

Summary of Do Fund Managers Misestimate Climatic Disaster Risk?

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1. What are the research questions?

- Whether professional money managers overreact to large climatic disasters?

2. Why are the research questions interesting?

- There is increasingly concern about the impact of climate change risks on the capital markets.
 - However, there is limited empirical research on the asset pricing implications of climate risk.
- It's important whether investors can estimate climate-disaster risks for their portfolios.
 - Salience bias imply mutual fund managers may misestimate the impact of a climatic disaster.

3. What is the paper's contribution?

- Contribute to literature on climate risk which rely on rational asset pricing versus deviations from purely rational pricing.
 - Prior studies: rational(Bansal et al. ,2016) ; irrational(Hong et al. ,2019)
 - Expand the literature by analyzing whether/how fund managers misestimate climatic disasters risks.

4. What hypotheses are tested in the paper? list them explicitly

- H1: Nearby mutual funds underweight firms in the disaster zone compared to distant funds.
- H2A: If H1 is true and due to superior information, these stocks should underperform soon.
- H2B: If H1 is true and due to salience bias, these stocks should not underperform soon.

(a) Do these hypotheses follow from and answer the research questions?

Yes

(b) Do these hypotheses follow from theory or are they otherwise adequately developed? Please explain the logic of the hypotheses (use visualization if possible)

- Mutual fund managers may underweight local disaster firms for:
 - H2A: Fund managers may possess superior information regarding proximate firms
 - H2B: Fund managers may overestimate the probability of salient (but rare) disasters.

5. Sample: comment on the appropriateness of the sample selection procedures

- The selection of funds and disasters is appropriate.

6. Dependent and independent variables: comment on the appropriateness of variable definition and measurement (focus on the key dependent variables and independent variables)

- CLOSE: Different disasters should have different scopes of impact.

7. Regression/prediction model specification: comment on the appropriateness of the regression/prediction model specification

- Controls for fund managers should be considered, such as age.

8. What difficulties arise in drawing inferences from the empirical work

- The empirical work is rigorous.

9. Describe at least one publishable and feasible extension of this research

- New indicator: fund sensitivity for disaster.