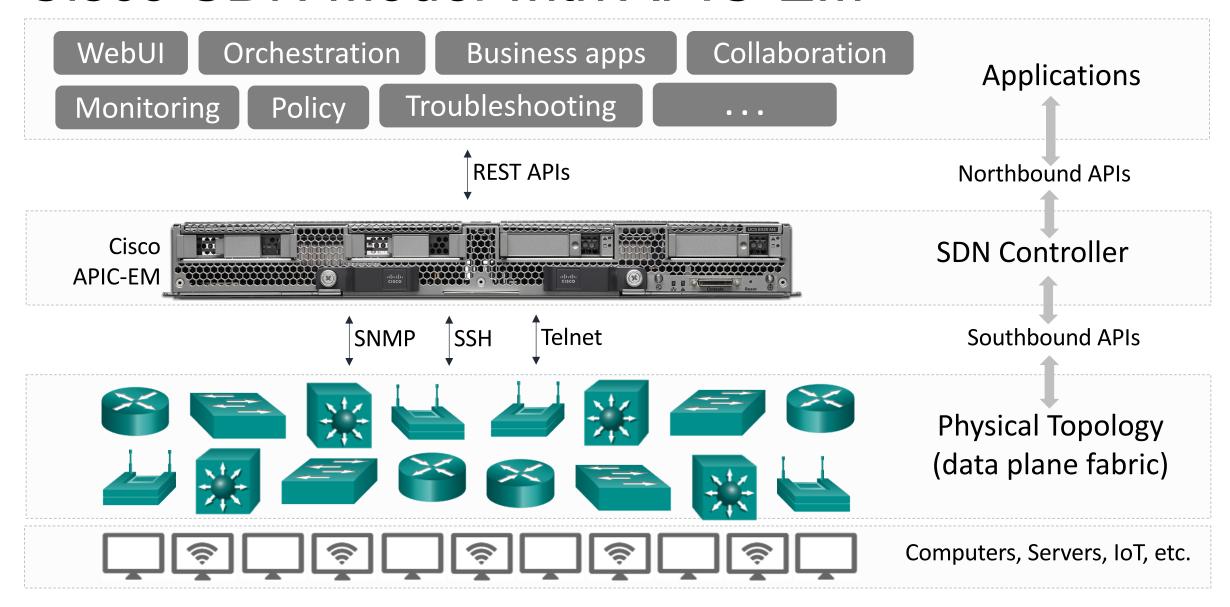
## The APIC-EM



### Cisco SDN Model with APIC-EM



### What is the APIC-EM?



The Cisco Application Policy Infrastructure Controller Enterprise Module (APIC-EM):

- A Software-Defined Networking (SDN) controller for enterprise networks
- A virtual, software-only, or physical appliance
- Creates an intelligent, open, programmable network with open APIs
- Can transform business-intent policies into dynamic network configuration
- Provides a single point for network-wide automation and control

### APIC-EM – Log in

Virtualized APIC-EM Controllers are available in several DevNet Sandboxes:

### Always On, NetAcad instances

- For NetAcad users only
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-1.cisco.com
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-2.cisco.com
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-3.cisco.com
- User/PW: Ask your instructor

### Always on, public instance

- For to all DevNet users
- https://SandBoxAPICEM.cisco.com
- User: devnetuser PW: Cisco123!



### APIC-EM – Log in

A virtualized APIC-EM Controller is available in a DevNet Sandbox:

### Always on, NetAcad only instances

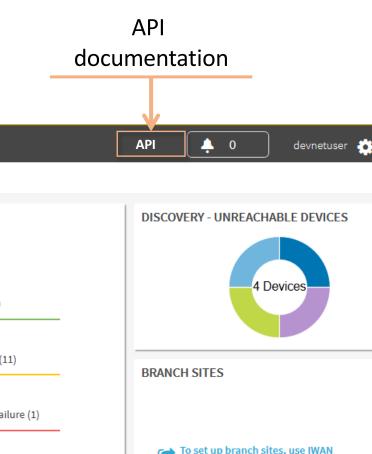
- For NetAcad users in specific regions.
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-1.cisco.com
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-2.cisco.com
- https://DevNetSBX-NetAcad-APICEM-3.cisco.com
- User/PW: Ask your instructor

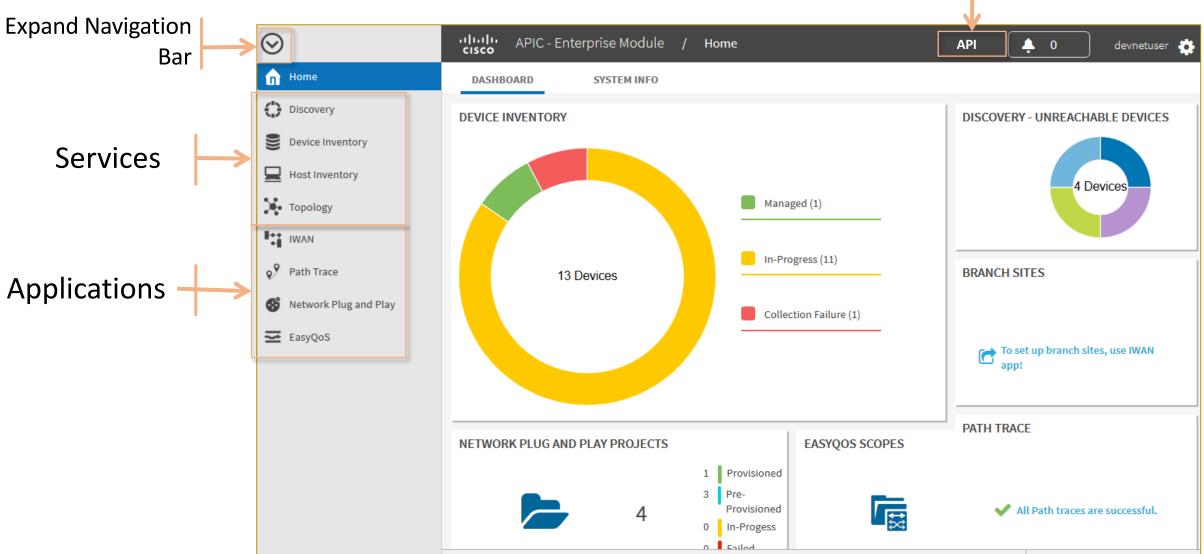
### Always on, public instance

- For all DevNet users
- https://SandBoxAPICEM.cisco.com
- User: devnetuser PW: Cisco123!



## APIC-EM Home Page





## **APIC-EM Applications**

### Network Plug-and-Play (PnP)

Provides a unified approach to provision enterprise networks comprised of Cisco routers, switches, and wireless access points with a near-zero-touch deployment experience.

### Easy QoS

Provides a simple way to classify and assign application priority.

### Intelligent WAN (IWAN)

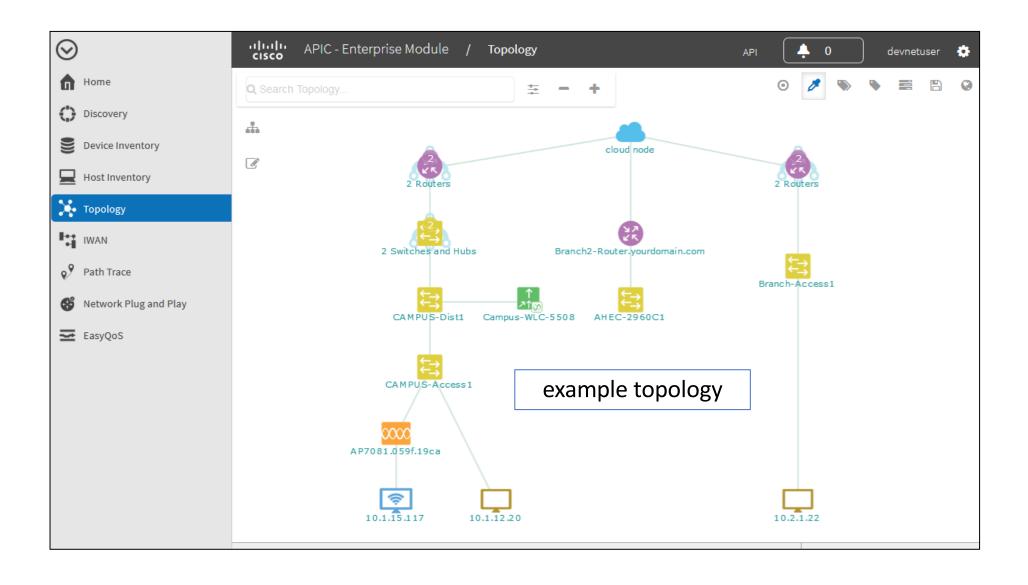
Simplifies WAN deployments by providing an intuitive, policy-based interface that helps IT abstract network complexity and design for business intent.

#### Path Trace

Greatly eases and accelerates the task of connection monitoring and troubleshooting.

More information on the Cisco APIC-EM.

## APIC-EM Topology Page





## Programming the APIC-EM REST API

## REST APIs



## What is so great about REST\*?

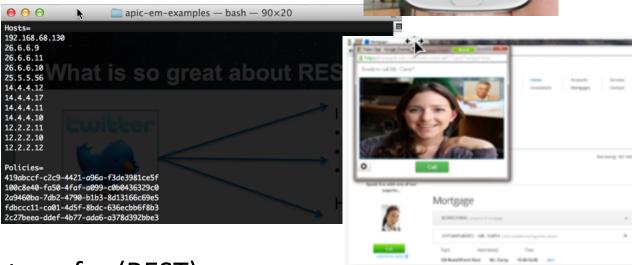


- Hosts
- Devices
- Users
- + more

How does this work?



- In mobile apps
- In console apps
- In web apps



Country Road

Pumpkin Patch

\*representational state transfer (REST).

### REST APIS

- Use HTTP protocol methods and transport
- API endpoints exist as server processes that are accessed through URIs
- Webpages present data and functionality in human-machine interaction driven by a user.
- APIs present data and functionality in machine-machine interactions driven by software.

Directory of Public APIs: <a href="https://www.programmableweb.com/apis/directory">https://www.programmableweb.com/apis/directory</a>

### How does this work?



### Anatomy of a REST Request

REST requests require the following elements (requirements may differ depending on the API):

#### Method

— GET (retrieve), POST (create), PUT (update), DELETE (remove)

#### URL

– Example: http://{APIC-EMController}/api/v1/host

#### **Authentication**

Basic HTTP, OAuth, none, Custom

#### **Custom Headers**

- HTTP Headers
- Example: Content-Type: application/json

#### **Request Body**

JSON or XML containing data needed to complete request

## What is in the Response?

#### **HTTP Status Codes**

- http://www.w3.org/Protocols/HTTP/HTRESP.html
- -200 OK
- -201 Created
- -401, 403 Authorization error
- -404 Resource not found
- -500 Internal Error

### Headers

### Body

- -JSON
- -XML

Example output of a HTTP response in the Postman application

### JSON and XML

#### **JSON** in sample × 53 1 + { 2 + "response": { "request": { "sourceIP": "10.1.15.117", "destIP": "10.2.1.22", "periodicRefresh": false, "id": "feb8f5c6-56d1-45ec-9a49-bd4afac5c887", "status": "COMPLETED", 9 "createTime": 1506693815419, 10 "lastUpdateTime": 1506693823127 11 "lastUpdate": "Fri Sep 29 14:03:43 UTC 2017", 12 13 -"networkElementsInfo": [ 14 \* 15 "id": "48cdeb9b-b412-491e-a80c-7ec5bbe98167", 16 "type": "wireless", 17 "ip": "10.1.15.117", "linkInformationSource": "Switched" 18 19 20 + 21 "id": "cd6d9b24-839b-4d58-adfe-3fdf781e1782", "name": "AP7081.059f.19ca", 22 23 "type": "Unified AP", 24 "ip": "10.1.14.3", 25 "role": "ACCESS", "linkInformationSource": "Switched". 26 27 ₹ "tunnels": [ 28 "CAPWAP Tunnel" 29 30 31 ₹ 32 "id": "5b5ea8da-8c23-486a-b95e-7429684d25fc", 33 "name": "CAMPUS-Access1". 34 "type": "Switches and Hubs", 35 "ip": "10.1.12.1", "ingressInterface": { 36 ₹ 37 ₹ "physicalInterface": { 38 "id": "dd2c47ea-ad19-4a1e-ad0e-82d9deefd61b", 39 "name": "GigabitEthernet1/0/26" 40 41 42 -"egressInterface": { 43 -"physicalInterface": { 44 "id": "38c72319-855e-43bc-8458-94f695d435b6", "name": "GigabitEthernet1/0/1"

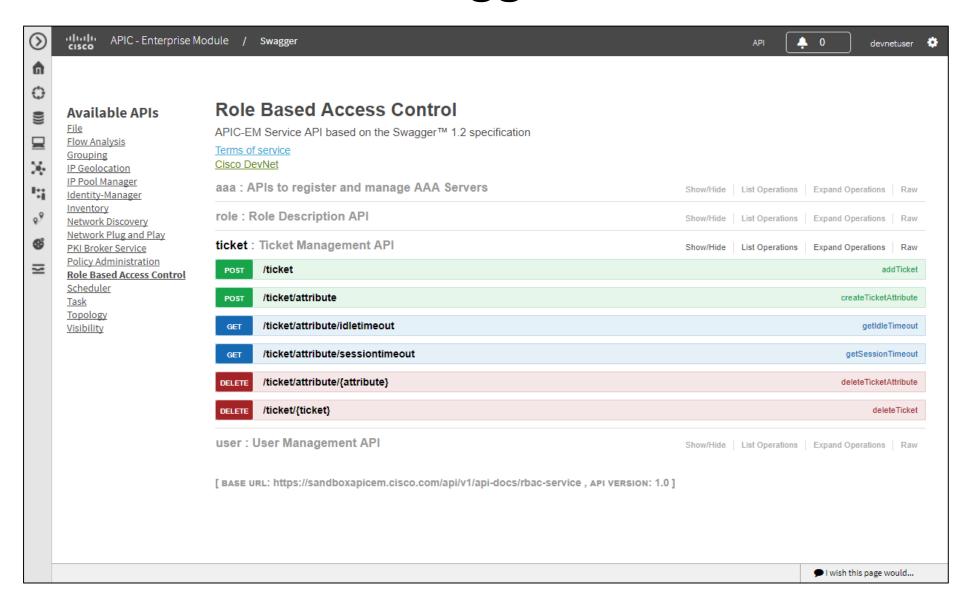
#### **XML**

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
 2 ▼ <response>
         <reauest>
            <sourceIP>10.1.15.117</sourceIP>
            <destIP>10.2.1.22</destIP>
            <periodicRefresh>false</periodicRefresh>
            <id>feb8f5c6-56d1-45ec-9a49-bd4afac5c887</id>
            <status>COMPLETED</status>
9
            <createTime>1506693815419</createTime>
10
            <lastUpdateTime>1506693823127/lastUpdateTime>
11
12
         <lastUpdate>Fri Sep 29 14:03:43 UTC 2017</lastUpdate>
13 ₹
         <networkElementsInfo>
14
            <id>48cdeb9b-b412-491e-a80c-7ec5bbe98167</id>
15
            <type>wireless</type>
16
            <ip>10.1.15.117</ip>
17
            <linkInformationSource>Switched</linkInformationSource>
18
         </networkElementsInfo>
19 +
         <networkFlementsInfo>
20
            <id>cd6d9b24-839b-4d58-adfe-3fdf781e1782</id>
21
            <name>AP7081.059f.19ca</name>
22
            <type>Unified AP</type>
23
            <ip>10.1.14.3</ip>
24
            <role>ACCESS</role>
25
            <linkInformationSource>Switched</linkInformationSource>
26
            <tunnels>CAPWAP Tunnel</tunnels>
27
         </networkElementsInfo>
28 ₹
         <networkElementsInfo>
29
            <id>5b5ea8da-8c23-486a-b95e-7429684d25fc</id>
30
            <name>CAMPUS-Access1</name>
31
            <type>Switches and Hubs</type>
32
            <ip>10.1.12.1</ip>
33 ₹
            <ingressInterface>
34 ₹
                <physicalInterface>
35
                     <id>dd2c47ea-ad19-4a1e-ad0e-82d9deefd61b</id>
36
                     <name>GigabitEthernet1/0/26</name>
37
                </physicalInterface>
38
            </ingressInterface>
39 +
            <egressInterface>
40 -
                <physicalInterface>
41
                     <id>38c72319-855e-43bc-8458-94f695d435b6</id>
42
                     <name>GigabitEthernet1/0/1</name>
43
                </physicalInterface>
44
            </egressInterface>
```

### What about authentication?

- None: The API resource is public and anybody can place the request.
- Basic HTTP: The username and password are passed to the server in an encoded string.
- OAuth: Open standard for HTTP authentication and session management.
   Creates an access token associated to a specific user that also specifies the user rights.
- **Token:** A token is created and passed with each API call, but there is no session management and tracking of clients which simplifies interaction between the server and client.
- → APIC-EM uses **Token** for authentication management. The APIC-EM calls this token a service ticket.

## View the APIC-EM Swagger Documentation



# POST /ticket Swagger Try it out!

- 1. Click Model Schema
- 2. Click the yellow box under Model Schema
- 3. Enter the DevNet Sandbox APIC-EM credentials between the quotes.
- 4. Click the "Try it out!" button.
- 5. If successful, the ticket number will be in the response body JSON.

