

HW 9

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1

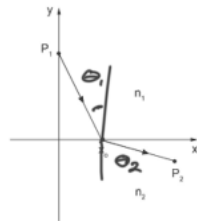
$$u_p = \frac{c}{n}$$

$$t = \frac{\sqrt{x_0^2 + p_{1y}^2}}{c/n_1} + \frac{\sqrt{(p_{2x} - x_0)^2 + p_{2y}^2}}{c/n_2}$$

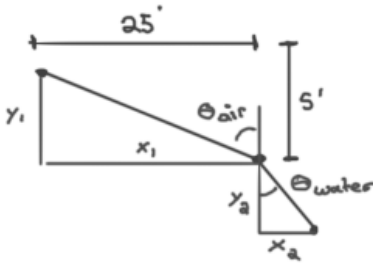
$$\frac{dt}{dx} = \frac{n_1 x_0}{c \sqrt{x_0^2 + p_{1y}^2}} + \frac{-n_2 (1 - x_0)}{c \sqrt{(1 - x_0)^2 + p_{2y}^2}} = 0 \quad \text{minimizing time}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{n_1 x_0}{\sqrt{x_0^2 + p_{1y}^2}} = \frac{n_2 (1 - x_0)}{\sqrt{(1 - x_0)^2 + p_{2y}^2}}$$

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$



2



$$\begin{aligned} 90^\circ - \theta_{\text{air}} &= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y_1}{x_1}\right) \\ &= \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{25}\right) \\ &= 11.31^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_{\text{air}} = 78.69^\circ$$

$$n_{\text{air}} \sin \theta_{\text{air}} = n_{\text{water}} \sin \theta_{\text{water}}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta_{\text{air}}}{\sin \theta_{\text{water}}} = \frac{n_{\text{water}}}{n_{\text{air}}} = \frac{\sqrt{81}}{51} = 9$$

$$\sin \theta_{\text{water}} = \frac{1}{9} \sin \theta_{\text{air}}$$

$$\theta_{\text{water}} = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{9} \sin \theta_{\text{air}}\right)$$

$$\theta_{\text{water}} = 6.255^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta_{\text{air}}}{\sin \theta_{\text{water}}} = \sqrt{\frac{n_1 E_1}{n_2 E_2}}$$

$$\sin \theta_{\text{air}} = \sqrt{\frac{1.8}{1}} \sin \theta_{\text{water}}$$

$$\theta_{\text{air}} = 8.405^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta_{\text{air}} = \frac{5}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{5}{\tan(8.405^\circ)}$$

$$= 33.84'$$

3

```
from numpy import *
nAir = 1
nGan = 3.7
criticalAngle = arcsin(nAir/nGan)
print(f'\\theta_c = {rad2deg(criticalAngle):.3f}~{{\\circ}}\\')
```

```
solidAngleCone = 2*pi*(1-cos(criticalAngle)) #4*pi
solidAngleHemisphere = 2*pi
```

```
coneCount = 2
solidAngleRatio = coneCount * solidAngleCone/solidAngleHemisphere
print(f'\\text{{solid Angle Ratio}} = {solidAngleRatio:.3f}\\')
```

```
import pint
unit = pint.UnitRegistry()
```

```
wavelength = 560
h = 6.63E-34
c = 3E8
E = solidAngleRatio * h*c/wavelength
print(f'\\text{{fraction of optical energy}} = \\text{{{{E:.2E} J}}}\\')
```

$$\theta_c = 15.680^\circ$$

$$\text{solid Angle Ratio} = 0.074$$

$$\text{fraction of optical energy} = 2.64\text{E-}29 \text{ J}$$

4

```
from matplotlib import pyplot
import numpy
```

```
x = numpy.linspace(2, 6, 20) #wavelength
```

```
#index for quartz
n2 = numpy.sqrt(1 +
    0.6961663*x**2 / (x**2 - 0.0684043**2) +
    0.4079426*x**2 / (x**2 - 0.1162414**2) +
    0.8974794*x**2 / (x**2 - 9.896161**2))
```

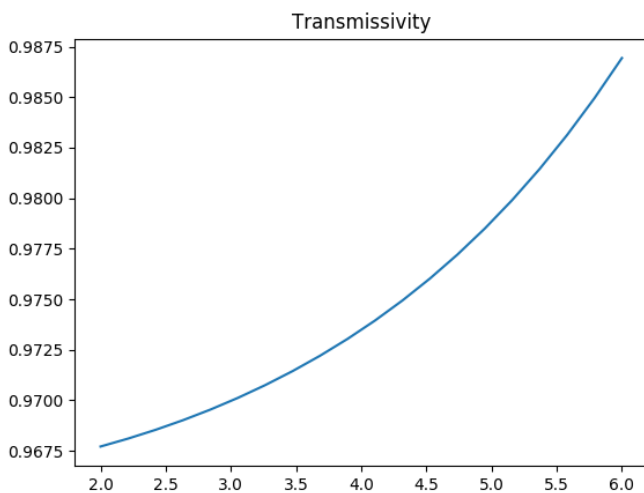
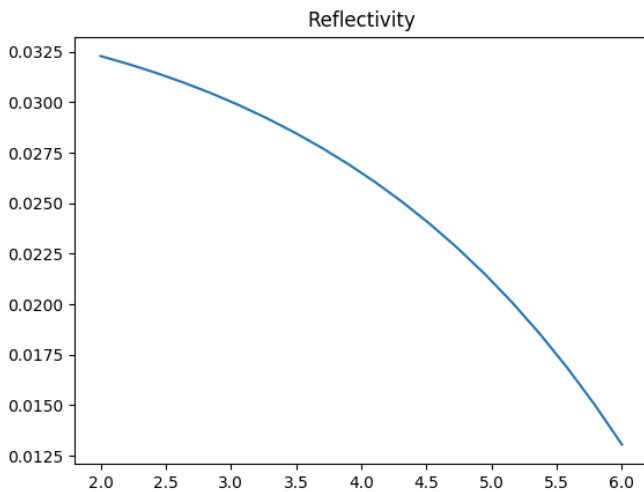
```
#index for air
n1 = 1

reflectionCoefficient = (n2 - n1)/(n1 + n2)
transmissionCoefficient = 1 + reflectionCoefficient

reflectivity = reflectionCoefficient**2
transmissivity = transmissionCoefficient**2 * (n1/n2)

pyplot.plot(x, reflectivity)
pyplot.title('Reflectivity')
pyplot.savefig('figure/4-re.png')
pyplot.show()

pyplot.plot(x, transmissivity)
pyplot.title('Transmissivity')
pyplot.savefig('figure/4-tr.png')
pyplot.show()
```



```
def ganIntrinsicImpedance(wavelength):
    return numpy.sqrt(
        0.6961663*wavelength**2 / (wavelength**2 - 0.0684043**2)
        + 0.4079426*wavelength**2 / (wavelength**2 - 0.1162414**2)
        + 0.8974794*wavelength**2 / (wavelength**2 - 9.896161**2)
        + 1).reshape(-1, 1)

def degreeArangeToRadians(start, stop, spacing):
    degreeRange = numpy.arange(start, stop+spacing, spacing)
    radianRange = numpy.deg2rad(degreeRange)
    radianRangeAsColumnVector = radianRange.reshape(-1, 1).T
    return radianRangeAsColumnVector

def snellsTransmissionAngle(n1, n2, a1):
    return arcsin(sin(a1)*(n1/n2))

def perpendicularReflection(n1, n2, a1, a2):
    return ((n2*cos(a1) - n1*cos(a2))
            / (n2*cos(a1) + n1*cos(a2)))**2

def parallelReflection(n1, n2, a1, a2):
    return ((n2*cos(a2) - n1*cos(a1))
            / (n2*cos(a2) + n1*cos(a1)))**2

wavelength = numpy.linspace(2, 6, 20)
n2 = ganIntrinsicImpedance(wavelength)
n1 = 1 #Air

incidenceAngles = degreeArangeToRadians(
    start = 0,
    stop = 60,
    spacing = 10)

transmissionAngles = snellsTransmissionAngle(
    n1 = n1,
    n2 = n2,
    a1 = incidenceAngles)

transverseElectricReflectivity = perpendicularReflection(
    n1 = n1,
    n2 = n2,
    a1 = incidenceAngles,
    a2 = transmissionAngles)

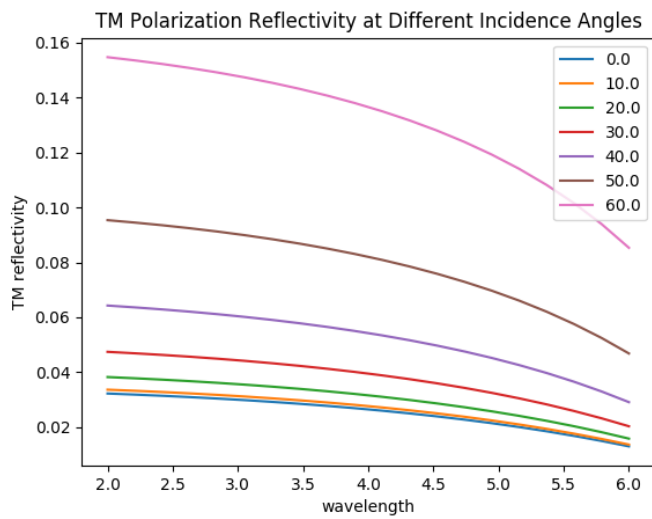
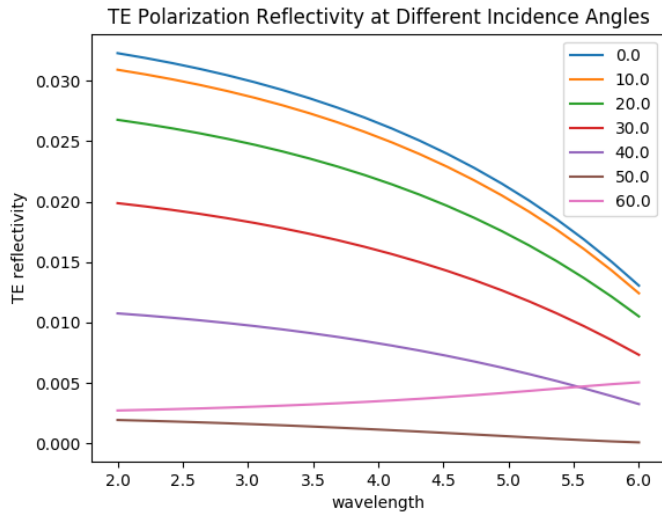
transverseMagneticReflectivity = parallelReflection(
    n1 = n1,
    n2 = n2,
    a1 = incidenceAngles,
    a2 = transmissionAngles)

pyplot.plot(wavelength, transverseElectricReflectivity)
pyplot.title('TE Polarization Reflectivity at Different Incidence Angles')
pyplot.xlabel('wavelength')
pyplot.ylabel('TE reflectivity')
pyplot.legend(*numpy.round(numpy.rad2deg(incidenceAngles)))
pyplot.savefig('figure/5-te.png')
pyplot.show()

pyplot.plot(wavelength, transverseMagneticReflectivity)
pyplot.title('TM Polarization Reflectivity at Different Incidence Angles')
pyplot.xlabel('wavelength')
pyplot.ylabel('TM reflectivity')
pyplot.legend(*numpy.round(numpy.rad2deg(incidenceAngles)))
pyplot.savefig('figure/5-tm.png')
pyplot.show()
```

5

```
from matplotlib import pyplot
import numpy
from numpy import cos, arcsin, sin
```



6 - BREWSTER'S ANGLE

```
from numpy import arctan, sqrt, rad2deg

wavelength = 580E-9
schottIndex = 1.5427
airIndex = 1
brewsterAngle = rad2deg(arctan(sqrt(schottIndex/airIndex)))

print(f'\\theta_B'
      f' = \\tan^{-1}\\sqrt{{\\dfrac{{\\epsilon_2}}{{\\epsilon_1}}}}'
      f' = {brewsterAngle:.2f}^{{\\circ}}\\')
```

$$\theta_B = \tan^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon_2}{\epsilon_1}} = 51.16^\circ$$