VERB TENSES (1)

TENSE	AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE	USE
Present Simple	I/You/We/They + infinitive He/She/It + infinitive + -s/-es Examples: I work in a school. She works in a hospital.	I/You/We/They + do not/don't + infinitive He/She/It + does not/doesn't + infinitive Examples: I don't work in a school. She doesn't work in a hospital.	Do + I/you/we/they + infinitive? Does + he/she/it + infinitive? Examples: Do you work in a school? Does she work in a hospital?	-Habits and routines (with frequency adverbs)Permanent situationsGeneral facts, states and universal truths0 and 1 st ConditionalsTimetables (Future use). Time expressions: every day/month, once/twice/three times a week/month, always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never, on Mondays/Tuesdays, at the
Present Continuous	I + am/'m + gerund (-ing) You/We/They + are/'re + gerund (-ing) He/She/It + is/'s + gerund (-ing) Examples: I am working right now. You are studying. She is doing her homework.	I+ am not/'m not + gerund (-ing) You/We/They + are not/aren't+ gerund (-ing) He/She/It + is not/isn't + gerund (-ing) Examples: I 'm not working right now. You aren't studying. She isn't doing her homework.	Am + I + gerund (-ing)? Are + you/we/they + gerund (-ing)? Is + he/she/it + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Am working right now? Are you studying? Is she doing her homework?	-Actions happening at or around the moment of speakingTemporary situationsFixed arrangements (Future use). Time expressions: now, at the moment, at present, nowadays, today, still, always* (for complaints or emphasis).
Past Simple	-Regular verbs: I/You/He/She/It/We/They + infinitive -ed -Irregular verbs: I/you/he/she/it/we/they + 2 nd column Examples: I worked hard yesterday. She went to the cinema last weekend.	-Regular and Irregular verbs: I/You/He/She/It/We/They + did not/didn't + infinitive Examples: I didn't work hard yesterday. She didn't qo to the cinema last weekend.	-Regular and Irregular verbs: Did + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + infinitive? Examples: Did you work hard yesterday? Did she go to the cinema last weekend?	-Finished past actions (with a definite time expression)Actions taking place one after another in the pastActions that interrupt other past actions in progress (past continuous). Time expressions: yesterday, last week/month/year, two days ago, when, in 1989, then.
Past Continuous	I /He/She/ It + was + gerund (-ing) You/we/ they + were + gerund (-ing) Examples: I was working. You were eating.	I /He/She/ It + was not/wasn't + gerund (-ing) You/we/they + were not/weren't + gerund (-ing) Examples: I wasn't working. You weren't eating.	Was + I/he/she/it + gerund (-ing)? Were you/we/they + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Was she working? Were they eating?	-Actions in progress in the pastPast actions in progress interrupted by another past action (past simple). Time expressions: while/when/ as.

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VERB TENSES (2)

TENSE	AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE	USE
Present Perfect Simple	I/You/We/They + have/'ve + past participle (-ed/3rd column) He/She/It has/'s + past participle (-ed/3rd column) Examples: I have worked this morning. She has eaten an apple.	I/You/We/They + have not/haven't + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) He/She/It has not/hasn't + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: I haven't worked this morning. She hasn't eaten an apple.	participle (-ed/3 rd column)?	-Recently completed actionsPast actions connected with the presentFinished actions with a present resultLife or personal experiences (emphasis on number). Time expressions: already, yet, just, never, ever, for, since, so far, lately, recently, this week, today.
Present Perfect Continuous	I/You/We/They + have/'ve + been + gerund (-ing) He/She/It has/'s + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: I have been working all day long. She has been doing sport.	I/You/We/They + have not/haven't + been + gerund (-ing) He/She/It has not/hasn't+ been + gerund (-ing) Examples: I haven't been working these days. She hasn't been doing sport.	Have + I/you/we/they + been + gerund (-ing)? Has + he/she/it + been + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Have you been working these days? Has she been doing sport?	-Recent past actions with present resultsActions that started in the past and continue up to the presentEmphasis on the duration of the action. Time expressions: How long?, for, since, all day long, the whole day.
Past Perfect Simple	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + had/'d + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: I had worked there before. She had eaten there before.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + had not/hadn't + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: I hadn't worked there before. She hadn't eaten there before.	Had + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + past participle (-ed/3 rd column)? Examples: Had you worked there before? Had she eaten there before?	-Past action that happened before another past actionComplete past action that had visible results in the past (the emphasis is put on the fact, not the duration). Time expressions: By the time, before, yet, already, after, just, for, since.
Past Perfect Continuous	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + had + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: I had been working all day long. She had been doing sport.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + had not/hadn't + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: I hadn't been working all day long. She hadn't been doing sport.	Had + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: Had you been working these days? Had she been doing sport?	-Actions that take place before a certain time in the pastThe emphasis is put on the duration and not the fact. Time expressions: How long?, for, since, all day long, the whole day.

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VERB TENSES (3)

TENSE	AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE	USE
Future Simple	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will/'ll + infinitive Examples: I will do voluntary work. She'll buy a mansion.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will not/won't + infinitive Examples: I will not do voluntary work. She won't buy a mansion.	Will + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + infinitive? Examples: Will you do voluntary work? Will she buy a mansion?	-General predictions or predictions that may happen in the futureDecisions taken at the moment of speakingOffers, promises, threats and requests1 st Conditional. Time expressions : tomorrow, next week, tonight, in two days/weeks, etc.
Be going to Future	I + am/'m + going to + infinitive You/We/They + are/'re + going to + infinitive He/She/It + is/'s + going to + infinitive Examples: I am going to study German next year. She is going to buy a car.	I + am not/'m not + going to + infinitive You/We/They + are not/aren't + going to + infinitive He/She/It + is not/isn't + going to + infinitive Examples: I'm not going to study German next year. She isn't going to buy a car.	Am + I + going to + infinitive? Are + you/we/they + going to + infinitive? Is + he/she/it + going to + infinitive? Examples: Are you going to study German? Is she going to buy a car?	-Future plans or intentionsPredictions based on present evidence. Time expressions: tomorrow, next week, tonight, etc.
Future Continuous	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will/'ll + be + gerund (-ing) Examples: I will be working on my project next week. She'Il be sunbathing at the beach tomorrow.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will not/won't + be + gerund (-ing) Examples: I will not be working on my project next week. She won't be sunbathing at the beach tomorrow.	Will + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Will you be working on your project next week? Will she be sunbathing at the beach tomorrow?	-Actions that will be in progress at a certain time in the future. Time expressions: this time tomorrow/next week/month, tonight, in three days, etc.
Future Perfect Simple	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will/'ll + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: By the end of the year, I will have finished my studies. By the end of next month, she'll have taken her driving test.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will not/won't + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: By the end of the year, I will not have finished my studies. By the end of next month, she won't have taken her driving test.	Will + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column)? Examples: Will you have finished your studies by the end of this year? Will she have taken her driving test by the end of next month?	-Actions that will be finished at a certain time in the future. Time expressions: By, by then, by the time.

VERB TENSES (4)

TENSE	AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE	USE
Future Perfect Continuous	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will/'ll + have + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: By this time next month, I will have been working on the project for two years. She'll have been waiting here for three hours by seven o'clock.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + will not/won't + have + been + gerund (-ing) Examples: By this time next month, I will not have been working on the project for two years. She won't have been waiting here for three hours by seven o'clock.	Will + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + have + been + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Will you have been working on the project by this time next month? Will she have been waiting here for three hours by seven o'clock?	-Actions taking place before a certain time in the futureThe emphasis is put on the duration of the action. Time expressions: By, by then, by the time.
Conditional Simple	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would/'d + infinitive Examples: I would buy a new car if I had more money. She'd travel all over the world if she could afford it.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would not/wouldn't + infinitive Examples: I would not spend my holidays at a seaside resort. She wouldn't travel to Syria.	Would + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + infinitive? Examples: Would you spend your holidays at a seaside resort? Would she travel to Syria?	-Unreal or imaginary situations2 nd Conditional.
Conditional Continuous	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would/'d + be + gerund (-ing) Examples: I would be relaxing at the swimming pool if I didn't have to work. He knew she would be waiting for us at the airport.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would not/wouldn't + be + gerund (-ing) Examples: I wouldn't be relaxing at the swimming pool if I had to work. He knew she wouldn't be waiting for us at the airport.	Would + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + be + gerund (-ing)? Examples: Would you be relaxing at the swimming pool if you didn't have to work? Did you know that she would be waiting for us at the airport?	-Actions that might be taking place (2 nd Conditional).
Conditional Perfect	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would/'d + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: I would have passed the exam if I had studied harder. She'd have arrived on time if she hadn't overslept.	I/You/He/She/It/We/They + would not/wouldn't + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column) Examples: I would not have passed the exam if I hadn't studied hard. She wouldn't have arrived late if she had got up earlier.	Would + I/you/he/she/it/we/they + have + past participle (-ed/3 rd column)? Examples: Would you have passed the exam if you hadn't studied hard? Would she have arrived on time if she hadn't overslept?	-Impossible past situations or actions that might have taken place (3 rd Conditional).

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