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Pledge: I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System – Liam Brew

Use the Master Theorem to find the complexity of each recurrence relation listed below.

- 1. $T(n) = T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n^2$ Complexity: $\theta(n^2)$
- 2. $T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n^2$ Complexity: $\theta(n^2 * lgn)$
- 3. $T(n) = 3T\left(\frac{n}{3}\right) + \sqrt{n}$ Complexity: $\theta(n)$

For each function below, write the recurrence relation for its running time and then use the Master Theorem to find its complexity.

```
4. int f(int arr[], int n) {
    if (n == 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    int sum = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
        sum += arr[j];
    }
    return f(arr, n / 2) + sum + f(arr, n / 2);
}</pre>
```

Recurrence: $\underline{T(n)} = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + n$ Complexity: $\underline{\theta(nlgn)}$

5. void g(int n, int arrA[], int arrB[]) {
 if (n == 0) {
 return;
 }
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
 for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
 arrB[j] += arrA[i];
 }
 }
 g(n / 2, arrA, arrB);
}</pre>

Recurrence: $\underline{T(n)} = \underline{T(\frac{n}{2})} + \underline{n^2}$

Complexity: $\theta(n^2)$