CSA0358 DATA STRUCTURES WITH GRAPH ALGORITHMS

DAY-2:(09/08/2023)

QUESTION 1:

Write a C program to calculate the sum of elements in an array.

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int n,i,sum=0;
    int a[n];
    printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the elements of the array: ");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        sum=sum+a[i];
    }
    printf("The sum of the elements in the array is %d",sum);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

QUESTION 2:

Write a C program to merge two arrays.

```
CODE:
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
       int arr1size = 5, arr2size = 5, arr_resultsize, i, j;
       int a[5] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
       int b[5] = \{ 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 \};
       arr_resultsize = arr1size + arr2size;
       int c[arr_resultsize];
       for (i = 0; i < arr1size; i++) {
              c[i] = a[i];
       }
       for (i = 0, j = arr1size)
              j < arr_resultsize && i < arr2size; i++, j++) {</pre>
              c[j] = b[i];
       }
       for (i = 0; i < arr resultsize; i++) {
              printf("%d ", c[i]);
       return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

QUESTION 3:

Write a C program to perform insertion, deletion of elements at the middle in an array.

```
CODE:
```

```
a).Insertion:
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int arr[100];
  int i, item, pos, size=7;
  printf("Enter 7 elements: ");
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
  printf("Array before insertion: ");
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Enter the element to be inserted: ");
  scanf("%d",&item);
  printf("Enter the position at which the element is to be inserted: ");
  scanf("%d",&pos);
  size++;
  for (i = size-1; i \ge pos; i--)
     arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
  arr[pos - 1] = item;
  printf("Array after insertion: ");
     for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
  return 0;
}
b).Deletion:
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
  int key, i, pos = -1, size=5;
  int arr[5] = \{1, 20, 5, 78, 30\};
  printf("Array before deletion: ");
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
     printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  printf("\n");
  printf("Enter element to delete: ");
```

```
scanf("%d",&key);
  for(i = 0; i < size; i++)
     if(arr[i] == key)
     {
       pos = i;
       break;
     }
  if(pos != -1)
     for(i = pos; i < size - 1; i++)
       arr[i] = arr[i+1];
     printf("Array after deletion: ");
     for(i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
       printf("%d ",arr[i]);
  }
  else
     printf("Element Not Found\n");
  return 0;
}
```

a).Insertion:

b).Deletion:

QUESTION 4:

Write a C program to reverse a string.

CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main(){
            char s[]="libika";
            printf("The reversed string is %s",strrev(s));
            return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
The reversed string is akibil
------
Process exited after 2.23 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

QUESTION 5:

Write a C program to check whether the string is palindrome or not palindrome.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char string[25], reverse_string[25] = {'\0'};
    int i, length = 0, flag = 0;
```

```
fflush(stdin);
  printf("Enter a string: \n");
  gets(string);
  for (i = 0; string[i] != '\0'; i++)
  {
     length++;
  for (i = length - 1; i \ge 0; i--)
    reverse_string[length - i - 1] = string[i];
  for (i = 0; i < length; i++)
     if (reverse_string[i] == string[i])
       flag = 1;
     else
       flag = 0;
  if (flag == 1)
     printf("%s is a palindrome \n", string);
  else
     printf("%s is not a palindrome \n", string);
}
```

QUESTION 6:

Write a C program to search a particular elements in a string.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
```

```
{
    char s[1000],c;
    int i;
    printf("Enter the string : ");
    gets(s);
    printf("Enter character to be searched: ");
    c=getchar();

    for(i=0;s[i];i++)
    {
        if(s[i]==c)
        {
            printf("character '%c' found at index: %d\n ",c,i);
        }
      }
    return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 7:

Write a C program to count number of times vowels(a,e,i,o,u) Is present in the string.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int c = 0, count = 0;
  char s[1000];
```

```
printf("Input a string\n");
gets(s);

while (s[c] != '\0') {
    if (s[c] == 'a' || s[c] == 'A' || s[c] == 'e' || s[c] == 'E' || s[c] == 'i' || s[c] == 'I' ||
    s[c] =='0' || s[c] == 'u' || s[c] == 'U')
        count++;
    c++;
}

printf("Number of vowels in the string: %d", count);

return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 8:

Write a C program to calculate Matrix Multiplication.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main(){
  int a[10][10],b[10][10],mul[10][10],r,c,i,j,k;
  system("cls");
  printf("enter the number of row=");
  scanf("%d",&r);
  printf("enter the number of column=");
  scanf("%d",&c);
  printf("enter the first matrix element=\n");
  for(i=0;i<r;i++)</pre>
```

```
for(j=0;j<c;j++)
scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
printf("enter the second matrix element=\n");
for(i=0;i<r;i++)
for(j=0;j<c;j++)
scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
}
}
printf("multiply of the matrix=\n");
for(i=0;i<r;i++)
for(j=0;j<c;j++)
mul[i][j]=0;
for(k=0;k<c;k++)
mul[i][j]+=a[i][k]*b[k][j];
//for printing result
for(i=0;i<r;i++)
for(j=0;j<c;j++)
printf("%d\t",mul[i][j]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
```

```
enter the number of row=2
enter the number of column=2
enter the first matrix element=
1
2
3
4
enter the second matrix element=
6
7
multiply of the matrix=
19
        22
43
        50
Process exited after 15.19 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

QUESTION 9:

Write a C program to perform all string manipulation operations in a string.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
      char s[]="libika",s1[]="libika";
      printf("length of the given string1: %d",strlen(s));
      printf("\nlength of the given string2: %d",strlen(s1));
      if (strcmp(s, s1) == 0) {
  printf("\nBoth are same.\n");
      }
      else {
      printf("Both are different.\n");
      printf("\nconcatenated string: %s",strcat(s,s1));
      printf("\nreversed string: %s",strrev(s));
      return 0;
}
```