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Assignment NO. 1

(Q^{no}. 1) :-

Differentiate b/w Internet and World wide Web?

Internet

- ① The internet is the network of connected computers that the web works on.
- ② Internet is a global networks of networks.
- ③ Internet is primarily hardware based.
- ④ Internet uses IP address.
- ⑤ It is originated in late 1960's.
- ⑥ The first version of Internet was known as ARPANET.

WWW

- ① The world wide web are the pages you see when you are at device and you are online.
- ② WWW stands for World wide web.
- ③ WWW is software - oriented as compared to Internet.
- ④ WWW used HTTP.
- ⑤ English Scientist Tim Berners-Lee invented WWW in 1989.
- ⑥ In Beginning, WWW was known as NSFNET.

(2)

(Qno.2):-

Briefly narrate history of HTML?
⇒ The first version of HTML was written by Tim Berners-Lee in 1993. Since then, there have been many versions in HTML. The most widely used version throughout the 2000's was HTML 4.01, which became official standard in December 1999.

⇒ HTML 2.0 was published in 1995.

HTML 1.0 → 1993

HTML 2.0 → 1995

HTML 3.0 → It has many powerful features but it slowed down the browser in applying further improvements.

HTML 4.01 → 1999/2000

HTML 5 → Extended version of HTML 4.01, published in 2022.

(Qno.3):-

Differentiate among web page, website and web application?

Web Page:-

It is a hypertext document of World Wide web. It is a simple document displayable by a browser. Such documents are written in HTML language. Each web page is linked with a unique URL; hence two pages can't have same URL.

Website:-

A website is a collection of web pages and related content that is identified by common

domain name and published on atleast one web-server. Websites are typically dedicated to particular topic such as news, education, commerce etc.

Web Application:-

It is an application software that is accessed using a web browser. They are delivered on WWW to users with active network connection. They are stored on remote server and delivered over the internet through a web browser interface.

(Q_{no.4}):-

How does the HTTP protocol enable communication over the web?

→ As a request-response protocol, HTTP gives a users way to interact with web resources such as HTML files by transmitting hypertext messages between clients and servers.

HTTP clients generally use Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) connections to communicate with servers.

(Q_{no.5}):-

Define terms tag, Element, and attribute with examples?

HTML Tags:-

Tags are starting and ending parts of an HTML element. They begin with symbol $<$, and end with symbol $>$. Whatever written inside $<$ and $>$ are called tags.

Examples:-

$<p>$ $</p>$ → for paragraph

$$ $$ → to make content bold.

(4)

HTML Elements:-

Elements enclose the contents in b/w the tags. They consist of some kind of structure or expression. It generally consists of a start tag, content and an end tag.

Examples:-

`` This is a bold content. ``

`<p>` This is a paragraph. `</p>`

HTML Attributes:-

It is used to define the character of an HTML element. It is always placed in the opening tag of an element. It generally provides additional styling (attribute) to the element.

Examples:-

`<p align = "center">` This is a paragraph. `</p>`

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