# Variant mapping with EvoTrace

#### 2023-04-25

This tutorial explains how to use functions in the EvoTrace package to plot variants on to lollipop plots and AlphaFold protein structures. Currently both functions only support human (ENSP id) and E. coli proteins (b number).

#### 1. Installation

I recommend running R code with Rstudio. If you don't want to install Rstudio on you local computer, you can use Rstudio server on Taco with your BCM logins. http://mhgcp-r00.grid.bcm.edu:8787/, http://mhgcp-r01.grid.bcm.edu:8787/

EvoTrace library can be directly installed through Github. To do so, you need to setup Github token for R. But setting this up allows easy installation for future updates. Check this link for details.

```
if (!"remote" %in% installed.packages()) {
  install.packages("remote")
}
remotes::install_github("LichtargeLab/EvoTrace", build_vignettes = FALSE)
```

The package can also be installed through downloaded zip file of the repo.

```
if (!"devtools" %in% installed.packages()) {
  install.packages("devtools")
}
devtools::install_local("EvoTrace-master.zip")
```

## 2. Prepare input file

The input files for both lollipop plots and structure mappings are R dataframe. For lollipop plots "SUB", "EA" and "AC" columns are required. For mapping to protein structures, "SUB" and "EA" columns are required. Single lettere amino acids should be used in the SUB column, eg, G18T. "AC" stands for allele count. Mutations from basS are used as example. Your own data can be loaded with readr::read\_csv() or readr::read\_tsv() functions.

```
show_col_types = FALSE)

# generate random allele counts

set.seed(566)

mut_case <- basS_muts %>%
   mutate(AC = runif(11, 0, 1000)) %>%
   mutate(AC = round(AC))

mut_controls <- basS_muts %>%
   mutate(AC = runif(11, 0, 300)) %>%
   mutate(AC = runif(11, 0, 300)) %>%
   mutate(AC = round(AC))
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 3
##
      SUB
                EΑ
                      AC
##
      <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
    1 D312N
             31.8
                     179
             78.8
##
    2 R105H
                     438
##
    3 C84R
              73.9
                     909
##
    4 L10P
              48.8
                     381
##
    5 P94L
              94.9
                     323
    6 L14P
              85.2
##
                     977
##
    7 D149V
             95.1
                     778
##
    8 D149Y
             89.4
                     603
    9 V88E
              91.9
                     552
## 10 A20D
              27.2
                     415
## 11 L10R
              37.8
                     852
```

mut\_controls

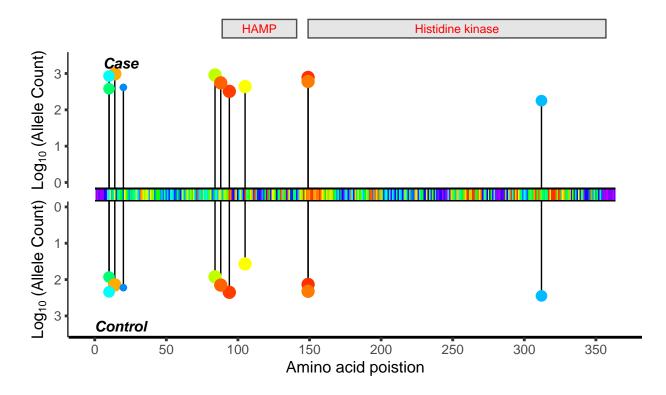
```
## # A tibble: 11 x 3
##
      SUB
                ΕA
                      AC
##
      <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
             31.8
##
    1 D312N
                     281
##
    2 R105H
             78.8
                      37
##
    3 C84R
              73.9
                      84
##
    4 L10P
              48.8
                      85
##
    5 P94L
              94.9
                     224
##
    6 L14P
              85.2
                     140
    7 D149V
              95.1
                     136
##
    8 D149Y
             89.4
                     210
##
    9 V88E
              91.9
                     142
## 10 A20D
              27.2
                     167
## 11 L10R
              37.8
                     218
```

# 3. Lollipop plot

Lollipop plot for case vs control can be plotted with LollipopPlot2() Lollipop plot for only case can be plotted with Lollipop() Protein domains are extracted from Uniprot. The detailed parameters for each function can be accessed with:

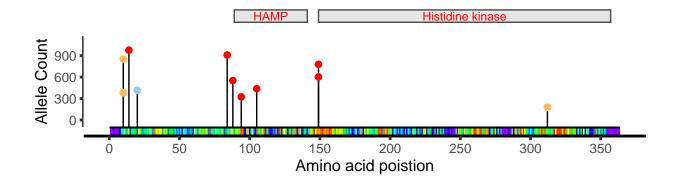
```
?LollipopPlot2
?LollipopPlot
```

Case only lollipop plot. Here the circles on the lollipop plot are scaled with EA bins.



Case vs control lolipop plot. Linear scale is used, and circles are colored with EA bins.

```
LollipopPlot(variants = mut_case, prot_id = prot_id, plot_domain = TRUE, AC_scale = "linear", show_EA_bin = FALSE, fix_scale = TRUE, EA_color = "EA_bin")
```



The plots can be save with ggsave() function or through the Plot-Export button in Rstudio.

# 4. Map variants and ET to AlphaFold structures.

The detailed parameters for the Color\_Variants\_AlphaFold() can be accessed through:

```
?Color_Variants_AlphaFold
```

Color\_Variants\_AlphaFold() will fetch AlphaFold structure and precalculated ET scores. A pymol script will be generated. The structure will be colored based on ET, AlphaFold prediction accuracy score pLDDT, EA score for mutations in cases, and EA score of mutations in controls. If multiple mutations occur at the same position, the max EA will be used. Prismatic colors are used for EA. EA = 100 is colored red, EA = 0 is colored purple. The color code and corespondent values (ET, pLDDT, EA) are returned as a dataframe.

```
AA_POS AA
                     ET chain pLDDT EA_case EA_ctrl ET_co~1 pLDDT~2 EA_ca~3 EA_ct~4
##
      <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                               <dbl> <chr>
                                                              <chr>>
                                                                      <chr>
                                                                               <chr>>
                  64.9
                                76.1
                                        48.8
                                                48.8 0x00ec~ 0x65cb~ 0x00ff~ 0x00ff~
## 1
         10 L
                        Α
## 2
         14 L
                  23.5
                        Α
                                82.4
                                        85.2
                                                85.2 Oxe4ff~ Ox65cb~ Oxffab~ Oxffab~
## 3
         20 A
                  76.2 A
                                86.7
                                        27.2
                                                27.2 0x0059~ 0x65cb~ 0x008a~ 0x008a~
## 4
         84 C
                                        73.9
                                                73.9 0x2cff~ 0x65cb~ 0xbfff~ 0xbfff~
                  38.8 A
                                88
## 5
         88 V
                  28
                                84.5
                                        91.9
                                                91.9 0xa7ff~ 0x65cb~ 0xff61~ 0xff61~
                        Α
## 6
         94 P
                   5.69 A
                                77.0
                                        94.9
                                                94.9 0xff3d~ 0x65cb~ 0xff3d~ 0xff3d~
## 7
        105 R
                   6.33 A
                                66.9
                                        78.8
                                                78.8 Oxff49~ Oxfcdb~ Oxfcff~ Oxfcff~
## 8
        149 D
                  11.7 A
                                51.5
                                        95.1
                                                95.1 0xff86~ 0xfcdb~ 0xff30~ 0xff30~
## 9
        312 D
                  33.0 A
                                54.4
                                        31.8
                                                31.8 0x6aff~ 0xfcdb~ 0x00bb~ 0x00bb~
## # ... with abbreviated variable names 1: ET_color, 2: pLDDT_color,
       3: EA_case_color, 4: EA_ctrl_color
```

### 5. Legends

Currently the legends are not produced with the lollipop plots or pymol sessions. See Figure 2-4 for ET, EA (prismatic), and AlphaFold pLDDT legends.

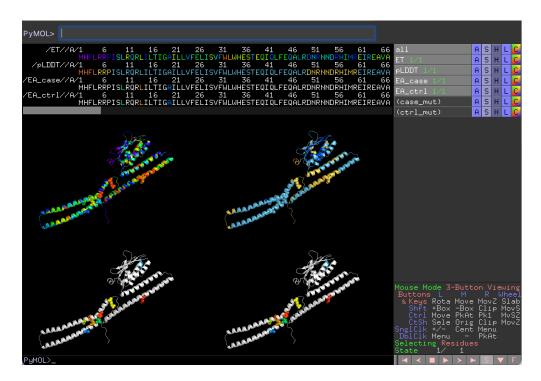


Figure 1: Pymol screenshot

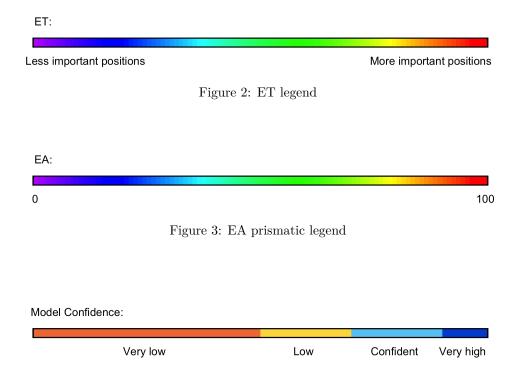


Figure 4: pLDDT legend