Novel Analysis

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#Loading in Data from Paper's GitHUB Repository
#(source: https://qithub.com/kqayvert/PrOCTOR)
PrOCTOR <- readRDS("~/Downloads/PrOCTOR (1).rds")</pre>
load("~/Downloads/initial_values.RData")
#Verification of Target-Based Features (Correlation Claims)
View(sample_drugs) #Initial 48 model features for 846 drugs in training set
str(sample_drugs) #data structured as a Matrix
#Converting provided sample drugs into a Data frame
train_set_df <- as.data.frame(sample_drugs)</pre>
head(train_set_df)
cor_matrix <- cor(train_set_df)</pre>
#This correlation matrix served as an initial analysis and prompted authors to asses further
head(cor matrix)
# Visualize the correlation matrix
install.packages("corrplot")
library(corrplot)
png("figure_1.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
corrplot(cor_matrix, method = "color", type = "upper", tl.cex = 0.4)
 main = expression(bold("Figure 1:") ~ "Correlation Matrix Plot of Initial 48 Model Features"),
  cex.main = 1, line=3
dev.off()
#Computing a correlation matrix for the 30 target-based features (median expression values)
#to further confirm the high correlation claim within Target Expression Properties
GTEx_targets_df <- as.data.frame(GTEx_targets)</pre>
gtex_cor_matrix <- cor(GTEx_targets_df)</pre>
# Visualize the correlation matrix
png("figure_2.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
corrplot(gtex_cor_matrix, method = "color", type = "upper", tl.cex = 0.8)
title(
 main = expression(bold("Figure 2:")
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~ "Correlation Matrix Plot of 30 Gene Target Expression Values"),
 cex.main = 1, line=3
dev.off()
#Correlation between 2 sub groups (Chemical and Target-based)
# Split data into chemical and target-based features
chemical_features <- sample_drugs[, 1:10] #all chemical</pre>
all_target_features <- sample_drugs[, 14:48] #all target based
exp_target_features <-sample_drugs[,14:43] #only expression target based features
# Compute correlations between chemical and ALL target-based features
cor_matrix_a <- cor(chemical_features, all_target_features)</pre>
# View the correlation matrix
print(cor_matrix_a)
# Find the maximum absolute correlation
max_correlation_a <- max(abs(cor_matrix_a))</pre>
print(paste("Maximum Pearson's Correlation:", max correlation a))
#Compute correlations between chemical and ONLY Expression target-based features
cor_matrix_b <- cor(chemical_features, exp_target_features)</pre>
# View the correlation matrix
print(cor_matrix_b)
# Find the maximum absolute correlation
max_correlation_b <- max(abs(cor_matrix_b))</pre>
print(paste("Maximum Pearson's Correlation (Just Expression Values:", max correlation b))
#Completing PCA Analysis to 30 expression values
# Subset columns 14-43 from the sample_drugs data set (only target expression columns)
pca_data <- sample_drugs[, 14:43]</pre>
# Check if the data is numeric (required for PCA)
str(pca_data) # Ensure all columns are numeric
# Scale the selected columns
scaled_data <- scale(pca_data)</pre>
pca_result <- prcomp(scaled_data, center = TRUE, scale. = TRUE)</pre>
# View variance explained
summary(pca_result)
# Scree plot to visualize explained variance
png("figure_3.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
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plot(pca_result, type = "l", main = expression(bold("Figure 3:")
              ~ "Scree Plot for PCA of 30 Gene Target Expression Values"),
  cex.main = 1
)
dev.off()
# Extract the first three principal components
pca components <- pca result$x[, 1:3]
head(pca_components)
# View variance explained by each principal component
summary(pca_result)
# Extract variance proportions for comparison
explained_variance <- pca_result$sdev^2 / sum(pca_result$sdev^2)</pre>
cumulative_variance <- cumsum(explained_variance)</pre>
print(cumulative_variance[3])
#Correlation between Chemical Properties and PCA1-3 of Gene-target Values
cor matrix c <- cor(chemical features, pca components)</pre>
print(cor_matrix_c)
# Find the maximum absolute correlation
max correlation c <- max(abs(cor matrix c))</pre>
print(paste("Maximum Pearson's Correlation:", max_correlation_c))
#Add class labels to sample_drugs data set (provided in paper)
# Create a vector with class labels
drug_class <- c(rep("FTT", 100), rep("FDA Approved", 746))</pre>
#New data frame with the original data and class labels
sample_drugs_with_class <- cbind(sample_drugs, drug_class)</pre>
write.csv(sample_drugs_with_class, file = "PrOCTOR_training_df.csv") #downloading training set
#Replace expression values with PC1-3 values
pc1_3_values <- pca_result$x[, 1:3]</pre>
colnames(pc1_3_values) <- c("PC1", "PC2", "PC3")</pre>
sample_drugs_with_class_reduced <- sample_drugs_with_class[, -c(14:43)]</pre>
sample_drugs_with_class_final <- cbind(sample_drugs_with_class_reduced, pc1_3_values)</pre>
#Train Model on Given Sample Data set
# Separate features and class variable
features <- sample_drugs_with_class_final[, -c(19)]</pre>
target <- as.factor(sample_drugs_with_class_final[,c(19)])</pre>
install.packages("randomForest")
library(randomForest)
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#Attempt at Recreating paper's R-Forest approach (30 replicates, 50 bootstrapped subsets)
approved_indices <- which(target == "FDA Approved")</pre>
ftt_indices <- which(target == "FTT")</pre>
num_replicates <- 30</pre>
# Initialize predictions
all_predictions <- matrix(0, nrow = length(target), ncol = num_replicates)</pre>
# Repeat sub-sampling and training
for (i in 1:num_replicates) {
  sampled_approved <- sample(approved_indices, length(ftt_indices), replace = FALSE)</pre>
  sampled_indices <- c(ftt_indices, sampled_approved)</pre>
  # Create balanced training set (paper method unclear - will sample 100 for all 100 Failed drugs)
  balanced_features <- features[sampled_indices, ]</pre>
  balanced_target <- target[sampled_indices]</pre>
  # Train random forest
  rf_model <- randomForest(x = balanced_features, y = balanced_target, ntree = 50)</pre>
  # Predict probabilities for the full dataset
  probs <- predict(rf_model, features, type = "prob")</pre>
  # Store predictions
 all_predictions[, i] <- probs[, "FDA Approved"]</pre>
# Calculate average probability for each sample
average_probs <- rowMeans(all_predictions)</pre>
# Calculate odds scores
odds_scores <- average_probs / (1 - average_probs)</pre>
# Calculate PrOCTOR scores (log2 of odds score)
prOCTOR_scores <- log2(odds_scores)</pre>
# Add scores and labels to a data frame for visualization
results_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  PrOCTOR_Score = prOCTOR_scores,
  Label = target
# Plot the distribution of PrOCTOR scores
library(ggplot2)
png("figure_4.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(results_df, aes(x = PrOCTOR_Score, fill = Label)) +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  labs(
    title = expression(bold("Figure 4:") ~ "Distribution of PrOCTOR Scores"),
  x = "PrOCTOR Score",
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y = "Density"
  ) +
  scale fill manual(
   values = c("FDA Approved" = "steelblue", "FTT" = "red") # Customize colors here
  theme minimal()
dev.off()
print(rf_model)
#Plot distribution of probability of approval
probability_results_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  Average_Probability = average_probs,
  Label = target
png("figure_5.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(probability_results_df, aes(x = Average_Probability, fill = Label)) +
  geom_density(alpha = 0.5) +
  labs(
   title = expression(bold("Figure 5:") ~ "Distribution of Approval Probabilities"),
   x = "Probability of Approval",
   y = "Density"
  ) +
  scale_fill_manual(
   values = c("FDA Approved" = "steelblue", "FTT" = "red") # Customize colors
  theme_minimal()
dev.off()
#KS D Statistics for Seperation of Class (Paper Claims: D=0.5343)
library(dplyr)
# Separate probabilities by class
approved_probs <- probability_results_df %>%
  filter(Label == "FDA Approved") %>%
 pull(Average_Probability)
ftt_probs <- probability_results_df %>%
  filter(Label == "FTT") %>%
  pull(Average_Probability)
# Compute KS statistic
ks_result <- ks.test(approved_probs, ftt_probs)</pre>
# Print KS statistic and p-value
print(ks_result)
# Interpretation
cat("Kolmogorov-Smirnov Statistic:", ks_result$statistic, "\n")
cat("P-value:", ks_result$p.value, "\n")
```

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#Determine important features and compare to ranking in paper
feature_importance <- importance(rf_model)</pre>
print(feature importance)
#Visualize
importance df <- data.frame(</pre>
 Feature = rownames(feature_importance),
 MeanDecreaseGini = feature_importance[,"MeanDecreaseGini"]
)
# Sort by Mean Decrease Accuracy
importance_df <- importance_df[order(-importance_df$MeanDecreaseGini), ]</pre>
# Visualize the top features by Mean Decrease Gini
library(ggplot2)
png("figure_6.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(importance_df, aes(x = reorder(Feature, MeanDecreaseGini), y = MeanDecreaseGini)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
 coord_flip() +
 labs(
   title = bold("Figure 6:") ~"Feature Importance (Mean Decrease Gini)",
   x = "Feature",
    y = "Importance (Mean Decrease Gini)"
 theme minimal()
dev.off()
#Plotting same plot but in order of ranking in cited paper
paper_order <- rev(c("PC1", "PolarSurfaceArea","wQED","maxDegree","maxBtwn",</pre>
                     "lossFreq", "MolecularWeight", "PC3", "PC2", "Refractivity", "XLogP",
                     "LogpSolubility", "HydrogenBondAcceptorCount", "RotatableBondCount",
                     "HydrogenBondDonorCount", "NumRings", "FormalCharge"))
paper_MG_df <- importance_df[importance_df$Feature %in% paper_order, ]</pre>
paper_MG_df$Feature <- factor(paper_MG_df$Feature, levels = paper_order)</pre>
png("figure_7.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(paper_MG_df, aes(x = Feature, y = MeanDecreaseGini)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
  coord_flip() +
 labs(
    title = bold("Figure 7:") ~ "Feature Importance (Mean Decrease Gini)",
    subtitle = "(Features are ordered based on their ranking in the referenced paper)",
    x = "Feature",
    y = "Importance (Mean Decrease Gini)"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()
```

```
#Verifying Kolmogorov-Smirnov (KS) statistic for Features, compare to those in Paper
# Libraries
library(dplyr)
# Separate data into two groups based on class
sample_drugs_with_class_final_df <- as.data.frame(sample_drugs_with_class_final)</pre>
sample approved df <-
  sample_drugs_with_class_final_df[sample_drugs_with_class_final_df$drug_class == "FDA Approved", ]
sample_ftt_df <-</pre>
  sample_drugs_with_class_final_df[sample_drugs_with_class_final_df$drug_class == "FTT", ]
# Initialize an empty data frame to store KS statistics
ks_results <- data.frame(Feature = colnames(features),</pre>
                         KS_Statistic = numeric(length(colnames(features))))
# Loop through each feature to compute KS statistic
for (feature in colnames(features)) {
  # Extract feature values for each class
 fda_values <- as.numeric(as.vector(sample_approved_df[[feature]]))</pre>
 ftt_values <- as.numeric(as.vector(sample_ftt_df[[feature]]))</pre>
 # Compute KS statistic
 ks_stat <- ks.test(fda_values, ftt_values)$statistic</pre>
 ks results[ks results$Feature == feature, "KS Statistic"] <- ks stat
}
print(ks_results)
# Sort features by KS statistic
ks_results_ordered <- ks_results[order(-ks_results$KS_Statistic), ]
# Visualize features by KS statistic
library(ggplot2)
png("figure_8.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(ks_results_ordered, aes(x = reorder(Feature, KS_Statistic), y = KS_Statistic)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
  coord flip() +
 labs(title = bold("Figure 8:") ~"Features by KS Statistic", x = "Feature", y = "KS Statistic") +
  theme minimal() +
  theme(
   plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, face = "bold"), # Center title
   plot.subtitle = element_text(hjust = 0.5)
dev.off()
#Plotting same plot but in order of ranking in cited paper
```

dev.off()

```
paper_order_ks <- rev(c("PC1","MolecularWeight","HydrogenBondDonorCount","Veber",</pre>
                        "wQED", "NumRings", "lossFreq", "RotatableBondCount", "LogpSolubility",
                        "HydrogenBondAcceptorCount", "maxBtwn", "maxDegree",
                        "PolarSurfaceArea", "Ghose", "PC2", "Refractivity", "PC3",
                        "Ro5","XLogP","FormalCharge"))
ks_results_ordered_filtered <- ks_results_ordered[ks_results_ordered$Feature %in% paper_order_ks, ]
ks results ordered filtered$Feature <-
  factor(ks_results_ordered_filtered$Feature, levels = paper_order_ks)
# Create the plot with the new order
png("figure_9.png", width = 800, height = 800, res = 120)
ggplot(ks_results_ordered_filtered, aes(x = Feature, y = KS_Statistic)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "steelblue") +
  coord_flip() +
  labs(
   title = bold("Figure 9:") ~ "Features by KS Statistic",
    subtitle = "(Features are ordered based on their ranking in the referenced paper)",
    x = "Feature",
   y = "KS Statistic"
  ) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
   plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, face = "bold"), # Center title
   plot.subtitle = element_text(hjust = 0.5)
  )
dev.off()
```