 + XY \cos(\omega t) + 10(XY)$$

$$\cancel{(Q9)} \quad P_{Ac} = -10 \cos(\omega t + 60^\circ)$$

$$\cancel{P_{dc} = P_{dc} V_{dc} = 7.5 \cos \omega t}$$

$$\frac{10 \times 9}{2} \cos 240^\circ$$

$$2$$

$$= -18.75$$

$$V_{dc} \times I_{dc} = 30.50 \times 30.50 = 12.25$$

$$12.25 - 18.75$$

$$= -6.5$$

(Q10:)

$$P_{DC} = ?$$

$$15 \cdot 50 \cdot 15 \cdot 50 = 240 \cdot 25 \text{ (FC)}$$

$$= \frac{10}{2} \times Y \times (-\frac{1}{2}) 1100 =$$

$$= -2.5Y$$

$$P_{DC} + P_{AC} = 0$$

$$240 \cdot 25 - 2.5Y = 0$$

$$Y = 96.1$$