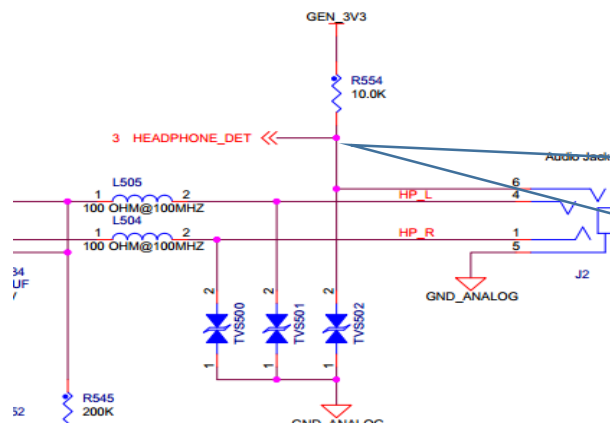


IMX6-sabresd 开发板修改成自己产品问题汇总

IMX6_CPU 识别音频信号开关问题.....	2
SD 卡槽插入 wifi 模块问题.....	3
音频芯片 wm8962 启动问题.....	3
EMMC 从 Sandisk 换成 SKhynix 厂家的问题.....	4

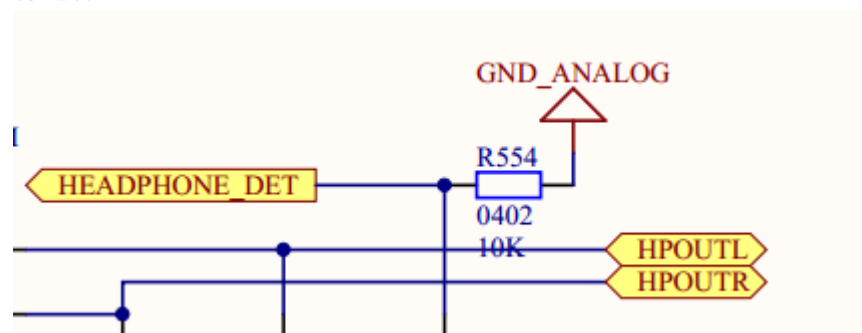
IMX6_CPI 识别音频信号开关问题:

修改原理图里面的 mic 和 headphone 口

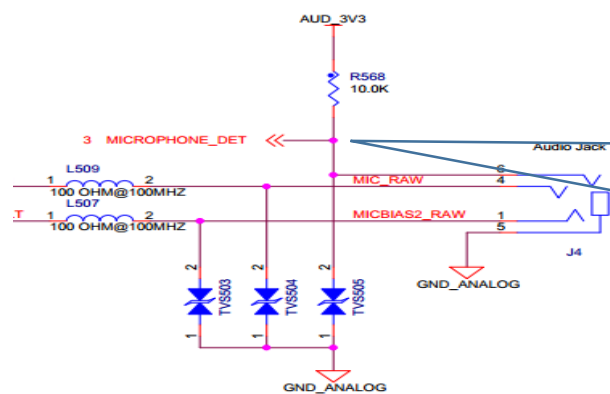


如果你要外接喇叭的话，这个 headphone 要接地，否则 aplay 是没有声音输出的，除非你插入耳机。那你赢了，插入耳机可以 aplay 播放，不插入耳机外接喇叭就需要 headphone 接地

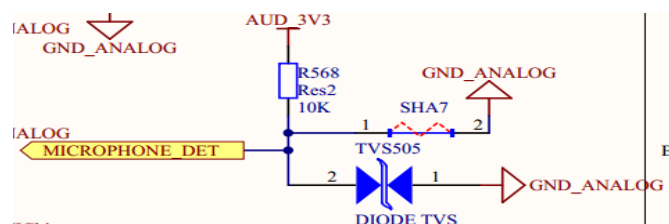
像这样



这样就可以正常播放音乐了
录音的时候要修改 mic



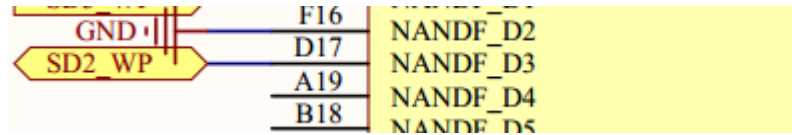
和上面 headphone 一样，外接麦克风录音是，MICROPHONE 要接地，否则 arceod 录音时没有声音进来的，除非你插入耳机麦克风。



这样就可以了

SD 卡槽插入 wifi 模块问题:

如果是插 SD 卡那倒是没什么问题，因为是热插拔，如果是热插拔 wifi 模块的话。也没有问题。但是我不想每次开机都去热插拔 wifi 模块，所以我要修改下电路，让开机就能识别 wifi 模块的 SDIO 总线。



就像原理图这样 SD2_CD_B 也就是 NANDF_D2 要接地。如果你将该引脚接到了 SD 卡槽上，那么你又得开机手动去热插拔了。所以直接接地就可以让卡机识别 SDIO wifi 总线了。

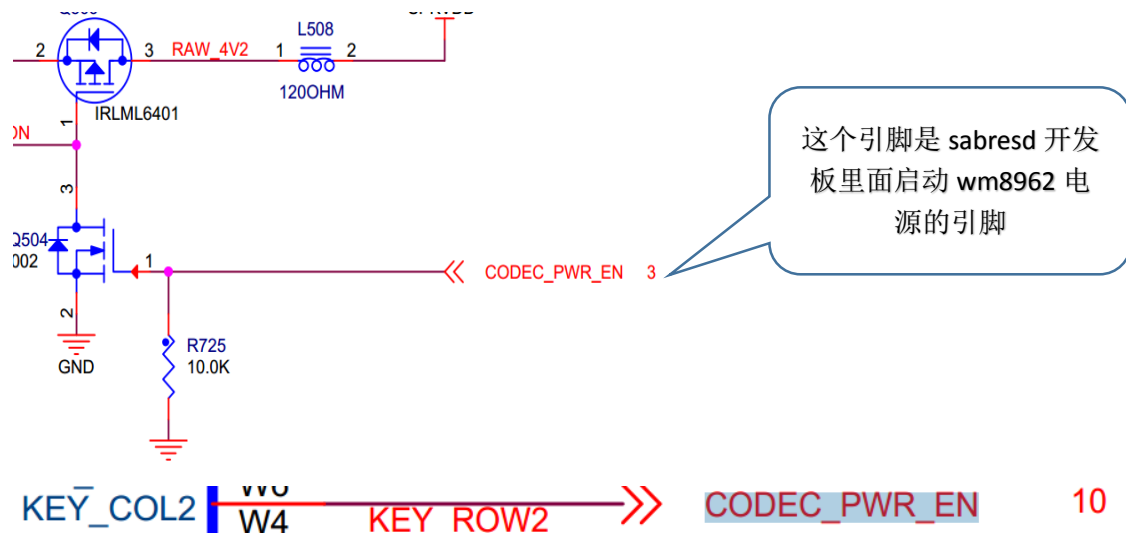
GPIO 问题



我不知道官方为什么要让 GPIO_16 引脚悬空，但是要注意的是这个引脚我设计三色 led 的时候有 bug，他和 DIO_PIN4 是相反槽在的，也就是你操作 GPIO_16 其实是操作 DIO_PIN4 你槽在 DIO_PIN4 其实是操作 GPIO_16。

```
33 #define RGB_led_RED IMX_GPIO_NR(7, 11) //LED_RED //GPIO_16和DIO_PIN4是反过来的，看官方原理图GPIO_16悬空看来是有道理的，我日IMX6引脚B
34 #define RGB_led_GREEN IMX_GPIO_NR(4, 20) //LED_GREEN //bug
```

音频芯片 wm8962 启动问题:



如果你不加这些 MOS 管可以不用这个引脚去启动电源，直接将 wm8962VDD 链接电源

EMMC 从 Sandisk 换成 SKhynix 厂家的问题

Cpu :IMX6

EMMC : SDIN8DE2-16 (厂家 SanDisk)

```
kjournald starting. Commit interval 5 seconds
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): using internal journal
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): recovery complete
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode
VFS: Mounted root (ext3 filesystem) on device 179:10.
devtmpfs: mounted
Freeing unused kernel memory: 324K (80d0c000 - 80d5d000)
INIT: version 2.88 booting
Starting udev
udevd[176]: starting version 182
random: nonblocking pool is initialized
FAT-fs (mmcblk2p1): Volume was not properly unmounted. Some data may be corrupted. Please run fsck.
bootlogd: cannot allocate pseudo tty: No such file or directory
ALSA: Restoring mixer settings...
```

这是内核正常初始化 EMMC 的 log

现在我换一个现代的 SKhynix EMMC

CPU : IMX6

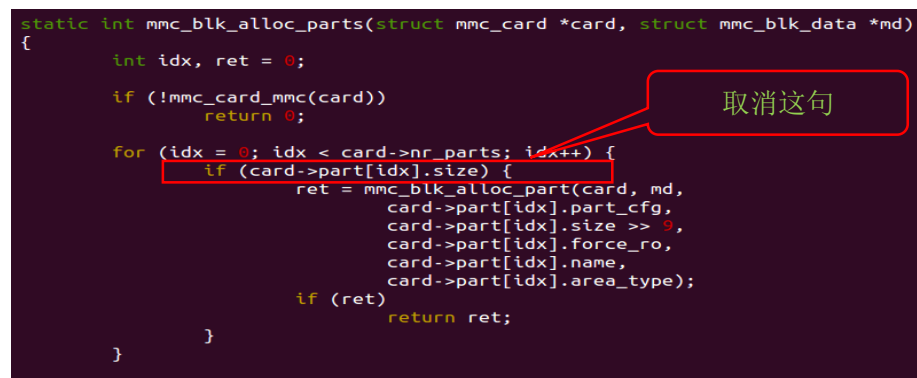
EMMC : H26M31001HPR (厂家 SKhynix)

```
-----
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): using internal journal
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): recovery complete
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode
VFS: Mounted root (ext3 filesystem) on device 179:2.
devtmpfs: mounted
Freeing unused kernel memory: 320K (80cec000 - 80d3c000)
INIT: version 2.88 booting
Starting udev
udevd[183]: starting version 182
random: nonblocking pool is initialized
mmcblk3rpb: error -110 transferring data, sector 8064, nr 8, cmd response 0x900, card status 0xb00
mmcblk3rpb: retrying using single block read
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
mmcblk3rpb: timed out sending r/w cmd command, card status 0x400900
end_request: I/O error, dev mmcblk3rpb, sector 8064
Buffer I/O error on device mmcblk3rpb, logical block 1008
```

出现 EMMC 分区初始化问题

问题是在于最新的 EMMC 是由一个 OEM 密钥的安全区域，比如 SDIN8DE2-16 可以在 RPMB 区域进行初始化，但是现代这个款 H26M31001HPR 可能不能在 RPMB 区域上初始化分区，所以要跳过 rpmb 在 EMMC 后面地址进行分区。

经过分析，修改 fsl-linux/drivers/mmc/card/block.c 文件



```
static int mmc_blk_alloc_parts(struct mmc_card *card, struct mmc_blk_data *md)
{
    int idx, ret = 0;

    if (!mmc_card_mmc(card))
        return 0;

    for (idx = 0; idx < card->nr_parts; idx++) {
        if (card->part[idx].size) {
            ret = mmc_blk_alloc_part(card, md,
                                     card->part[idx].part_cfg,
                                     card->part[idx].size >> 9,
                                     card->part[idx].force_ro,
                                     card->part[idx].name,
                                     card->part[idx].area_type);
            if (ret)
                return ret;
        }
    }
}
```

```

2209 static int mmc_blk_alloc_parts(struct mmc_card *card, struct mmc_blk_data *md)
2210 {
2211     int idx, ret = 0;
2212
2213     if (!mmc_card_mmc(card))
2214         return 0;
2215
2216     for (idx = 0; idx < card->nr_parts; idx++) {
2217         //if (card->part[idx].size) { //----
2218         if (card->part[idx].size && !(card->part[idx].area_type & MMC_BLK_DATA_AREA_RPMB)){ //+++
2219             ret = mmc_blk_alloc_part(card, md,
2220                                     card->part[idx].part_cfg,
2221                                     card->part[idx].size >> 9,
2222                                     card->part[idx].force_ro,
2223                                     card->part[idx].name,
2224                                     card->part[idx].area_type);
2225             if (ret)
2226                 return ret;
2227         }
2228     }

```

增加这句

增加 if (card->part[idx].size && !(card->part[idx].area_type & MMC_BLK_DATA_AREA_RPMB))
问题得到解决

IMX6+ EMMC(H26M31001HPR) 启动后

```

EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): using internal journal
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): recovery complete
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode
VFS: Mounted root (ext3 filesystem) on device 179:10.
devtmpfs: mounted
Freeing unused kernel memory: 324K (80d0c000 - 80d5d000)
INIT: version 2.88 booting
Starting udev
udevd[175]: starting version 182
random: nonblocking pool is initialized
FAT-fs (mmcblk2p1): Volume was not properly unmounted. Some data may be corrupt. Please ru
n fsck.
FAT-fs (mmcblk3p1): Volume was not properly unmounted. Some data may be corrupt. Please ru
n fsck.

```

我们在和 SanDisk 的 EMMC 对比下输出

```

kjournald starting. Commit interval 5 seconds
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): using internal journal
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): recovery complete
EXT3-fs (mmcblk3p2): mounted filesystem with ordered data mode
VFS: Mounted root (ext3 filesystem) on device 179:10.
devtmpfs: mounted
Freeing unused kernel memory: 324K (80d0c000 - 80d5d000)
INIT: version 2.88 booting
Starting udev
udevd[176]: starting version 182
random: nonblocking pool is initialized
FAT-fs (mmcblk2p1): Volume was not properly unmounted. Some data may be corrup
n fsck.
bootlogd: cannot allocate pseudo tty: No such file or directory
ALSA: Restoring mixer settings...

```