

$$1. \frac{1}{2}g(t-1)^2 = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

$$t^2 - 8t + 4 = 0$$

$$t_1 = 4 + 2\sqrt{3} \text{ s}$$

$$t_2 = 4 - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ s}$$

Koraga $t = 4 + 2\sqrt{3} \text{ s}$:

bericoma: $h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times (28 + 16\sqrt{3})$$

$$= 140 + 80\sqrt{3} \text{ m}$$

Koraga $t = 4 - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ s}$:

bericoma: $x - h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times (28 - 16\sqrt{3})$$

$$= 140 - 80\sqrt{3}$$

$$2. a) x = 3 - t^2$$

$$y = 4t$$

$$x + \frac{y^2}{16} = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 = 48 - 16x$$

$$\int \frac{d}{dt} V_x = \frac{dx}{dt} = -2t$$

$$V_y = \frac{dy}{dt} = 4$$

koraga $t = 2$

$$V_x = -4$$

$$V_y = 4$$

$$V = \sqrt{V_x^2 + V_y^2} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

$$a_x = \frac{dV_x}{dt} = -2$$

$$a_y = \frac{dV_y}{dt} = 0$$

$$a = \sqrt{a_x^2 + a_y^2} = 2$$