Binary Search Tree : Lowest Common Ancestor

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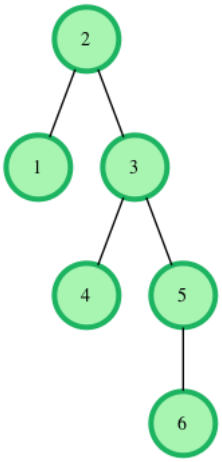
You are given pointer to the root of the binary search tree and two values $v1$ and $v2$. You need to return the lowest common ancestor (LCA) of $v1$ and $v2$ in the binary search tree.



In the diagram above, the lowest common ancestor of the nodes **4** and **6** is the node **3**. Node **3** is the lowest node which has nodes **4** and **6** as descendants.

Function Description

Complete the function lca in the editor below. It should return a pointer to the lowest common ancestor node of the two values given.

lca has the following parameters:

- root: a pointer to the root node of a binary search tree
- v1: a node.data value
- v2: a node.data value

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n, the number of nodes in the tree.

The second line contains n space-separated integers representing $node.data$ values.

The third line contains two space-separated integers, $v1$ and $v2$.

To use the test data, you will have to create the binary search tree yourself. Here on the platform, the tree will be created for you.

Constraints

$1 \leq n, node.data \leq 25$

$1 \leq v1, v2 \leq 25$

$v1 \neq v2$

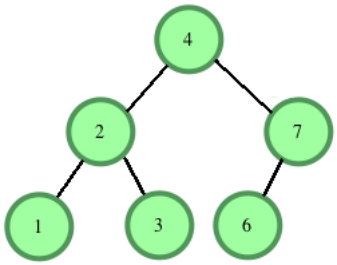
The tree will contain nodes with data equal to $v1$ and $v2$.

Output Format

Return the a pointer to the node that is the lowest common ancestor of $v1$ and $v2$.

Sample Input

```
6
4 2 3 1 7 6
1 7
```



$v1 = 1$ and $v2 = 7$.

Sample Output

[reference to node 4]

Explanation

LCA of 1 and 7 is 4, the root in this case.

Return a pointer to the node.

Change Theme Language Python 3

```
class Node:…

# Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
'''
class Node:
      def __init__(self,info):
          self.info = info
          self.left = None
          self.right = None


       // this is a node of the tree , which contains info as data, left , right
'''

def lca(root, v1, v2):
    #Enter your code here
    # Ensure v1 is smaller than v2 for easier comparison
    if v1 > v2:
        v1, v2 = v2, v1

    while root:
        # If both values are smaller than current node, go left
        if v2 < root.info:
            root = root.left
        # If both values are larger than current node, go right
        elif v1 > root.info:
```

```
61              root = root.right
62          # Current node is the LCA
63          else:
64              return root
65      return None
66  tree = BinarySearchTree()⋯
```

EMACS Line: 1 Col: 1

Upload Code as File | Test against custom input | Run Code | Submit Code

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You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

Next Challenge

- Test case 0
- Test case 1
- Test case 2
- Test case 3
- Test case 4
- Test case 5
- Test case 6

Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin) Download

```
6
4 2 3 1 7 6
1 7
```

Expected Output Download

```
4
```