

# Report for ADS Project

**Name: Jiajing Liao**

**UFID: 01469951**

**UF Email: [jiajingliao@ufl.edu](mailto:jiajingliao@ufl.edu)**

## File and class preview:

MinHeap.java

- HeapNode
- MinHeap

RedBlackTree.java

- RedBlackTree
- TreeNode
- Color

risingCity.java

- risingCity

## Steps or Ideas to solve this Project:

In this project, I implemented a MinHeap to extract min executed building and a Red Black Tree for PrintBuilding, which is a range query.

I implement the MinHeap in the MinHeap.java.

I implement the RBT in the RedBlackTree.java.

In the risingCity.java, it's the logic of this project. It reads the input and process it. It get the active building, and add executed Building by 1, update the active building every 5 days or whenever a building is finished. It also process the input into simple int, which is easy to process.

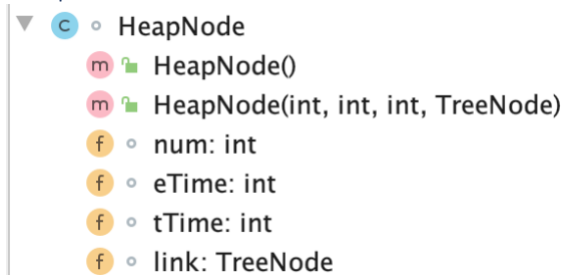
## Class and function detailed Explanation:

MinHeap.java

Ideas:

1. using a MinHeap to Extract the minimal executed building
2. Implemented MinHeap by an array, finding child or parent by indexing
3. using heapify() to fix the MinHeap whenever ExtractMin()
4. there is a link in the node in MinHeap, which point to the node in RBT, whenever node in the MinHeap changes, the corresponding node in the RBT changes.
5. using a random array to test the correctness of MinHeap

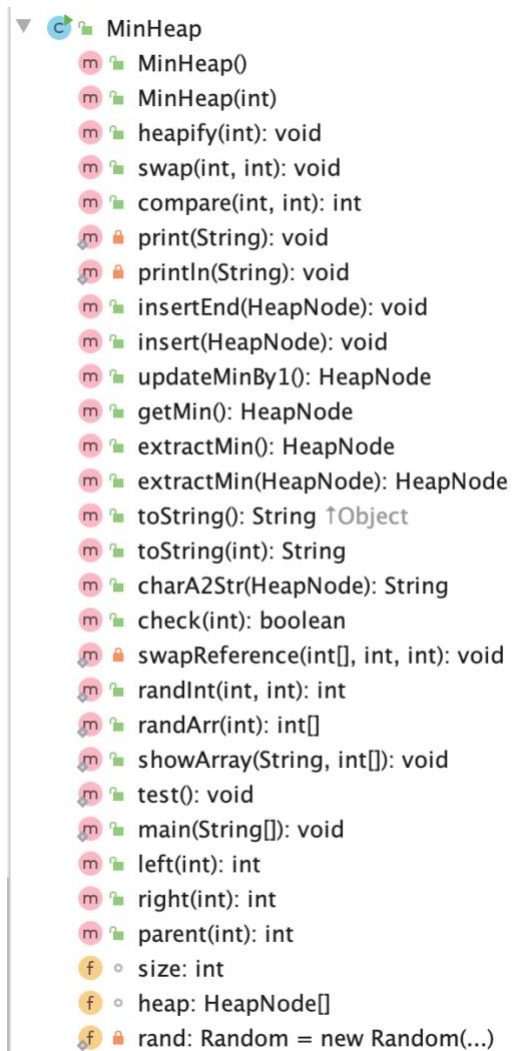
HeapNode



- \* `HeapNode` is a class for Node in the Heap
- \* it has 2 construction function
- \* it has 4 fields:
- \* `num`,
- \* `eTime` is extended time,
- \* `tTime` is total time
- \* `link` is a variable point to a RedBlack Tree

Each building will be modeled as a `HeapNode`, then inserted into the Heap

## MinHeap



insert() can insert a building into the Heap, then the extractMin will get the currently active building,  
extractMin() can get the minimal executed building.  
test() using a random array to test the correctness of MinHeap

## RedBlackTree.java

### Ideas:

1. using a Red Black Tree to implement the function of PrintBuilding()
2. Implemented Red Black Tree by extending classic Tree Implementation.
3. add a field named color, which can be red or black.
4. insert a node as red, then fix the RBT by rotating and color flipping
5. using rotating and color flipping when deleting to fix the RBT
6. using random array to test the correctness of RBT

## RedBlackTree

The screenshot shows the RedBlackTree class with the following methods and fields:

- RedBlackTree()
- addBracket(int, int): String
- addBracket(int, int, int): String
- find(TreeNode, int): String
- find(TreeNode, int, int): String
- compare(TreeNode, TreeNode): int
- delete(TreeNode): void
- deleteFlip(TreeNode, TreeNode): void
- redChild(TreeNode): int
- swap(TreeNode, TreeNode): void
- findLeftBig(TreeNode): TreeNode
- insert(TreeNode): boolean
- insertFlip(TreeNode): void
- insertRecursion(TreeNode, TreeNode): boolean
- updateBy1(TreeNode): void
- node2Str(TreeNode): String
- print(String): void
- println(String): void
- toString(): String
- range(): void
- check(): boolean
- checkDFS(TreeNode, int, int): boolean
- swapReference(int[], int, int): void
- randInt(int, int): int
- randArr(int): int[]
- showArray(String, int[]): void
- test(): void
- main(String[]): void
- LL(TreeNode): void
- RR(TreeNode): void
- LR(TreeNode): void
- RL(TreeNode): void
- LR2(TreeNode): void
- RL2(TreeNode): void
- root: TreeNode
- size: int

find() is the range query for PrintBuilding




insert(), insert a node into RBT, it will then call insertRecursion for recursively insert and insertFlip for rotating and color flipping to fix RBT

delete() delete a node from the Tree, it will then call deleteFlip() to fix the RBT by rotating and color flip.

test() using a random array to test the correctness of MinHeap

## TreeNode

▼ C ◦ TreeNode

- m  TreeNode()
- m  TreeNode(int, int, int)
- f  left: TreeNode
- f  right: TreeNode
- f  parent: TreeNode
- f  color: Color
- f  num: int
- f  eTime: int
- f  tTime: int

TreeNode is a extended Node for RBT, it has 2 construction functions

## Color

▼ E ◦ Color

- f  red: Color
- f  black: Color

Color defines 2 color the RBT can have: red or black

## risingCity.java

### Idea:

1. It reads the input and process it.
2. It get the active building, and add executed Building by 1,
3. update the active building every 5 days or whenever a building is finished.
4. It also process the input into simple int, which is easy to process.
5. even if there is no input, the process will output all the building until all of them are finished.
6. after everything is done, it will output the file.

## risingCity

```
▼ risingCity
  main(String[]): void
  write(String, String): void
  process(): void
  updateActiveNode(MinHeap): void
  addBracket(int, int): String
  addBracket(int, int, int): String
  readTxtFileIntoStringArrList(String): List<String>
  test(): void
  print(String): void
  println(String): void
  read(String[]): int[][]
  counter: int = 0
  aHeapNode: HeapNode = null
  aTreeNode: TreeNode = null
  heap: MinHeap = new MinHeap(...)
  tree: RedBlackTree = new RedBlackTree()
  out: String = ""
  workDay: int = 0
```

write() is for writing file

main() contains the main part of processing

process() is everyday process

updateActiveNode() can update active node after 5 days work or whenever a building is finished.

read() for reading and processing the input data.