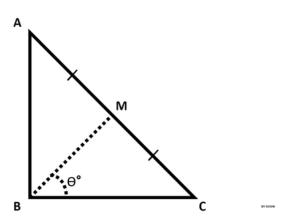
Find Angle MBC 🖈





Problem Submissions Leaderboard Editorial 🖰



 \pmb{ABC} is a right triangle, $\pmb{90}^{\bullet}$ at \pmb{B} .

Therefore, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$.

Point $m{M}$ is the midpoint of hypotenuse $m{AC}$.

You are given the lengths \boldsymbol{AB} and \boldsymbol{BC} .

Your task is to find $\angle MBC$ (angle θ° , as shown in the figure) in degrees.

Input Format

The first line contains the length of side **AB**.

The second line contains the length of side \boldsymbol{BC} .

Constraints

- $0 < AB \le 100$
- $0 < BC \le 100$
- Lengths **AB** and **BC** are natural numbers.

Output Format

Output $\measuredangle MBC$ in degrees.

Note: Round the angle to the nearest integer.

Examples:

If angle is 56.5000001°, then output 57°.

If angle is 56.5000000°, then output **57°**.

If angle is 56.4999999°, then output **56°**.

 $0^{\circ} < \theta^{\circ} < 90^{\circ}$

Sample Input

10 10

Sample Output

45°

```
Change Theme Language Python 3
                                                                                                      10 88 .
     # Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
 1
 2
     import math
 3
     ab = float(input())
 4
    bc = float(input())
     # In a right triangle, since M is the midpoint, AM=BM=CM
     \mbox{\tt\#} Therefore angle BMC is equal to angle MCB
     angle = math.atan(ab/bc)
 9
     print(f"\{round(math.degrees(angle))\}\{chr(176)\}")
10
```

EMACS

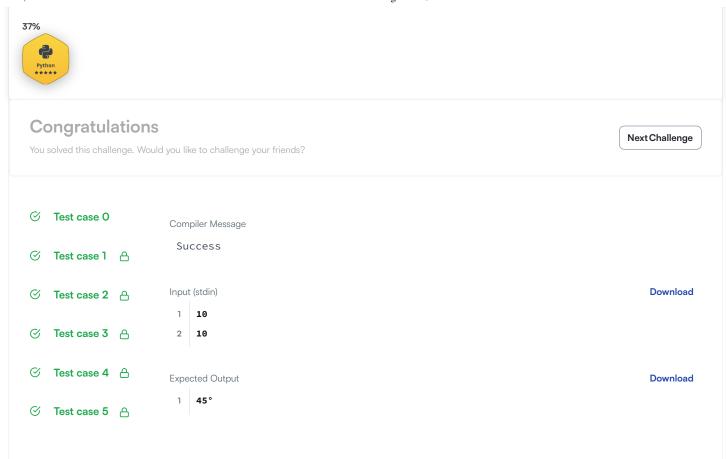
Line: 10 Col: 49

Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

You have earned 10.00 points!
42/115 challenges solved.



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