

Name: Tayyab Zain  
RegNo:4293 FBAS/BSCS4/F20

## Assignment 2:

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//A PCB Simulation
// First 200kbps are allocated for the OS
//From 200 to 370 kbps memory is allocated to the first input
//From 370 to 500 kbps memory is allocated to the second input
//From 500 to 1000 kbps memory is allocated to the third input
//if the user tries to allocated memory in OS an error will be shown
#include<iostream>
#include<memory>
using namespace std;

struct PCB {
    uint32_t totalAllocated = 0;
    uint32_t totalFree = 0;
    uint32_t currentUsage() {
        return totalAllocated - totalFree;
    };

    int arr[249998];
};

static PCB pro;
//This Operator Overloads the new Operator and instead of using the new operator
from the library program
// will now use the operator from here
void* operator new(size_t size) {

    pro.totalAllocated += size;

    return malloc(size);
}

//This Operator Overloads the delete Operator and instead of using the new operator
from the library program
// will now use the operator from here
void operator delete(void* memory, size_t size) {
    pro.totalFree += size;
    free(memory);
}

//Prints memory usage
static void printMemoryUsage() {
    cout << "Memory Usage: " << pro.currentUsage() << " bytes\n";
}

//Gets the data for the process
void getdata(int arr[], int start, int limit , int memory) {
    clock_t wait_stat, wait_end;
```

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    cout << endl;
    int num = 0;
    cout << "Give Input: "; //Formality for input
    wait_stat = clock();
    cin >> num;
    wait_end = clock();
    for (int i = start; i < limit; i++)
    {
        int j = rand();
        arr[i] = j;
    }
    //Used to calculate waiting time
    int Count = limit - start;
    memory = sizeof(*arr) * Count;
    memory = memory / 1000;
    cout << "Memory occupied: " << memory << " kb" << endl;

    //Used to calculate waiting i/o time
    double time_waited = double(wait_end - wait_stat) / double(CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
    cout << "waiting Time : " << fixed << time_waited;
    cout << "sec" << endl;
}

int main() {
    int choice = 0;           //will be used in switch statement
    int start = 0;           //indicates the start of memory allocation
    int limit = 0;           //indicates the end of memory allocation
    int memory = 0;          //tells about the amount of memory being allocated
    int p_ID = 0;            //tells about the process id

    cout << "Before Memory Allocation" << endl;
    printMemoryUsage();
    cout << endl;

    //unique_ptr is a smart pointer
    //make_unique is helper function
    unique_ptr<PCB> pro = make_unique<PCB>(); //an object is created through
smart pointer

    cout << "After Memory Allocation" << endl ;
    printMemoryUsage();
    cout << endl;
    do
    {
        cout << "Press to 1 getdata for the first process\nPress 2 to
get data for the 2nd process\n" <<
        "Press 3 to getdata for the 3rd process\nPress 4 to
getdata in the OS memory\nPress 0 to exit" << endl;
        cin >> choice;
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1: {
                system("cls");
                //clock_t is a class
                clock_t stat_1, end_1; //Objects for measuring time

                cout << endl;

```

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memory allocation      start = 50000;           //Starting point of an array for
memory allocation      limit = 92500;           //End point of an array for
memory allocation      p_ID = 1;

cout << "Process 1 " << endl;

stat_1 = clock();
getdata(pro->arr, start, limit, memory);
end_1 = clock();
//Used to calculate Burust time
double time_taken = double(end_1 - stat_1) /
double(CLOCKS_PER_SEC);

cout << "Brust Time : " << fixed << time_taken;
cout << "sec" << endl;
cout << endl;

break;

}
case 2: {
system("cls");
clock_t stat_1, end_1, wait_stat, wait_end; //Objects for
measuring time

start = 92500;
limit = 125000;
p_ID = 2;

cout << endl;

cout << "Process 2 " << endl;

stat_1 = clock();
getdata(pro->arr, start, limit, memory);
end_1 = clock();

double time_taken = double(end_1 - stat_1) /
double(CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
cout << "Burst Time : " << fixed << time_taken ;
cout << "sec" << endl;
cout << endl;

break;

}
case 3: {
system("cls");
clock_t stat_1, end_1, wait_stat, wait_end; //Objects for
measuring time

start = 125000;
limit = 249998;
p_ID = 3;

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        cout << endl;
        cout << "Process 3 " << endl;

        stat_1 = clock();
        getdata(pro->arr, start, limit, memory);
        end_1 = clock();

        double time_taken = double(end_1 - stat_1) /
double(CLOCKS_PER_SEC);
        cout << "Burust Time : " << fixed << time_taken;
        cout << "sec" << endl;
        cout << endl;

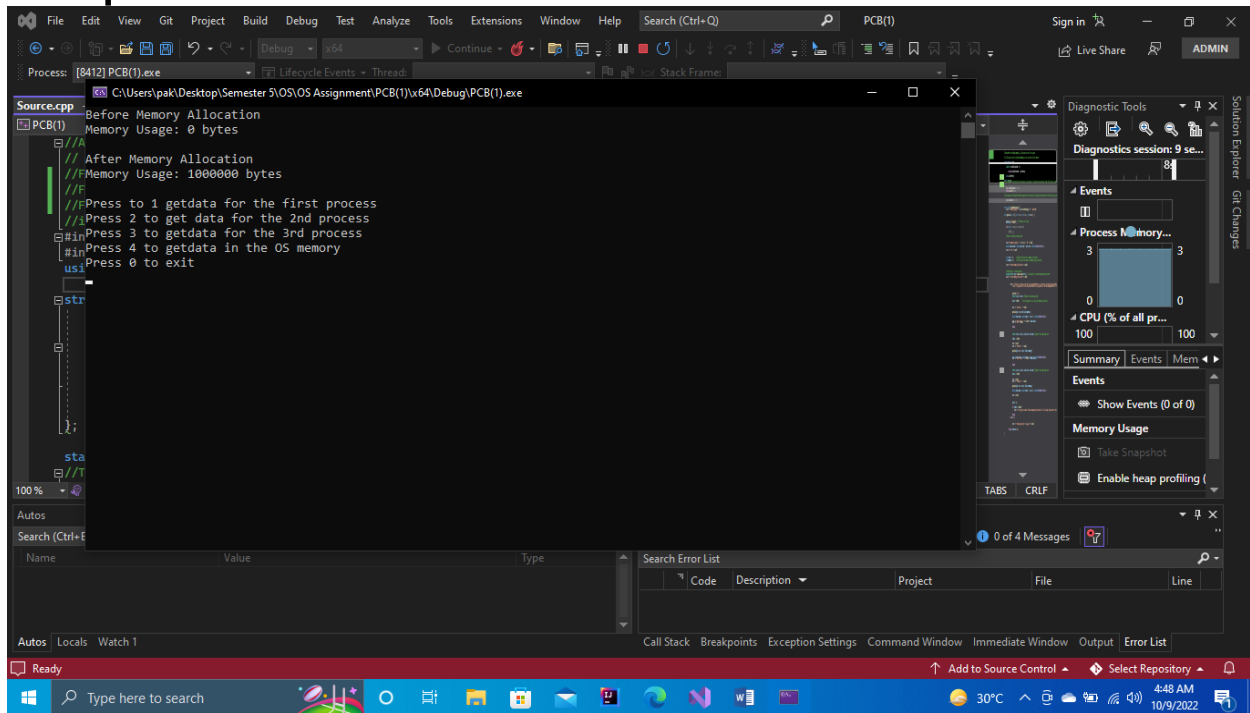
        break;
    }
    case 4: {
        start = 0;
        limit = 0;
        p_ID = 4;
        if (limit < 50000) {
            cout << endl;
            cout << "Sorry you cannot allocate memory here
because it is already allocated to the OS" << endl;
            cout << endl;
        }
        break;
    }
    case 0: {
        exit(0);
    }
    default:
        cout << "Wrong input plz try again" << endl;
        break;
    }

    } while (choice!=0);

}

```

# Outputs:





C:\Users\pak\Desktop\Semester 5\OS\OS Assignment\PCB(1)\x64\Debug\PCB(1).exe

Process 3

Give Input: 99  
Memory occupied: 499 kb  
waiting Time : 1.358000sec  
Burst Time : 1.372000sec

Press to 1 getdata for the first process  
Press 2 to get data for the 2nd process  
Press 3 to getdata for the 3rd process  
Press 4 to getdata in the OS memory  
Press 0 to exit

C:\Users\pak\Desktop\Semester 5\OS\OS Assignment\PCB(1)\x64\Debug\PCB(1).exe

Process 3

Give Input: 99  
Memory occupied: 499 kb  
waiting Time : 1.358000sec  
Burst Time : 1.372000sec

Press to 1 getdata for the first process  
Press 2 to get data for the 2nd process  
Press 3 to getdata for the 3rd process  
Press 4 to getdata in the OS memory  
Press 0 to exit

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Sorry you cannot allocate memory here because it is already allocated to the OS

Press to 1 getdata for the first process  
Press 2 to get data for the 2nd process  
Press 3 to getdata for the 3rd process  
Press 4 to getdata in the OS memory  
Press 0 to exit