Tutorial 3: Database Application Development

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Outline

- Part I: Database access via programming language
 - Use programming language (Python) to access a DBMS (MySQL).
- Part II: Database application development
 - Construct a simple Web app to search from DBMS.



Part I

- 1. Create a database on MySQL
- 2. Connect to the database and create tables
- 3. Insert
- 4. Query



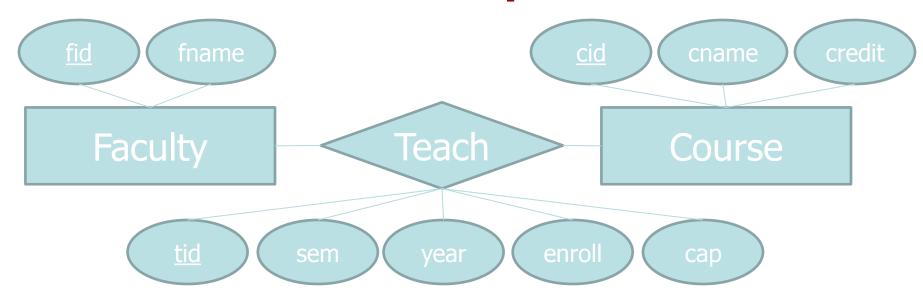
Prerequisites

This tutorial is implemented in Ubuntu 14.04

- MySQL-server:
 sudo apt-get install mysql-server
- MySQLdb python package: sudo apt-get build-dep python-mysqldb pip install MySQL-python



An Example



- faculty(fid, fname)
- course(cid, cname, credits)
- teach(tid, cid, fid, semester, year, enrollment, capacity)



Create a database on MySQL

 Create a database called "tutorial" create database tutorial;

```
mysql> create database tutorial;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> use tutorial;
Database changed

mysql> show tables;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```



Connect to the database

- Use MySQLdb package in python to connect to MySQL
- Create three tables as in the example by creating "part1/create_table.py" and running it



Insert

Connect to MySQL and insert tuples into tables by running "part1/insert_table.py"

```
import MySQLdb as mdb

con = mdb.connect(host = "localhost",user = "root",passwd = "",db = "tutorial")

with con:
    cur = con.cursor()
    cur.execute("INSERT INTO faculty VALUES('f01','Meihui Zhang')")
    cur.execute("INSERT INTO course VALUES('c50.008','Database',12)")
    cur.execute("INSERT INTO teach VALUES('t01','c50.008','f01','Fall',2015, 53, 60)")
```



Query

Connect to MySQL and perform a query by running "part1/query_table.py"

```
In [11]: querycourse('c50.008')
('Database', 12L)
In [12]: querycourse('c50.010')
Course does not exist
```



References

How to access MySQL on Python using MySQLdb:

- http://zetcode.com/db/mysqlpython/
- http://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/python_d atabase_access.htm
- http://mysqlpython.sourceforge.net/MySQLdb.html
- http://www.cs.columbia.edu/~hgs/teaching/ap/ examples/scripts python dbapi.pdf



Part II

- 1. Create a project
- 2. Build a plug-in app
- 3. Develop an admin page
- 4. Design the app



Prerequisites

This tutorial is implemented in Ubuntu 14.04

Django:

pip install Django

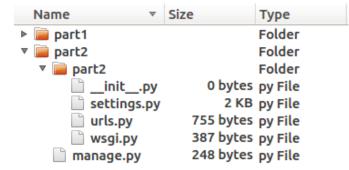
"With Django, you can take Web applications from concept to launch in a matter of hours. Django takes care of much of the hassle of Web development, so you can focus on writing your app without needing to reinvent the wheel. It's free and open source."

Source: https://www.djangoproject.com/start/overview/



Create a project

Create a project name part2 django-admin startproject part2



Change file "part2/setting.py" to connect to MySQL

```
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
        'NAME': 'tutorial',
        'USER': 'root',
        'PASSWORD':'',
    }
}
```



Create a project

Apply changes on MySQL by changing current directory to "part2" (folder containing "manage.py") and running:

python manage.py migrate

```
mysql> show tables;
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial$ ls
part1
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial$ django-admin startproject part2
                                                                                     Tables in tutorial
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial$ ls
                                                                                     course
part1 part2
                                                                                     faculty
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial$ cd part2
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ ls
                                                                                     teach
manage.py part2
                                                                                    3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ python manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
  Synchronize unmigrated apps: staticfiles, messages
                                                                                    mysql> show tables:
  Apply all migrations: admin, contenttypes, auth, sessions
Synchronizing apps without migrations:
                                                                                     Tables_in_tutorial
  Creating tables...
    Running deferred SQL...
                                                                                     auth group
                                                                                      auth_group_permissions
  Installing custom SQL...
Running migrations:
                                                                                      auth_permission
  Rendering model states... DONE
                                                                                     auth user
  Applying contenttypes.0001 initial... OK
                                                                                      auth_user_groups
                                                                                      auth_user_user_permissions
  Applying auth.0001_initial... OK
                                                                                     course
  Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
  Applying contenttypes.0002 remove content type name... OK
                                                                                     django admin log
                                                                                     django content type
  Applying auth.0002_alter_permission_name_max_length... OK
  Applying auth.0003 alter_user_email_max_length... OK
                                                                                     django migrations
  Applying auth.0004 alter user username opts... OK
                                                                                     django_session
  Applying auth.0005_alter_user_last_login_null... OK
                                                                                     faculty
  Applying auth.0006 require contenttypes 0002... OK
                                                                                     teach
  Applying sessions.0001 initial... OK
                                                                                    13 rows in set (0.00 sec)
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
```



Create a project

Run a server

python manage.py runserver 192.168.186.128:8000

```
□ Welcome to Django ×

← → C 🔐 192.168.186.128:8000
🔛 Apps 🖈 Bookmarks 🗀 NLP 🗀 machine learning 🧀 python 🗀 TA 🧀 software eng 🗀 probability theor 🗀 ubuntu 🗀 databasesystem 🧀 java 📗 A
 It worked!
 Congratulations on your first Django-powered page.
 Of course, you haven't actually done any work yet. Next, start your first app by running python manage.py startapp [app_label].
 You're seeing this message because you have DEBUG = True in your Django settings file and you haven't configured any URLs. Get to work!
            🕽 🗇 📵 duytinvo@ubuntu: ~/database/tutorial/part2
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
          duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ python manage.py runserver 192.168.186.128:8000
          Performing system checks...
          System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
          October 17, 2015 - 05:31:01
          Django version 1.8.4, using settings 'part2.settings'
          Starting development server at http://192.168.186.128:8000/
          Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
          [17/Oct/2015 05:31:15] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 1767
            17/Oct/2015 05:31:15] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 1941
```

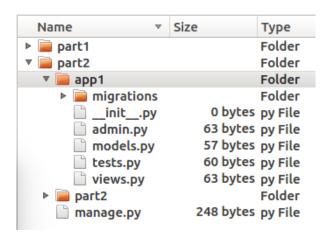


Build a plug-in app

- Type "Ctrl+C" to exit running server
- Create an app named "app1"
 python manage.py startapp app1

```
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ python manage.py runserver 192.168.186.128:8000
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
October 17, 2015 - 05:31:01
Django version 1.8.4, using settings 'part2.settings'
Starting development server at http://192.168.186.128:8000/
Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
[17/Oct/2015 05:31:15] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 1767
[17/Oct/2015 05:31:15] "GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1" 404 1941
^Cduytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
```





Build a plug-in app

- Create three tables in the example above in app1/models.py
- Plug app1 into the project by modifying 'part2/setting.py'

```
33 INSTALLED_APPS = (
34    'django.contrib.admin',
35    'django.contrib.auth',
36    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
37    'django.contrib.sessions',
38    'django.contrib.messages',
39    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
40    'app1',
41)
```

```
🥏 models.pv* 💥
                      🤌 settings.py 💥
 1 from django.db import models
 3 # Create your models here.
 5 class faculty(models.Model):
       fid = models.CharField(max_length=9, primary_key=True)
       fname = models.CharField(max length=60)
      def __unicode__(self):
          return u'%s' % (self.fname)
11 class course(models.Model):
      cid = models.CharField(max_length=9, primary_key=True)
13
      cname = models.CharField(max length=60)
14
       credits = models.IntegerField()
      def __unicode__(self):
15
          return u'%s' % (self.cname)
18 class teach(models.Model):
      tid = models.CharField(max_length=9, primary_key=True)
      cid = models.ForeignKey(course, db_column='cid')
20
21
       fid = models.ForeignKey(faculty, db column='fid')
      semester = models.CharField(max_length=6)
      year = models.IntegerField()
       enrollment = models.IntegerField()
25
      capacity = models.IntegerField()
      def __unicode__(self):
26
27
          return u'%s, %s' % (self.tid, self.enrollment)
28
```



Build a plug-in app

- Compile the app python manage.py makemigrations app1
- Apply changes on MySQL python manage.py migrate

```
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ python manage.py makemigrations app1
Migrations for 'app1':
  0001 initial.py:
    - Create model course
    - Create model faculty

    Create model teach

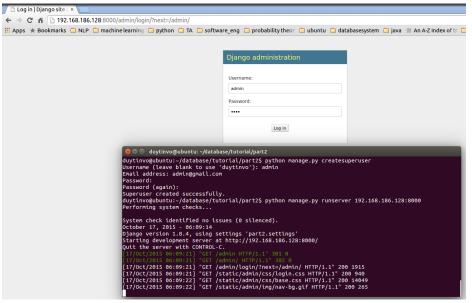
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$ python manage.py migrate
Operations to perform:
  Synchronize unmigrated apps: staticfiles, messages
  Apply all migrations: admin, contenttypes, auth, app1, sessions
Synchronizing apps without migrations:
  Creating tables...
    Running deferred SOL...
 Installing custom SQL...
Running migrations:
 Rendering model states... DONE
  Applying app1.0001 initial... OK
duytinvo@ubuntu:~/database/tutorial/part2$
```

```
mysql> show tables;
 Tables_in_tutorial
 app1_course
 app1 faculty
 app1 teach
 auth group
 auth group permissions
 auth permission
 auth user
 auth_user_groups
 auth user user permissions
 course
 django admin log
 django_content_type
django_migrations
django_session
 faculty
 teach
16 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```



Develop an admin page

- Create an admin account python manage.py createsuperuser
- Start the server python manage.py runserver 192.168.186.128:8000



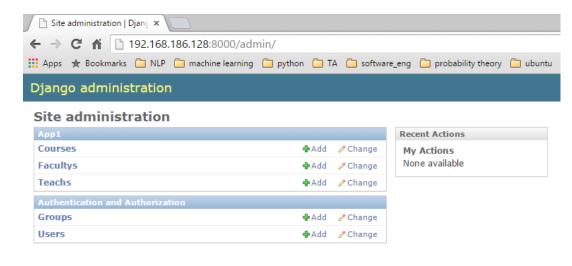




Develop an admin page

- Add three created tables into admin page by modifying file "app1/admin.py"
- Reload WebBrowser to see changes

```
🥏 admin.py 💥
 1 from django.contrib import admin
 3 # Register your models here.
 4 from .models import faculty, teach, course
 6 class teachinline(admin.StackedInline):
      model = teach
      extra=1
 9
10 class facultyadmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
      inlines=[teachinline]
11
      list_display = ('fid', 'fname')
12
13
14 class courseadmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
15
      inlines=[teachinline]
      list_display = ('cid', 'cname')
16
18 admin.site.register(faculty,facultyadmin)
19 admin.site.register(teach)
20 admin.site.register(course,courseadmin)
```





Develop an admin page

- Now, we can insert tuples into tables by one of three following methods
 - MySQL (lecture)
 - Python (part1)
 - Admin page
- Choose one of them to insert some tuples





Design the app

Write the first view by opening file "app1/views.py" and inserting following Python codes

To call the view, we need to map it to a URL - and for this we need a URLconf. To create a URLconf in the app1 directory, create a file called "app1/urls.py"



Design the app

- The next step is to point the root URLconf at the app1.urls module by inserting in "part2/urls.py" this module.
- Now, open the webBrowser and enter the address: http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/

```
💤 urls.py 💥
     admin.py 💥 📑 urls.py 💥 📑 views.py 💥
     part2 URL Configuration
 3 The `urlpatterns` list routes URLs to views. For more information please see:
      https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/topics/http/urls/
 5 Examples:
                                                                                        192.168.186.128:8000/app ×
 6 Function views

    Add an import: from my app import views

    Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^$', views.home, name='home')

                                                                                                     192.168.186.128:8000/app1/
      1. Add an import: from other app.views import Home
                                                                                    🔛 Apps 🔺 Bookmarks 🦲 NLP 🦲 machine learning 🦲 python
      Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^$', Home.as_view(), name='home')
12 Including another URLconf
                                                                                   Hello, world. This is tutorial 3!!!
      1. Add an import: from blog import urls as blog urls
      Add a URL to urlpatterns: url(r'^blog/', include(blog_urls))
15 """
16 from django.conf.urls import include, url
17 from diango.contrib import admin
18
19 urlpatterns = [
      url(r'^admin/', include(admin.site.urls)),
      url(r'^app1/', include('app1.urls')),
```

Summary

Steps to build an app

- Create a project
- Create an app
- Compile the app
- Apply changes into DBMS
- Run a server

Steps to develop the app

- Write functions in "app1/views.py"
- Map functions into "app1/urls.py"



References

How to develop an app by Django:

- https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.8/intro/ (part1-part6)
- http://slav0nic.org.ua/static/books/python/Packt .Publishing.Learning.Website.Development.with. Django.Mar.2008.pdf
- http://gsl.mit.edu/media/programs/south-africasummer-2015/materials/djangobook.pdf



NOW, LET DESIGN THE APP THAT ACTUALLY DO SOMETHING!!!



Search a faculty given fid

Write function "searchfaculty" in "app1/views.py"

```
1 from django.shortcuts import render
3 # Create your views here.
 4 from django.http import HttpResponse, Http404
 5 import MySQLdb as mdb
 7 def hello(request):
      return HttpResponse("Hello, world. This is tutorial 3!!!")
10 def searchfaculty(request, fid):
      conn = mdb.connect (host = "localhost", user = "root", passwd = "", db = "tutorial")
12
      with conn:
13
          cursor = conn.cursor ()
14
          cursor.execute ("select fname from app1 faculty where fid = '%s'"%(fid))
15
          if cursor.rowcount==0:
16
              raise Http404("Facuty does not exist")
17
          else:
18
              row=cursor.fetchone()
              html="You're searching Prof. '%s' with id '%s'." % (row[0].fid)
19
20
      return HttpResponse(html)
```

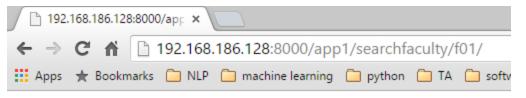
Map the function into "app1/urls.py"



Search a faculty given fid

Perform a query by entering:

http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchfaculty/f01/



You're searching Prof. 'Meihui Zhang' with id 'f01'.

http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchfaculty/f08/

```
Page not found at /app1// ×

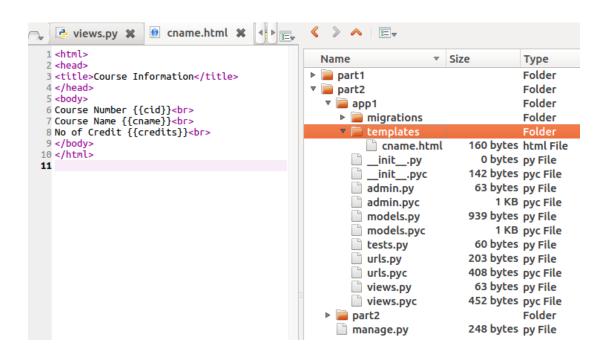
← → C ↑ 192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchfaculty/f08/

### Apps ★ Bookmarks NLP | machine learning | python | TA | software_eng | probability theory | ubuntu | databasesystem | jackground | jackgro
```



Search a course given cid

- Create a folder named "app1/templates"
- Write cname.html file to display the content of searched page





Search a course given cid

Write function "searchcourse" in "app1/views.py", which loads "cname.html"

```
22 def searchcourse(request, cid):
      conn = mdb.connect (host = "localhost".user = "root".passwd = "".db = "tutorial")
24
      with conn:
          cursor = conn.cursor ()
          cursor.execute ("select cname.credits from app1 course where cid = '%s'"%(cid))
          if cursor.rowcount==0:
              raise Http404("Course does not exist")
29
              row=cursor.fetchone()
              context={'cid':cid,'cname':row[0],'credits':row[1]}
31
      return render(request.'cname.html'.context)
32
33
34
```

Map functions into "app1/urls.py"

```
from django.conf.urls import url
from . import views

urlpatterns = [
    url(r'^$', views.hello, name='hello'),
    url(r'^searchfaculty/(.{3,9})/$',views.searchfaculty,name='searchfaculty'),
    url(r'^searchcourse/(.{3,9})/$',views.searchcourse,name='searchcourse'),

16
]
```

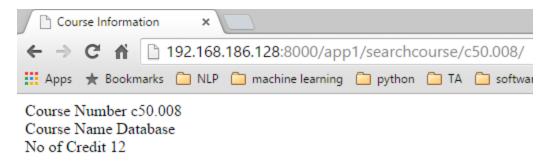


Search a course given cid

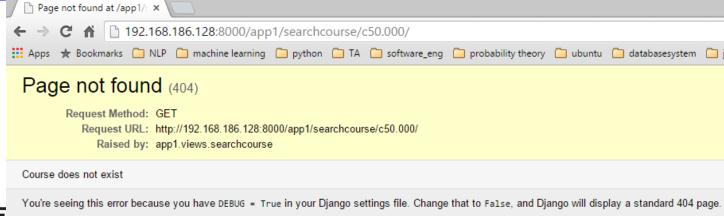
Perform a query by entering:

http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchcourse/c50.0

08/



http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchcourse/c50.0





Search open terms given cid

Create an interface by writing "search form.html"

```
1 <html>
2 <head>
3 <title>Search Open Sections</title>
4 </head>
5 <body>
6 {% if error %}
7 Please submit a course number.
8 {% endif %}
9 <form action="" method="get">
10 <input type="text" name="cnum">
11 <input type="submit" value="Search">
12 </form>
13 </body>
14 </html>
15
```

Write "search_result.html" to return the result

```
💂 .py 🗶 👺 views.py 🗶 📵 search_form.html 🗶 📵 search_result.html 🗶 🔻 🛌 🤇 🔊 🙉 📧
1 <html>
                                                                                 Name
2 <head>
3 <title>Open Sections</title>
                                                                                part1
4 </head>
                                                                                5 <body>

▼ 

■ app1

6 You searched for the course: <strong>{{ query }}</strong>
                                                                                     migrations
7 {% if sections %}
8 Found {{ sections|length }} course{{ sections|pluralize }}.

▼ iii templates

9 
                                                                                         cname.html
10 {% for section in sections %}
                                                                                         search_form.html
11 Teach id: {{ section.tid}}; Course name: {{ section.cid}};
                                                                                         📄 search result.html
     Faculty: {{ section.fid}}; Term: {{ section.semester}}{{ section.year}};
     No of Students: {{ section.enrollment}}; Capacity: {{ section.capacity}}
                                                                                         __init__.py
14 {% endfor %}
                                                                                         __init__.pyc
15 
                                                                                      admin.py
16 {% else %}
                                                                                         admin.pyc
17 No open sections found.
18 {% endif %}
                                                                                         models.py
19 </body>
                                                                                         models.pyc
20 </html>
                                                                                         tests.py
                                                                                         urls.py
                                                                                         urls.pyc
                                                                                        views.py
                                                                                       views.pyc
                                                                                  ▶ mart2
                                                                                    manage.py
```



Search open terms given cid

Write function "searchteach" in "app1/views.py", which calls either "search_form.html" or "search_result.html"

```
36 def searchteach(request):
37    error = False
38    cid=None
39    if 'cnum' in request.GET:
40         cid = request.GET['cnum']
41    if not cid:
42         error = True
43    else:
44         sections = teach.objects.filter(cid_exact=cid).filter(enrollment_lt=F('capacity'))
45         return render_to_response('search_result.html', {'sections': sections, 'query': cid})
46    return render_to_response('search_form.html', {'error': error})
```

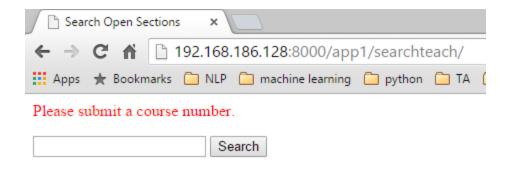
Map functions into "app1/urls.py"



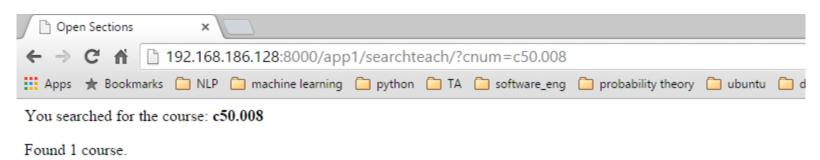
Search open terms given cid

Perform searching:

http://192.168.186.128:8000/app1/searchteach/



Enter "c50.008" into the web interface



Teach id: t01; Course name: Database; Faculty: Meihui Zhang; Term: Fall2015; No of Students: 53; Capacity: 60



References

How to write an HTML file:

- http://csis.pace.edu/~wolf/HTML/htmlnotepad.h tm
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/Learn/HTML/Write a simple page in HTML



References

Build an app by other programming languages

- http://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/program ming/#Cpp
- Tutorial 3 of last semester (build an app using Java)

