

## General assumptions

In the classes contained in the package `models` simulation models are defined, performing some calculation for periods (eg. years) A definition of a model contains:

1. A field named `LL`, which is the number of years of simulation;
2. Fields which are variables of the model - those are arrays of double;
3. Optionally some auxiliary fields;
4. A method: `public void run()`, which performs calculation;
5. Optionally other auxiliary methods.

Fields 1 and 2 are marked with the `@Bind` annotation, which allows:

- assigning values to variables of input model before performing calculations,
- retrieve the variable values listed in the model (after the calculation).

All variables annotated with `@Bind` are available for scripts that can be run after the model calculations and do some further calculations. They are also available for other models.

To manage calculations, a class `Controller` is introduced, which has the following public components:

- A constructor - `Controller(String modelName)` - model class name is a parameter,
- `Controller readDataFrom(String fname)` - reads the data for the calculation of a file named `fname`.
- `Controller runModel()` - launches model calculations,
- `Controller runScriptFromFile(String fname)` - executes a script from a file named `fname`,
- `Controller runScript(String script)` - executes the script code specified as a string,
- `String getResultsAsTsv()` - returns the calculation results (all variables in the model and variables created in the script) as a string, the subsequent rows contain the variable name and its value, separated by tabs.

## Assumptions about the input data

Files with the input data include the following lines in the form of:

```
variable_name value1 [ value2 ... valueN ] }
```

A special row that begins with the word LATA specifies the period of calculation, for example.

LATA 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019

Based on this row, the value of the special variable LL is defined by (the number of years the calculation) which is available in the model and in scripts.

A number of the values for the variables can be from 1 to LL. If they are less than LL, the rest are determined on the last of these values.

## Example

We have the following model:

```
public
class Model1 {

    @Bind private int LL; // number of years

    @Bind private double[] twKI; // the growth rate of private consumption
    @Bind private double[] twKS; // the growth rate of public consumption
    @Bind private double[] twINW; // investment growth
    @Bind private double[] twEKS; // export growth
    @Bind private double[] twIMP; // import growth

    @Bind private double[] KI; // private consumption
    @Bind private double[] KS; // public consumption
    @Bind private double[] INW; // investments
    @Bind private double[] EKS; // export
    @Bind private double[] IMP; // import
    @Bind private double[] PKB; // GDP

    private double temp; // this field is not associated with the data model or with the results

    public Model1() {}

    public void run() {
        PKB = new double[LL];
        PKB[0] = KI[0] + KS[0] + INW[0] + EKS[0] - IMP[0];
        for (int t=1; t < LL; t++) {
            KI[t] = twKI[t] * KI[t-1];
            KS[t] = twKS[t] * KS[t-1];
            INW[t] = twINW[t] * INW[t-1];
            EKS[t] = twEKS[t] * EKS[t-1];
            IMP[t] = twIMP[t] * IMP[t-1];
            PKB[t] = KI[t] + KS[t] + INW[t] + EKS[t] - IMP[t];
        }
    }
}
```

For a file data1.txt with the following form:

```
LATA    2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
twKI    1.03
twKS    1.04
twINW   1.12
twEKS   1.13
twIMP   1.14
```

```
KI      1023752.2
KS      315397
INW     348358
EKS     811108.6
IMP     784342.4
```

the following excerpt of the main program:

```
Controller ctl = new Controller("Model1");
ctl.readDataFrom(dataDir + "data1.txt");
    .runModel();
String res= ctl.getResultsAsTsv();
System.out.println(res);
```

will print on the console:

```
LATA 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
twKI 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03 1.03
twKS 1.04 1.04 1.04 1.04 1.04
twINW 1.12 1.12 1.12 1.12 1.12
twEKS 1.13 1.13 1.13 1.13 1.13
twIMP 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14
KI 1023752.2 1054464.766 1086098.70898 1118681.6702494002 1152242.1203568822
KS 315397.0 328012.88 341133.3952 354778.73100800003 368969.88024832006
INW 348358.0 390160.96 436980.2752000001 489417.90822400013 548148.0572108802
EKS 811108.6 916552.7179999999 1035704.5713399998 1170346.1656141996 1322491.1671440455
IMP 784342.4 894150.3359999999 1019331.3830399998 1162037.7766655996 1324723.0653987834
PKB 1714273.4 1795040.9880000001 1880585.5676800003 1971186.6984300003 2067128.1595613444
```

and for a file data2.txt, which looks like this:

```
LATA 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
twKI 1.03 1.05 1.07
twKS 1.04
twINW 1.12
twEKS 1.13
twIMP 1.14
KI 1023752.2
KS 315397
INW 348358
EKS 811108.6
IMP 784342.4
PKB 1714273.4 1815516.032 1944672.4554000003 2083203.6166496002 2231733.528866293
```

we get after

```
ctl.readDataFrom(dataDir + "data2.txt").runModel();
```

such a result:

```
LATA 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019
twKI 1.03 1.05 1.07 1.07 1.07
twKS 1.04 1.04 1.04 1.04 1.04
twINW 1.12 1.12 1.12 1.12 1.12
twEKS 1.13 1.13 1.13 1.13 1.13
twIMP 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14 1.14
KI 1023752.2 1074939.81 1150185.5967 1230698.5884690003 1316847.4896618305
KS 315397.0 328012.88 341133.3952 354778.73100800003 368969.88024832006
INW 348358.0 390160.96 436980.2752000001 489417.90822400013 548148.0572108802
EKS 811108.6 916552.7179999999 1035704.5713399998 1170346.1656141996 1322491.1671440455
IMP 784342.4 894150.3359999999 1019331.3830399998 1162037.7766655996 1324723.0653987834
PKB 1714273.4 1815516.032 1944672.4554000003 2083203.6166496002 2231733.528866293
```

## Scripts

Scripts can be written in any script mechanism eg. Groovy, Python ect. In the scripts, all loaded data and the data from the model should be available (but only these marked

by @Bind). Variables created in the script should be available both in the resulting tsv, as well as in other models (if there is any field marked by @Bind), as well as other scripts. The exception to this rule are variables with single-letter names written in lowercase (eg. i, j, k, p) - these variables do not appear in the results and won't be available in models or other scripts.

A example script stored in the file script1.groovy might look like this (here is calculated indicator of export capacity):

```
ZDEKS = new double[LL]
for (i = 0; i < LL; i++) {
    ZDEKS[i] = EKS[i]/PKB[i];
}
```

Attention: in this script a variable LL is available which denotes the number of years, and also there are variables resulting from model calculations (PKB, EKS). The script creates new variables ZDEKS and i, but only ZDEKS will be visible in the results and available for other models and scripts.

An example invocation:

```
Controller ctl = new Controller("Model1");
ctl.readDataFrom(dataDir + "data2.txt")
    .runModel()
    .runScriptFromFile(scriptDir + "script1.groovy");
String res= ctl.getResultsAsTsv();
System.out.println(res);
```

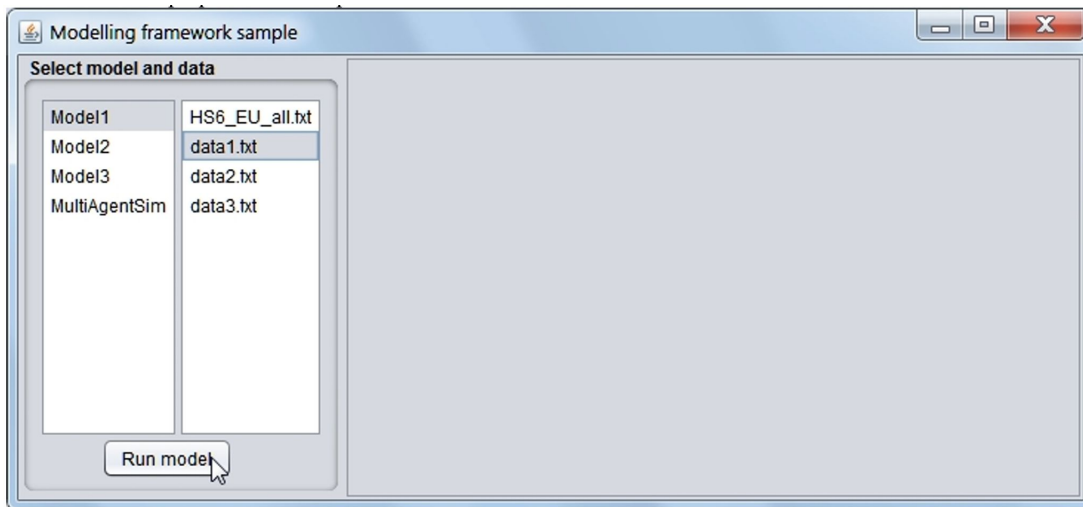
will print out:

LATA	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019					
twKI	1.03	1.05	1.07	1.07	1.07					
twKS	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04					
twINW	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12					
twEKS	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13					
twIMP	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14					
KI	1023752.2	1074939.81	1150185.5967	1230698.5884690003	1316847.4896618305					
KS	315397.0	328012.88	341133.3952	354778.73100800003	368969.88024832006					
INW	348358.0	390160.96	436980.2752000001	489417.90822400013	548148.0572108802					
EKS	811108.6	916552.7179999999	1035704.5713399998	1170346.1656141996	1322491.1671440455					
IMP	784342.4	894150.3359999999	1019331.3830399998	1162037.7766655996	1324723.0653987834					
PKB	1714273.4	1815516.032	1944672.4554000003	2083203.6166496002	2231733.528866293					
ZDEKS	0.47315008212808995	0.5048441885640148	0.5325856127925489	0.561801139485567	↵					
	0.5925847105123984									

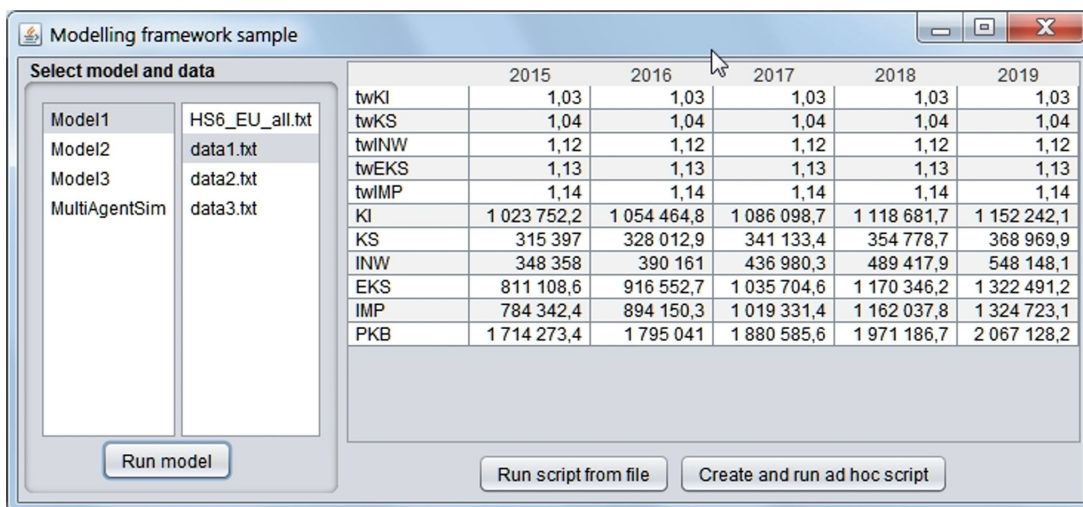
## GUI

Integral part of a project is a GUI to work with models and scripts.

Here's an ad hoc prepared example of such an interface.

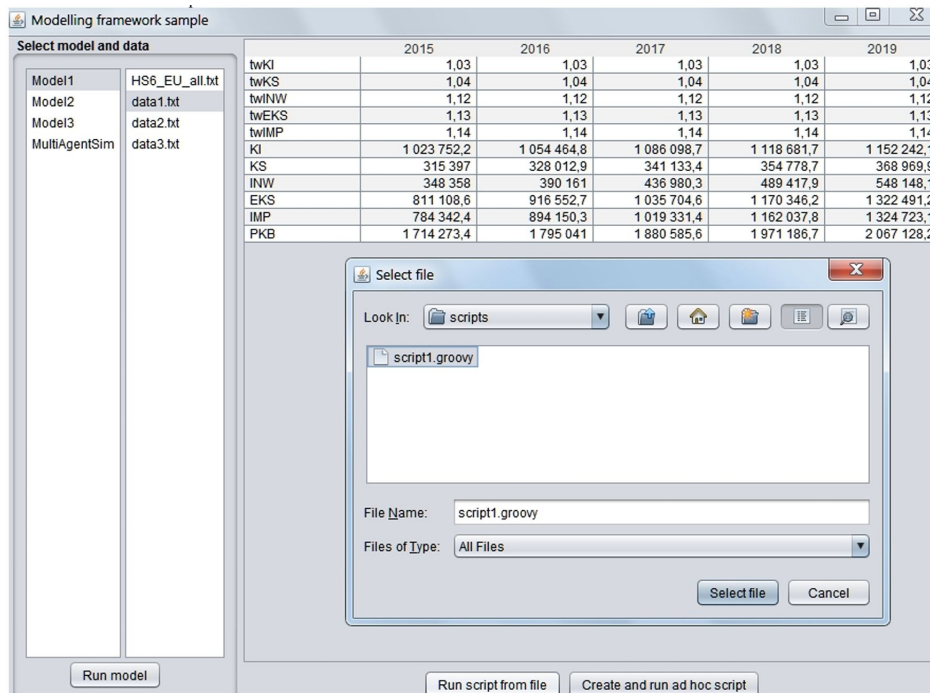


When you press the "Run model" button:

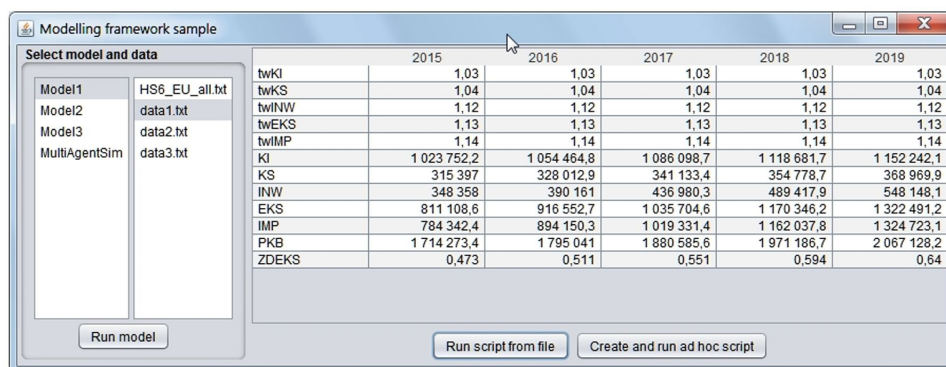


Note: Please pay attention to the formatting of numbers

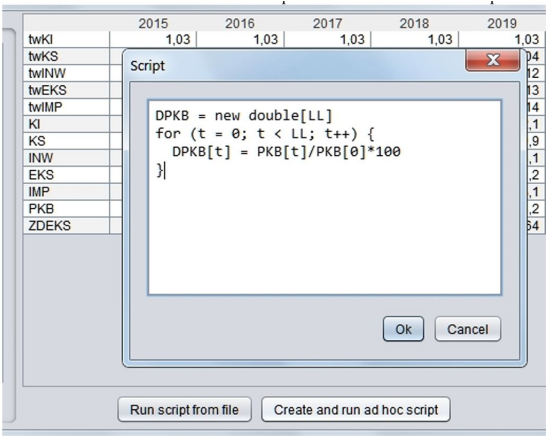
You can now choose a script from the file:



and immediately see additional results:



or choose the "Create and run ad-hoc script" to enter the code of the script:



and immediately get the result:

