3D Object Detection of 9-million LiDAR Point Cloud Using Semi-Supervised Machine Learning

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Problem Definition

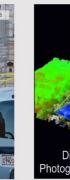
Objective: Reconstruct the 3D objects in a local neighborhood with minimum dimension

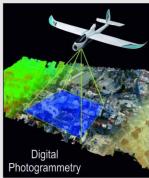
Motivation: Minimize the Misclassification

Applications:

- · Autonomous Driving (LYCMU, CVPR '19), (CKZBMFU, NIPS '15), (FDU, NIPS '12)
- Digital Photogrammetry (HH, ISPRS '18)
- Forestry & Vegetation (DMS, CVPR '12)





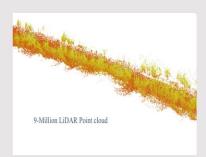




Data Collection & Preparation

- The dataset are acquired by HDL-32E
 - ± 2 cm accuracy

 - 80m-100m Range
 - · 700.000 Points per Second
 - · 360° Horizontal FOV
 - . +10° to -30° Vertical FOV
- · The dataset has been labeled
- Metric: Misclassification Rate









Method





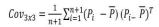




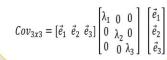
K Nearest Neighbor



(PCA)



















Dynamic PCA Misclassification • Local Point Density (LPD) Misclassification Rate: $\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^{n}I(y_i\neq \hat{y}_i)$ • Local Point Spacing (LPS) $LPD_{Planar}\left(\frac{pts}{m^2}\right) = \frac{n+1}{\pi r_n^2}$ $LPD_{linear}\left(\frac{pts}{m}\right) = \frac{n+1}{2r_n}$ 0.5 LAS Tool $LPS_{vol} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{LPD_{vol}}}$ Dynamic PCA Porportion of Variance $r = 4 \times LPS$ PCA (again) Dimensionality Result Result Side View Side View Top View Side View Top View Top View Side View Top View Original Data FIX 70-NN Dynamic PCA LAS Tool