# Fall Semester 2018

# **Aid Management Application (AMA)**

Version 3.4

When disaster hits a populated area, the most critical task is to provide immediately affected people with what they need as quickly and as efficiently as possible.

This project creates an application that manages the list of goods that need to be shipped to ae disaster area. The application tracks the quantity of items needed, tracks the quantity on hand, and stores the information in a file for future use.

There are two categories for the types of goods that need to be shipped:

* Non-Perishable goods, such as blankets and tents, which have no expiry date. We refer to goods in this category as Good objects.
* Perishable goods, such as food and medicine, that have an expiry date. We refer to goods in this category as Perishable objects.

To complete this project you will need to create several classes that encapsulate your solution.

**OVERVIEW OF THE Classes to be developed**

The classes used by the application are:

**Date**A class that holds the expiry date of the perishable items.

**Error**A class that tracks the error state of its client. Errors may occur during data entry and user interaction.

**Good**A class that manages a non-perishable good object.

**Perishable**A class that manages a perishable good object. This class inherits the structure of the “Good” class and manages a date.

**iGood**An interface to the Good hierarchy. This interface exposes the features of the hierarchy available to the application. Any “iGood” class can

* read itself from the console or write itself to the console
* save itself to a text file or load itself from a text file
* compare itself to a unique C-style string identifier
* determine if it is greater than another good in the collating sequence
* report the total cost of the items on hand
* describe itself
* update the quantity of the items on hand
* report its quantity of the items on hand
* report the quantity of items needed
* accept a number of items

Using this class, the client application can

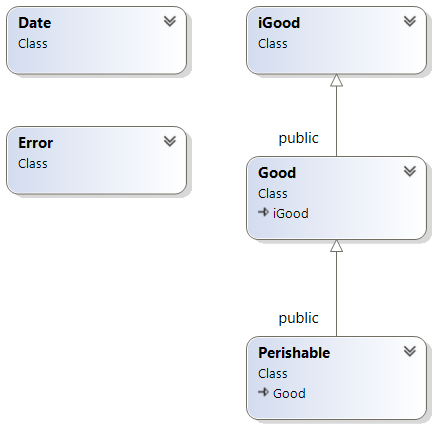
* save its set of iGoods to a file and retrieve that set at a later time
* read individual item specifications from the keyboard and display them on the screen
* update information regarding the number of each good on hand

**The client application**

The client application manages the iGoods and provides the user with options to

* list the Goods
* display details of a Good
* add a Good
* add items of a Good
* update the items of a Good
* delete a Good
* sort the set of Goods

**PROJECT Class Diagram**

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**PROJECT Development Process**

The Development process of the project consists of 5 milestones and therefore 5 deliverables. Shortly before the due date of each deliverable a tester program and a script will be provided for testing and submitting the deliverable. The approximate schedule for deliverables is as follows

* Due Dates (at 11:59pm on each day)
* The Date module Due: November 2nd, 11 days
* The Error module Due: November 9th, 7 days
* The Good module Due: November 21st, 12 days
* The iGood interface Due: November 23rd, 2 days
* The Perishable module Due: November 28th, 3 days

**Submission INSTRUCTIONS**

In order to earn credit for the whole project, you must complete all milestones and assemble them for the final submission.

Note that by the end of the semester you **MUST have submitted a fully functional project to pass this subject**. If you fail to do so, you will fail the subject. If you do not complete the final milestone by the end of the semester and your total average, without your project’s mark, is above 50%, your professor *may* record an “INC” (incomplete mark) for the subject. With the release of your transcript you will receive a new due date for completion of your project. The maximum project mark that you will receive for completing the project after the original due date will be “49%” of the project mark allocated on the subject outline.

**File Structure of the project**

Each class belongs to its own module. Each module has its own header (.h) file and its own implementation (.cpp) file. The name of each file without the extension is the name of its class.

Example: The **Date** module is defined in two files: **Date.h** and **Date.cpp**

All the code developed for this application belongs to the **aid** namespace.

**Milestone 4: the iGOOD Interface**

The **iGood** class is an interface that exposes the **Good** hierarchy to client applications. This class is abstract and cannot be instantiated. You will add and develop concrete classes of the hierarchy in the following milestone.

You do not need the **Date**, **Error** or **Good** classes for this milestone.

Save your definition of the **iGood** interface in a header file named **iGood.h**.

The definition of your **iGood** interface includes the following pure virtual member functions:

* **std::fstream& store(std::fstream& file, bool newLine=true) const**

This query will receive a reference to an **std::fstream** object and an optional bool and return a reference to the **std::fstream** object. The bool argument will specify whether or not a newline should be inserted after each **iGood** record. Implementations of this function will insert the **Good** records into the **std::fstream** object.

* **std::fstream& load(std::fstream& file)**

This modifier will receive a reference to an **std::fstream** object and return a reference to that **std::fstream** object. Implementations of this function will extract **iGood** records from the **std::fstream** object.

* **std::ostream& write(std::ostream& os, bool linear) const**

This query will receive a reference to an **std::ostream** object and a **bool** and return a reference to the **std::ostream** object. The **bool** argument will specify whether or not the records should be listed on a single line or on separate lines. Implementations of this function will insert the **iGood** record for the current object into the **std::ostream** object.

* **std::istream& read(std::istream& is)**

This modifier will receive a reference to an **std::istream** object and returns a reference to the **std::istream** object. Implementations of this function will extract the **iGood** record for the current object from the **std::istream** object.

* **bool operator==(const char\*) const**

This query will receive the address of an unmodifiable C-style null-terminated string and return true if the string is identical to the stock keeping unit of an **iGood** record; false otherwise.

* **double total\_cost() const**

This query will return the cost of a single unit of an **iGood** with taxes included.

* **const char\* name() const**

This query will return the address of a C-style null-terminated string containing the name of an **iGood**.

* **void quantity(int)**

This modifier will receive an integer holding the number of units of an **iGood** that are currently available. This function will set the number of units available.

* **int qtyNeeded() const**

This query will return the number of units of an **iGood** that are needed.

* **int quantity() const**

This query will return the number of units of an **iGood** that are currently available.

* **int operator+=(int)**

This modifier will receive an integer identifying the number of units to be added to the **iGood** and return the updated number of units currently available.

* **bool operator>(const iGood&) const**

This query will receive an unmodifiable reference to an **iGood** object and return true if the current object is greater than the referenced **iGood** object; false otherwise.

The following helper functions support your interface:

* **std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream&, const iGood&)**

This helper function will receive a reference to an **std::ostream** object and an unmodifiable reference to an **iGood** object and return a reference to the **std::ostream** object. Implementations of this function will insert the **iGood** record for the referenced object into the **ostream** object.

* **std::istream& operator>>(std::istream&, iGood&)**

This helper function will receive a reference to an **std::istream** object and a reference to an **iGood** object and return a reference to the **std::istream** object. Implementations of this function will extract the **iGood** record for the referenced object from the **std::istream** object.

* **double operator+=(double&, const iGood&)**

This helper function will receive a reference to a **double** and an unmodifiable reference to an **iGood** object and return a **double**. Implementations of this function will add the total cost of the **iGood** object to the **double** received and return the updated value of the **double**.

* **iGood\* CreateGood()**

This helper function will return the address of a **Good** object.

* **iGood\* CreatePerishable()**

This helper function will return the address of a **Perishable** object.

Once you have defined this interface, compile the tester files provided on Visual Studio. These files should compile without error. The executable code should use your interface to append data fields to and read data fields from the **ms4.txt** file.

**Milestone 4 SUBMISSION**

Upload **iGood.h** and the tester files to your matrix account. Compile and rerun your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following command from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professor’s Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 244\_ms4 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this milestone.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.