

# 程式設計

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# Chapter 11\_project 1

Modify Programming Project 7 from Chapter 2 so that it includes the following function:

```
void pay_amount(int dollars, int *twenties, int *tens, int *fives, int *ones);
```

The function determines the smallest number of \$20, \$10, \$5, and \$1 bills necessary to pay the amount represented by the **dollars** parameter. The **twenties** parameter points to a variable in which the function will store the number of \$20 bills required. The **tens**, **fives**, and **ones** parameters are similar.



```
Enter a dollar amount : 76
$20 bills : 3
$10 bills : 1
$5 bills : 1
$1 bills : 1
-----
Process exited after 2.823 seconds with return value 0
請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

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# Solution

```
1 // dollar change
2
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5
6 void pay_amount(int dollars, int *twenties, int *tens, int *fives, int *ones);
7
8 int main(void){
9
10     int amount, twenties, tens, fives, ones;
11
12     printf("Enter a dollar amount : ");
13     scanf("%d", &amount);
14
15     pay_amount(amount, _____, _____, _____, _____);
16
17     printf("\n");
18
19     printf("$20 bills : %d\n", twenties);
20     printf("$10 bills : %d\n", tens);
21     printf("$5 bills : %d\n", fives);
22     printf("$1 bills : %d\n", ones);
23
24     return 0;
25 }
26
```

# Solution

```
26
27  void pay_amount(int dollars, int *twenties, int *tens, int *fives, int *ones){
28
29     *twenties = dollars / 20;
30     dollars -= *twenties * 20;
31
32     *tens = dollars / 10;
33     dollars -= *tens * 10;
34
35     *fives = dollars / 5;
36     *ones =  % 5;
37 }
38
```

---

# Chapter 11\_project 2

Modify Programming Project 8 from Chapter 5 so that it includes the following function:

```
void find_closest_flight(int desired_time, int *departure_time, int *arrival_time);
```

This function will find the flight whose departure time is closest to **desired\_time** (expressed in minutes since midnight). It will store the departure and arrival times of this flight (also expressed in minutes since midnight) in the variables pointed to by **departure\_time** and **arrival\_time**, respectively.

<i>Departure time</i>	<i>Arrival time</i>
8:00 a.m.	10:16 a.m.
9:43 a.m.	11:52 a.m.
11:19 a.m.	1:31 p.m.
12:47 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	4:08 p.m.
3:45 p.m.	5:55 p.m.
7:00 p.m.	9:20 p.m.
9:45 p.m.	11:58 p.m.

```
Enter a 24-hour time : 13:15
Closest departure time is 12:47 p.m. ,arriving at 3:00 p.m.
-----
Process exited after 1.689 seconds with return value 0
請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

# Solution

```
1 // flight
2
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5 #define HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY 12
6 #define MINUTES_PER_HOUR 60
7 #define MINUTES_PER_HALF_DAY (HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY * MINUTES_PER_HOUR)
8
9 #define SIZE ((int)(sizeof(departures) / sizeof(departures[0])))
10
11 void find_closest_flight(int desired_time, int *departure_time, int *arrival_time);
12
13
14 int main(void){
15     int hours, minutes, desired_time, departure_time,
16         departure_hour, arrival_time, arrival_hour;
17
18     printf("Enter a 24-hour time : ");
19     scanf("%d:%d", &hours, &minutes);
20
21     desired_time = hours * MINUTES_PER_HOUR + minutes;
22
23     find_closest_flight(desired_time, &departure_time, &arrival_time);
24
25 }
```

# Solution

```
25
26     printf("Closest departure time is ");
27
28     departure_time = departure_time / MINUTES_PER_HOUR;
29     if(departure_hour == 0){
30         departure_hour = HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY;
31     }else if(departure_hour > HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY){
32         departure_hour -= HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY;
33     }
34     printf("%d:%.2d ", departure_hour, departure_time % MINUTES_PER_HOUR);
35
36     if(departure_time < [redacted]){
37         printf("a.m.");
38     }else{
39         printf("p.m.");
40     }
41
42
```

# Solution

```
42
43     printf(" ,arriving at ");
44
45     arrival_hour = arrival_time / MINUTES_PER_HOUR;
46     if(arrival_hour == 0){
47         arrival_hour = HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY;
48     }else if(arrival_hour > HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY){
49         arrival_hour -= HOURS_PER_HALF_DAY;
50     }
51     printf("%d:%.2d ", arrival_hour, arrival_time % MINUTES_PER_HOUR);
52
53     if(arrival_time < ) {
54         printf("a.m.");
55     }else{
56         printf("p.m.");
57     }
58     printf("\n");
59
60
61     return 0;
62 }
63
64
```



# Solution

```
64
65 void find_closest_flight(int desired_time, int *departure_time, int *arrival_time){
66
67     int departures[] = {480, 583, 679, 767, 840, 945, 1140, 1305},
68         arrivals[] = {616, 712, 811, 900, 968, 1075, 1280, 1438}, closest;
69
70     if(desired_time <= departures[0]){
71         closest = 0;
72     }else if(desired_time > departures[SIZE - 1]){
73         closest = SIZE - 1;
74     }else{
75         closest = 0;
76         while(desired_time > departures[closest + 1]){
77             closest++;
78         }
79         if((departures[closest + 1] - desired_time) < (desired_time - departures[closest])){
80             closest++;
81         }
82     }
83
84     *departure_time = departures[closest];
85     *arrival_time = arrivals[closest];
86 }
```

# Chapter 11\_project 3

Modify Programming Project 3 from Chapter 6 so that it includes the following function:

```
void reduce(int numerator, int denominator,  
           int *reduces_numerator,  
           int * reduces_denominator);
```

**numerator** and **denominator** are the numerator and denominator of a fraction, **reduced\_numerator** and **reduced\_denominator** are pointers to variables in which the function will store the numerator and denominator of the fraction once it has been reduced to lowest terms.

```
Enter a fraction : 18/45  
In lowest terms : 2/5
```

```
-----  
Process exited after 14.99 seconds with return value 0  
請按任意鍵繼續 . . .
```

---

# Solution

```
1 // reduce_fraction
2
3 #include <stdio.h>
4
5 #define STACK_SIZE 100
6
7 int find_gcd(int m, int n);
8 void reduce(int numerator, int denominator,
9             int *reduces_numerator,
10            int * reduces_denominator);
11
12 int main(void){
13
14     int num, denom;
15
16     printf("Enter a fraction : ");
17     scanf("%d/%d", &num, &denom);
18
19     reduce(num, denom, , );
20     printf("In lowest terms : %d/%d\n", num, denom);
21
22     return 0;
23 }
24
```

# Solution

```
24
25 int find_gcd(int m, int n){
26
27     while(n != 0){
28         int remainder = m % n;
29         m = n;
30         n = remainder;
31     }
32     return m;
33 }
34
35 void reduce(int numerator, int denominator,
36             int *reduces_numerator,
37             int *reduces_denominator){
38
39     int gcd = find_gcd(numerator, denominator);
40
41     /* Divide both numerator and denominator by GCD */
42     *reduces_numerator = numerator / gcd;
43     *reduces_denominator = denominator / gcd;
44
45     /* Ensure that denominator is positive */
46     if(*reduces_denominator < 0){
47         *reduces_numerator *= -1;
48         *reduces_denominator *= -1;
49     }
50 }
51
```