# Tema2 IS

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## 0.1 Cerinta 1

Cerinta 1 presupune rularea modelului din etapa 1, folosind k-fold cross-validation. Am implementat k-fold (adica am impartit in 5 fold-uri setul de date), iar rezultatele de precizie, recall si f1 le-am adaugat intr-un hashtable de valori.

Cu aceiasi parametri ai modelului ca in etapa anterioara, am obtinut o acuratete de 0.4 pe test. Se observa ca valorile pe fold-uri cresc treptat si performanta modelului creste.

```
train precision: Mean = 0.7931, Std = 0.1148 train recall: Mean = 0.7945, Std = 0.1132 train f1: Mean = 0.7904, Std = 0.1194 train accuracy: Mean = 0.7945, Std = 0.1132 val precision: Mean = 0.8135, Std = 0.1182 val recall: Mean = 0.8030, Std = 0.1235 val f1: Mean = 0.7915, Std = 0.1473 val accuracy: Mean = 0.8030, Std = 0.1235
```

#### Valorile pe test sunt:

```
meningioma tumor 0.4062 0.2476 0.3077 no tumor 0.5493 0.5270 0.5379 glioma tumor 0.3442 0.6435 0.4485 pituitary tumor 0.4545 0.2000 0.2778 accuracy 0.4036 macro avg 0.4386 0.4045 0.3930 weighted avg 0.4273 0.4036 0.3844
```

Pentru cele 5 fold-uri avem aici rezultatele pentru f1, recall, accuracy si precision:

```
Train: Precision Recall F1 Accuracy
Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.5657 0.5518 0.5234 0.5518
Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6309 0.6254 0.6126 0.6254
Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.6780 0.6816 0.6741 0.6816
Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.7255 0.7278 0.7225 0.7278
Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.7402 0.7439 0.7383 0.7439
Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.7720 0.7753 0.7723 0.7753
Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.7870 0.7901 0.7870 0.7901
Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7991 0.8023 0.7995 0.8023
```

- Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.8141 0.8158 0.8139 0.8158
- Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.8195 0.8210 0.8197 0.8210
- Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.8417 0.8428 0.8419 0.8428
- Fold 3 Epoch 3  $0.8489\ 0.8497\ 0.8487\ 0.8497$
- Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.8581 0.8598 0.8586 0.8598
- Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.8624 0.8624 0.8621 0.8624
- Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.8330 0.8341 0.8327 0.8341
- Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.8606 0.8615 0.8609 0.8615
- Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.8690 0.8702 0.8694 0.8702
- Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.8719 0.8728 0.8722 0.8728
- Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.8875 0.8868 0.8870 0.8868
- Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.8590 0.8602 0.8591 0.8602
- Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.8618 0.8624 0.8617 0.8624
- Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.8677 0.8680 0.8676 0.8680
- Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.8767 0.8776 0.8766 0.8776
- Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.8982 0.8976 0.8977 0.8976

#### Val: Precision Recall F1 Accuracy

- Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.6950 0.6220 0.6030 0.6220
- Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6507 0.6359 0.5887 0.6359
- Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.7460 0.7091 0.7037 0.7091
- Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.7258 0.7091 0.6772 0.7091
- Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.7932 0.7875 0.7791 0.7875
- Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.7738 0.7631 0.7462 0.7631
- Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.8013 0.7979 0.7927 0.7979
- Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7944 0.7840 0.7732 0.7840
- Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.8082 0.8101 0.8086 0.8101
- Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.8605 0.8554 0.8535 0.8554
- Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.8593 0.8519 0.8505 0.8519
- Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.8522 0.8537 0.8523 0.8537
- Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.8789 0.8624 0.8611 0.8624
- Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.8340 0.8049 0.8006 0.8049
- Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.9036 0.9024 0.9013 0.9024
- Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.8951 0.8937 0.8920 0.8937
- Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.8926 0.8833 0.8844 0.8833
- Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.8820 0.8780 0.8774 0.8780
- Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.8994 0.9007 0.8996 0.9007

```
Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.9000 0.8990 0.8992 0.8990
Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.8761 0.8763 0.8739 0.8763
Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.8735 0.8659 0.8638 0.8659
Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.9015 0.8990 0.8991 0.8990
Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.8970 0.8902 0.8903 0.8902
```

Se observa ca valorile cresc gradual atat pe train, cat si pe val, si nu exista diferente mari intre acestea. Sunt foarte apropiate unele de celelalte, iar modelul reuseste sa invete gradual din ce in ce mai bine odata cu cresterea numarului de fold-uri si de epoci.

Insa acuratetea pe test este foarte proasta, modelul nereusind astfel sa generalizeze.

## 0.2 Cerinta 2

Pentru cerinta 2, am testat fiecare dintre tehnicile din cerinta pentru balansarea claselor. Asadar, pentru functia de pierderi cu ponderi, am implementat o functie de atribuire de ponderi pentru fiecare clasa, in functie de numarul de samples. Am numarat clasele si intr-un hashtable am contorizat cate elemente are clasa respetiva. Am adaugat aceasta functie ca parametru la functia de loss.

Rezultatele sunt:

```
train precision: Mean = 0.8248, Std = 0.0822 train recall: Mean = 0.8268, Std = 0.0811 train f1: Mean = 0.8241, Std = 0.0836 train accuracy: Mean = 0.8268, Std = 0.0811 val precision: Mean = 0.8451, Std = 0.0740 val recall: Mean = 0.8403, Std = 0.0733 val f1: Mean = 0.8363, Std = 0.0765 val accuracy: Mean = 0.8403, Std = 0.0733
```

#### Valorile pe test sunt:

meningioma tumor 0.2739 0.4095 0.3282 pituitary tumor 0.5000 0.0405 0.0750 glioma tumor 0.4382 0.6783 0.5324 no tumor 0.2642 0.1400 0.1830 accuracy 0.3503 macro avg 0.3691 0.3171 0.2797

weighted avg 0.3618 0.3503 0.3034

Pentru oversampling, am testat salvarea unor date suplimentare: am gasit clasa cu cele mai putine exemple si am adaugat imagini random din setul cu imaginile respective in intregul set de date. De asemenea, am incercat 2 variante: sa adaug filtre pe imagini, respectiv sa nu adaug. Pentru adaugarea de filtre, am obtinut acuratete de 0.4 pe test.

glioma tumor 0.3370 0.5810 0.4266 meningioma tumor 0.5294 0.1216 0.1978 no tumor 0.4529 0.6696 0.5404 pituitary tumor 0.4231 0.1100 0.1746 accuracy 0.4010 macro avg 0.4356 0.3705 0.3348 weighted avg 0.4288 0.4010 0.3529

#### Rezultatele sunt:

train precision: Mean = 0.8448, Std = 0.0843 train recall: Mean = 0.8463, Std = 0.0831 train f1: Mean = 0.8447, Std = 0.0844 train accuracy: Mean = 0.8463, Std = 0.0831 val precision: Mean = 0.8638, Std = 0.0812 val recall: Mean = 0.8611, Std = 0.0802 val f1: Mean = 0.8581, Std = 0.0845 val accuracy: Mean = 0.8611, Std = 0.0802

Pentru neaplicarea efectelor, am obtinut urmatoarele rezultate:

meningioma tumor 0.4309 0.7429 0.5455 pituitary tumor 0.7200 0.4865 0.5806 glioma tumor 0.4759 0.6000 0.5308 no tumor 0.4444 0.0800 0.1356 accuracy 0.4848 macro avg 0.5178 0.4773 0.4481 weighted avg 0.5018 0.4848 0.4438

train precision: Mean = 0.8314, Std = 0.0651

train recall: Mean = 0.8331, Std = 0.0649train f1: Mean = 0.8311, Std = 0.0661

train accuracy: Mean = 0.8331, Std = 0.0649 val precision: Mean = 0.8455, Std = 0.0720 val recall: Mean = 0.8413, Std = 0.0729 val f1: Mean = 0.8379, Std = 0.0748

val accuracy: Mean = 0.8413, Std = 0.0729

Asadar, observam ca acuratetea pe fold-ul 1 este cea mai mare daca se suplimenteaza numarul de imagini si nu se aplica nicio transformare asupra lor. Modelul este sensibil la transformarile de imagini si a avut dificultati in invatarea tuturor claselor. Acuratetea finala in acest caz a fost de 0.62.

## 0.3 Cerinta 3

Am aplicat 3 seturi diferite de transformari pe setul de date suplimentat cu imagini. Primul set e dat de RandomRotation cu 15 grade, RandomHorizontalFlip si Normalizare. Am obtinut urmatoarele rezultate:

pituitary tumor 0.3519 0.7238 0.4735 no tumor 0.4634 0.2568 0.3304 glioma tumor 0.4348 0.4348 0.4348 meningioma tumor 0.4091 0.0900 0.1475 accuracy 0.3909 macro avg 0.4148 0.3763 0.3466 weighted avg 0.4115 0.3909 0.3526

La final, acuratetea modelului a fost de 0.47.

train precision: Mean = 0.7495, Std = 0.0768 train recall: Mean = 0.7522, Std = 0.0769 train f1: Mean = 0.7478, Std = 0.0792 train accuracy: Mean = 0.7522, Std = 0.0769 val precision: Mean = 0.7724, Std = 0.0553 val recall: Mean = 0.7702, Std = 0.0589 val f1: Mean = 0.7635, Std = 0.0608

val accuracy: Mean = 0.7702, Std = 0.0589

Realizam tabele la fel ca la cerinta 1, pentru a avea claritate asupra evolutiei modelului:

```
Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.5225 0.5115 0.4960 0.5115
Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.6495 0.6482 0.6423 0.6482
Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6901 0.6933 0.6844 0.6933
Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.7041 0.7071 0.7038 0.7071
Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.7268 0.7297 0.7234 0.7297
Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.7297 0.7328 0.7268 0.7328
Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.7264 0.7312 0.7252 0.7312
Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.7551 0.7561 0.7506 0.7561
Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7462 0.7500 0.7441 0.7500
Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.7474 0.7519 0.7480 0.7519
Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.7360 0.7393 0.7348 0.7393
Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.7651 0.7695 0.7649 0.7695
Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.7713 0.7737 0.7717 0.7737
Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.7633 0.7676 0.7644 0.7676
Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.7673 0.7711 0.7669 0.7711
Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.7675 0.7711 0.7681 0.7711
Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.7803 0.7818 0.7802 0.7818
Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.7770 0.7806 0.7774 0.7806
Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.7779 0.7810 0.7782 0.7810
Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.7991 0.8017 0.7999 0.8017
```

Train: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy

Val: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy

Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.6341 0.6126 0.6084 0.6126

Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.8003 0.8032 0.8001 0.8032 Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.7950 0.7979 0.7957 0.7979 Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.7946 0.7967 0.7928 0.7967 Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.7869 0.7902 0.7877 0.7902 Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.8049 0.8082 0.8051 0.8082

 ${\rm Fold}\ 1\ {\rm Epoch}\ 2\ 0.6551\ 0.6585\ 0.6515\ 0.6585$ 

Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6968 0.6876 0.6868 0.6876

 ${\rm Fold}\ 1\ {\rm Epoch}\ 4\ 0.6873\ 0.6907\ 0.6770\ 0.6907$ 

Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.7171 0.7029 0.6991 0.7029

 $\label{eq:fold_2_poly} \text{Fold} \ 2 \ \text{Epoch} \ 1 \ 0.7458 \ 0.7121 \ 0.6870 \ 0.7121$ 

```
{\rm Fold}\ 2\ {\rm Epoch}\ 2\ 0.7490\ 0.7443\ 0.7363\ 0.7443
```

Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.7643 0.7672 0.7624 0.7672

Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7746 0.7703 0.7721 0.7703

Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.7441 0.7351 0.7256 0.7351

Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.7814 0.7871 0.7812 0.7871

Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.7915 0.7917 0.7842 0.7917

Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.7705 0.7718 0.7616 0.7718

Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.7802 0.7688 0.7691 0.7688

Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.8037 0.8025 0.8024 0.8025

Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.8329 0.8315 0.8312 0.8315

Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.8098 0.8116 0.8020 0.8116

Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.8081 0.8132 0.8086 0.8132

Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.8153 0.8178 0.8130 0.8178

Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.8130 0.8162 0.8124 0.8162

Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.7874 0.7917 0.7871 0.7917

Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.7756 0.7626 0.7577 0.7626

Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.7848 0.7856 0.7841 0.7856

Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.7696 0.7718 0.7624 0.7718

Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.7772 0.7764 0.7697 0.7764

Se observa ca valorile cresc lent, intre 0.7 si 0.8 in principal, iar valorile nu sunt monotone, exista spike uri, sau salturi. Acurateta pe test a fost, insa, proasta fata de valorile de mai sus, din nou modelul negeneralizand bine.

Al 2-lea set e dat de RandomVerticalFlip, RandomInvert si Normalizare. Rezultatele sunt urmatoarele:

no tumor 0.2822 0.6476 0.3931 glioma tumor 0.4400 0.2973 0.3548 meningioma tumor 0.2742 0.1478 0.1921 pituitary tumor 0.3659 0.1500 0.2128 accuracy 0.3096 macro avg 0.3406 0.3107 0.2882 weighted avg 0.3307 0.3096 0.2815

Acuratetea finala a modeului este de 0.43.

train precision: Mean = 0.7007, Std = 0.0883 train recall: Mean = 0.7033, Std = 0.0905 train f1: Mean = 0.6992, Std = 0.0913 train accuracy: Mean = 0.7033, Std = 0.0905 val precision: Mean = 0.7444, Std = 0.0685 val recall: Mean = 0.7301, Std = 0.0919 val f1: Mean = 0.7224, Std = 0.0960 val accuracy: Mean = 0.7301, Std = 0.0919

#### Tabelele sunt urmatoarele:

Train: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.3872 0.3806 0.3795 0.3806 Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.5204 0.5123 0.5043 0.5123 Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.5981 0.5984 0.5920 0.5984 Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.6293 0.6344 0.6273 0.6344 Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.6528 0.6558 0.6500 0.6558 Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.6800 0.6849 0.6771 0.6849 Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.6788 0.6842 0.6772 0.6842 Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.6956 0.7010 0.6955 0.7010 Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.6947 0.7014 0.6949 0.7014 Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.7104 0.7148 0.7097 0.7148 Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.7073 0.7102 0.7077 0.7102 Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.7086 0.7129 0.7068 0.7129 Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.7336 0.7362 0.7339 0.7362 Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.7506 0.7538 0.7504 0.7538 Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.7622 0.7638 0.7608 0.7638 Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.7460 0.7485 0.7463 0.7485 Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.7445 0.7477 0.7454 0.7477 Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.7561 0.7584 0.7564 0.7584 Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.7456 0.7489 0.7458 0.7489 Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.7703 0.7726 0.7709 0.7726 Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.7674 0.7711 0.7678 0.7711 Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.7569 0.7607 0.7578 0.7607 Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.7733 0.7757 0.7737 0.7757 Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.7681 0.7718 0.7690 0.7718

Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.7799 0.7822 0.7801 0.7822

```
Val: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy
Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.5377 0.3920 0.3698 0.3920
Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.6246 0.6003 0.5888 0.6003
Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6541 0.6187 0.6080 0.6187
Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.6610 0.6524 0.6454 0.6524
Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.6794 0.6845 0.6773 0.6845
Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.6909 0.6708 0.6597 0.6708
Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.7478 0.7351 0.7330 0.7351
Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.7157 0.6845 0.6578 0.6845
Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7353 0.7351 0.7297 0.7351
Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.7369 0.7121 0.7053 0.7121
Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.7568 0.7427 0.7297 0.7427
Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.7695 0.7672 0.7675 0.7672
Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.7594 0.7657 0.7610 0.7657
Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.7619 0.7596 0.7453 0.7596
Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.7622 0.7657 0.7621 0.7657
Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.8019 0.7672 0.7705 0.7672
Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.7840 0.7841 0.7830 0.7841
Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.7837 0.7734 0.7607 0.7734
Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.8029 0.8009 0.7914 0.8009
Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.7773 0.7795 0.7713 0.7795
Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.8251 0.8270 0.8243 0.8270
Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.7970 0.7933 0.7922 0.7933
Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.8089 0.8070 0.8026 0.8070
Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.8073 0.8040 0.7987 0.8040
```

Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.8281 0.8300 0.8257 0.8300

De data aceasta, valorile sunt putin mai mici pe train decat pe val pentru toate metricile de masurare. Acuratetea este din nou foarte mica, modelul fiind incapabil sa generalizeze.

Al 3-lea set este dat de RandomRotation cu 30 de grade, RandomHorizontalFlip, RandomInvet si Normalizare. Rezultatele sunt:

```
pituitary tumor 0.3206 0.6381 0.4268 glioma tumor 0.4615 0.4865 0.4737 no tumor 0.3293 0.2348 0.2741
```

meningioma tumor 0.4800~0.1200~0.1920 accuracy 0.3604 macro avg 0.3978~0.3698~0.3416 weighted avg 0.3901~0.3604~0.3314

Acuratetea finala a modelului este de 0.36.

train precision: Mean = 0.6621, Std = 0.0715 train recall: Mean = 0.6665, Std = 0.0736 train f1: Mean = 0.6610, Std = 0.0744 train accuracy: Mean = 0.6665, Std = 0.0736 val precision: Mean = 0.6962, Std = 0.0441 val recall: Mean = 0.6888, Std = 0.0497 val f1: Mean = 0.6810, Std = 0.0498 val accuracy: Mean = 0.6888, Std = 0.0497

#### Tabelele sunt:

Train: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.3779 0.3740 0.3652 0.3740 Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.5345 0.5341 0.5245 0.5341Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.5860 0.5892 0.5846 0.5892 Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.6097 0.6118 0.6097 0.6118 Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.6487 0.6508 0.6450 0.6508 Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.6593 0.6635 0.6587 0.6635 Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.6675 0.6704 0.6653 0.6704 Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.6612 0.6677 0.6611 0.6677 Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.6665 0.6708 0.6655 0.6708 Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.6724 0.6799 0.6733 0.6799 Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.6856 0.6891 0.6851 0.6891 Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.6912 0.6960 0.6912 0.6960 Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.6917 0.6975 0.6918 0.6975 Fold 3 Epoch 4 0.7047 0.7090 0.7051 0.7090 Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.6927 0.6968 0.6924 0.6968 Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.6804 0.6876 0.6801 0.6876 Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.6949 0.7018 0.6953 0.7018 Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.6776 0.6842 0.6786 0.6842

```
{\rm Fold}\ 4\ {\rm Epoch}\ 4\ 0.6881\ 0.6903\ 0.6873\ 0.6903
```

Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.7159 0.7209 0.7169 0.7209

#### Val: Precizion Recall F1 Accuracy

- Fold 1 Epoch 1 0.5322 0.5314 0.5236 0.5314
- Fold 1 Epoch 2 0.6406 0.5789 0.5750 0.5789
- Fold 1 Epoch 3 0.6506 0.6447 0.6372 0.6447
- Fold 1 Epoch 4 0.6435 0.6462 0.6284 0.6462
- Fold 1 Epoch 5 0.6650 0.6386 0.6380 0.6386
- Fold 2 Epoch 1 0.6842 0.6508 0.6323 0.6508
- Fold 2 Epoch 2 0.7133 0.7106 0.7054 0.7106
- Fold 2 Epoch 3 0.7058 0.6907 0.6936 0.6907
- E.11.9 E. ... 4.0 7100 0 7000 0 6051 0 7000
- Fold 2 Epoch 4 0.7100 0.7029 0.6951 0.7029
- Fold 2 Epoch 5 0.7072 0.7060 0.7026 0.7060
- Fold 3 Epoch 1 0.7213 0.7320 0.7188 0.7320
- Fold 3 Epoch 2 0.6858 0.6815 0.6648 0.6815
- Fold 3 Epoch 3 0.7089 0.7075 0.7041 0.7075
- $Fold \ 3 \ Epoch \ 4 \ 0.7316 \ 0.7335 \ 0.7238 \ 0.7335 \\$
- Fold 3 Epoch 5 0.6914 0.7060 0.6950 0.7060
- Fold 4 Epoch 1 0.7257 0.7121 0.7175 0.7121
- Fold 4 Epoch 2 0.7446 0.7167 0.7138 0.7167
- Fold 4 Epoch 3 0.7375 0.7366 0.7352 0.7366
- Fold 4 Epoch 4 0.7328 0.7320 0.7047 0.7320
- Fold 4 Epoch 5 0.7465 0.7534 0.7404 0.7534
- Fold 5 Epoch 1 0.6966 0.6876 0.6839 0.6876
- Fold 5 Epoch 2 0.7239 0.7305 0.7192 0.7305
- Fold 5 Epoch 3 0.6929 0.6953 0.6806 0.6953
- Fold 5 Epoch 4 0.7089 0.6922 0.6935 0.6922
- Fold 5 Epoch 5 0.7046 0.7029 0.6979 0.7029

Valorile sunt echilibrate, cresc la fel atat pe train, cat si pe val, dar sunt mai mici si, din nou, exista spike uri. Modelul este, in continuare, incapabil sa generalizeze.

In concluzie, aplicarea de transformari pe imagini este o idee proasta.

## 0.4 Cerinta 4

Cele mai proaste rezultate le-am obtinut pentru primul fold. Am antrenat modelul de la cerinta 2, unde am adaugat imagini in plus si nu am aplicat nicio augmentare. Pentru primul punct, am folosit clasa de early stopping pentru a memora cel mai bun model. Toleranta este de 5 pasi in cazul meu. Dupa reantrenare, am obtinut acuratete de 0.65 pe primul fold.

glioma tumor 0.5882 0.9524 0.7273 meningioma tumor 0.9362 0.5946 0.7273 pituitary tumor 0.6447 0.8522 0.7341 no tumor 0.6000 0.1500 0.2400 accuracy 0.6523 macro avg 0.6923 0.6373 0.6072 weighted avg 0.6731 0.6523 0.6056

Acuratetea finala a modelului a fost de 0.65.

Pentru urmatoarea cerinta, am aplicat schedulere: LR scheduler, respectiv ReduceLROnPlateau. Pentru LR scheduler, am obtinut acuratete de 0.63 pe primul fold si acuratete de 0.63 pe test.

meningioma tumor  $0.5930\ 0.9714\ 0.7365$  glioma tumor  $0.8462\ 0.4459\ 0.5841$  no tumor  $0.6108\ 0.8870\ 0.7234$  pituitary tumor  $0.8125\ 0.1300\ 0.2241$  accuracy 0.6345 macro avg  $0.7156\ 0.6086\ 0.5670$  weighted avg  $0.7015\ 0.6345\ 0.5740$ 

Pentru al doilea scheduler, am obtinut acuratete de 0.65 pe primul fold si acuratete de 0.65 pe test.

meningioma tumor 0.5622 0.9905 0.7172 pituitary tumor 0.8824 0.6081 0.7200

glioma tumor 0.6667 0.8000 0.7273 no tumor 0.7500 0.1500 0.2500 accuracy 0.6497 macro avg 0.7153 0.6371 0.6036 weighted avg 0.7005 0.6497 0.6021

## 0.5 Cerinta 5

Voi face ablation study pentru primul fold. Pentru primul fold am obtinut in majoritatea cazurilor cele mai proaste rezultate in termeni de acuratete. Cele mai bune rezultate atat pe acest fold, cat si pe restul modelului, le-am obtinut cand am eliminat augmentarile imaginilor (adica doar le-am normalizat si scalat si resize) si am adaugat imagini in plus pentru clasa no tumor, pentru recunoastere mai buna a acestei clase.

Cea mai buna acuratete a modelului a fost dde 0.62, iar dupa ce am adaugat ReduceLROnPlateau am obtinut 0.65. Am efectuat cateva teste si am obtinut cateva rezultate notabile: Am schimbat batch-size cu valori mai mari decat 128 si valori mai mici. Pentru batch-size egal 256, am obitnut 0.37 acuratete pe primul fold,

no tumor 0.3333 0.6952 0.4506 pituitary tumor 0.5135 0.2568 0.3423 meningioma tumor 0.4592 0.3913 0.4225 glioma tumor 0.3000 0.1200 0.1714 accuracy 0.3782 macro avg 0.4015 0.3658 0.3467 weighted avg 0.3954 0.3782 0.3512

iar pentru 512 am obtinut acuratete de 0.31. Asadar, cu cat marimea batch ului e mai mare, cu atat rezultatele sunt mai proaste atat pe primul fold, cat si pe intreg modelul.

no tumor 0.2989 0.5238 0.3806 pituitary tumor 0.2766 0.1757 0.2149 meningioma tumor 0.3680 0.4000 0.3833 glioma tumor 0.3158 0.1200 0.1739 accuracy 0.3198 macro avg 0.3148 0.3049 0.2882 weighted avg 0.3192 0.3198 0.2978 Pentru valori mai mici, adica 64 si 32, am obtinut rezultate foarte bune: pentru dimensiunea 64 am obtinut acuratete de 0.52 pe primul fold, iar pentru dimensiunea 32 am obtinut acuratete de 0.55. Asadar, cele mai bune rezultate le-am obtinut pentru dimensiunea 32, iar acuratetea modelului a fost de 0.67.

no tumor 0.4900 0.9333 0.6426 pituitary tumor 0.8333 0.3378 0.4808 meningioma tumor 0.5563 0.6870 0.6148 glioma tumor 0.6364 0.1400 0.2295 accuracy 0.5482 macro avg 0.6290 0.5245 0.4919 weighted avg 0.6110 0.5482 0.4992

Am schimbat, de asemena, optimizerul. Am inmultit cu 10 rata de invatare la Adam. Asadar, am observat ca modelul invata mult mai bine asa: 0.59 acuratete pe primul fold.

no tumor 0.4836 0.9810 0.6478 pituitary tumor 0.9111 0.5541 0.6891 meningioma tumor 0.6087 0.6087 0.6087 glioma tumor 0.8571 0.1800 0.2975 accuracy 0.5888 macro avg 0.7151 0.5809 0.5608 weighted avg 0.6952 0.5888 0.5552

Acuratetea modelului a devenit 0.68 pe test.

Am incercat si cu SGD, iar cele mai bune rezultate le-am obtinut cu lr = 0.01, acuratetea pe primul fold fiind de 0.37. Este foarte slaba comparativ cu celelalte. Insa, pentru learning rate de 0.1 la SGD, obtinem cel mai bun rezultat pentru primul fold de pana acum, cu o acuratete de 0.61, iar acuratetea pe test a modelului este de 0.68.

no tumor 0.6000 0.8286 0.6960 pituitary tumor 0.8077 0.5676 0.6667 meningioma tumor 0.5787 0.8957 0.7031 glioma tumor 0.4737 0.0900 0.1513 accuracy 0.6117 macro avg 0.6150 0.5954 0.5542 weighted avg 0.6007 0.6117 0.5543 De asemenea, am incercat si cu optimizerul RMSProp. Pentru learning rate de 0.001, rezultatele au fost bune, cu acuratete de 0.58 pe primul fold, iar acuratetea finala a modelului de 0.66. Pe masura ce rata de invatare creste, rezultatele scad, pentru 0.001 acuratetea fiind de 0.6, iar pentru 0.1, acuratetea a fost de 0.29.

no tumor 0.5232 0.7524 0.6172 pituitary tumor 0.7143 0.5405 0.6154 meningioma tumor 0.5793 0.8261 0.6810 glioma tumor 0.6522 0.1500 0.2439 accuracy 0.5812 macro avg 0.6172 0.5673 0.5394 weighted avg 0.6082 0.5812 0.5407

In concluzie, sunt diverse lucruri care trebuie modificate pentru a obtine un model mai bun: Clasele trebuie sa fie balansate pentru ca modelul sa invete foarte bine, asadar trebuie sa adaugam imagini din clasa minoritara in plus (le dublam). De asemenea, nu trebuie aplicate augmentari imaginilor, modelul fiind foarte sensibil la acestea. Dimensiunea batch-urilor trebuie sa fie mica, cele mai bune rezultate obtinandu-le pentru 32. Modelul raspunde foarte bine atat la optimizerul SGD, cat si la Adam: cele mai bune rezultate pentru primul fold le-am obtinut pentru SGD, insa Adam a oferit rezultate putin mai bune decat SGD pe acuratetea totala a modelului. (depinde de ce se urmareste, de obicei Adam are metode de a atenua erorile si de a obtine rezultate overall mai bune).

Am atasat mai jos imagini cu grafice cu evolutia rezultatelor pentru antrenari.

## 0.6 Bonus 2

Am folosit modelul EfficientNet B7 preantrenat si am adaugat un nod classifier cu 5 straturi linear, un flatten si un relu. Pentru prima oara, am inghetat toate nodurile in afara de cele din classifier. Am antrenat modelul pentru setul de date, dupa ce am aplicat resize si normalizare. Acuratetea pe test este de 0.72, iar modelul reuseste sa invete foarte bine toate clasele si creste acuratetea cu fiecare fold antrenat.

no tumor 0.7394 1.0000 0.8502 meningioma tumor 0.8800 0.5946 0.7097 pituitary tumor 0.6158 0.9478 0.7466 glioma tumor 1.0000 0.2500 0.4000 accuracy 0.7183 macro avg  $0.8088\ 0.6981\ 0.6766$  weighted avg  $0.7959\ 0.7183\ 0.6793$ 

Pentru a 2 a parte, am dezghetat toti neuronii si am pus modelul la antrenat. Se observa ca acuratetea dupa fiecare fold este de 0.26, iar acesta reuseste sa invete doar tumoarea de tip pitular, in ciuda duplicarii datelor.

pituitary tumor  $0.2665\ 1.0000\ 0.4208$  glioma tumor  $0.0000\ 0.0000\ 0.0000$  no tumor  $0.0000\ 0.0000\ 0.0000$  meningioma tumor  $0.0000\ 0.0000\ 0.0000$ 

accuracy 0.2665 macro avg 0.0666 0.2500 0.1052 weighted avg 0.0710 0.2665 0.1122

Asadar, acest tip de model nu este potrivit pentru acest set de date, obtinand o acuratete foarte proasta si neinvatand nimic potrivit.

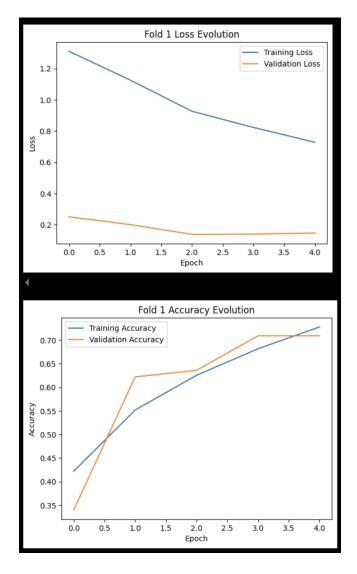


Abbildung 1: Cerinta 1 antrenare fold 1

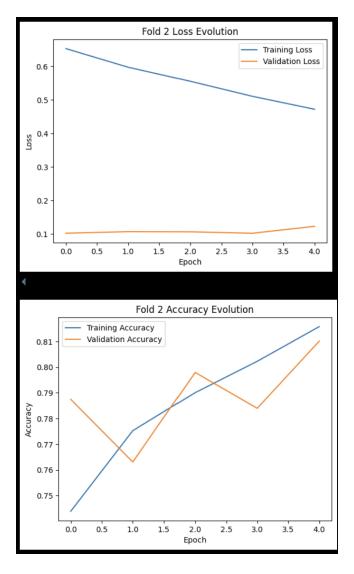


Abbildung 2: Cerinta 1 antrenare fold 2

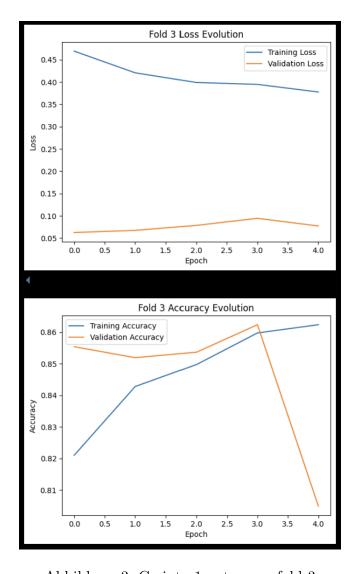


Abbildung 3: Cerinta 1 antrenare fold 3

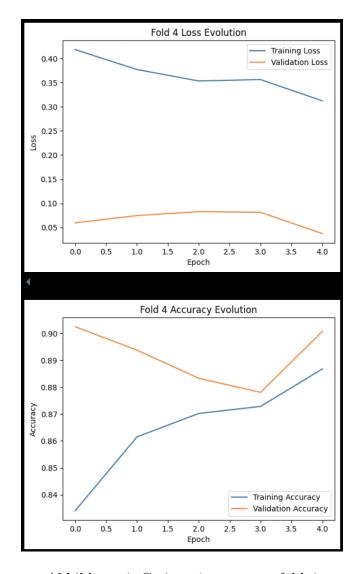


Abbildung 4: Cerinta 1 antrenare fold 4

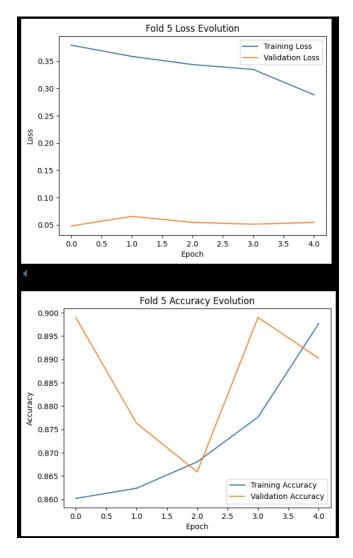


Abbildung 5: Cerinta 1 antrenare fold 5

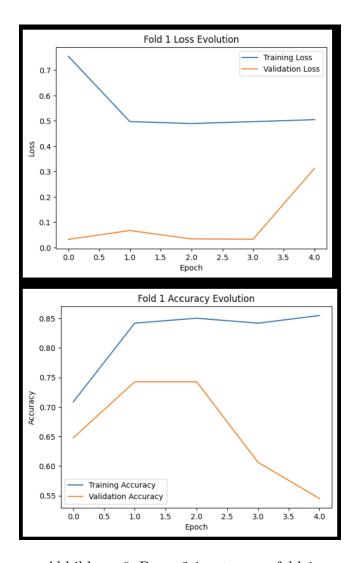


Abbildung 6: Bonus2.1 antrenare fold 1

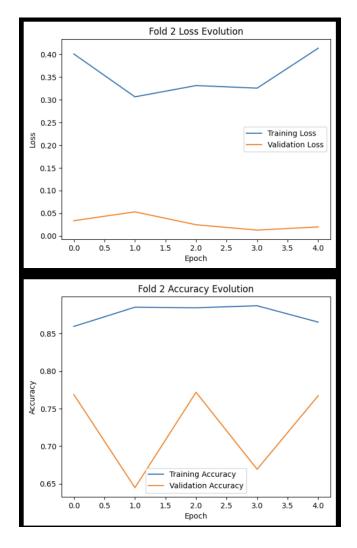


Abbildung 7: Bonus2.1 antrenare fold 2

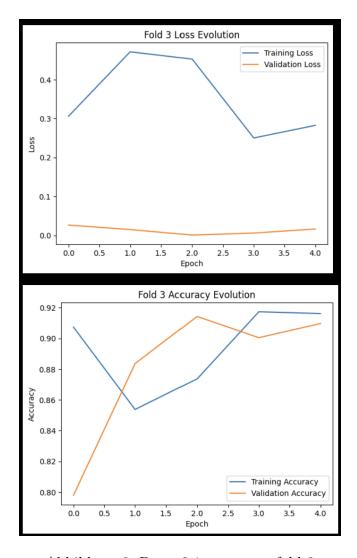


Abbildung 8: Bonus<br/>2.1 antrenare fold  $3\,$ 

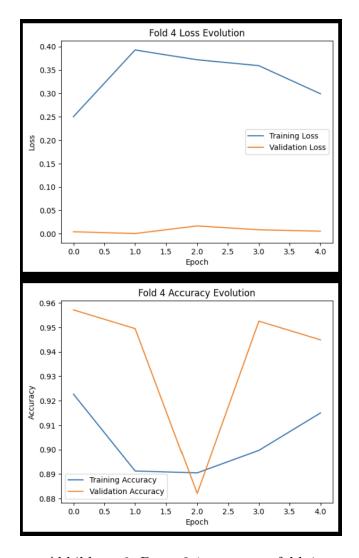


Abbildung 9: Bonus2.1 antrenare fold 4

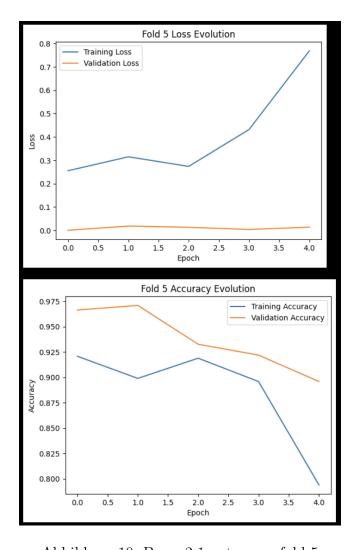


Abbildung 10: Bonus<br/>2.1 antrenare fold  $5\,$ 

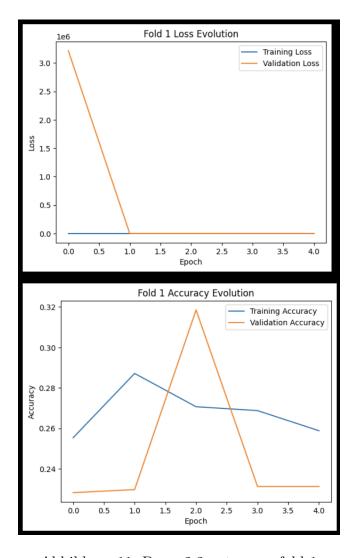


Abbildung 11: Bonus<br/>2.2 antrenare fold 1 $\,$ 

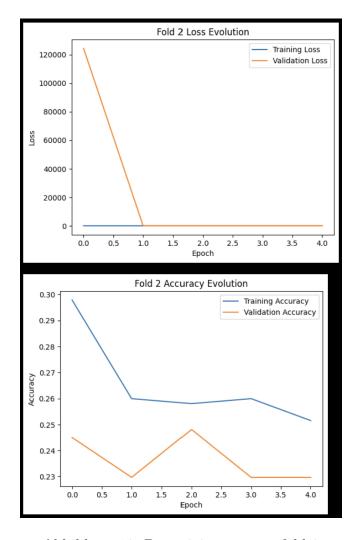


Abbildung 12: Bonus<br/>2.2 antrenare fold 2 $\,$ 

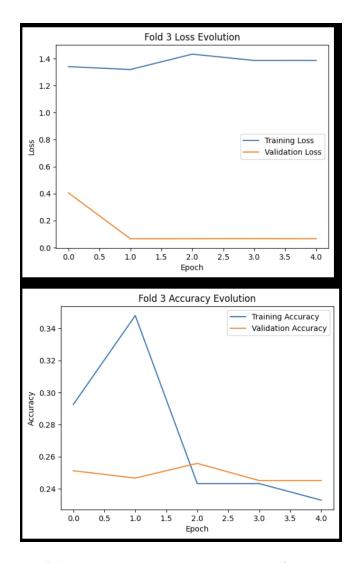


Abbildung 13: Bonus<br/>2.2 antrenare fold  $\bf 3$ 

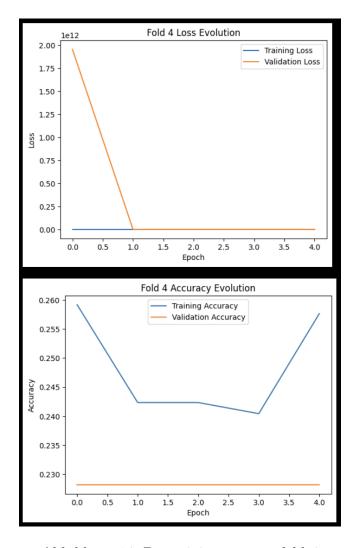


Abbildung 14: Bonus2.2 antrenare fold 4

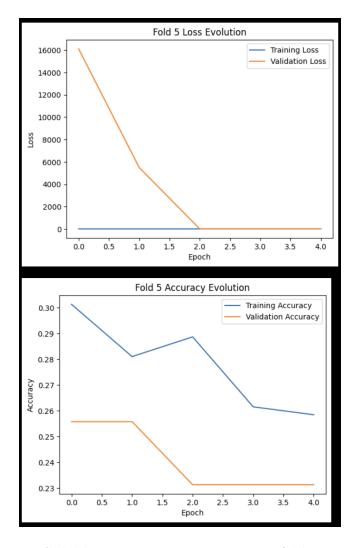


Abbildung 15: Bonus2.2 antrenare fold 5

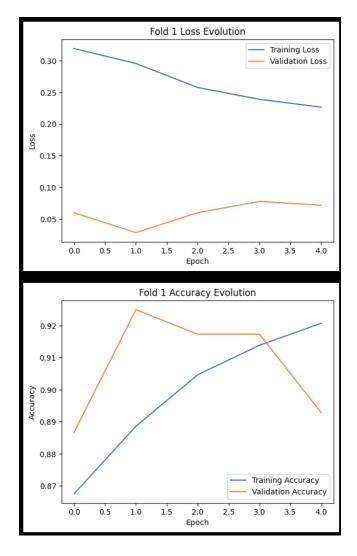


Abbildung 16: Cerinta 4.1

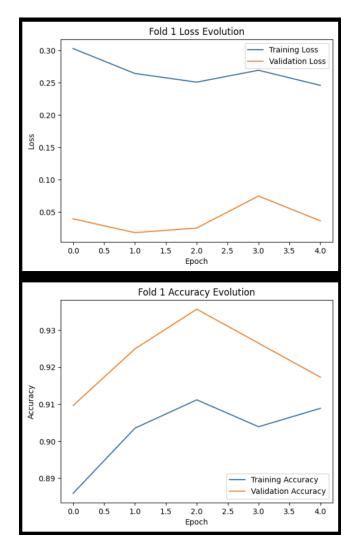


Abbildung 17: Cerinta 4.2

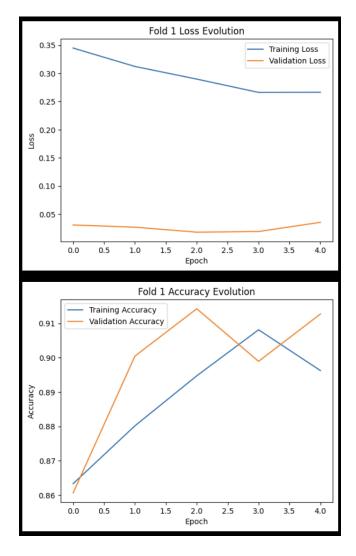


Abbildung 18: Cerinta 4.3

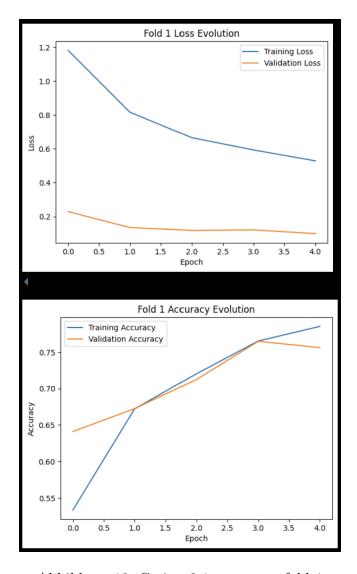


Abbildung 19: Cerinta<br/>2.1 antrenare fold 1 $\,$ 

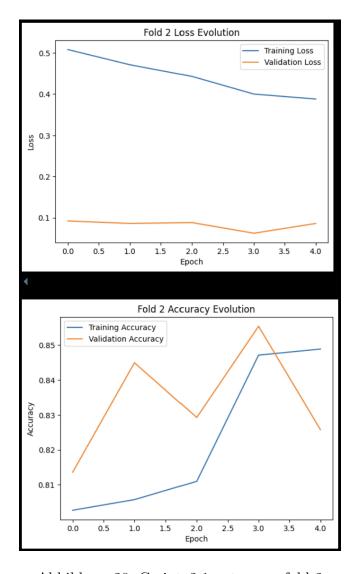


Abbildung 20: Cerinta<br/>2.1 antrenare fold 2 $\,$ 

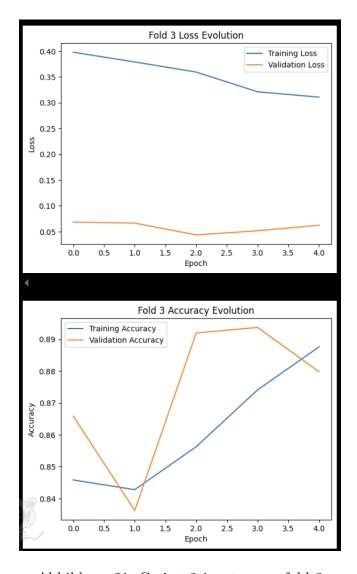


Abbildung 21: Cerinta<br/>2.1 antrenare fold  $\bf 3$ 

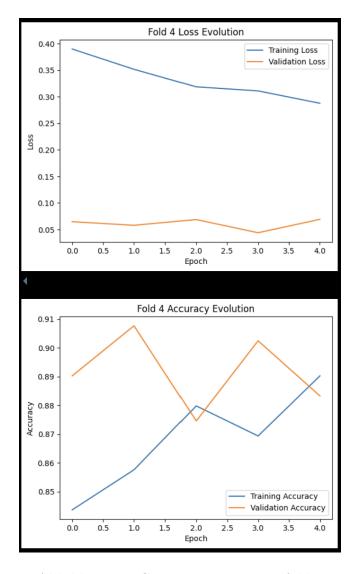


Abbildung 22: Cerinta2.1 antrenare fold 4

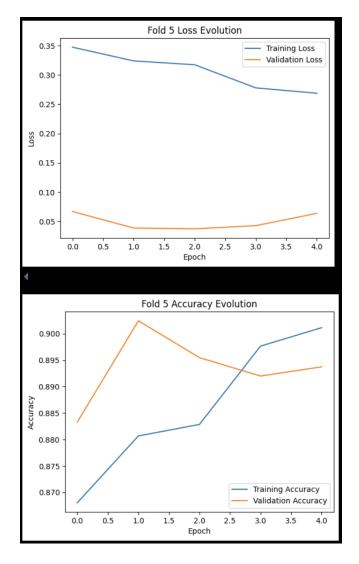


Abbildung 23: Cerinta<br/>2.1 antrenare fold  ${\bf 5}$ 

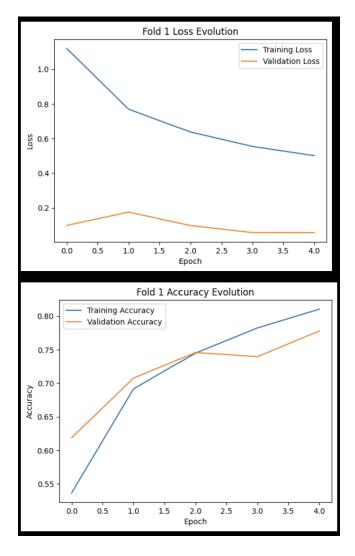


Abbildung 24: Cerinta<br/>2.2 antrenare fold  $\boldsymbol{1}$ 

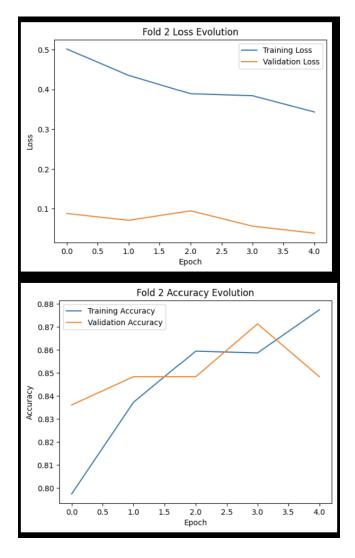


Abbildung 25: Cerinta<br/>2.2 antrenare fold 2 $\,$ 

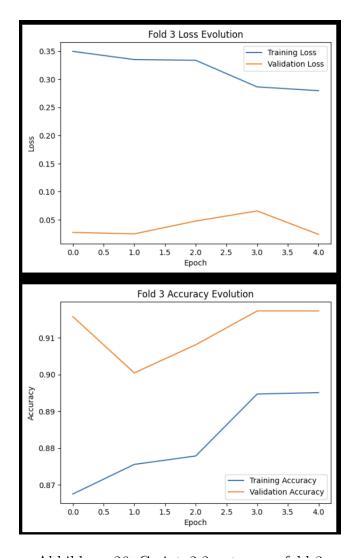


Abbildung 26: Cerinta2.2 antrenare fold 3

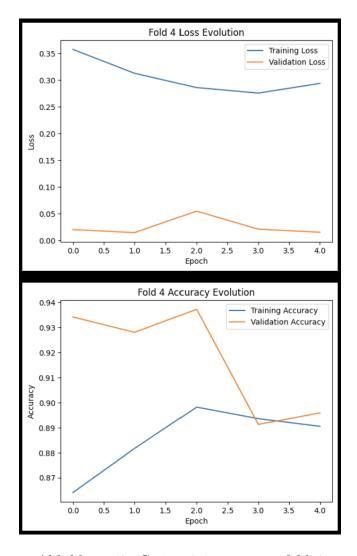


Abbildung 27: Cerinta<br/>2.2 antrenare fold  $4\,$ 

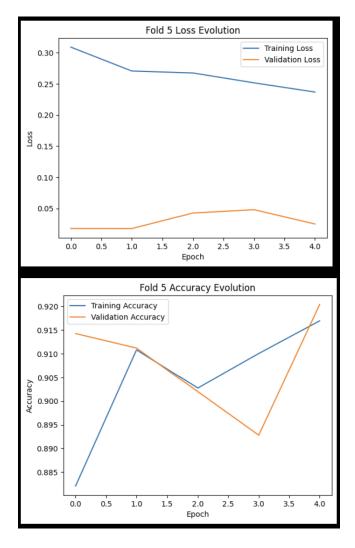


Abbildung 28: Cerinta<br/>2.2 antrenare fold  ${\bf 5}$