

# Description of the biomaRt package

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# 1 Introduction

The BioConductor *biomaRt* package enables to directly query databases based on biomaRt such as Ensembl, a software system which produces and maintains automatic annotation on metazoan genomes. This way you can annotate the features on your array with the latest annotations starting from identifiers such as affy id's, locuslink, RefSeq and more. Annotation includes gene names, GO and OMIM annotation (depending on species).

## 2 objects

### 2.1 Mart-class

An object of the `Mart` class represents a connection to a BioMart. And has the following slots:

- `connection`: stores the RMySQLConnection to a BioMart
- `mart`: contains the name of the mart

### 2.2 martTable-class

An object of the `martTable` class represents annotation of a gene. And has the following slots:

- `id`: stores the id used for querying
- `table`: is a list of lists (or vectors) storing annotation information

### 2.3 Gene-class

An object of the `Gene` class represents annotation of a gene. And has the following slots:

- `id`: stores the id used for querying
- `martID`: stores the mart specific id
- `symbol`: stores the gene symbol
- `chromosome`: stores the chromosome number on which the gene is localized
- `band`: stores the band on which the gene is localized
- `start`: stores the start position of the gene on the respective chromosome
- `end`: stores the end position of the gene on the respective chromosome
- `GO`: a slot to store an object of class GO
- `OMIM`: a slot to store an object of class OMIM

## 2.4 MultiGene-class

When starting from a query id, Ensembl retrieves multiple hits, all these different hits can be stored in an object of the class **MultiGene**. This class is identical to the **Gene** class except that here we store multiple elements in each slot, e.g. multiple symbols matching a query id.

## 2.5 GO-class

An object of the **GO** class represents GO annotation of a gene. And has the following slots:

- **id**: stores the id used for querying
- **GOID**: stores the GO id's associated with the query id.
- **description**: stores the description of the corresponding GO id's
- **evidence**: stores the evidence code of GO annotation

## 2.6 OMIM-class

An object of the **OMIM** class represents OMIM annotation of a gene. And has the following slots:

- **id**: stores the id used for querying
- **OMIMID**: stores the OMIM id's associated with the query id.
- **disease**: stores the description of the corresponding OMIM id's

# 3 Functions

## 3.1 martConnect

A first step in using the **biomaRt** package is to connect to a BioMart database. The function **martConnect** establishes a connection with one of the following BioMart databases: **snp**, **ensembl** and **vega**.

Examples:

```
> library(biomaRt)
```

```
Loading required package: Biobase
```

```
Welcome to Bioconductor
```

```
  Vignettes contain introductory material.  To view,
```

```
  simply type: openVignette()
```

```
  For details on reading vignettes, see
```

```
  the openVignette help page.
```

```
Loading required package: RMySQL
```

```
Loading required package: DBI
```

```
> mart <- martConnect("ensembl")
```

```
- Connected to Ensembl@EBI -
```

### 3.2 martDisconnect

You can only hold a limited number of connections with different BioMarts. The function `martDisconnect` can be used to close a mart connection.

Examples:

```
> martDisconnect(mart)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

### 3.3 getGene

The function `getGene` uses a query id to look up identification and chromosomal information of the corresponding gene. Depending on the selected output, this function returns a `martTable` or an object of class `Gene`. When no information about the identifier is found in Ensembl, an empty `Gene` object will be created. If however multiple genes match a certain identifier, then an object of class `MultiGene` will be returned containing information of all matches. Currently the `getGene` function takes identifiers from locuslink, affy, RefSeq and embl. Besides the `id` argument, this function also has a `species`, `array` and `type` argument. The `id` argument is either a vector of identifiers or a single identifier to be annotated.

The `species` argument should have the species from which the identifier comes as value. For the value of `species`, we use the full name of the species where separate words are separated by an underscore, e.g. 'gallusgallus'. A list of possible species to choose from can be obtained by executing the function `getSpecies`.

The `array` argument takes affy array identifiers as values. A list of possible identifiers supported by the package can be obtained by executing the function `getAffyArrays`.

The `mart` argument is a mart connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect`

The `type` takes the values of 'locuslink', 'refseq' and 'embl' to clarify which type of identifier is specified in the `id` argument.

The output can be changed using the `output` argument. One can choose between a `martTable` (default) and an output of `Gene`/`Multi-Gene` objects. Depending on the identifier, different additional arguments will have to be given, summarized below:

- Affy id's: `id`, `array`, `mart`
- Locuslink: `id`, `type`, `species`, `mart`
- RefSeq: `id`, `type`, `species`, `mart`
- embl: `id`, `type`, `species`, `mart`

Examples:

```
> library(biomaRt)
> mart <- martConnect("ensembl")
```

```
- Connected to Ensembl@EBI -
```

```
> getGene(id = "1939_at", array = "hgu95av2", mart = mart)
```

An object of class "martTable"

Slot "id":

```
[1] "1939_at"
```

Slot "table":

\$symbol

```
[1] "TP53"
```

\$description

```
[1] "Cellular tumor antigen p53 (Tumor suppressor p53) (Phosphoprotein p53) (Antigen NY-
```

\$band

```
[1] "p13.1"
```

\$chromosome

```
[1] "17"
```

\$start

```
[1] 7512464
```

\$end

```
[1] 7531642
```

\$martID

```
[1] "ENSG00000141510"
```

```
> getGene(id = 672, type = "locuslink", species = "homo_sapiens",
+         mart = mart)
```

An object of class "martTable"

Slot "id":

```
[1] "672"
```

Slot "table":

\$symbol

```
[1] "BRCA1"
```

```
$description
```

```
[1] "Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein. [Source:Uniprot/SWISSPROT;Acc:P38398]"
```

```
$band
```

```
[1] "q21.31"
```

```
$chromosome
```

```
[1] "17"
```

```
$start
```

```
[1] 38449844
```

```
$end
```

```
[1] 38530934
```

```
$martID
```

```
[1] "ENSG00000012048"
```

### 3.4 getGO

The function `getGO` uses a query id to look up GO annotation of the corresponding gene. It return an object of class `GO`. When no information about the identifier is found in Ensembl, an empty `GO` object will be created. Currently the `getGO` function takes identifiers from locuslink, affy, RefSeq and embl. Besides the id argument, this function also has a species, array and type argument.

The id argument is either a vector of identifiers or a single identifier to be annotated.

The species argument should have the species from which the identifier comes as value. A list of possible species to choose from can be obtained by executing the function `getSpecies`. The array argument takes affy array identifiers as values. A list of possible identifiers supported by the package can be obtained by executing the function `getAffyArrays`.

The mart argument is a mart connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect`

A last argument of this function is the type argument which, takes the values of 'locuslink', 'refseq' and 'embl' to clarify which type of identifier is specified in the id argument. Depending on the identifier, different additional arguments will have to be given, summarized below:

- Affy id's: id, array, mart
- Locuslink: id, type, species, mart
- RefSeq: id, type, species, mart
- embl: id, type, species, mart

Examples:

```
> getGO(id = "1939_at", array = "hgu95av2", mart = mart)
```

An object of class "GO"

Slot "GOID":

```
[1] "GO:0000739" "GO:0003700" "GO:0004518" "GO:0005507" "GO:0005524"
[6] "GO:0008270" "GO:0051074" "GO:0000075" "GO:0006284" "GO:0006289"
[11] "GO:0006310" "GO:0006355" "GO:0006915" "GO:0007050" "GO:0007569"
[16] "GO:0008283" "GO:0008628" "GO:0008630" "GO:0008635" "GO:0030154"
[21] "GO:0030308" "GO:0045786" "GO:0046902" "GO:0051097" "GO:0005730"
[26] "GO:0005739" NA
```

Slot "description":

```
[1] "DNA strand annealing activity"
[2] "transcription factor activity"
[3] "nuclease activity"
[4] "copper ion binding"
[5] "ATP binding"
[6] "zinc ion binding"
[7] "protein tetramerization activity"
[8] "cell cycle checkpoint"
[9] "base-excision repair"
[10] "nucleotide-excision repair"
[11] "DNA recombination"
[12] "regulation of transcription, DNA-dependent"
[13] "apoptosis"
[14] "cell cycle arrest"
[15] "cell aging"
[16] "cell proliferation"
[17] "induction of apoptosis by hormones"
[18] "DNA damage response, signal transduction resulting in induction of apoptosis"
[19] "caspase activation via cytochrome c"
[20] "cell differentiation"
[21] "negative regulation of cell growth"
[22] "negative regulation of cell cycle"
[23] "regulation of mitochondrial membrane permeability"
[24] "negative regulation of helicase activity"
[25] "nucleolus"
[26] "mitochondrion"
[27] NA
```

Slot "evidence":

```
[1] "IDA" "IDA" "TAS" "IDA" "IDA" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "IMP" "TAS" "IDA"
```

```
[13] "IDA" "TAS" "IMP" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "IDA" "TAS" "IMP" "IEA" "TAS" "TAS"
[25] "IDA" "IDA" NA
```

```
> getGO(id = 672, type = "locuslink", species = "homo_sapiens",
+       mart = mart)
```

An object of class "GO"

Slot "GOID":

```
[1] "GO:0003684" "GO:0003713" "GO:0004842" "GO:0005515" "GO:0008270"
[6] "GO:0015631" "GO:0016563" "GO:0006357" "GO:0006359" "GO:0006978"
[11] "GO:0016567" "GO:0042127" "GO:0042981" "GO:0045739" "GO:0045786"
[16] "GO:0046600" "GO:0000151" "GO:0005615" "GO:0005634" "GO:0005667"
[21] "GO:0008274" "GO:0005622" "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567"
[26] "GO:0000151" "GO:0005622" "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567"
[31] "GO:0000151" "GO:0005622" "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567"
[36] "GO:0000151" "GO:0005622" "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567"
[41] "GO:0000151" "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567" "GO:0000151"
[46] "GO:0004842" "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567" "GO:0000151" "GO:0004842"
[51] "GO:0008270" "GO:0016567" "GO:0000151" "GO:0003684" "GO:0003713"
[56] "GO:0004842" "GO:0005515" "GO:0008270" "GO:0015631" "GO:0016563"
[61] "GO:0006357" "GO:0006359" "GO:0006978" "GO:0016567" "GO:0042127"
[66] "GO:0042981" "GO:0045739" "GO:0045786" "GO:0046600" "GO:0000151"
[71] "GO:0005615" "GO:0005634" "GO:0005667" "GO:0008274" "GO:0005622"
[76] NA
```

Slot "description":

```
[1] "damaged DNA binding"
[2] "transcription coactivator activity"
[3] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"
[4] "protein binding"
[5] "zinc ion binding"
[6] "tubulin binding"
[7] "transcriptional activator activity"
[8] "regulation of transcription from Pol II promoter"
[9] "regulation of transcription from Pol III promoter"
[10] "DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in transcr
[11] "protein ubiquitination"
[12] "regulation of cell proliferation"
[13] "regulation of apoptosis"
[14] "positive regulation of DNA repair"
[15] "negative regulation of cell cycle"
[16] "negative regulation of centriole replication"
[17] "ubiquitin ligase complex"
[18] "extracellular space"
[19] "nucleus"
```



[20] "transcription factor complex"  
 [21] "gamma-tubulin ring complex"  
 [22] "intracellular"  
 [23] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [24] "zinc ion binding"  
 [25] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [26] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [27] "intracellular"  
 [28] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [29] "zinc ion binding"  
 [30] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [31] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [32] "intracellular"  
 [33] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [34] "zinc ion binding"  
 [35] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [36] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [37] "intracellular"  
 [38] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [39] "zinc ion binding"  
 [40] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [41] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [42] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [43] "zinc ion binding"  
 [44] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [45] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [46] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [47] "zinc ion binding"  
 [48] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [49] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [50] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [51] "zinc ion binding"  
 [52] "protein ubiquitination"  
 [53] "ubiquitin ligase complex"  
 [54] "damaged DNA binding"  
 [55] "transcription coactivator activity"  
 [56] "ubiquitin-protein ligase activity"  
 [57] "protein binding"  
 [58] "zinc ion binding"  
 [59] "tubulin binding"  
 [60] "transcriptional activator activity"  
 [61] "regulation of transcription from Pol II promoter"  
 [62] "regulation of transcription from Pol III promoter"  
 [63] "DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in transco

```

[64] "protein ubiquitination"
[65] "regulation of cell proliferation"
[66] "regulation of apoptosis"
[67] "positive regulation of DNA repair"
[68] "negative regulation of cell cycle"
[69] "negative regulation of centriole replication"
[70] "ubiquitin ligase complex"
[71] "extracellular space"
[72] "nucleus"
[73] "transcription factor complex"
[74] "gamma-tubulin ring complex"
[75] "intracellular"
[76] NA

```

Slot "evidence":

```

[1] "NR" "TAS" "IEA" "IPI" "TAS" "NAS" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "IEA" "TAS"
[13] "TAS" "NAS" "IEA" "NAS" "IEA" "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "NAS" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA"
[25] "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA"
[37] "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA"
[49] "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "IEA" "NR" "TAS" "IEA" "IPI" "TAS" "NAS" "TAS"
[61] "TAS" "TAS" "TAS" "IEA" "TAS" "TAS" "NAS" "IEA" "NAS" "IEA" "TAS" "TAS"
[73] "TAS" "NAS" "IEA" NA

```

### 3.5 getOMIM

The function `getOMIM` uses a query id to look up OMIM annotation of the corresponding gene. It return an object of class `OMIM`. When no information about the identifier is found in Ensembl, an empty `OMIM` object will be created. Currently the `getOMIM` function takes identifiers from locuslink, affy, RefSeq and embl. Besides the `id` argument, this function also has an `array`, `type` and `mart` argument.

The `id` argument is either a vector of identifiers or a single identifier to be annotated.

The `array` argument takes affy array identifiers as values. A list of possible identifiers supported by the package can be obtained by executing the function `getAffyArrays`.

The `type` argument takes the values of `'locuslink'`, `'refseq'` and `'embl'` to clarify which type of identifier is specified in the `id` argument. If the `array` argument is used then biomaRt knows the identifiers given correspond to affy id's. The `mart` argument is a mart connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect`

Depending on the identifier, different additional arguments will have to be given, summarized below:

- Affy id's: `id`, `array`, `mart`
- Locuslink: `id`, `type`, `mart`
- RefSeq: `id`, `type`, `mart`

- embl: id, type, mart

Examples:

```
> getOMIM(id = "1939_at", array = "hgu95av2", mart = mart)
```

An object of class "OMIM"

Slot "OMIMID":

```
[1] 191170 191170
```

Slot "disease":

```
[1] "Colorectal cancer, 114500 (3)" "Li-Fraumeni syndrome (3)"
```

```
> getOMIM(id = 672, type = "locuslink", mart = mart)
```

An object of class "OMIM"

Slot "OMIMID":

```
[1] 113705 113705
```

Slot "disease":

```
[1] "Breast cancer-1 (3)" "Ovarian cancer (3)"
```

### 3.6 getFeature

The function `getFeature` looks up affy identifiers on a given affy array which correspond to a given symbol. As output this function returns a `martTable`. Currently the `getFeature` function takes identifiers from affy only. Besides the symbol argument, this function also has array and mart argument.

The mart argument is a mart connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect`

A last argument of this function is the type argument which, takes the values of 'affy', 'locuslink', 'refseq' and 'embl' to clarify which type of identifier is specified in the id argument.

Examples:

```
> getFeature(symbol = "P53", array = "hgu95av2", mart = mart)
```

An object of class "martTable"

Slot "id":

```
[1] "36079_at" "1939_at" "1974_s_at" "31618_at" "1711_at" "36136_at"
[7] "33749_at" "1860_at" "34822_at"
```

Slot "table":

```
$symbol
```

```
[1] "TP53I3" "TP53" "TP53" "TP53" "TP53BP1" "TP53I11" "TP53AP1"
[8] "TP53BP2" "TP53BP2"
```

```
$description
```

```
[1] "tumor protein p53 inducible protein 3; quinone oxidoreductase homolog; p53-induced
[2] "Cellular tumor antigen p53 (Tumor suppressor p53) (Phosphoprotein p53) (Antigen NY-
[3] "Cellular tumor antigen p53 (Tumor suppressor p53) (Phosphoprotein p53) (Antigen NY-
[4] "Cellular tumor antigen p53 (Tumor suppressor p53) (Phosphoprotein p53) (Antigen NY-
[5] "Tumor suppressor p53-binding protein 1 (p53-binding protein 1) (53BP1). [Source:Uni
[6] "p53-induced protein [Homo sapiens]. [Source:RefSeq;Acc:NM_006034]"
[7] "TP53 activated protein 1; TP53 target gene 1; H_RG012D21.9 [Homo sapiens]. [Source:
[8] "Apoptosis stimulating of p53 protein 2 (Tumor suppressor p53-binding protein 2) (p5
[9] "Apoptosis stimulating of p53 protein 2 (Tumor suppressor p53-binding protein 2) (p5
```

```
$martID
```

```
[1] "ENSG000000115129" "ENSG000000141510" "ENSG000000141510" "ENSG000000141510"
[5] "ENSG000000067369" "ENSG000000175274" "ENSG000000182165" "ENSG000000143514"
[9] "ENSG000000143514"
```

### 3.7 getSequence

The function `getSequence` retrieves the sequence given it's chromosome, start and end position. As output this function returns a `martTable`. The `mart` argument is a mart connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect` and should in this case be the sequence mart.

Examples:

```
> seqMart <- martConnect(mart = "sequence")
```

```
- Connected to sequence mart @ EBI -
```

```
> getSequence(species = "gallus_gallus", chromosome = 1, start = 400,
+             end = 500, mart = seqMart)
```

```
An object of class "martTable"
```

```
Slot "id":
```

```
[1] "1_400_500"
```

```
Slot "table":
```

```
$chromosome
```

```
[1] 1
```

```
$start
```

```

[1] 400

$end
[1] 500

$sequence
[1] "GTGACATTTCCAGCATTCAAGTGTGTCAAAGCCTAGCTTCATTTTTGAATGTATTGAGGGGCAGATGTCCATCTCATGAATCAT

> martDisconnect(seqMart)

[1] TRUE

```

### 3.8 getSNP

The function `getSNP` retrieves all SNP's between a given a start and end position on a gives chromosome.. As output this function returns a `martTable`. The `mart` argument is a `mart` connection, which was obtained using the method `martConnect` and should in this case be the `snp` mart.

Examples:

```

> snpMart <- martConnect(mart = "snp")

- Connected to SNP mart @ EBI -

> getSNP(mart = snpMart, chromosome = 8, start = 148350, end = 159000,
+       species = "homo_sapiens")

```

An object of class "martTable"

```

Slot "id":
  [1] "26087865"      "26087866"
  [3] "26087867"      NA
  [5] "26087868"      NA
  [7] "26087869"      "26021974"
  [9] NA              NA
 [11] NA              "24784114"
 [13] "26087849"      "26087850"
 [15] "26104118"      "26087851"
 [17] "26104119"      NA
 [19] "24784113,24784112" "26104120"
 [21] "26087852"      "25971294"
 [23] "25891113,25891112,25891111" NA
 [25] NA              "26104122"
 [27] NA              "25631888,25631887"

```

[29]	"26104123"	"26087854"
[31]	"25631889"	"25631890"
[33]	"25631891"	"26087855"
[35]	"26087856"	"26087857"
[37]	"26104124"	"26087858"
[39]	"26104125"	"25420792"
[41]	"25928633,25928632"	"26112982"
[43]	"25928635,25928634"	"25928637,25928636"
[45]	"26112983"	"25928639,25928638"
[47]	"25917424,25917423"	"25928641,25928640"
[49]	"26104126"	NA
[51]	NA	"25928643,25928642"
[53]	"25928645,25928644"	"25928647,25928646"
[55]	"25928649,25928648"	"25928651,25928650"
[57]	"26104115"	"25928653,25928652"
[59]	"25928655,25928654"	"25928657,25928656"
[61]	"25928659,25928658"	"26021975"
[63]	"26104116"	"26104117"
[65]	"25928661,25928660"	NA
[67]	"25928663,25928662"	"25928665,25928664"
[69]	"24784110,24784109"	"25928667,25928666"
[71]	"25928669,25928668"	"26087839"
[73]	"25928671,25928670"	"25928673,25928672"
[75]	"25928675,25928674"	"25928677,25928676"
[77]	"25928679,25928678"	"26104104"
[79]	"26104105"	"26104106"
[81]	"26104107"	"26104108"
[83]	"26104109"	"26104110"
[85]	"26104111"	"26104112"
[87]	"26104113"	"26104114"
[89]	NA	"26022513,26022512"
[91]	"26022511,26022510"	"26022509"
[93]	"26087842"	"26021976"
[95]	"26021977"	"26127094"
[97]	NA	"26025531"
[99]	NA	"26087843"
[101]	"26087844"	NA
[103]	NA	NA
[105]	NA	"26021978"
[107]	"26021979"	"25928681,25928680"
[109]	NA	NA
[111]	"25814411"	"26021980"
[113]	"26087838"	NA
[115]	NA	NA

[117]	NA	NA
[119]	NA	NA
[121]	NA	NA
[123]	NA	NA
[125]	"25632163"	"26021896"
[127]	"26021897"	NA
[129]	"25820705"	"26087590"
[131]	"26087591"	"26087592"
[133]	"25820704"	NA
[135]	"26087593"	"26087594"
[137]	NA	NA
[139]	NA	NA
[141]	NA	NA
[143]	NA	NA
[145]	NA	NA
[147]	NA	NA
[149]	NA	NA
[151]	NA	NA
[153]	NA	NA
[155]	NA	NA
[157]	NA	NA
[159]	NA	NA

Slot "table":

\$snpStart

[1]	148394	148411	148462	148471	148499	148525	148533	148535	148539	148601
[11]	148632	148652	148652	148707	148707	148710	148710	148712	148733	148733
[21]	148745	148774	148803	148803	148828	148839	148855	148863	148865	148867
[31]	148868	148870	148871	148873	148874	148876	148876	148897	148897	148967
[41]	148967	148972	149002	149012	149046	149052	149057	149094	149099	149108
[51]	149130	149151	149155	149173	149179	149187	149188	149197	149220	149233
[61]	149235	149242	149250	149251	149348	149375	149375	149380	149399	149409
[71]	149442	149474	149547	149549	149565	149576	149590	149665	149676	149693
[81]	149694	149706	149731	149753	149811	149825	149830	149949	149951	149951
[91]	149952	149990	150376	150392	150396	150537	150679	150682	150707	150753
[101]	150760	150771	150797	150798	150826	150862	150923	151010	151010	151062
[111]	151222	151224	151231	151466	151936	151950	151966	152286	152578	152837
[121]	152923	152926	153226	153249	153265	153314	153330	153370	153387	153419
[131]	153420	153421	153432	153438	153461	153486	153550	153654	153784	154050
[141]	154086	154984	155405	155490	155672	155697	155804	155982	156322	156771
[151]	156851	156997	157014	157016	157212	157420	157429	158012	158484	158695

\$allele

[1]	"C/A"	"A/G"	"C/T"	"T/G"	"G/A"	"G/A"	"G/A"	"C/T"	"C/T"
-----	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------





```
$utr5
[1] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[26] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[51] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[76] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[101] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[126] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[151] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
```

```
$utr3
[1] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
[26] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
[51] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
[76] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
[101] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
[126] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
[151] NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
```

```
> martDisconnect(snpMart)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

### 3.9 getSpecies

The function `getSpecies` looks up which species are present in the BioMart. This function currently works only for ensembl.

Examples:

```
> getSpecies(mart)

[1] "anopheles_gambiae"      "fugu_rubripes"
[3] "gallus_gallus"          "drosophila_melanogaster"
[5] "xenopus_tropicalis"     "caenorhabditis_elegans"
[7] "danio_rerio"            "homo_sapiens"
[9] "pan_troglodytes"        "mus_musculus"
[11] "apis_mellifera"         "canis_familiaris"
[13] "tetraodon_nigroviridis" "rattus_norvegicus"
```

### 3.10 getAffyArrays

The function `getAffyArrays` retrieves the Affymetrix array identifiers which are present in ensembl and which can be queried using the biomaRt package.

Examples:

```
> getAffyArrays()
```

	V1	V2
1	hgu133plus2	homo_sapiens
2	hgu133a2	homo_sapiens
3	hgu133a	homo_sapiens
4	hgu133b	homo_sapiens
5	hgu95av2	homo_sapiens
6	hgu95b	homo_sapiens
7	hgu95c	homo_sapiens
8	hgu95d	homo_sapiens
9	hgu95e	homo_sapiens
10	mgu74av2	mus_musculus
11	mgu74bv2	mus_musculus
12	mgu74cv2	mus_musculus
13	mouse430_2	mus_musculus
14	mouse430a2	mus_musculus
15	mu11ksuba	mus_musculus
16	mu11ksubb	mus_musculus
17	rat230_2	rattus_norvegicus
18	rgu34a	rattus_norvegicus
19	rgu34b	rattus_norvegicus
20	rg_u34c	rattus_norvegicus