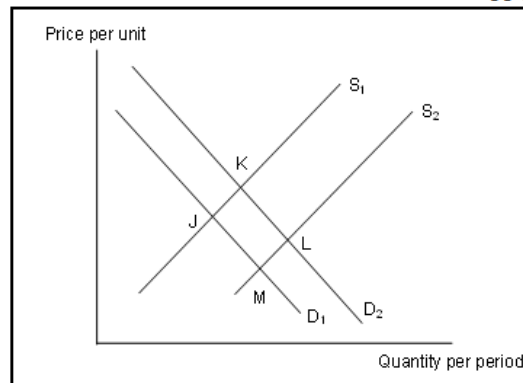


Time left 1:26:16

**Question 21**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

**Exhibit: Simultaneous Shifts in Demand and Supply**

In this exhibit (Simultaneous Shifts in Demand and Supply),  $D_1$  and  $S_1$  are original supply and demand curves, and  $S_2$  and  $D_2$  are new curves. In this market, the change in supply may have resulted from:

Select one:

- ☐ a. wage increases for the workers.
- ☐ b. an improvement in technology.
- ☐ c. a decrease in the number of sellers.
- ☐ d. all of the above.

**Question 22**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Using the aggregate demand-aggregate supply model, predict what happens in the short run when there is a general decrease in raw materials cost.

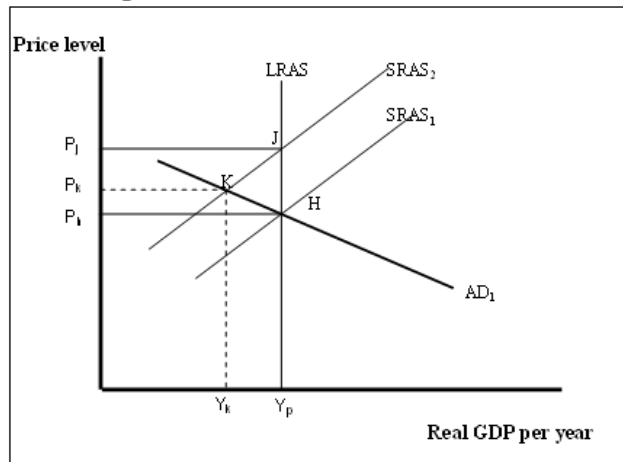
Select one:

- ☐ a. The aggregate supply curve shifts right; the aggregate demand curve is not affected; price level decreases; real GDP increases.
- ☐ b. The aggregate supply curve shifts left; the aggregate demand curve is not affected; price level increases; real GDP decreases.
- ☐ c. The aggregate demand curve shifts right; the aggregate supply curve is not affected; price level and real GDP increase.
- ☐ d. The aggregate demand curve shifts left; the aggregate supply curve is not affected; price level and real GDP decrease.

**Question 23**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

**Exhibit: Figure 7-7**

In this exhibit (Figure 7-7), suppose the economy is initially in short-run equilibrium at point K. If the policy-makers adopt a nonintervention policy, over time,

- I. Real wages will fall as long as unemployment remains above the natural rate.
- II. Lower nominal wages will result in a gradual shift from  $SRAS_2$  to  $SRAS_1$ .
- III. Long-run equilibrium will be established at  $Y_p$  and  $P_h$ .

Select one:

- ☐ a. I, II, and III
- ☐ b. I and II only
- ☐ c. II and III only
- ☐ d. III only

**Question 24**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

The current rate of unemployment of 15 percent is too high. This is a \_\_\_\_\_ statement.

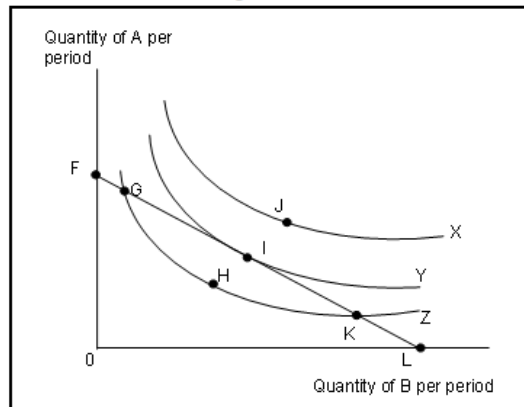
Select one:

- ☐ a. normative
- ☐ b. ceteris paribus
- ☐ c. positive
- ☐ d. fallacy of false cause

**Question 25**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

**Exhibit: Consumer Equilibrium 3**

In this exhibit (Consumer Equilibrium 3), assume that you are consuming the combination of goods at point K. Given budget constraint FL, utility can be increased by moving to point:

Select one:

- ☐ a. F.
- ☐ b. G.
- ☐ c. H.
- ☐ d. I.

**Question 26**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Freema withdraws \$1,000 from her checking account to purchase a \$1,000 time-deposit. As a result of her transaction:

Select one:

- ☐ a. M1 and M2 decrease.
- ☐ b. M1 decreases and M2 increases.
- ☐ c. M1 decreases and M2 is unaffected.
- ☐ d. M1 and M2 are unaffected.

**Question 27**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Economic growth can be represented by:

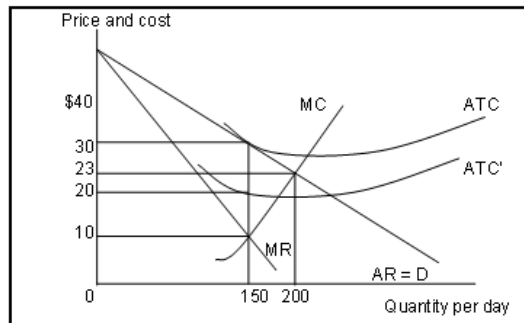
Select one:

- ☐ a. an increasing equilibrium output level
- ☐ b. a rightward shift of an economy's short-run aggregate supply curve.
- ☐ c. a rightward shift of an economy's long-run aggregate demand curve.
- ☐ d. a rightward shift of an economy's long-run aggregate supply curve.

**Question 28**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

**Exhibit: Profit Maximization for a Firm in Monopolistic Competition**

In this exhibit (Profit Maximization for a Firm in Monopolistic Competition), suppose that an innovation reduces a firm's fixed costs and reduces cost from ATC to ATC' before the innovation reduced the cost, the firm's maximum economic profit was:

Select one:

- ☐ a. \$0.
- ☐ b. \$30.
- ☐ c. \$750.
- ☐ d. \$4,500.

**Question 29**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

If an industry's long-run supply curve is upward sloping, the industry is characterized by:

Select one:

- ☐ a. increasing cost.
- ☐ b. decreasing cost.
- ☐ c. constant cost.
- ☐ d. high overhead cost.

**Question 30**

Not yet answered

Marked out of 1.00

Suppose a bank has \$10,000 in deposits and \$1,000 in reserves. The required reserve ratio is 5%. Which of the following occurs if the required reserve ratio is increased to 10%?

Select one:

- ☐ a. The bank's required reserves will decrease to \$500.
- ☐ b. The bank's excess reserves will increase to \$1,000.
- ☐ c. The bank's required reserves will increase to \$1,000.
- ☐ d. The bank's ability to create loans increases by 5%.

