





Pandas PyTesting

with Python 3.6

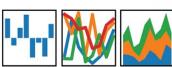
Group 23

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Summary of Tools













- **Python** v3.6: theoretical programming language
- **Pandas** v0.25.3: *Python library get to that next*
- **PyTest** v5.3.1: *full-featured Python testing program*
- **Coverage.py** v4.5.4: measures code coverage of Python programs
- **Numpy** v1.17.4: scientific computing package
- PyCharm v2019.2.5: IDE for Python
- **Ubuntu** v18.04: Linux command terminal

Teamwork:

- Slack: cloud-based communication
- **Overleaf**: online LaTex report writing
- GitHub: git version control
- Google slides: presentation design









Why **Pandas** *v0.25.3*



- Pandas is an open source library providing all sufficient tools for data mining and preparation as well as for data analysis and modeling.
- It has a huge collection of different classes and functions, which describe either mathematical or algorithmic ideas. $\mathsf{pandas}_{y_i t = \beta' x_{it} + \mu_i + \epsilon_{it}}$
- Many people use this library and rely on it







Testing tools: **PyTest** *v5.3.1*

- Minimal prerequisites
 - Python & CLI
- Supports UnitTest, pandas.test() and more
- Stores values inside test cases
 - can specifically inform of which value failed and which value asserted
- Simplicity
 - shorter code with special routines; easy to write, understand; < errors
 - o however, special routines compromise compatibility with other frameworks
- Fixtures & plugins
 - apply multiple param combinations w/o rewriting methods; parallel testing



Testing tools: **Coverage** *v4.5.4*

- Monitors and measures code coverage of Python programs
- Analyzes source to identify effectiveness of test code in execution

```
a@DESKTOP-IAIPB4P:/mnt/c/Users/Adam/Desktop/Mjukvarutestning$ coverage run pandas_series_test.py
....

Ran 4 tests in 0.012s

OK
a@DESKTOP-IAIPB4P:/mnt/c/Users/Adam/Desktop/Mjukvarutestning$ coverage report

Name

Stmts Miss Cover

/home/a/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/_pytest/_init__.py

5 2 60%
/home/a/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/_pytest/_code/_init__.py

9 0 100%
```

/home/a/.local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/zipp.py	75	36	52%
pandas_series_test.py	68	11	84%
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/initpy	19	0	100%
/usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/_compat.py	54	30	44%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/_config.py	9	4	56%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/_funcs.py	68	58	15%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/ make.py	530	158	70%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/converters.py	7	1	86%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/exceptions.py	8	0	100%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/filters.py	15	9	40%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/attr/validators.py	46	17	63%
usr/lib/python3/dist-packages/six.py	450	210	53%
TOTAL	82176	62861	24%



Prototype Testing

- Tests pandas.Series() support of the inbuilt divmod()
- divmod() is applied elementwise to input Series()
- Tests the input: pandas.Series(numpy.arange(10))
- Minimum test pass requirements for any Series():
 - Each of the quotient and remainder outputs must also be Series() of equal size and data type
 - Outputs must be in range(0, modulus), otherwise outputs are 0 if either modulus or dividend is 0
- Top test:
 - Divide, modulo input by Series(np.arange(10))
 - Expected quotients: [0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]
 - Expected remainders: [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
- Bottom test:
 - Divide, modulo input by Series(np.arange(9, -1, -1))
 - Expected quotients: [0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3 8 0]
 - Expected remainders: [0 1 2 3 4 1 0 1 0 0]

```
div, rem = self.ser.divmod(self.ser)
 self.assertEqual(self.ser.dtype, self.d type)
 self.assertEqual(div.dtype and rem.dtype, self.d type)
 assert_series_equal(rem, Series(asarray([0] * 10)))
f test four divmod Series range 10 reversed(self):
 div, rem = self.ser.divmod(Series(arange(9, -1, -1)))
 self.assertEqual(self.ser.dtype, self.d type)
 self.assertEqual(div.dtype and rem.dtype, self.d type)
 self.assertEqual(div.size, self.ser.size)
 assert series equal(rem, Series(asarray([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0])))
```

test three divmod Series range 10(self):

Future Plans

Testing:

- plan multiple test suites with justified motivations
 - White-box testing of specific pandas library code internal structures and workings
 - Black-box testing of the pandas library API for functionality
- implement testing
- prove validity of testing

Statement and path coverage of testing:

- learn and improve implementing coverage.py in testing
- supply it with control flow graphing

- Report; write at least:

- library description
- testing strategy
- control flow graph
- thorough test case documentation

More Specific Testing Plans

- Shu-Pei Huang
 - Pandas.Series.Count()
- Li Ju
 - Pandas.Series.dropna(), Pandas.DataFrame.dropna(): conduct more test cases for specific coverage
 - More functions/methods to handle NaNs, outliers and other unexpected values in data
- Yin-Hsiang Liao

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- Adam Ross
 - Pandas.Series() support for boolean reductions; any of: .empty(); .any(); .all(); and .bool()
 - Pandas Time Series methods (generally, potentially)
- Vladislav Shapar

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- Liang-Yan Yu
 - Series.round(), rounding numbers in a series

Challenges

- Experienced significant instability PyTesting with Python v3.8
 - changed the Python version to 3.6
- Time
 - not having enough free between ourselves for the project so far
- No group member having any prior experience with either:
 - pandas
 - PyTest, nor
 - coverage.py