

Hacking The Python Import System

Liad Oz

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Terms

From python glossary:

- **Module** - An object that serves as an organizational unit of Python code
- **Package** - A Python module which can contain submodules or recursively, subpackages
- **Loader** - An object that loads a module
- **Finder** - An object that tries to find the loader for a module that is being imported

Import Machinery

Finder

```
1 class ExampleFinder(importlib.abc.MetaPathFinder):  
2     def find_spec(self, fullname, path, target = None) → Optional[ModuleSpec]:  
3         ...
```

- `fullname` - The full name of the module imported
- `path` - Path of the package the module is imported from
- `return value` - An object that contains the `Loader` that should be used to load the module

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Example:

```
1 from flask.json import loads
```

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- `return value` - An object that contains the `Loader` that should be used to load the module

Example:

```
1 from flask.json import loads
```

- `fullname`: `"flask.json"`
- `path`: `["/Users/loz/env/lib/python3.9/site-packages/flask"]`

Loader

```
1 class ExampleLoader(importlib.abc.Loader):
2     def create_module(self, spec: ModuleSpec) → ModuleType:
3         ...
4
5     def exec_module(self, module: ModuleType) → None:
6         ...
```

- `spec` - The module spec created by `find_spec`
- `module` - The module object created by `create_module`

Loader

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- `spec` - The module spec created by `find_spec`
- `module` - The module object created by `create_module`

The result of the `create_module` is the module returned from the import statement

sys.meta_path

A list of all the Finders that are used in the Import Machinery

```
1 import sys
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```
1 [<class '_frozen_importlib.BuiltinImporter'>,
2  <class '_frozen_importlib.FrozenImporter'>,
3  <class '_frozen_importlib_external.PathFinder'>]
```

sys.meta_path

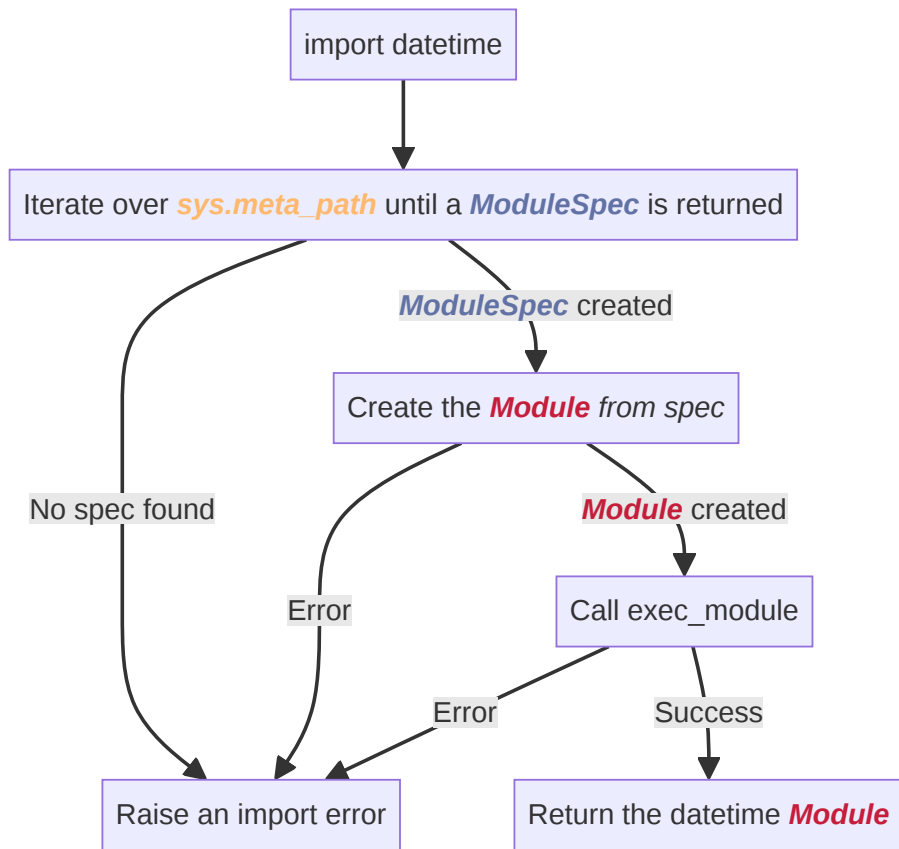
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1 [<class '_frozen_importlib.BuiltinImporter'>,
2  <class '_frozen_importlib.FrozenImporter'>,
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```

- `BuiltinImporter` - For modules like `sys` and `os`
- `FrozenImporter` - For frozen modules
- `PathFinder` - Modules that are located somewhere in the filesystem like `datetime` or `flask`

Import Flow



PathFinder

sys.path

Locations where the `PathFinder` searches for packages/modules

Inside a virtual environment

```
1 import sys
2 sys.path
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```
1 ['',
2   '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python38.zip',
3   '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python3.8',
4   '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python3.8/lib-dynload',
5   '/Users/loz/projects/hacking_import/env/lib/python3.8/site-packages']
```

PYTHONPATH

An environment variable, when the python process starts the contents are appended into `sys.path`

```
1 export PYTHONPATH=/path/to/foo:/path/to/bar
```

```
1 sys.path
```

```
1 ['',  
2  '/path/to/foo',  
3  '/path/to/bar',  
4  '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python38.zip',  
5  '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python3.8',  
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7  '/Users/loz/Library/Python/3.8/lib/python/site-packages',  
8  '/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.8/lib/python3.8/site-packages']
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PathFinder

```
1  class PathFinder:
2
3      ...
4
5      @classmethod
6      def find_spec(cls, fullname, path=None, target=None):
7          """Try to find a spec for 'fullname' on sys.path or 'path'.
8
9          The search is based on sys.path_hooks and sys.path_importer_cache.
10         """
11         if path is None:
12             path = sys.path
13         spec = cls._get_spec(fullname, path, target)
14         if spec is None:
15             return None
16
17         # omitted code
18         return spec
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- Create a Finder with the `find_spec` function
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- Create a Finder with the `find_spec` function
- Create a Loader with the `create_module` and `exec_module` functions
- Add the Finder to `sys.meta_path`

Remote Host Finder

Problem: We have a python package that can only be installed on linux hosts. While production does run on linux, in development some of the developers use MacOS.

Solution: Create a new finder - for packages that are not found with the standard finder, it uses a proxy module from a remote linux host.

RPyC Finder

```
1  import rpyc
2  import sys
3  import importlib
4
5  ALLOWED_MODULES = ['linux_only_package',]
6  class RPyCFinder(importlib.abc.MetaPathFinder):
7      def __init__(self):
8          self.host = rpyc.classic.connect('ubuntu-host')
9
10     def find_spec(self, fullname, path):
11         if path:
12             return None
13         if fullname not in ALLOWED_MODULES:
14             return None
15
16         spec = importlib.util.spec_from_loader(fullname, RPyCLoader(self.host))
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RPyC Loader

```
1  class RPyCLoader(importlib.abc.Loader):
2      def __init__(self, host):
3          self.host = host
4
5      def create_module(self, spec):
6          proxy_module = getattr(self.host.modules, spec.name)
7          return proxy_module
8
9      def exec_module(self, module):
10         ...
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Don't try this at home!

Problem: Python doesn't find the modules I ask it to. Whether it was not installed, a spelling mistake in the name or the module just doesn't exist.

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Solution: AI

Use Open AI API to generate module functions as they are being called

AI Finder

No, really... I'm not joking!

```
1  DISALLOWED_MODULES = ["apport_python_hook", "sitecustomize", "usercustomize"]
2  class AiFinder(): # pylint: disable=too-few-public-methods
3      def __init__(self, api_key: str) → None:
4          self._loader = AiLoader(api_key)
5
6      def find_spec(self, fullname, path, _target=None):
7          if path:
8              return None
9          if '.' in fullname or fullname in DISALLOWED_MODULES:
10             return None
11         return importlib.util.spec_from_loader(fullname, self._loader)
```

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AI Loader

For your safety, don't do this...

```
1  from module_found.lazy_object import LazyModule
2
3  class AiLoader():
4      def __init__(self, api_key: str) → None:
5          self._api_key = api_key
6
7      def create_module(self, spec):
8          return LazyModule(self._api_key, spec.name)
9
10     def exec_module(self, _module):
11         ...
```

AI Loader

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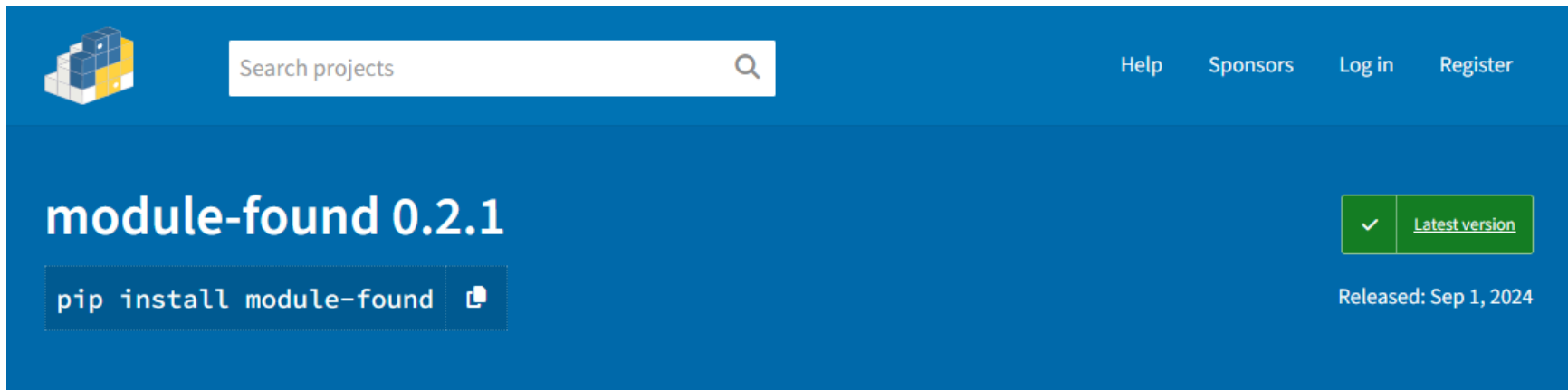
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9
10     def exec_module(self, _module):
11         ...
```

Module Found Demo

Seriously, DON'T try this at home... Like, ever!

Module Found on PyPI

Alright, here's how you do it at home...



The screenshot shows the PyPI project page for 'module-found'. At the top left is the PyPI logo. Next to it is a search bar with the text 'Search projects' and a magnifying glass icon. To the right of the search bar are links for 'Help', 'Sponsors', 'Log in', and 'Register'. Below the search bar, the project name 'module-found' is displayed in large white text, followed by the version '0.2.1'. Below this, there is a dark blue button with the text 'pip install module-found' and a copy icon. To the right of the button, there is a green box with a checkmark and the text 'Latest version'. Below the green box, it says 'Released: Sep 1, 2024'.

Search projects

Help Sponsors Log in Register

module-found 0.2.1

`pip install module-found`

✓ [Latest version](#)

Released: Sep 1, 2024

<https://pypi.org/project/module-found/>

<https://github.com/LiadOz/module-found/>

But wait, there's more!

- Relative imports - PEP 328
- `sys.path_hooks` - to hook into the PathFinder code
- Lazy imports in Python 3.12 PEP-690