Matlab 科学计算 语言及应用

21221 学期 第 1 次 实验报告

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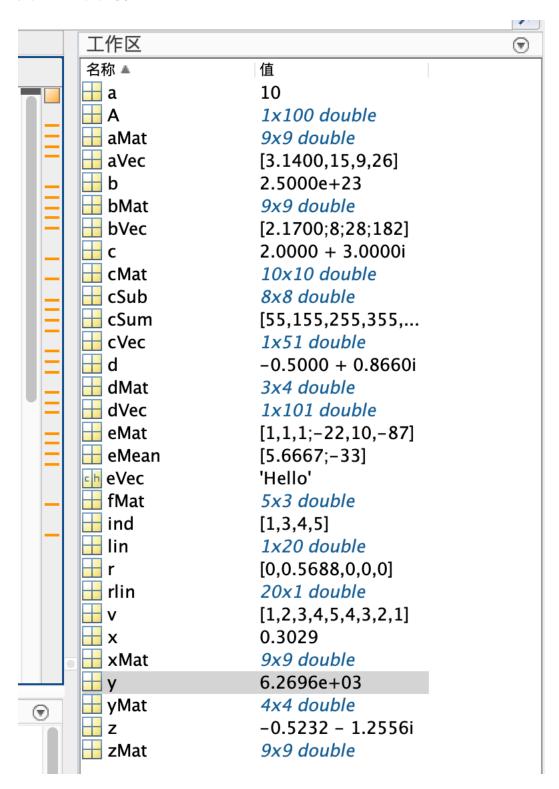
题目: 1、2、3、4、5、6

代码:

```
clear; clc;
a = 10
b = 2.5*10^2
c = 2 + 3i
d = \exp((2*pi/3)*1i)
aVec = [3.14 15 9 26]
bVec = [2.17; 8; 28; 182]
cVec = 5: -0.2: -5
dVec = logspace(0,1,101)
eVec = 'Hello'
aMat = 2*ones(9,9)
v = [1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 4 \ 3 \ 2 \ 1];
bMat = diag(v)
A = 1:100;
cMat = reshape(A, [10, 10])
dMat = nan(3,4)
eMat = [13 -1 5; -22 10 -87]
fMat = randi([-3,3],5,3)
x = 1/(1 + exp(-((a-15)/6)))
y = (a^{(1/2)} + b^{(1/21)})^{pi}
z = log(real((c+d)*(c-d))*sin(a*pi/3))/c*c'
xMat = (aVec*bVec)*(aMat)^2
yMat = (bVec*aVec)
zMat = det(cMat)*(aMat*bMat).'
cSum = sum(cMat)
eMean = mean(eMat, 2)
eMat(1,:) = [1 1 1]
cSub = cMat(2:9,2:9)
lin = 1:20;
rlin = ones(20,1);
rlin(2:2:end) = -1;
lin = lin.*rlin'
r = rand(1,5);
```

ind = find(r<0.5); r(ind) = 0

实验结果及分析:



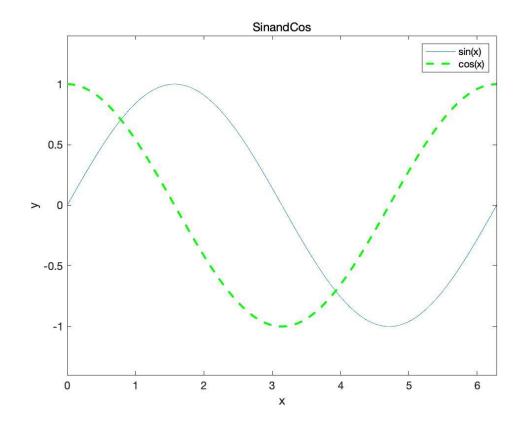
实验数据正常

题目: 7

代码:

```
clear; clc;
figure
t = linspace(0,2*pi,100000);
plot(t,sin(t));
hold on
plot(t,cos(t),'g--','LineWidth',2);
xlabel('x')
ylabel('y')
title('SinandCos')
legend('sin(x)','cos(x)')
xlim([0 2*pi])
ylim([-1.4 1.4])
```

实验结果及分析:



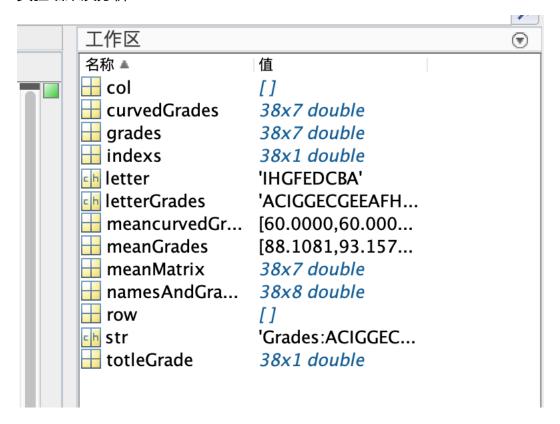
实验数据正常,函数图像良好。

题目: 8

代码:

```
clear; clc;
load classGrades
disp(namesAndGrades(1:5,:))
grades = namesAndGrades(:,2:end);
meanGrades = nanmean(grades);
meanMatrix = ones(38,1)*meanGrades;
curvedGrades = 60*(grades./meanMatrix);
meancurvedGrades = nanmean(curvedGrades);
disp(meancurvedGrades)
[row,col] = find(curvedGrades>100);
curvedGrades(row,col) = 100;
totleGrade = ceil(nanmean(curvedGrades,2));
letter = 'IHGFEDCBA';
indexs = totleGrade-min(totleGrade) + 1;
letterGrades(1:38) = letter(indexs);
str = ['Grades:',letterGrades];
disp(str)
```

实验结果及分析:



```
命令行窗口
       1
            85
                  100
                        100
                              100
                                     100
                                            95
                                                  95
       2
            85
                   85
                         95
                              100
                                     100
                                            90
                                                  100
       3
            85
                   85
                         80
                               85
                                      90
                                            80
                                                  90
       4
            85
                   90
                         90
                               90
                                      90
                                            85
                                                  85
       5
            80
                   80
                         85
                              100
                                      95
                                            80
                                                  95
     60.0000
               60.0000
                          60.0000
                                     60.0000
                                               60.0000
                                                          60.0000
                                                                    60.0000
  Grades: ACIGGECGEEAFHFABECEABHFCDGEFEBAEEGCBBG
fx >>
```

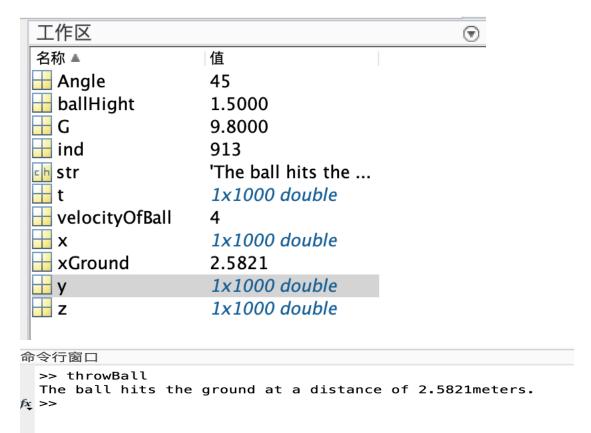
实验数据正常,没有出现换算后超出100分的情况,但仍做了处理。

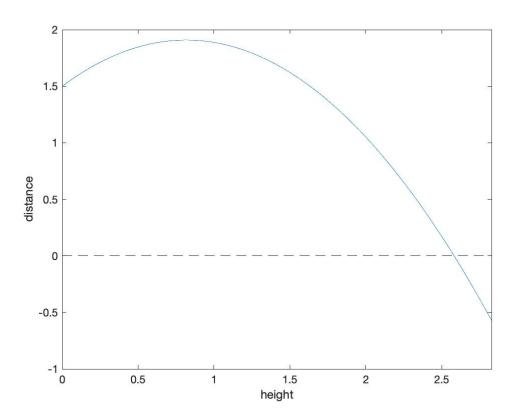
题目: 9

代码:

```
clear;
ballHight = 1.5;
G = 9.8;
velocityOfBall = 4;
Angle = 45;
t = linspace(0,1,1000);
x = velocityOfBall*cos(Angle*pi/180)*t;
y = ballHight + velocityOfBall*sin(Angle*pi/180)*t - (1/2)*G*t.^2;
ind = find(y<0,1);
xGround = x(ind);
str = ['The ball hits the ground at a distance of ' num2str(xGround)
'meters.'];
disp(str)
figure
plot(x, y)
xlabel('height');
ylabel('distance');
hold on
z = zeros(1,1000);
plot(x,z,'k--')
xlim([0 max(x)])
```

实验结果分析:





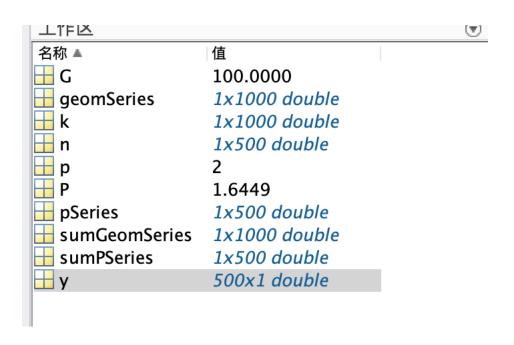
实验数据正常, 图像良好。

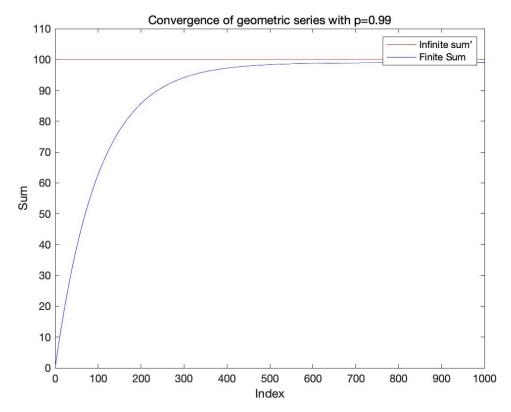
题目: Optional Problems 2

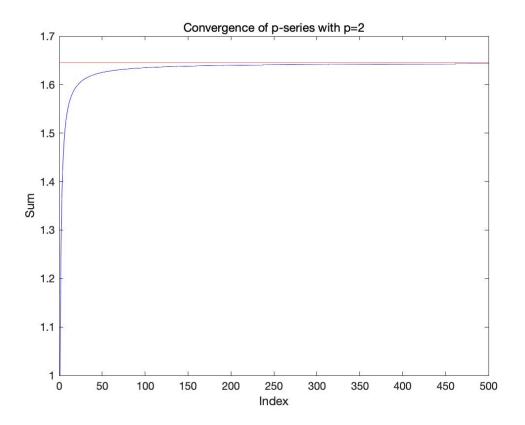
代码:

```
clear; clc;
p = 0.99;
k = 1:1000;
geomSeries = p.^k;
G = 1/(1-p);
figure(1);
y = G*ones(1,1000);
plot(k,y,'r')
hold on
sumGeomSeries = cumsum(geomSeries);
plot(k, sumGeomSeries, 'b')
xlabel('Index');
ylabel('Sum');
ylim([0 110]);
title('Convergence of geometric series with p=0.99');
legend('Infinite sum'','Finite Sum');
p = 2;
n = 1:500;
pSeries = 1./(n.^p);
sumPSeries = cumsum(pSeries);
P = pi^2/6;
y = P*ones(500,1);
figure(2)
plot(n,y,'r')
hold on;
plot(n, sumPSeries, 'b')
title('Convergence of p-series with p=2');
xlabel('Index');
ylabel('Sum');
```

实验结果分析:







数据正常, 图像良好。

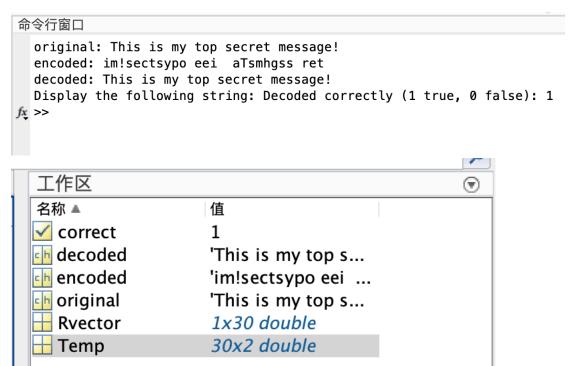
题目: Optional Problems 3

代码:

```
clear; clc;
original = 'This is my top secret message!';
Rvector = randperm(length(original));
encoded = original(Rvector);
Temp = zeros(length(original),2);
Temp(:,1) = Rvector';
Temp(:,2) = 1:length(original);
Temp = sortrows(Temp);
decoded = Temp(:,2);
decoded = encoded(decoded);
disp(['original: ' original])
disp(['encoded: ' encoded])
disp(['decoded: ' decoded])
correct = strcmp(original,decoded);
disp(['Display the following string: Decoded correctly (1 true, 0
```

```
false): ' num2str(correct)])
```

实验结果分析:



编解码正常。