

mapply is a multivariate apply of sorts which applies a function in parallel over a set of arguments.

```
> str(mapply)
function (FUN, ..., MoreArgs = NULL, SIMPLIFY = TRUE,
         USE.NAMES = TRUE)
```

- FUN is a function to apply
- ... contains arguments to apply over
- MoreArgs is a list of other arguments to FUN.
- SIMPLIFY indicates whether the result should be simplified

The following is tedious to type

```
list(rep(1, 4), rep(2, 3), rep(3, 2), rep(4, 1))
```

Instead we can do

```
> mapply(rep, 1:4, 4:1)
```

```
[[1]]
```

```
[1] 1 1 1 1
```

```
[[2]]
```

```
[1] 2 2 2
```

```
[[3]]
```

```
[1] 3 3
```

```
[[4]]
```

```
[1] 4
```

Vectorizing a Function

```
> noise <- function(n, mean, sd) {  
+   rnorm(n, mean, sd)  
+ }  
> noise(5, 1, 2)  
[1]  2.4831198  2.4790100  0.4855190 -1.2117759  
[5] -0.2743532  
  
> noise(1:5, 1:5, 2)  
[1] -4.2128648 -0.3989266  4.2507057  1.1572738  
[5]  3.7413584
```

Instant Vectorization

```
> mapply(noise, 1:5, 1:5, 2)
[[1]]
[1] 1.037658

[[2]]
[1] 0.7113482 2.7555797

[[3]]
[1] 2.769527 1.643568 4.597882

[[4]]
[1] 4.476741 5.658653 3.962813 1.204284

[[5]]
[1] 4.797123 6.314616 4.969892 6.530432 6.723254
```

Which is the same as

```
list(noise(1, 1, 2), noise(2, 2, 2),  
      noise(3, 3, 2), noise(4, 4, 2),  
      noise(5, 5, 2))
```