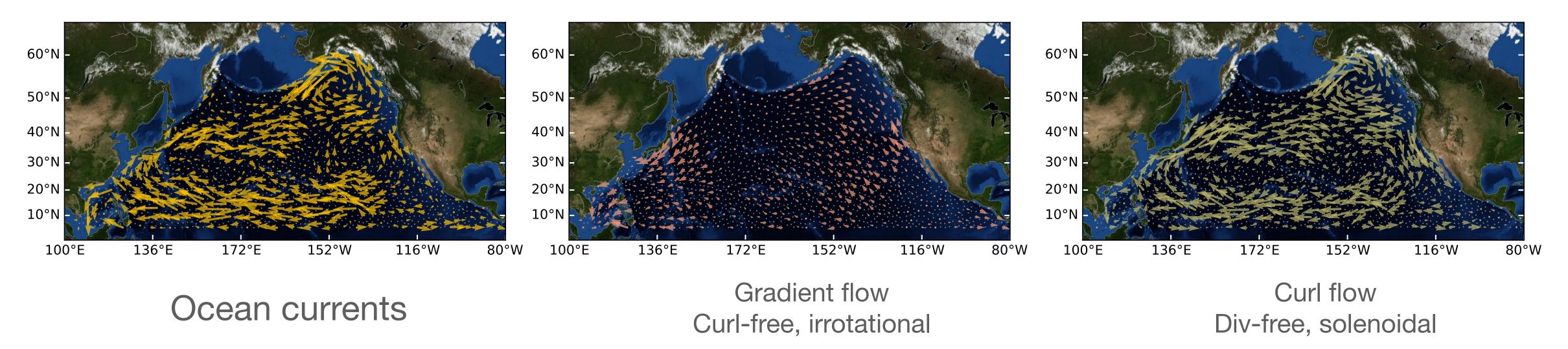
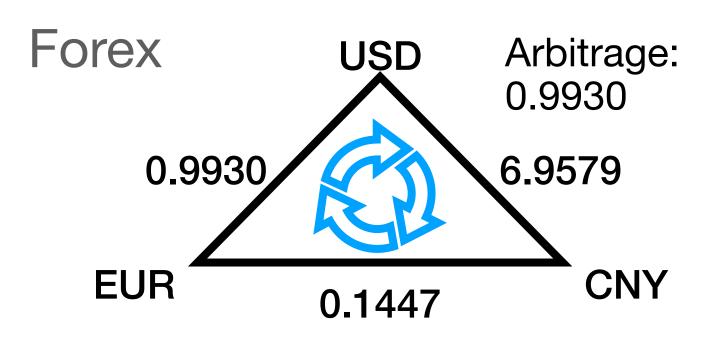
Applications of Hodge decomposition



Chen, Yu-Chia et al. (2021) "Helmholtzian Eigenmap."



- Water flows (div-free)
- Electrical currents (KCL), voltages (KVL)
- Brain networks (Anand et al. 2022)
- Game theory (Candogan et al. 2011)
- Ranking problems (Jiang et al. 2011)
- Random walks (Strang et al. 2020)

- . . .

$$r^{a/b}r^{b/c} = r^{a/c}$$
 Arbitrage-free

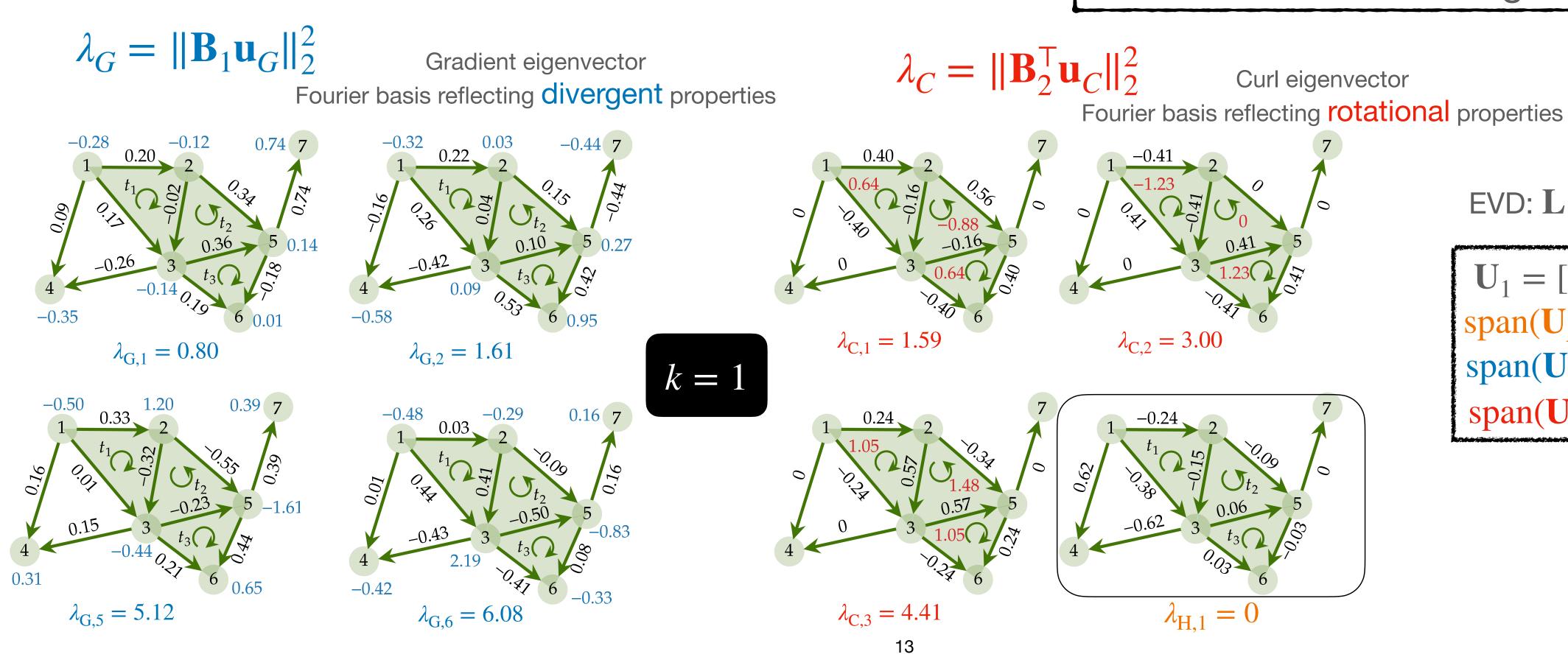
$$f_{[a,b]} + f_{[b,c]} - f_{[a,c]} = 0$$
 Curl-free

Eigenspace of \mathbf{L}_1 spans Hodge subspaces

- Nonzero Eigenspace of down Laplacian spans the gradient space
- Nonzero Eigenspace of up Laplacian spans the curl space
- Zero Eigenspace of Laplacian spans the harmonic space

Simplicial Fourier transform

Frequency — eigenvalues Fourier basis — eigenvectors



$$\mathsf{EVD} \mathbf{:} \ \mathbf{L}_1 = \mathbf{U}_1 \mathbf{\Lambda}_1 \mathbf{U}_1^\mathsf{T}$$

$$\mathbf{U}_{1} = [\mathbf{U}_{H} \ \mathbf{U}_{G} \ \mathbf{U}_{C}]$$

$$\operatorname{span}(\mathbf{U}_{H}) = \ker(\mathbf{L}_{1})$$

$$\operatorname{span}(\mathbf{U}_{G}) = \operatorname{im}(\mathbf{B}_{1}^{\mathsf{T}})$$

$$\operatorname{span}(\mathbf{U}_{C}) = \operatorname{im}(\mathbf{B}_{2})$$