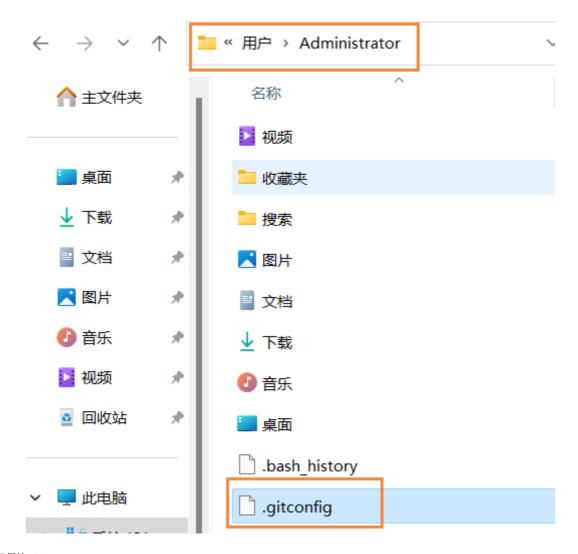
GitHub使用帮助

由于网络原因,有的时候使用https的方式克隆、获取、拉取、推送代码会出现连接失败的问题,此时可以通过设置代理服务器的方式来解决问题。

使用代理的时候需要配置你的git,找到你的.gitconfig配置文件,一般在当前用户的根目录,如下图所示:



配置示例如下:

```
1 [http "https://github.com"]
2 proxy = http://127.0.0.1:7890
```

将http://127.0.0.1:7890替换成你自己的代理服务器和端口

2 配置SSH

有时候通过SSH方式也能解决GitHub访问慢的问题。

2.1 生成秘钥对

打开Git bash工具, 然后输入命令

```
1 ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "github邮箱"
```

遇到输入提示直接回车即可如下图所示

```
MINGW64:/c/Users/Administrator
                                                                                                                    X
 Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "2009002479eqq.""

Generating public/private rsa key pair.

Enter file in which to save the key (/c/Users/Administrator/.ssh/id_rsa):

Created directory '/c/Users/Administrator/.ssh'.
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /c/Users/Administrator/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /c/Users/Administrator/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:a0+CJdDEWRIGIZuROCABIHvRha6ZHeffDsHMwMxB72I 20606834700
The key's randomart image is:
 ---[RSA 3072]--
 @o+ooBO+.
 =..*oBo+
      = +E S
       ...= 0
          . . = . .
               . 0
   ---[SHA256]
 Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~
```

2.2 添加私钥到秘钥管理器

ssh-agent就是一个密钥管理器,运行ssh-agent以后,使用ssh-add将私钥交给ssh-agent保管,其他程序需要身份验证的时候可以将验证申请交给ssh-agent来完成整个认证过程。

确认一下秘钥管理器是否正常运行,执行ssh-agent命令,如下图所示。

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~
$ ssh-agent
SSH_AUTH_SOCK=/tmp/ssh-37i9fhpQZAKY/agent.1972; export SSH_AUTH_SOCK;
SSH_AGENT_PID=1973; export SSH_AGENT_PID;
echo Agent pid 1973;
```

添加私钥到秘钥管理器,执行下列命令

```
1 | ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa
```

执行结果如下图所示,表示出现了错误

```
Administrator@Naaman <u>MINGW64</u> ~
$ ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa
Could not open a connection to your authentication agent.
```

通过下面的方式解决

• 首先查询进程

```
1 ps aux | grep ssh
```

• 然后杀死进程

```
1 kill -9 进程号
```

• 进入用户名目录下的.ssh目录, 执行如下命令

```
1 cd ~/.ssh
2 exec ssh-agent bash
3 eval ssh-agent -s
```

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~
$ ps_aux | grep ssh
                               13784 ?
                     1973
                                                 197108 15:48:39 /usr/bin/ssh-agent
    1973
Administra<u>tor@N</u>aaman MINGW64 ~
$ kill -9 1973
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~
$ cd ~/.ssh
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh
$ exec ssh-agent bash
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh
$ eval ssh-agent -s
SSH_AUTH_SOCK=/tmp/ssh-K7mYXG14ZAJY/agent.2010; export SSH_AUTH_SOCK;
SSH_AGENT_PID=2011; export SSH_AGENT_PID;
echo Agent pid 2011;
```

• 再次执行添加命令

```
1 | ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa
```

执行结果如下图所示表示添加成功

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh
$ ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa
Identity added: /c/Users/Administrator/.ssh/id_rsa (<del>2009002-7-2011)</del>)
```

2.3 配置GitHub

查看公钥

```
1 cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh

$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABgQDdq4UxOO9iTqkRgOFM8z67KJgLf37VVgf2O5QNyJWoOKTci9qRWUGzc4n81JYA8dmAUynwsEOOp/v3P7LcrnEvOxADTW9DIO+66zGsNhx2UNEawS94P3GzV8CUL711B0u5d3r8ZTWKiS1RpAvRU3CAkckZ3mNnnLsSeLwOATm1jyirlArhwXir2OMaAODtZjAQOIYFBsne5A3dNCHdbOcdme6euQSkcVUa8zjeW2lxpQFovnI33LCUF3odm1xGhCtNnu+PChcICRaATDyWg5Jcm9zYt6hsX/O13WMlUom15HxhXs6IkFTFK505tS23L21yzQ6UeYCefEYfR0FrJoUFbqGZyJysU/utIIkMJVvL/7vnl4m91yRdCpykOi3B6unqNpp3fCcczxt4k8omSqwzzGszVps9qgZC4kI6XVi2mrM2eXrBnGEBya2n+juUim

复制公钥备用。

打开GitHub SSH Key新建链接: https://github.com/settings/ssh/new

然后在执行下图所示的操作

SSH keys / Add new



2.4 连接测试

执行命令

```
1 | ssh -T git@github.com
```

执行结果如如下图所示

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh
$ ssh -T git@github.com
The authenticity of host 'github.com (20.205.243.166)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:+DiY3wvvV6TuJJhbpZisF/zLDA0zPMSvHdkr4UvCOqU.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])?
```

输入yes, 执行结果如下图所示

```
Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh

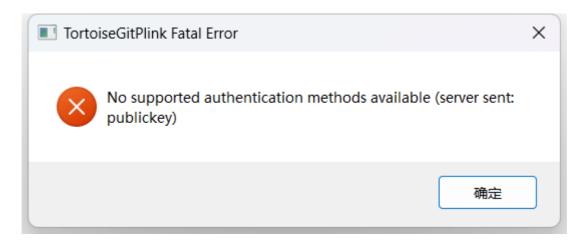
$ ssh -T git@github.com
The authenticity of host 'github.com (20.205.243.166)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:+DiY3wvvV6TuJJhbpZisF/zLDA0zPMSvHdkr4UvCOqU.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'github.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Hi zero-awei! You've successfully authenticated, but GitHub does not provide shell access.

Administrator@Naaman MINGW64 ~/.ssh
```

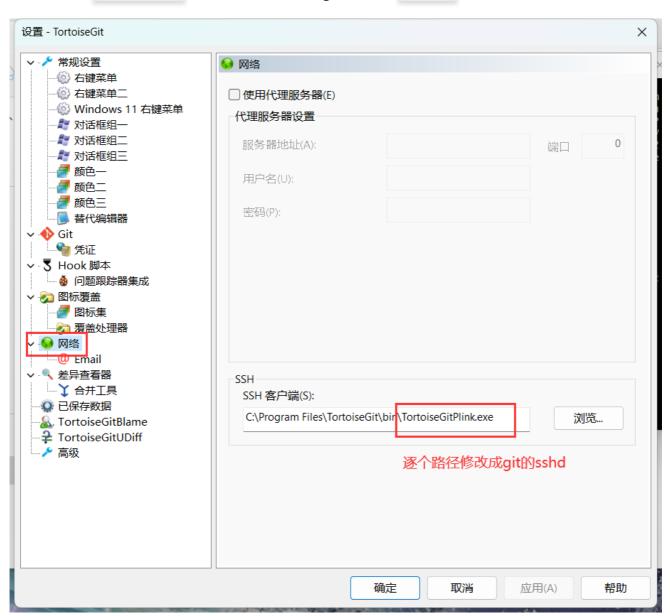
到此说明配置成功了,你就可以用ssh方式克隆和推送代码到GitHub了

提示:

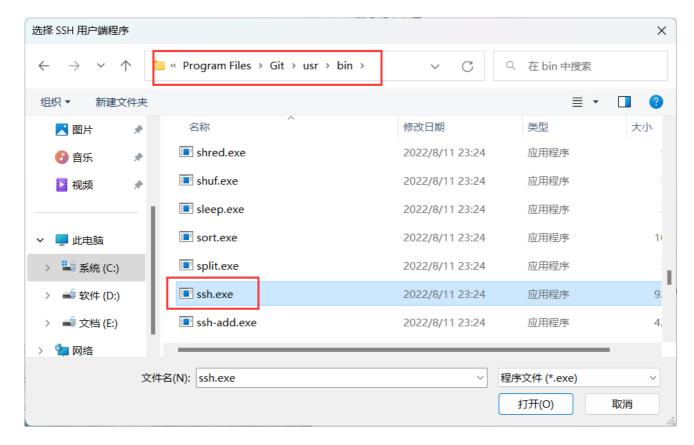
如果我们用乌龟clone项目的时候出现下图的错误提示,我们需要做以下处理。



我们需要修改TortoiseGit 网络的SSH客户端为 git 服务器的ssh.exe



点击浏览,示例路径如下



再次尝试即可正常clone

2.5 扩展

如果需要配置多个凭证,可以在.ssh目录下面建立一个config文件书写配置来对应

下面是一个配置示例:

```
#github
Host github.com
HostName github.com
PreferredAuthentications publickey
IdentityFile ~/.ssh/id_rsa
User zero-awei
```

配置文件说明:

每个账号单独配置一个Host, HostName和IdentityFile三个属性即可。

- Host: 别名,可以取为自己喜欢的名字,不过这个会影响git相关命令,例如:
 - Host mygithub 这样定义的话,命令如下,即git@后面紧跟的名字改为mygithub,相应的clone命令为:
 - o 1 git clone git@mygithub:xxxx/xxxxx.git
- HostName:映射Host对应的真正的域名,如:github.com
- IdentityFile:配置私钥文件所在位置,如: ~/.ssh/id_rsa
- PreferredAuthentications: 配置登录时用什么权限认证
 - 。 可设置为: publickey, password publickey, keyboard-interactive等

• User: 配置使用用户名