**Notes of “Multiculturalism Policy Index”**

**Type**

Research Paper

**Topic**

Concept

**Usable Quotes or Figures**

Immigrant Minorities in Western Countries Over Time

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Year** | | | |
| **Continent** | 1980 | 1990 | 2000 | 2010 |
| Europe | Weak  < 3.0% | Weak – Modest  <3.0 – 5.5 % | Modest - Strong  3.0% - 8.0 % | Modest - Strong  3.0% - 8.0 % |
| North America | Modest  3.0% - 5.5 % | Modest - Strong  3.0% - 8.0 % | Modest - Strong  3.0% - 8.0 % | Modest - Strong  3.0% - 8.0 % |
| Australia | Modest  3.0% - 5.5 % | Strong  6.0% - 8.0% | Strong  6.0% - 8.0% | Strong  6.0% - 8.0% |

1. The proportion of foreign population Born in the UK was 5% in 1980 which has rose to 12% as of 2010.
2. The proportion of foreign population Born in the US was 7% in 1980 which has rose to 14% as of 2010.

19 out of the 21 western countries have had 5% or more increase of the foreign population born in the country.

**Summary**

This research paper carried out at the Queen’s University which was monitoring the changes of multiculturalism in 21 Western Countries over a time period of 30 years. The research shows that despite changes in the foreign polices of these countries, the rate of multiculturalism has continued to increase.

After analysing the data, the conclusion that multiculturalism will continue to rise can be reached, which happens to be shared with the researches that spearheaded the project. This data and its conclusion support the concept for the project because as stated before, multiculturalism currently causes xenophobic behaviour and the segregation of the community. Providing a working solution would greatly improve the quality of life for many individuals.