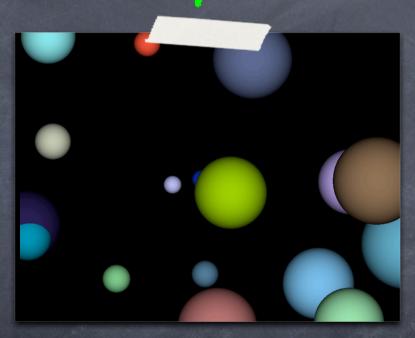
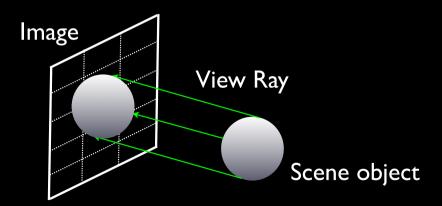
Constant Memory and Events

Screenshot from the ray tracing example



Problem: Memory

- GPUs: Enormous amount of arithmetic power
- Bottleneck: memory bandwidth
- Constant memory instead of "shared memory"
- Example: ray tracing



Basic ray tracer on GPU

- Extremely simple:
 - no lightning
 - only spheres
 - hides surfaces not seen by the camera

```
#define INF 2e10f
struct Sphere {
   float r,b,q;
    float radius;
   float x, y, z;
     device float hit( float ox, float oy, float *n ) {
       float dx = ox - x;
       float dy = oy - y;
        if (dx*dx + dy*dy < radius*radius) {</pre>
            float dz = sqrtf( radius*radius - dx*dx - dy*dy );
            *n = dz / sqrtf( radius * radius );
            return dz + z;
        return -INF;
```

Basic ray tracer (main)

```
#include "cuda.h"
#include "../common/book.h"
#include "../common/cpu bitmap.h"
#define rnd(x) (x * rand() / RAND MAX)
#define SPHERES 20
int main( void ) {
   DataBlock data;
   // capture the start time
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &start ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &stop ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( start, 0 ) );
   CPUBitmap bitmap ( DIM, DIM, &data );
   unsigned char *dev bitmap;
   Sphere
                  *s;
   // allocate memory on the GPU for the output bitmap
   HANDLE ERROR (cudaMalloc ((void**) & dev bitmap, bitmap.image size()));
   // allocate memory for the Sphere dataset
   HANDLE ERROR (cudaMalloc (void**) &s, sizeof (Sphere) *SPHERES));
```

Basic ray tracer (main-2)

```
// allocate temp memory, initialize it, copy to
// memory on the GPU, then free our temp memory
Sphere *temp s = (Sphere*)malloc( sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES );
for (int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
    temp s[i].r = rnd(1.0f);
    temp s[i].q = rnd(1.0f);
    temp s[i].b = rnd(1.0f);
    temp s[i].x = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
    temp s[.].y = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
    temp s[.z] = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
    temp s[.].radius = rnd( 100.0f) + 20;
HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( s, temp s,
                            sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES,
                            cudaMemcpyHostToDevice ) );
free( temp s );
// generate a bitmap from our sphere data
dim3 qrids(DIM/16,DIM/16);
dim3
        threads (16, 16);
kernel<<<qrids,threads>>>( s, dev bitmap );
```

Basic ray tracer (main-3)

```
copy our bitmap back from the GPU for display
HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( bitmap.get ptr(), dev bitmap,
                           bitmap.image size(),
                           cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost ) );
 // get stop time, and display the timing results
HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( stop, 0 ) );
 HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventSynchronize( stop ) );
 float elapsedTime;
HANDLE ERROR ( cudaEventElapsedTime ( &elapsedTime,
                                     start, stop ) );
printf( "Time to generate: %3.1f ms\n", elapsedTime );
HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( start ) );
HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( stop ) );
HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( dev bitmap ) );
HANDLE ERROR ( cudaFree ( s ) );
 // display
bitmap.display and exit();
```

Basic ray tracer (kernet)

```
#define SPHERES 20
 global void kernel( Sphere *s, unsigned char *ptr ) {
    // map from threadIdx/BlockIdx to pixel position
    int x = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
    int y = threadIdx.y + blockIdx.y * blockDim.y;
    int offset = x + y * blockDim.x * gridDim.x;
    float ox = (x - DIM/2);
    float oy = (y - DIM/2);
    float r=0, q=0, b=0;
   float maxz = -INF;
    for(int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
       float n;
       float t = s[i].hit(ox,oy,&n);
       if (t > maxz) {
           float fscale = n;
           r = s[i].r * fscale;
           q = s[i].q * fscale;
           b = s[i].b * fscale;
           maxz = t;
```

Basic ray tracer (6)

Ray tracer with constant

Instead of declaring

```
Sphere
```

*s;

we add <u>constant</u> before it:

constant Sphere s[SPHERES];

Ray tracing with constant memory

```
#define INF
               2e10f
struct Sphere {
   float r,b,q;
    float radius;
   float x, y, z;
     device float hit( float ox, float oy, float *n ) {
       float dx = ox - x;
       float dy = oy - y;
       if (dx*dx + dy*dy < radius*radius) {</pre>
            float dz = sqrtf( radius*radius - dx*dx - dy*dy );
            *n = dz / sqrtf( radius * radius );
            return dz + z;
       return -INF;
};
```

Ray tracing with constant memory (2)

```
int main( void ) {
   DataBlock data;
   // capture the start time
   cudaEvent t
                   start, stop;
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &start ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &stop ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( start, 0 ) );
   CPUBitmap bitmap ( DIM, DIM, &data );
   unsigned char *dev bitmap;
    // Sphere
                       *s;
    // allocate memory on the GPU for the output bitmap
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMalloc ( (void**) & dev bitmap,
                              bitmap.image size() );
    // allocate memory for the Sphere dataset
    // HANDLE ERROR( cudaMalloc( (void**)&s,
                              sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES ) );
```

Ray tracing with constant memory (3)

```
// allocate temp memory, initialize it, copy to
// memory on the GPU, then free our temp memory
    Sphere *temp s = (Sphere*)malloc( sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES );
    for (int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
        temp s[i].r = rnd(1.0f);
        temp s[i].q = rnd(1.0f);
        temp s[i].b = rnd(1.0f);
        temp s[i].x = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
        temp s[i].y = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
        temp s[i].z = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
        temp s[i].radius = rnd(100.0f) + 20;
// HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( s, temp s,
                                sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES,
                                cudaMemcpyHostToDevice ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaMemcpyToSymbol( s, temp s,
                                sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES) );
   free( temp s );
    // generate a bitmap from our sphere data
    dim3 qrids(DIM/16,DIM/16);
    dim3 threads (16,16);
    kernel<<<grids, threads>>>( s, dev bitmap );
                               94
```

Ray tracing with constant memory (4)

```
// copy our bitmap back from the GPU for display
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( bitmap.get ptr(), dev bitmap,
                             bitmap.image size(),
                             cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost ) );
   // get stop time, and display the timing results
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( stop, 0 ));
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventSynchronize( stop ) );
           elapsedTime;
   float
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaEventElapsedTime ( &elapsedTime,
                                       start, stop ) );
  printf( "Time to generate: %3.1f ms\n", elapsedTime );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( start ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( stop ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( dev bitmap ) );
   // HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( s ) );
   // display
  bitmap.display and exit();
                                95
```

Ray tracing with constant memory (5)

```
#define SPHERES 20
 constant Sphere s[SPHERES];
 global void kernel( Sphere *s, unsigned char *ptr ) {
    // map from threadIdx/BlockIdx to pixel position
   int x = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
   int y = threadIdx.y + blockIdx.y * blockDim.y;
   int offset = x + y * blockDim.x * gridDim.x;
   float ox = (x - DIM/2);
   float oy = (y - DIM/2);
    float r=0, q=0, b=0;
   float maxz = -INF;
   for(int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
       float n;
       float t = s[i].hit(ox, oy, &n);
       if (t > maxz) {
           float fscale = n;
           r = s[i].r * fscale;
           g = s[i].g * fscale;
           b = s[i].b * fscale;
           maxz = t;
```

Measuring the performance with Events

Creation and recording events:

```
cudaEvent_t start,stop;
cudaEventCreate(&start);
cudaEventCreate(&stop);
cudaEventRecord(start,0);

// do some work on the GPU

cudaEventRecord(stop,0);
```

Measuring the performance with Events

Creation and recording events:

```
cudaEvent_t start,stop;
cudaEventCreate(&start);
cudaEventCreate(&stop);
cudaEventRecord(start,0);

// do some work on the GPU

cudaEventRecord(stop,0);
cudaEventSynchronize(stop,0)
```

Code without constant memory

```
#define INF
                2e10f
struct Sphere {
    float r,b,g;
    float radius;
   float x, y, z;
      device float hit( float ox, float oy, float *n ) {
       float dx = ox - x;
       float dy = oy - y;
        if (dx*dx + dy*dy < radius*radius) {</pre>
            float dz = sqrtf( radius*radius - dx*dx - dy*dy );
            *n = dz / sqrtf( radius * radius );
            return dz + z;
        return -INF;
```

Code without constant memory

```
int main( void ) {
   DataBlock
               data:
   // capture the start time
   cudaEvent t start, stop;
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &start ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventCreate( &stop ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( start, 0 ) );
   CPUBitmap bitmap ( DIM, DIM, &data );
   unsigned char *dev bitmap;
   // allocate memory on the GPU for the output bitmap
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMalloc ( (void**) & dev bitmap,
                              bitmap.image size() );
   // allocate memory for the Sphere dataset
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMalloc ( (void**) &s,
                              sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES ) );
```

Code without constant

memory

```
// allocate temp memory, initialize it, copy to
   // memory on the GPU, then free our temp memory
   Sphere *temp s = (Sphere*)malloc( sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES );
   for (int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {
       temp s[i].r = rnd(1.0f);
       temp s[i].g = rnd(1.0f);
       temp s[i].b = rnd(1.0f);
       temp s[i].x = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].y = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].z = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].radius = rnd(100.0f) + 20;
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( s, temp s,
                               sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES,
                               cudaMemcpyHostToDevice ) );
   free ( temp s );
   // generate a bitmap from our sphere data
   dim3 grids (DIM/16, DIM/16);
   dim3 threads (16,16);
   kernel<<<qrids, threads>>>( s, dev bitmap );
```

Code without constant

memory

```
// copy our bitmap back from the GPU for display
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaMemcpy( bitmap.get ptr(), dev bitmap,
                              bitmap.image size(),
                              cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost ) );
   // get stop time, and display the timing results
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( stop, 0 ) );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventSynchronize( stop ) );
    float elapsedTime;
    HANDLE ERROR ( cudaEventElapsedTime ( &elapsedTime,
                                        start, stop ) );
   printf( "Time to generate: %3.1f ms\n", elapsedTime );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( start ) );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( stop ) );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( dev bitmap ) );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( s ) );
   // display
   bitmap.display and exit();
```

Code without constant memory

```
#define SPHERES 20
 global void kernel( Sphere *s, unsigned char *ptr ) {
   // map from threadIdx/BlockIdx to pixel position
   int x = threadIdx.x + blockIdx.x * blockDim.x;
   int y = threadIdx.y + blockIdx.y * blockDim.y;
   int offset = x + y * blockDim.x * gridDim.x;
   float ox = (x - DIM/2);
   float oy = (y - DIM/2);
   float r=0, q=0, b=0;
   float maxz = -INF;
   for(int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
       float n;
       float t = s[i].hit(ox, oy, &n);
       if (t > maxz) {
           float fscale = n;
           r = s[i].r * fscale;
           g = s[i].g * fscale;
           b = s[i].b * fscale;
           maxz = t;
```

Code with constant memory

```
#define INF
               2e10f
struct Sphere {
    float r,b,q;
    float radius;
    float x, y, z;
     device float hit( float ox, float oy, float *n ) {
       float dx = ox - x;
       float dy = oy - y;
       if (dx*dx + dy*dy < radius*radius) {</pre>
           float dz = sqrtf( radius*radius - dx*dx - dy*dy );
            *n = dz / sqrtf( radius * radius );
            return dz + z;
       return -INF;
```

Code with constant memory

Code with constant memory

```
// allocate temp memory, initialize it, copy to
    // memory on the GPU, then free our temp memory
   Sphere *temp s = (Sphere*)malloc( sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES );
   for (int i=0; i<SPHERES; i++) {</pre>
       temp s[i].r = rnd(1.0f);
        temp s[i].q = rnd(1.0f);
       temp s[i].b = rnd(1.0f);
       temp s[i].x = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].y = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].z = rnd(1000.0f) - 500;
       temp s[i].radius = rnd(100.0f) + 20;
   HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpyToSymbol ( s, temp s,
                                sizeof(Sphere) * SPHERES) );
    free( temp s );
    // generate a bitmap from our sphere data
           grids(DIM/16,DIM/16);
   dim3
   dim3 threads (16,16);
    kernel<<<grids, threads>>>( s, dev bitmap );
```

Code with constant

```
// copy our bitmap back from the GPU for display
    HANDLE ERROR ( cudaMemcpy ( bitmap.get ptr(), dev bitmap,
                              bitmap.image size(),
                              cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost ) );
    // get stop time, and display the timing results
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventRecord( stop, 0 ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventSynchronize( stop ) );
    float elapsedTime;
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventElapsedTime( &elapsedTime,
                                        start, stop ) );
   printf( "Time to generate: %3.1f ms\n", elapsedTime);
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( start ) );
    HANDLE ERROR( cudaEventDestroy( stop ) );
   HANDLE ERROR( cudaFree( dev bitmap ) );
    // display
   bitmap.display and exit();
```

Code with/without constant memory

Exercice:

Every team records the performances of the two different versions of the code and give me the results

Suggestion: try the "CUDA by example" code, chap. 6



- NVIDIA HW makes other types of memory available for us
- We also get additional constraints to use this memory
- We have seen how to use CUDA events to record the performance of our code