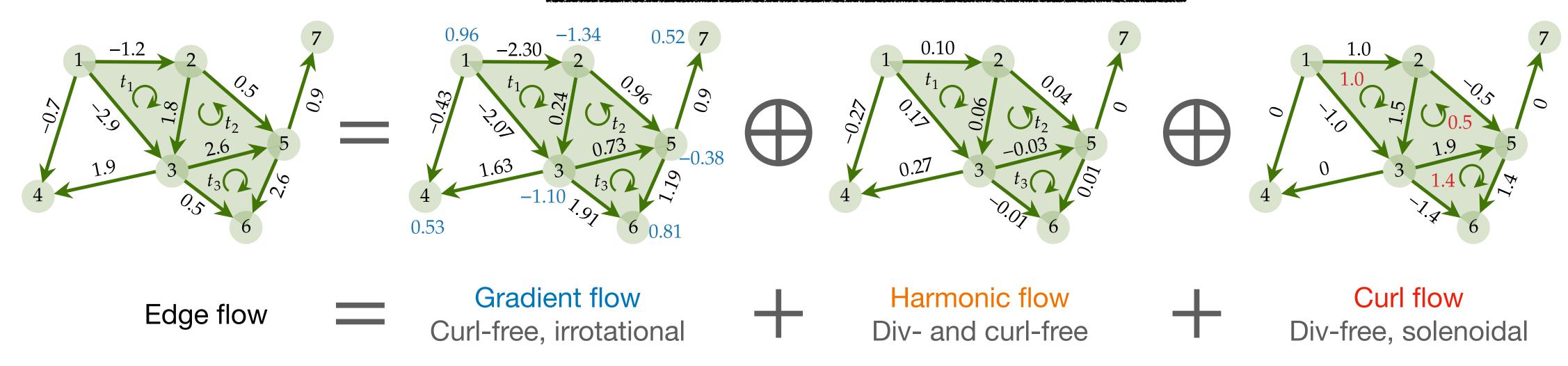
## Hodge decomposition

Lovász et al. 2004; Lim et al. 2020

$$\mathbb{R}^{N_1} = \operatorname{im}(\mathbf{B}_1^{\mathsf{T}}) \oplus \ker(\mathbf{L}_1) \oplus \operatorname{im}(\mathbf{B}_2)$$
$$\mathbf{f}_1 = \mathbf{f}_G + \mathbf{f}_H + \mathbf{f}_C$$

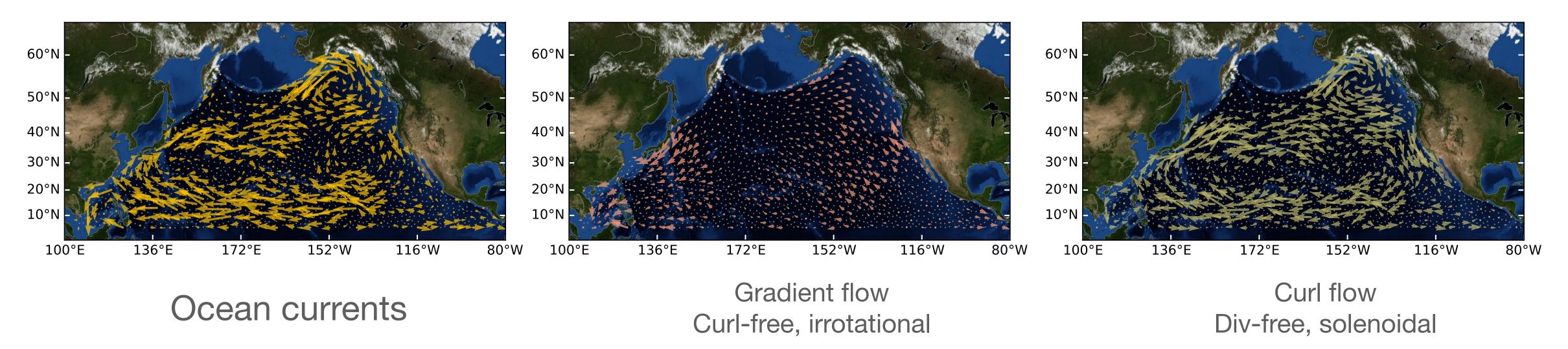




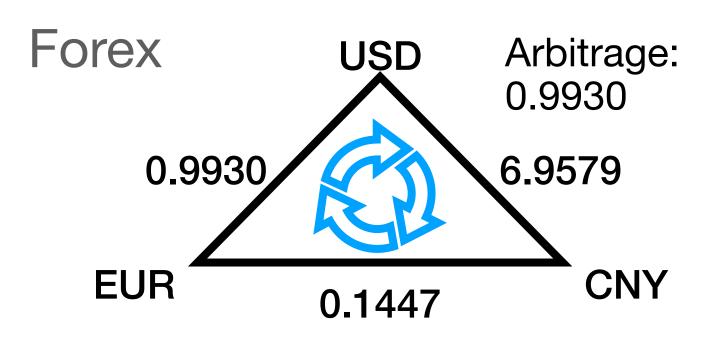
Hodge-compositional Edge GP

$$\mathbf{f}_{G} \sim \mathrm{GP}(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{K}_{G})$$
 $\mathbf{f}_{H} \sim \mathrm{GP}(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{K}_{H})$ 
 $\mathbf{f}_{C} \sim \mathrm{GP}(\mathbf{0}, \mathbf{K}_{C})$ 

## Applications of Hodge decomposition



Chen, Yu-Chia et al. (2021) "Helmholtzian Eigenmap."



- Water flows (div-free)
- Electrical currents (KCL), voltages (KVL)
- Brain networks (Anand et al. 2022)
- Game theory (Candogan et al. 2011)
- Ranking problems (Jiang et al. 2011)
- Random walks (Strang et al. 2020)

- . . .

$$r^{a/b}r^{b/c} = r^{a/c}$$
 Arbitrage-free

$$f_{[a,b]} + f_{[b,c]} - f_{[a,c]} = 0$$
 Curl-free