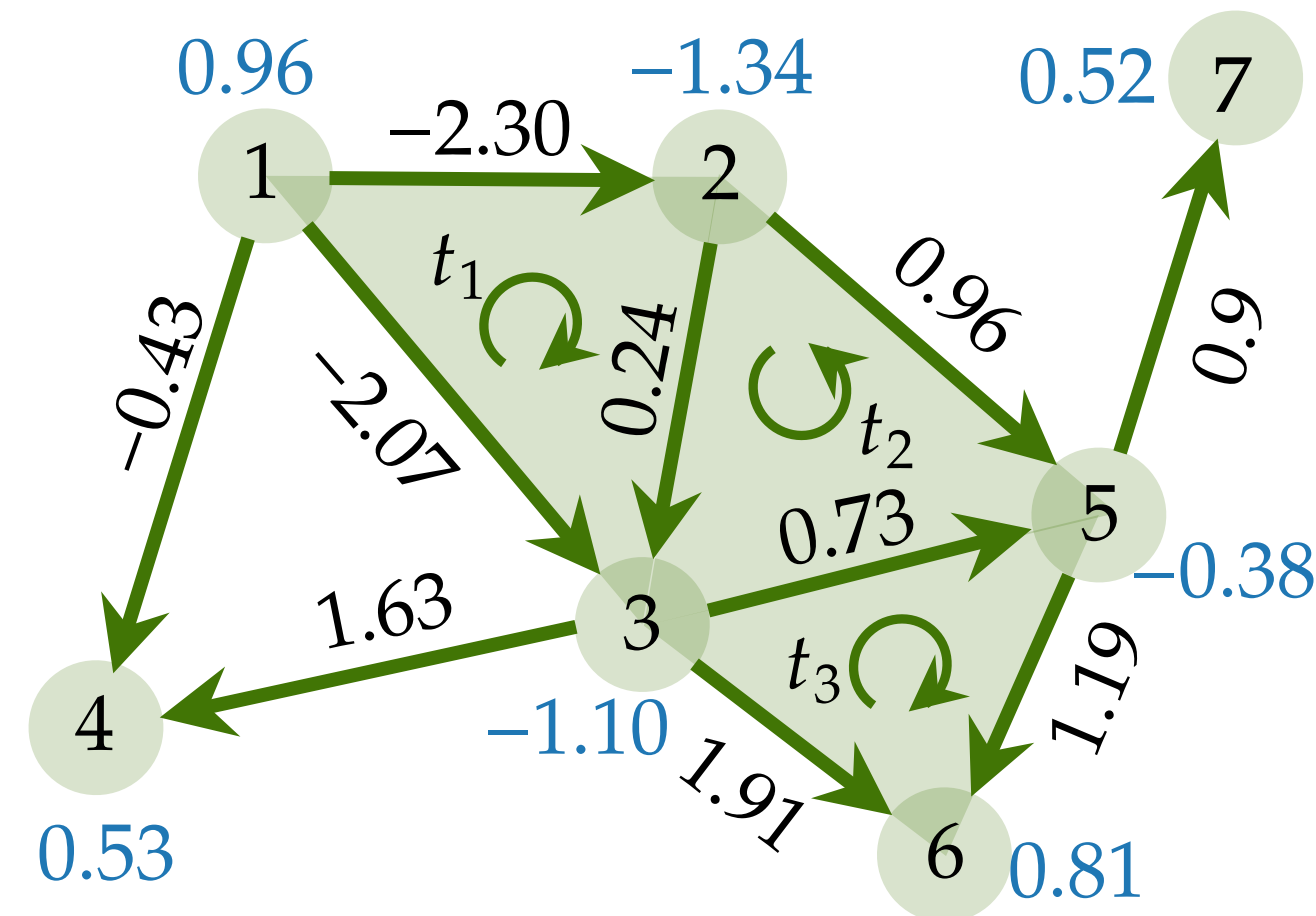


# Incidence & Laplacians

## 1st and 2nd order Discrete Derivatives

- Node signal  $\mathbf{v}$
- Edge flow  $\mathbf{f}$



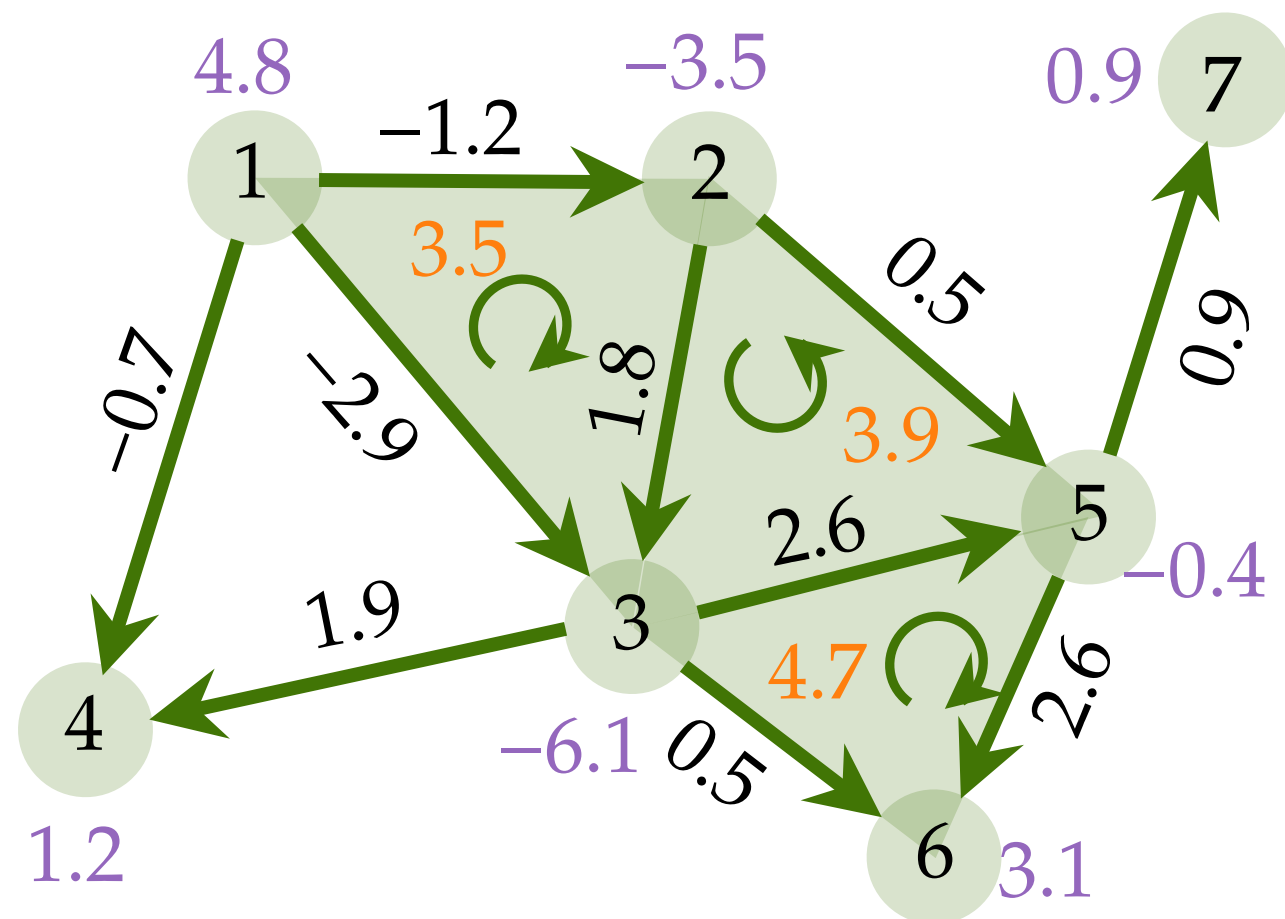
Gradient of node signal:  $[\mathbf{f}_G]_{[i,j]} = [\mathbf{B}_1^\top \mathbf{v}]_{[i,j]} = [\mathbf{v}]_j - [\mathbf{v}]_i$

$$[\mathbf{B}_1 \mathbf{f}]_{[i]} = \sum_{j < i} \mathbf{f}_{[j,i]} - \sum_{i < k} \mathbf{f}_{[i,k]}$$

$$[\mathbf{B}_1^\top \mathbf{v}]_{[1,2]} = -1.34 - 0.96 = -2.30$$

# Incidence & Laplacians

## 1st and 2nd order Discrete Derivatives



$$[\mathbf{f}_G]_{[i,j]} = [\mathbf{v}]_j - [\mathbf{v}]_i$$

Divergence of edge flows:  $[\mathbf{B}_1 \mathbf{f}]_i = \sum_{j < i} \mathbf{f}_{[j,i]} - \sum_{i < k} \mathbf{f}_{[i,k]}$

Net-flow = in\_flow - out\_flow

Net-circulation in triangles

$$[\mathbf{B}_1 \mathbf{f}]_5 = 0.5 + 2.6 - (0.9 + 2.6) = -0.4$$

Laplacians = Grad Div + Curl\* Curl

$$[\mathbf{B}_2^T \mathbf{f}]_{[1,2,3]} = -1.2 + 1.8 - (-2.9) = 3.5$$