

地点

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单词

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词汇	发音	词性	翻译
between	[us]br'twi:n [uk]br'twi:n	prep.	在.....中间, 在.....之间
behind	[us]br'haɪnd [uk]br'haɪnd	prep.	在.....后面
across	[us]ə'krɔ:s [uk]ə'krɒs	prep.	穿过, 走过
right	[us]raɪt [uk]raɪt	adv.	右边地
straight	[us]streɪt [uk]streɪt	adv.	笔直的
correct	[us]kə'rekt [uk]kə'rekt	adj.	正确的, 准确的
right	[us]raɪt [uk]raɪt	adj.	正确的, 对的
far	[us]fɑ:r [uk]fɑ:(r)	adv.	很远地
mile	[us]maɪl [uk]maɪl	noun	英里
address	[us]ə'dres [uk]ə'dres	noun	地址
east	[us]i:st [uk]i:st	noun	东部, 东方, 东面
ferry	[us]'feri [uk]'feri	noun	渡船
north	[us]nɔ:rθ [uk]nɔ:θ	noun	北, 北方
south	[us]saʊθ [uk]saʊθ	noun	南方, 南部
streetcar	[us]'stri:tkɑ:r [uk]'stri:tkɑ:(r)	noun	电车
west	[us]west [uk]west	noun	西方, 西部
beach	[us]bi:tʃ [uk]bi:tʃ	noun	海滩
coast	[us]koʊst [uk]kəʊst	noun	海岸
desert	[us]'dezərt [uk]'dezət	noun	戈壁, 沙漠
forest	[us]'fɔ:rɪst [uk]'fɒrɪst	noun	森林
hill	[us]hɪl [uk]hɪl	noun	小山, 山丘
hometown	[us]'hoʊmtaʊn [uk]'həʊmtaʊn	noun	家乡
lake	[us]leɪk [uk]leɪk	noun	湖, 湖水
mountain	[us]'maʊntn [uk]'maʊntən	noun	山, 山脉
ocean	[us]'oʊʃn [uk]'əʊʃn	noun	海洋, 海
river	[us]'rɪvər [uk]'rɪvə(r)	noun	河, 河流, 江
valley	[us]'væli [uk]'væli	noun	山谷, 溪谷, 流域

# 向他人介绍你居住的地方

在本课中，您将学习如何解释自己住在哪里。

城市里的位置	
使用 <b>next to</b> 表示某场所与另一场所相邻。	
The library is next to the playground.	图书馆在操场旁边。
使用 <b>on the corner of +</b> 两条街道的名称表示两条街道交汇的地方。	

<b>The bank is on the corner of Pine Street and First Street.</b>	银行在 Pine 街和 First 街街口。
使用 <b>in front of</b> 表示某场所位于另一场所的前方。	

<b>The bus stop is in front of the supermarket.</b>
公交车站在超市前面。

使用 <b>between +</b> 两个场所的名称表示某场所在这两个场所之间。	
The post office is between the restaurant and the movie theater.	邮局在餐厅和电影院之间。
使用 <b>behind</b> 表示某场所在另一场所的后面。	

<b>The pizza place is behind the library.</b>	比萨店在图书馆后面。
使用 <b>across the street</b> 表示某场所在街对面， <b>across the street from</b> 则表示某场所与另一场所隔街对望。	

<b>The bookstore is across the street.</b>	书店在街对面。
The bookstore is across the street from the restaurant.	书店与餐厅隔街对望。

请看街道地图。  
阅读课文，然后回答问题。



地址

街道名称有多个不同的单词。以下是一些关键词和相应的缩写形式。缩写多用于文件、信件和邮件中正式地址的书写。如果与具体街名搭配使用，记住街道单词首字母一定要大写，比如 **Fourth Avenue**。

street = St.	街
road = Rd.	路
avenue = Ave.	大街
boulevard = Blvd.	大道
drive = Dr.	道
way	路
使用 <b>on</b> 谈论某个地方位于的街道	
I live on Maple Road.	我住在 Maple Road 路。
The library is on Pine Street.	图书馆位于 Pine Street 街。

使用 <b>at</b> 谈论街道的具体号码。	
I live at 1215 Maple Road.	我住在 Maple Road 路 1215 号。
The library is at 57 Pine Street.	图书馆位于 Pine Street 街 57 号。
街道号码有多种不同的念法。如果号码为一两个数字，可按一般的方法来念。	
The bank is at 43 Central Boulevard.	银行位于 Central Boulevard 大道 43 号。
如果有三到四个数字，念法就有几种。请听下面几个例子。	
I live at 570 Beverly Drive.	我住在 Beverly Drive 道 570 号。
I live at 1215 Maple Road.	我住在 Maple Road 路 1215 号。
The theater is at 406 Sunshine Way.	电影院位于 Sunshine Way 路 406 号。

如果数字多于四个，那将每个数字念出来。	
The bank is at 11743 Fifth Avenue.	银行位于 Fifth Avenue 大街 11743 号。
注意如果数字是 <b>0</b> ，你可以念做 <b>zero</b> 或者 <b>oh</b> 。	
I live at 570 Beverly Drive.	我住在 Beverly Drive 道 570 号。
He lives at 1208 Maple Road.	他住在 Maple Road 路 1208 号。
The library is at 21409 Second Avenue.	图书馆位于 Second Avenue 大街 21409 号。

请选择正确的词。

I live ( in / on / at ) 237 Maple Road.

They live ( in / on / at ) Paris, but they're from the US.

My house is ( in / on / at ) Royal Drive.

The party's ( in / on / at ) 115 First Street.

We live ( in / on / at ) Vancouver, Canada.

The bank is ( in / on / at ) Green Avenue.

**Truth:** at; in; on; at; in; on

观看视频，学习语言用法。 [https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/51/v/111251/GE\\_3.2.1\\_v2.mp4](https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/51/v/111251/GE_3.2.1_v2.mp4)

[SALLY] So, Todd? Are you coming to the party Friday night?  
[TODD] Party? What party?  
[SALLY] The party at my apartment?  
[TODD] Oh, yeah. Umm, sure. Where do you live?  
[SALLY] I live at 1215 Maple Road.  
[TODD] 1215 Maple Road.  
[SALLY] The cross street is 4th Avenue.  
[TODD] Oh, right. I know Fourth Avenue.  
[SALLY] I live in the apartment building between the library and the park.  
[TODD] Okay.  
[SALLY] I'm on the 11th floor, number 17.  
[TODD] All right. See you on Friday.

Where do you live? 你住在哪里?  
I live at 1215 Maple Road. 我住在枫叶大道1215号。  
The cross street is 4th Avenue. 横街是 4th Avenue 大街。  
between the library and the park 在图书馆和公园之间  
I'm on the 11th floor, number 17. 我住在 11 楼 17 室。

## 询问地址

使用下列问题询问某人居住的地方或某个地位的地址：

A: Where do you live? B: I live on Pine Street.	你住在哪里？我住在 Pine 街。
A: What's your address? B: It's 507 Pine Street.	你的地址是什么？Pine 街 507 号。
A: What's the address of the restaurant? B: The restaurant's at 819 Ocean Avenue.	餐馆地址是什么？餐厅在 Ocean 大道 819 号。

在得知地址后，你可能需要询问以下后续问题。	
A: What's the cross street? B: The cross street is Fourth Avenue.	与哪条路交叉？与Fourth大街交叉。
A: What's your apartment number? B: It's 2314.	你的公寓号码是多少？2314 室。
A: What floor do you live on? B: The 23rd floor.	你住在几楼？23 楼。

# 指路

在本课中，您将学习如何详细地指路。

观看视频，学习语言用法。 <https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/15/55/5/v/15555/1.4> Scene 1.mp4

[SARAH] Concentrate on driving. We don't want to crash.  
[SARAH] I think it's just up straight.  
[SARAH] Turn right.  
[SARAH] No. Left.  
[MARK] Sorry.  
[SARAH] It's a terrible map!  
[MARK] So, where?  
[SARAH] Umm ... We turned right.  
[SARAH] Turn right.  
[SARAH] Turn right here.  
[SARAH] Just go straight, Mark.  
[MARK] Let's park here, OK?

turn right 右转  
left 左边, 左  
go straight 直走

## 指路

使用下列表达告诉他人沿街道直行：

使用表达 **turn right** 和 **turn left** 指示方向。这些表达后接 **on**。

Go straight on Pine Avenue.	沿 Pine Avenue 大街直走。
Go down Oak Street.	沿 Oak Street 街直行。

Go straight on Pine Avenue. Then turn right on Central Boulevard.	沿 pine Avenue 大街直行，然后在 Central Boulevard 大道右转。
Go down Oak Street. Next, turn left on Valley Road.	沿 Oak Steet 街直行，在 Valley Road 路左转。

你也可以使用这些表达告诉他人右转或左转：

Go right on Central Boulevard.	在 Central Boulevard 大道右转。
Make a left on Valley Road.	在 Valley Road 路左转。

要表示某个地方位于街道的右边或左边，使用以下表达：

His house is on the right.	他的房子在右边。
The building is on the left.	大楼在左边。

### 重复路线

重复路线确认时，你可以使用 **so** 一词。

为你指路的人会告诉你是否理解正确。

<b>A: Go down Main Street, and then make a right on Terrace Drive. B: So, I go down Main and make a right on Terrace. A: Yes, that's right.</b>
沿 Main Street 街直行，然后在 Terrace Drive 道右转。这么说，我沿 Main 街直行，然后再 Terrace 道右转。对，没错。

Correct.	对的。
Uh-huh.	嗯。
Yes, that's right.	对，没错。

或者告诉你理解错了。

注意：单词 **right** 既指方位，也是 **correct** 的另一种说法。

<b>A: Go down Main Street, and then make a right on Terrace Drive. B: OK. Go down Main Street and make a left on Terrace. A: No. Make a right on Terrace. B: Oh, OK. Go down Main Street and make a right on Terrace. A: Correct.</b>
沿 Main Street 街直行，然后在 Terrace Drive 道右转。好的。我沿 Main 街直行，然后在 Terrace 道左转。错了，在 Terrace 道右转。哦，好的。沿 Main 街直行，然后在 Terrace 道右转。对的。



**A: Make a right on Terrace Drive. B: OK. I make a right on Terrace. A: Yes, that's right.**

在 Terrace Drive 道右转。好的。我在 Terrace 道右转。对，没错。

## 询问前往某家公司的路线

在本课中，您将学习如何询问前往一家公司的路线。

请选择一张卡片并听音频。



ride the streetcar: 乘坐有轨电车



ride a bike: 骑自行车



take a taxi: 乘坐出租车



go by ferry: 搭乘轮渡



take the subway:乘坐地铁



take the train:乘坐火车



take the bus:乘坐公共汽车



go by plane:乘飞机前往



go by car:坐车前往



go on foot:步行前往

更多方位

四个罗经方位分别为 **north (N)**、**south (S)**、**east (E)** 和 **west (W)**，指路时常常使用这四个词。

Go north on Third Avenue.	沿 Third Avenue 大街往北走。
Go down Central Boulevard, and turn east on Clover Street.	沿 Central Boulevard 大道直行，然后在 Clover Street 街转东。

你也可以用 **which** 询问方位的问题。

A: Which direction is it? B: It's west.
在哪个方向？ 在西边。

**block** 是指街道从一个街角到另一个街角的某个部分，在指路时常常使用。

Go down Main Street for three blocks, and then make a right.	沿 Main Street 街走三个街区，然后右转。
Go south for two blocks, and turn left.	往南走两个街区，然后左转。

请把词条移至正确的间隔处。

Take the number 13 bus, and get (off) at Pine Street. Then walk (north) on First Street for three (blocks) . Our office is on the (left) at 3489. We're on the fourth (floor) in office (number) 420.

询问公司的方位	
给公司打电话时，前台可能会这样回答和讲话：	
ABC Industries. How can I help you?	这里是 ABC Industries 公司。我能帮您吗？
如果打算拜访一家公司，你可能询问公司的地址和前去的路线。在问题前加上 <b>please</b> 显得更礼貌。	
What's your address, please?	请问您的地址是哪里？
Where's your office, please?	请问您的办公室在哪里？
How do I get to your office, please?	请问我怎么去您的办公室？
Can you please tell me how to get there?	您能告诉我怎么去那吗？

被问话人可能需要了解你的更多信息，比如：	
Where are you now?	你现在在哪？
How are you coming?	你怎么来？
在得知路线后，你可能想问多久可以到。前台可能会告诉你一个大概时间。	
A: How long does it take?	需要多长时间？
B: It takes about 20 to 30 minutes.	大约需要 20 到 30 分钟。
不要忘记感谢前台。	
Thank you for your help!	感谢您的帮忙！

请把词条移至正确的间隔处。

A: Good morning. Telex Company. How can I help you?

B: Yes, good morning. I have a meeting at your company today. Can you tell me how to get to your office, please?

A: Yes, of course. Where are you (coming from) ?

B: I'm in front of the Regency Hotel on Park Drive. I'm walking.

A: Oh, OK. First, go (north) on Park Drive for two blocks, and (make a right) on Seventh Avenue.

B: North on Park, turn right on Seventh.

A: Correct. Next, go one (block) on Seventh, and take a left on Chase Street. Our building is (on the right) - number 729. We're on the third (floor) . Our office is number 316.

## 描述城市的位置

在这节课，你将描述你的家乡的位置。

观看视频，学习语言用法。 [https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/58/v/111258/GE\\_3.2.4\\_v2.mp4](https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/58/v/111258/GE_3.2.4_v2.mp4)

[CARLOS] That's my hometown - Salvador. There.  
[SALLY] Right. On the east coast.  
[CARLOS] Yeah.  
[SALLY] Where's Rio?  
[CARLOS] It's in the south. Down here.  
[SALLY] How far is it from Salvador to Rio?  
[CARLOS] It's about 1200 kilometers.  
<start="00:17:450">[SALLY] So you live on the coast.  
[CARLOS] Yeah.  
[SALLY] I love the ocean. Do you know Big Sur?  
[CARLOS] No. Where's that?  
[SALLY] It's in California. It's in the mountains, but it's also on the coast.  
[SALLY] There it is, on the west coast. It's so beautiful there. In the summertime, you can go camping ...

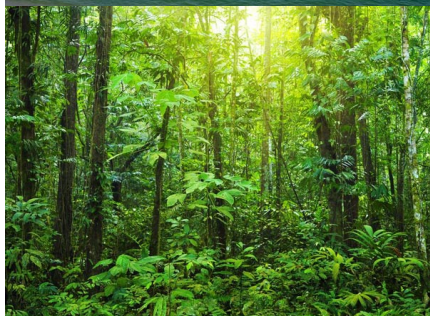
east coast	东岸
kilometers	千米
ocean	海洋
California	加利福尼亚
mountains	山
west coast	西岸
summertime	夏季



请选择一张卡片并听音频。



ocean:海洋, 海



forest:森林



lake:湖, 湖水



mountains:山, 山脉



beach:海滩



hills:小山, 山丘



desert:戈壁, 沙漠



river:河, 河流, 江



coast:海岸



valley:山谷, 溪谷, 流域

观看视频，学习语言用法。 [https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/58/v/111258/GE\\_3.2.4\\_v2.mp4](https://cns2.ef-cdn.com/Juno/11/12/58/v/111258/GE_3.2.4_v2.mp4)

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hometown      家乡  
 in the south      在南边  
 on the coast      在岸上, 沿岸  
 in the mountains      在山里

## 表达城市或小镇的位置

**Hometown** 是指你出生或长大的地方。

A: What's your hometown?	哪里是你的家乡?
B: It's New York City.	纽约市。

如果某人不熟悉你的家乡, 他可能问你的家乡在哪里。使用介词 **on** 搭配以下地理词汇。注意在此处, **on** 与 **next to** 的意思相同。

Where is it?	在哪里?
It's on the ocean.	在海边。
It's on a lake.	在湖边。
It's on the beach.	在海滩上。
It's on a river.	在河边。
It's on the coast.	在海岸上。



使用介词 **in** 搭配以下地理词汇。注意在此处，**in** 与 **in the middle of** 的意思相同。

Where is it?	在哪里?
It's in a forest.	在森林里。
It's in the mountains.	在山里。
It's in the hills.	在山里。
It's in a valley.	在山谷里。
It's in the desert.	在沙漠里。

说明一座城市的位置时，您也可以使用介词 **in** 搭配指南针的四个方向：**north**、**south**、**east** 和 **west**。

It's in the north.	在北边。
It's in the south.	在南边。
It's in the east.	在东边。
It's in the west.	在西边。

### 询问和回答距离

使用表达 **How far is it?** 询问到某地的距离。

<b>A: Let's go to the coffee shop. B: How far is it? A: It's only two blocks.</b>
我们去咖啡店吧。距离多远？ 只隔两个街区。

询问两地之间的距离，使用表达 **How far is it from (place) to (place)?**

世界上大多数地方都使用 **kilometers (km)** 衡量距离。英国和美国使用 **miles**，1 英里约等于 1.6 公里。如果你不知道确切数量，可以在数字前使用 **around** 或 **about**。

<b>A: How far is it from your house to the beach? B: It's about two kilometers.</b>
从你家到海边有多远？ 大约两公里。

<b>A: How far is it from London to Paris? B: It's about 340 kilometers.</b>	<b>伦敦到巴黎有多远? 大约 340 公里。</b>
It's around 215 miles from London to Paris.	从伦敦到巴黎相距大约215英里。

请听音频。请把词条移至正确的间隔处。

SARAH: So, (how) far is it from Paris to Berlin?

PAUL: Well, first we (drive) from Paris to Bruges, in Belgium. It's about 300 (kilometers) . Then we drive (from) Bruges (to) Berlin.

SARAH: How (far) is it from Bruges to Berlin?

PAUL: (About) 800 kilometers.

SARAH: Wow. That's pretty far.

阅读课文，然后回答问题。

Rio de Janeiro is a big city in the south of Brazil. It's on the east coast of the country. Rio has beautiful beaches on the Atlantic Ocean. Two very famous beaches are Ipanema and Copacabana. Rio also is in the mountains. Sugarloaf is the name of a very famous mountain in Rio.

请听音频。请把词条移至正确的间隔处。

Rio de Janeiro is a big city in the (south) of Brazil. It's on the east (coast) of the country. Rio has beautiful (beaches) on the Atlantic (Ocean) . Two very famous beaches are Ipanema and Copacabana. Rio is also (in) the mountains. Sugarloaf is the name of a very famous (mountain) in Rio.

阅读别于介绍自己家乡的一篇博客，然后写出您了解的一个城市。我们会严肃地对待您的隐私。请勿将关于自己的个人信息（种族、宗教、健康状况等）与别人分享。

输入到输入框。请写 30-50 个单词。

**Example:**

of the country, on the North Sea. It's not in the mountains, but there are mountains nearby. It's around 400 miles from London to Edinburgh. By car, that's about seven hours. Come in the summer – in winter, it's really cold!

