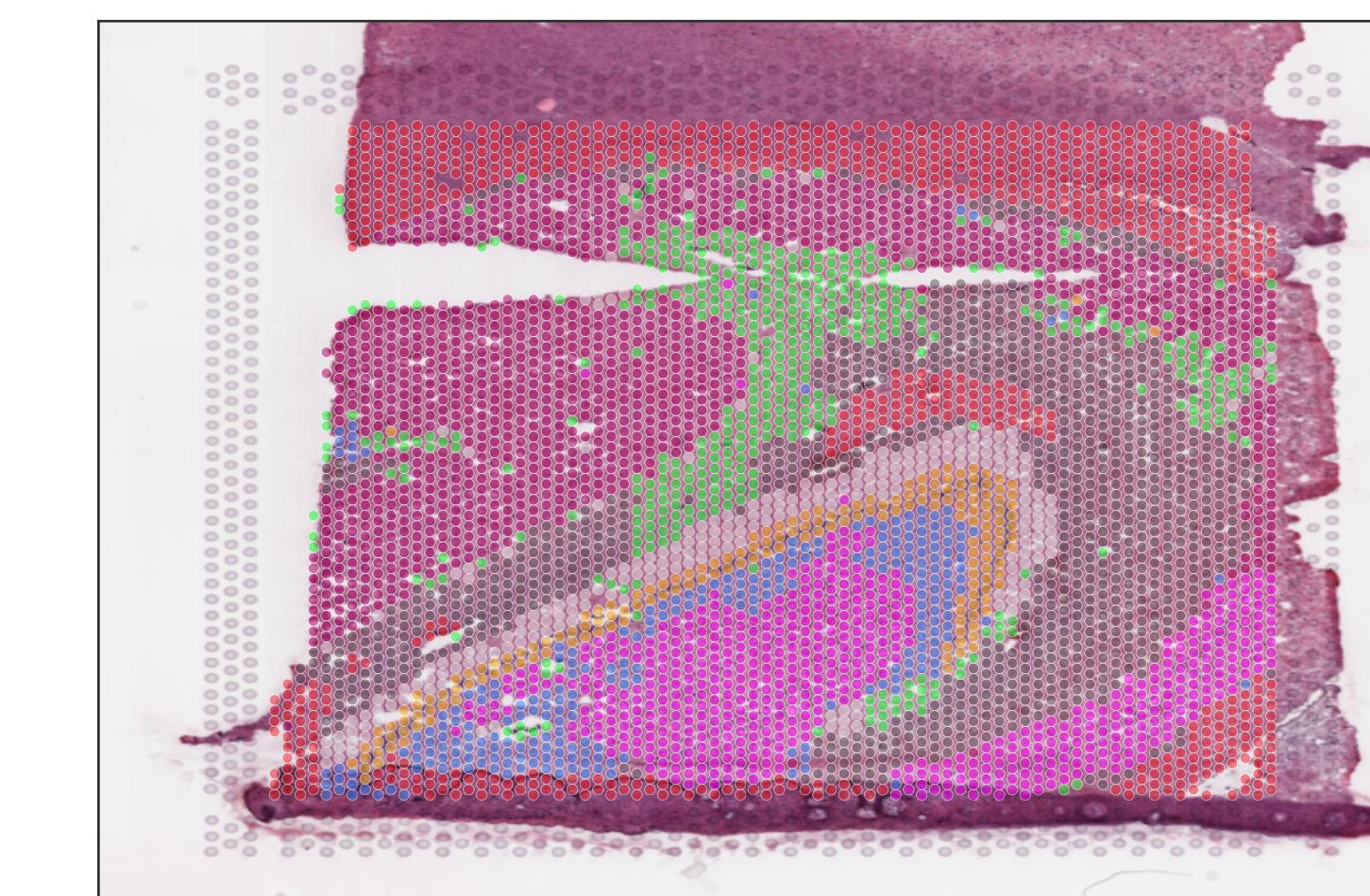
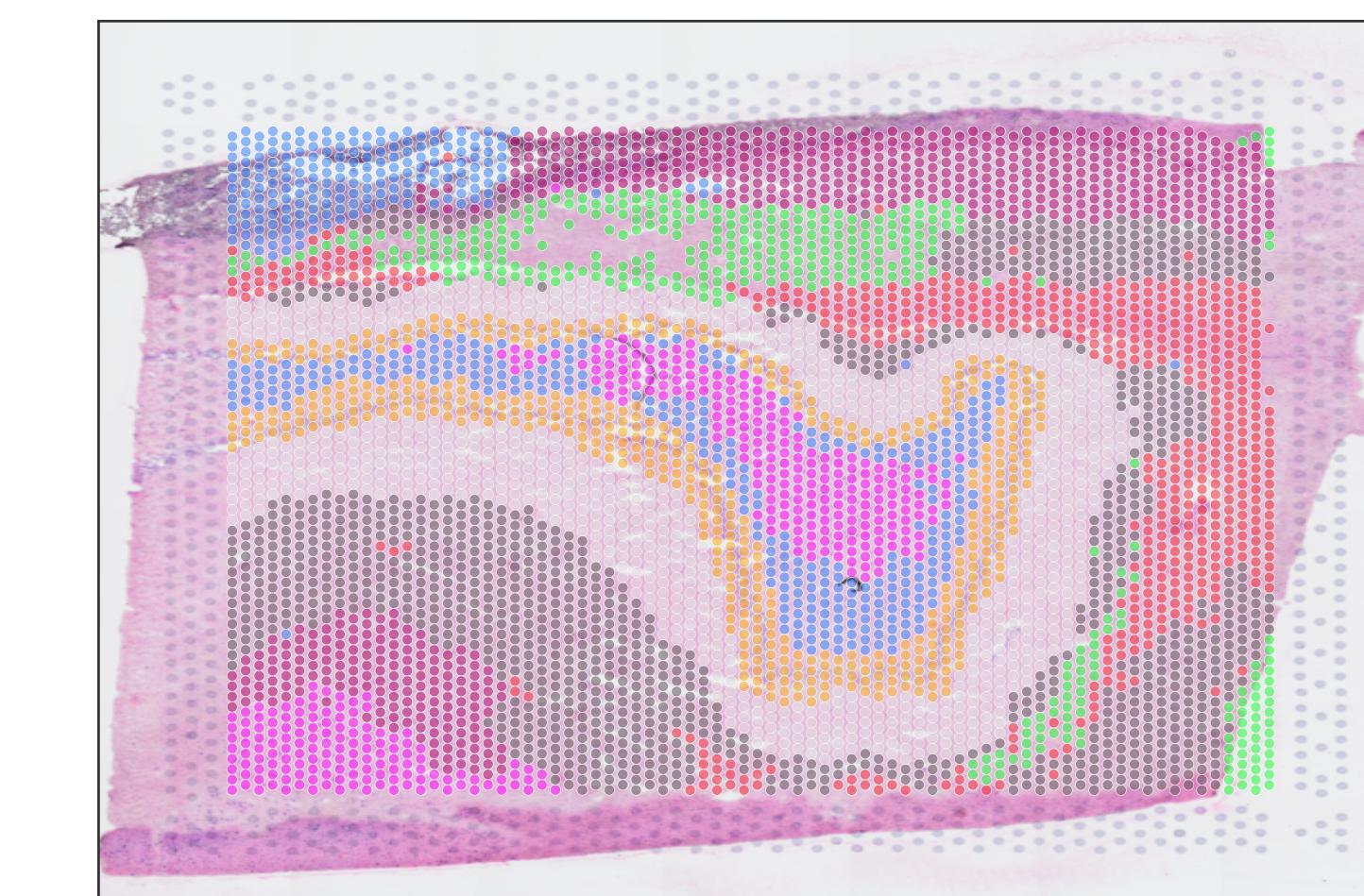


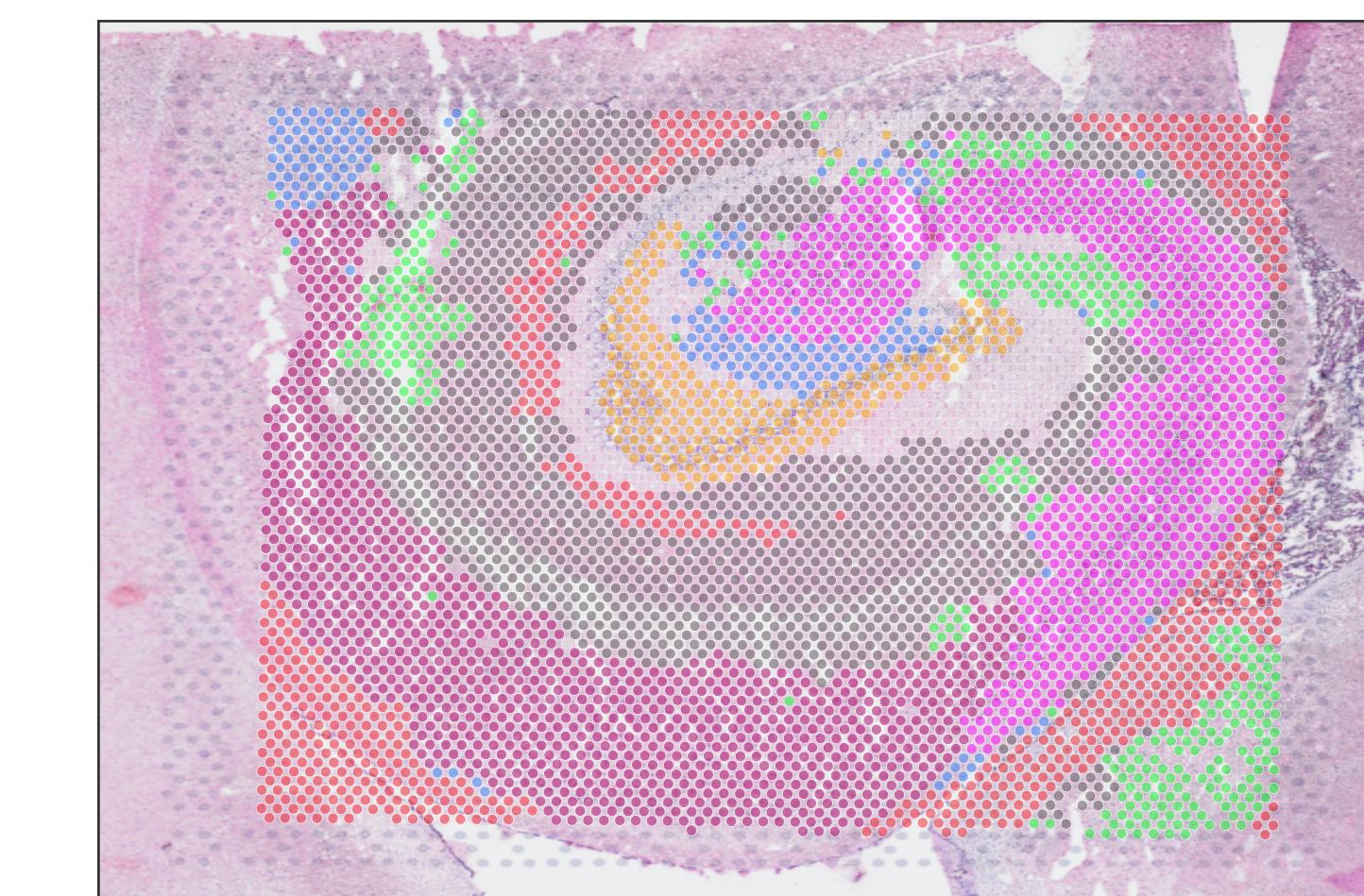
Br5242



Br6299_new

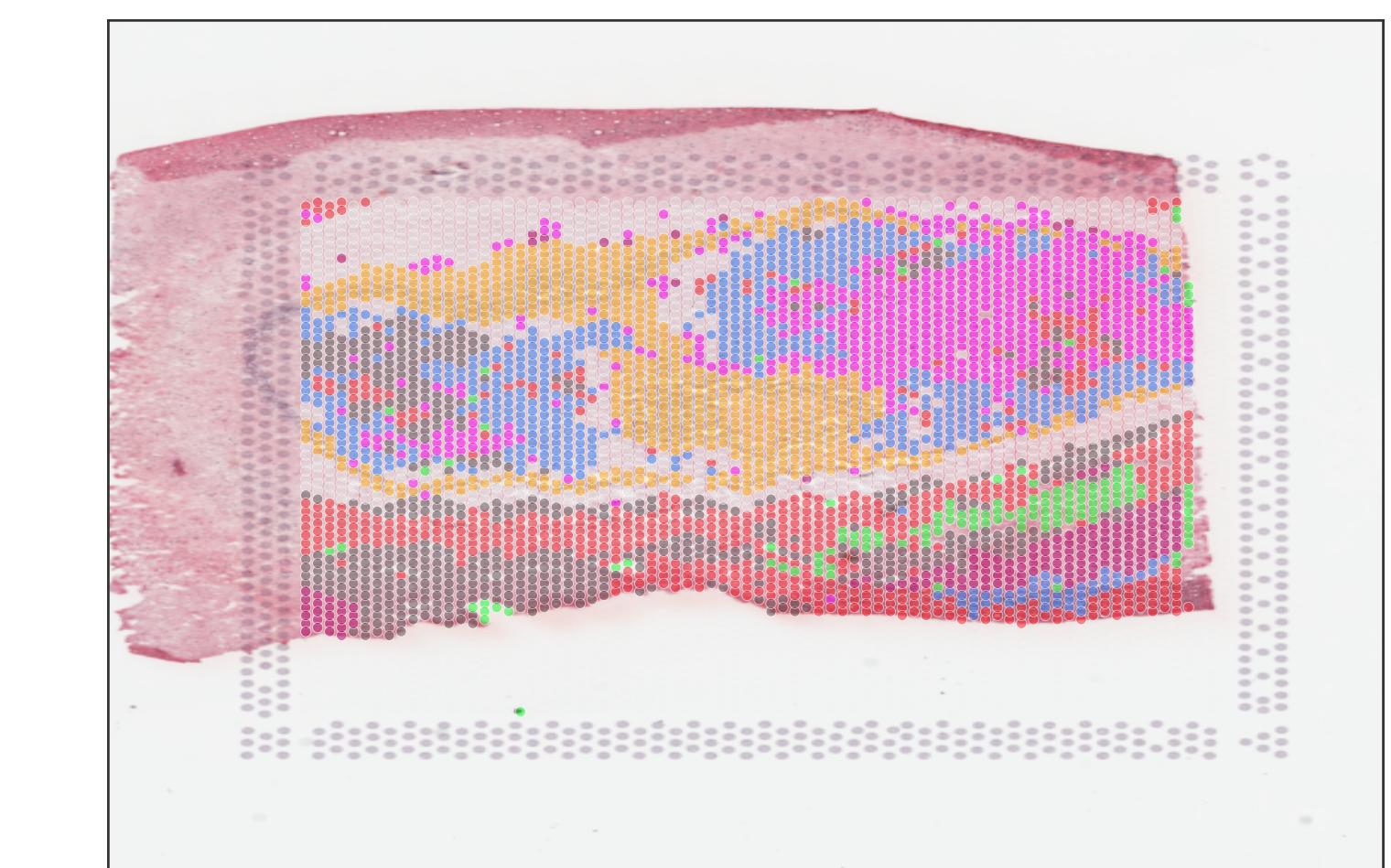


Br8533

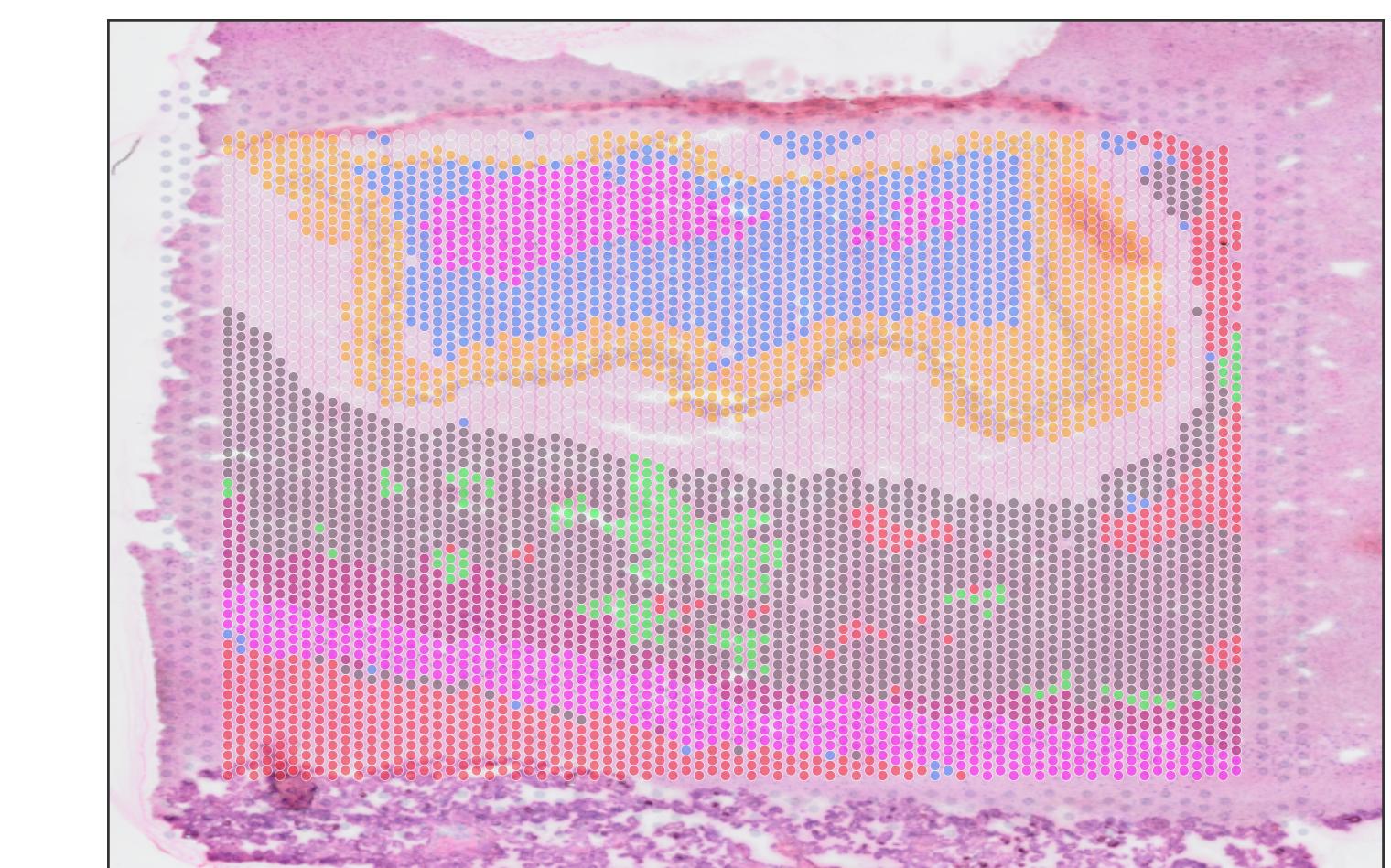


Br2706

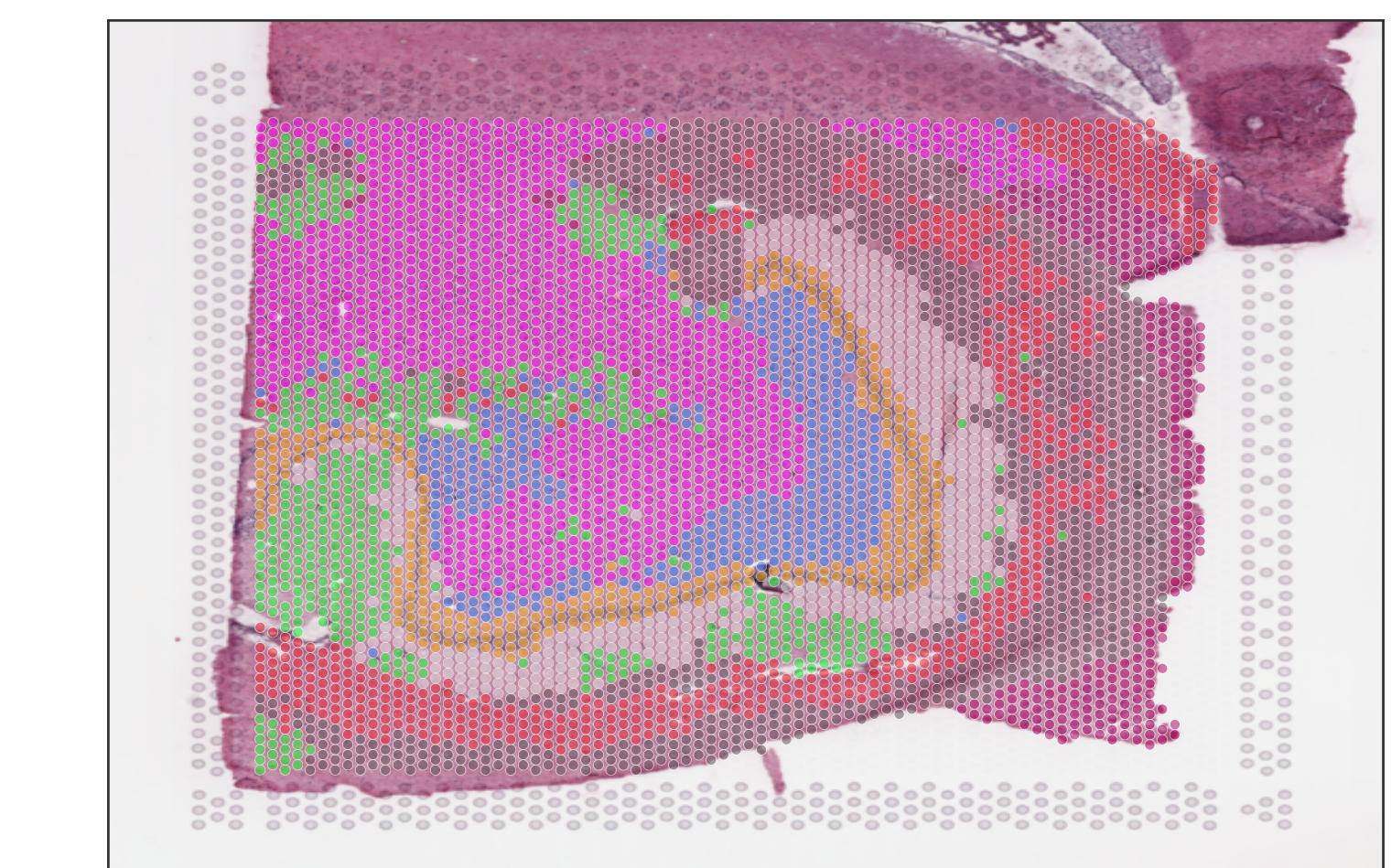
Br5699_new



Br6522

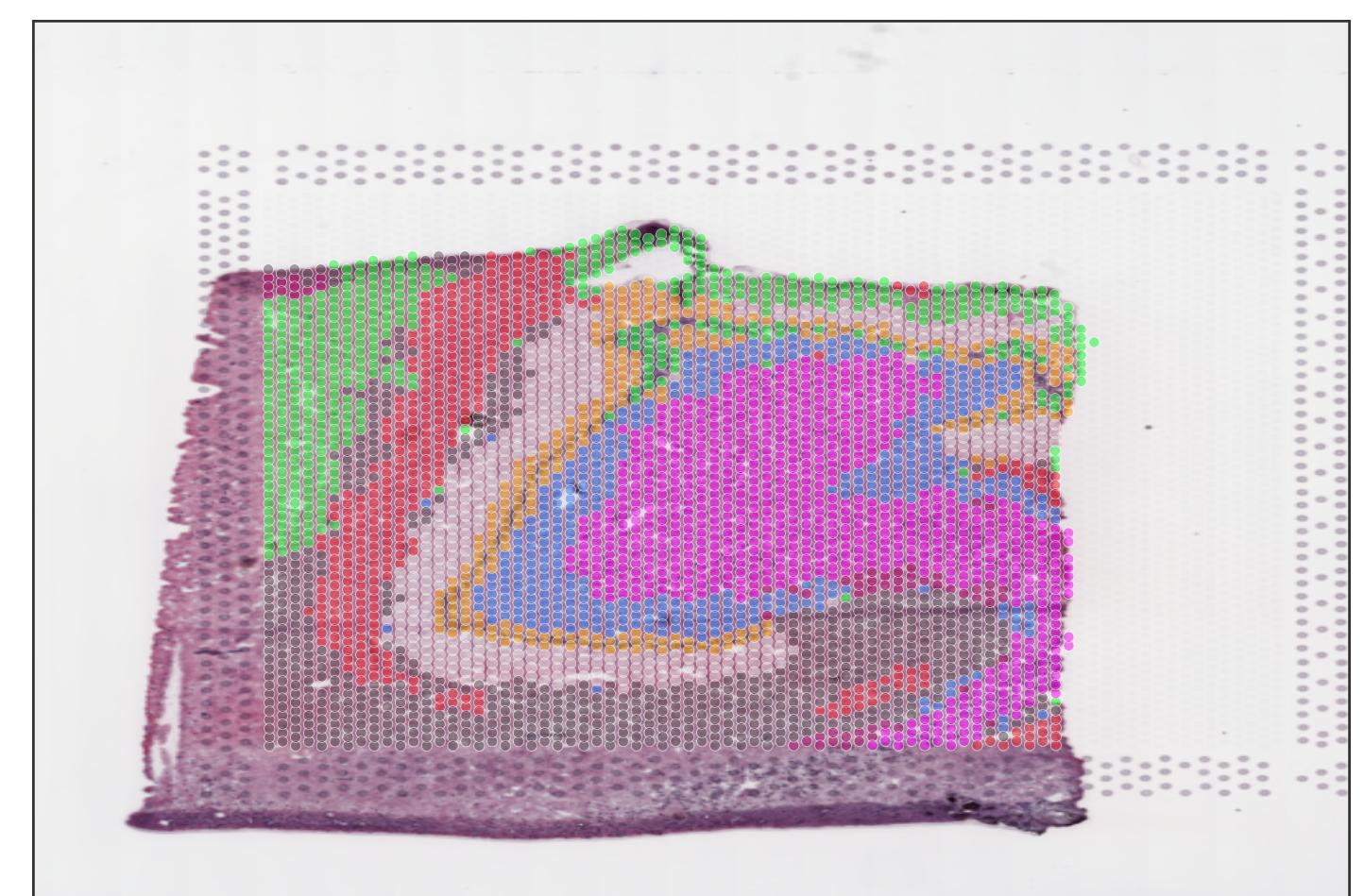


Br8667

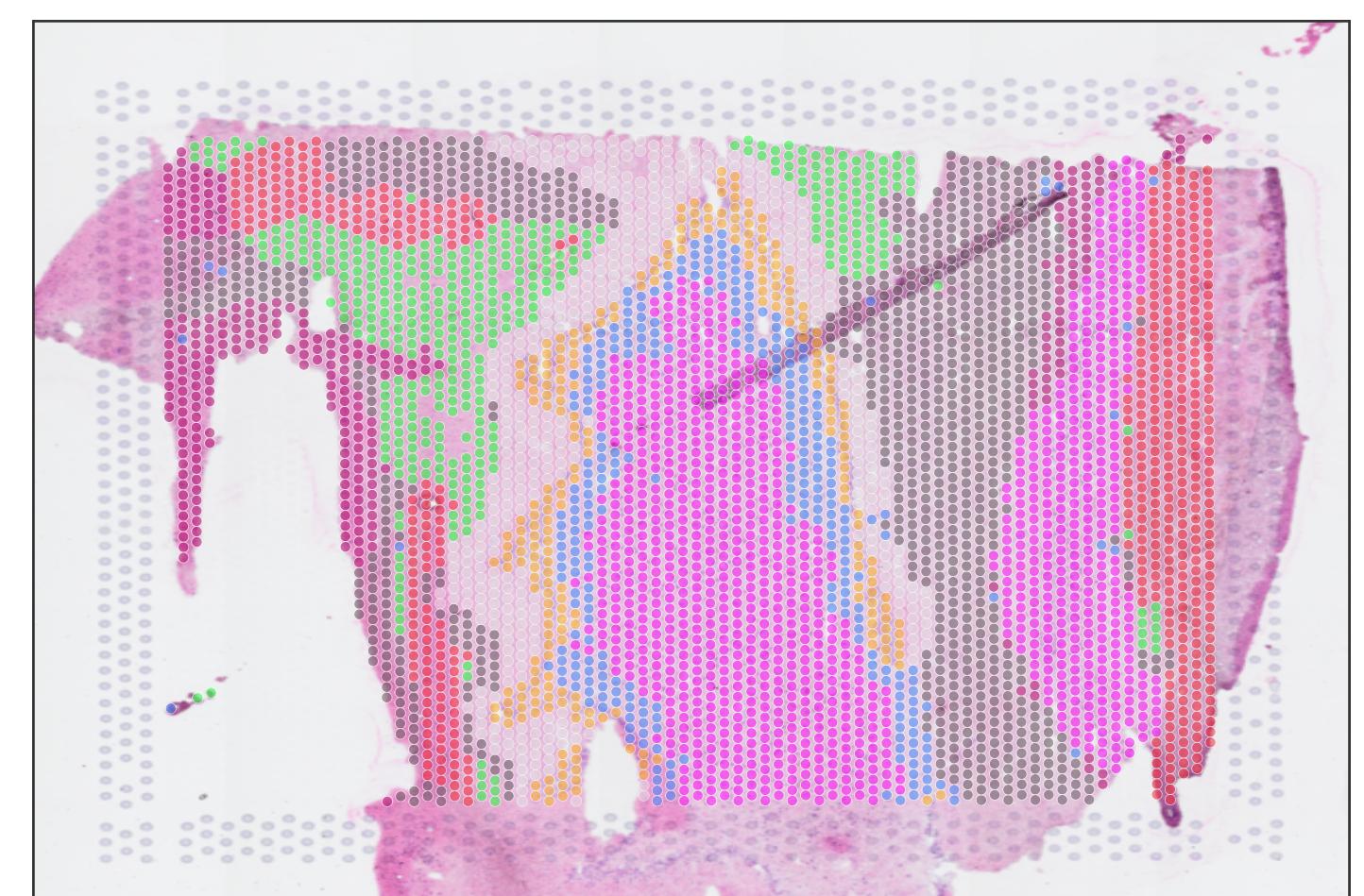


A histological image showing a cross-section of tissue stained with hematoxylin. Overlaid on the image is a grid of colored circles representing individual cells or nuclei. The colors include red, green, purple, grey, blue, and orange. The distribution of these colored cells follows a distinct pattern: a dense band of red and green cells runs horizontally across the middle of the image; below this, there is a layer of grey and purple cells; further down, a layer of blue and orange cells is visible. The background consists of pink-stained tissue.

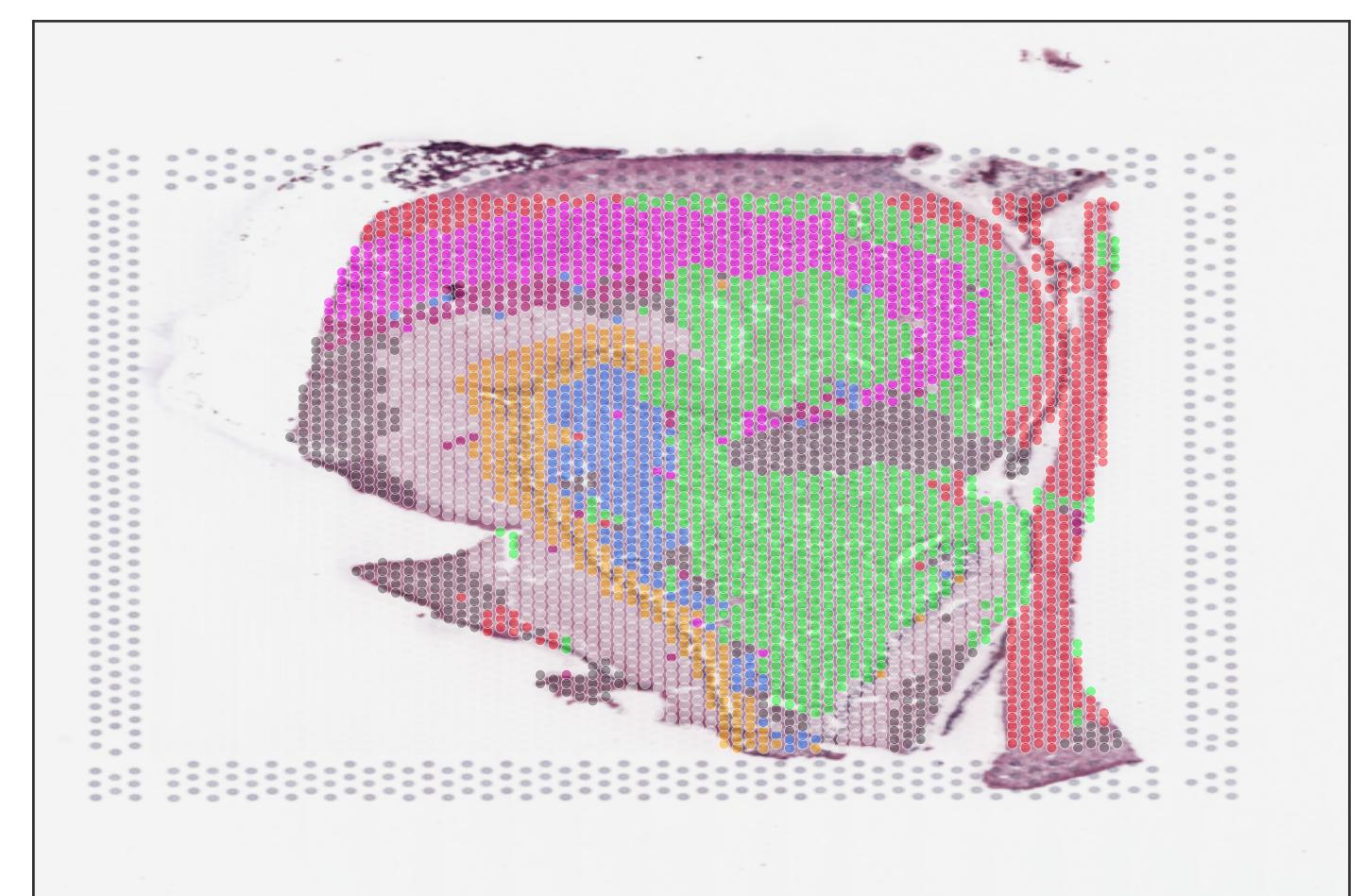
Br6023



Br8181

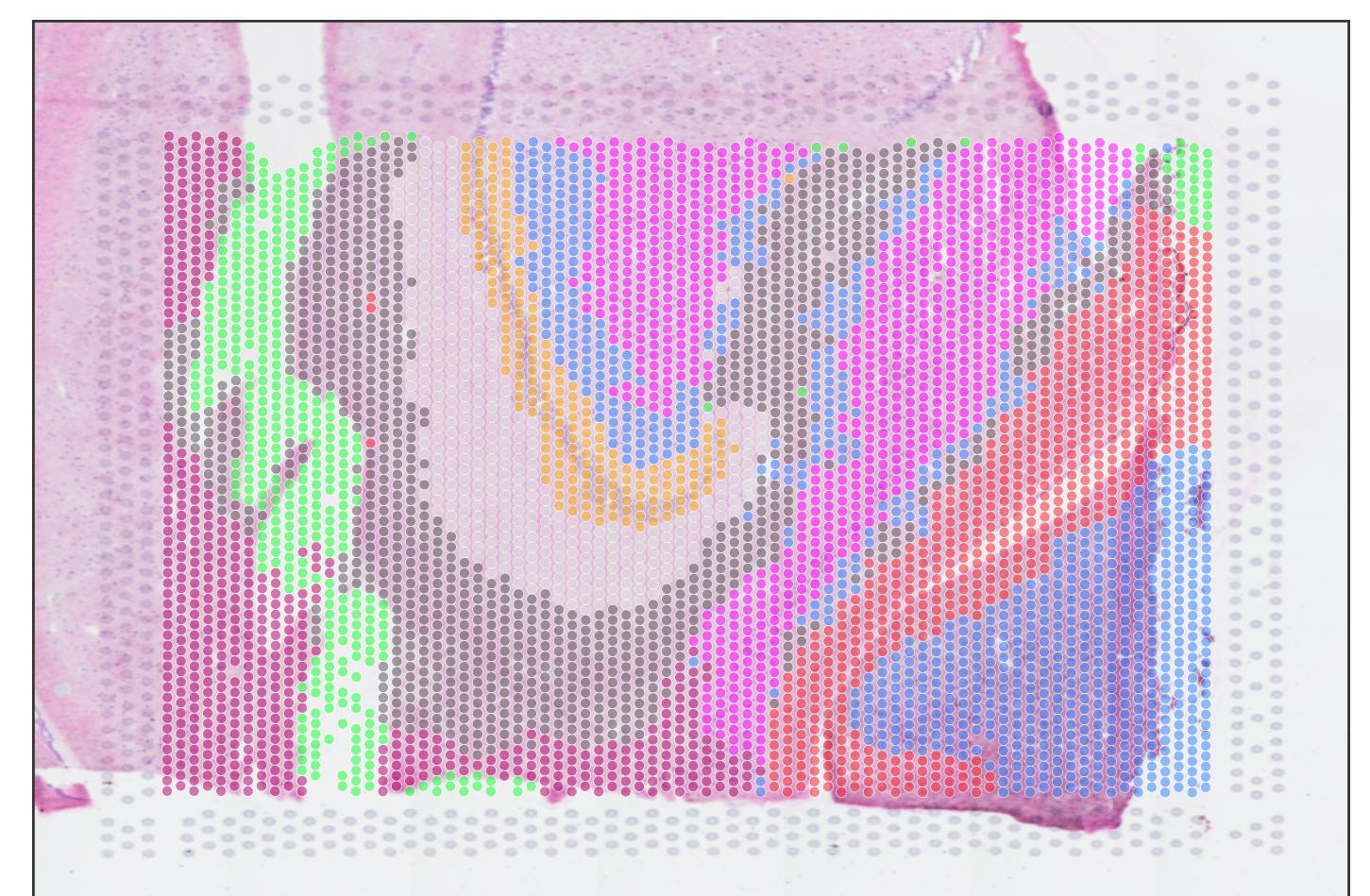


Br8686

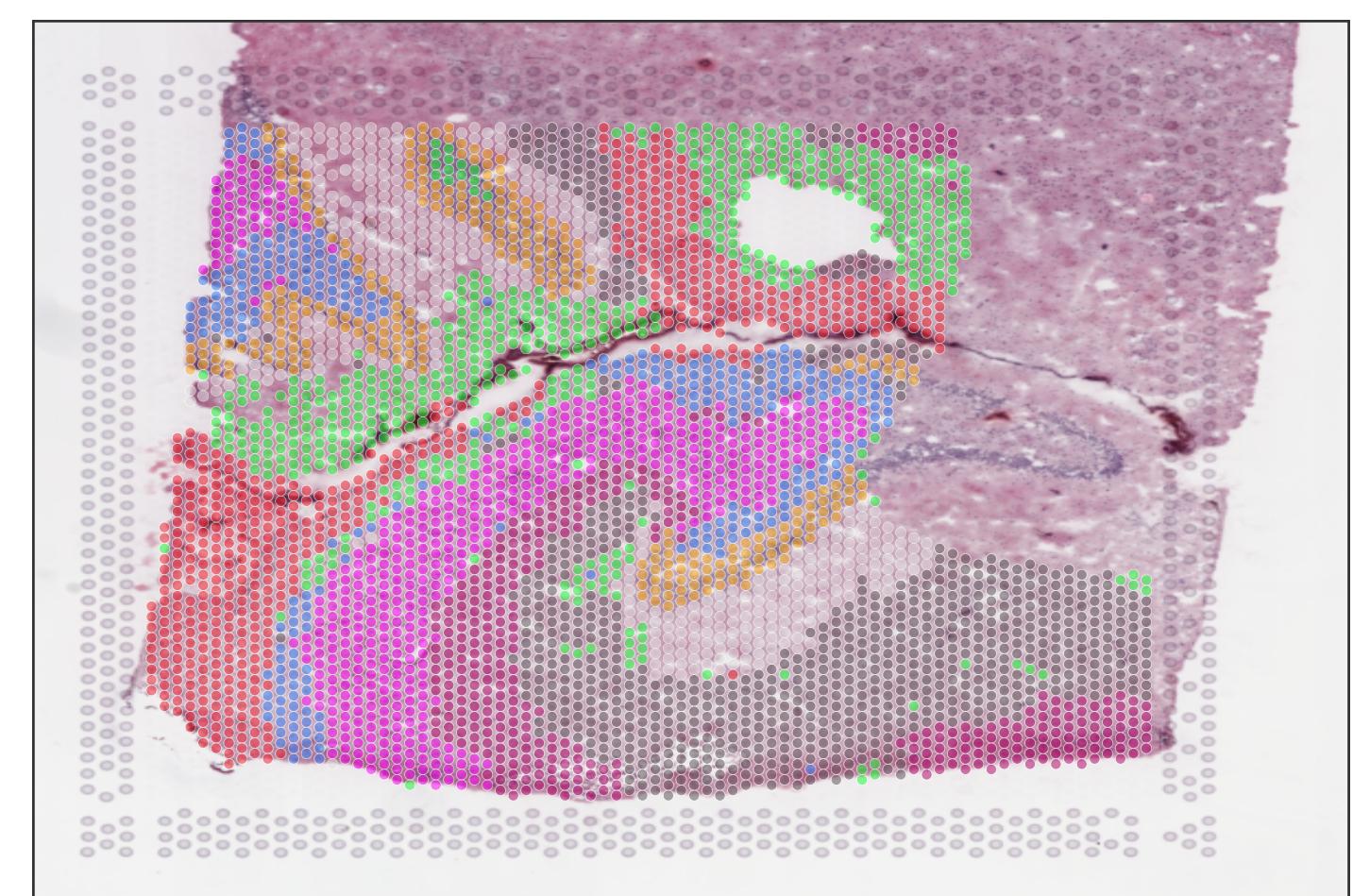


The figure shows a histological section of tissue stained with hematoxylin, appearing dark purple. A large, irregularly shaped cluster of cells in the center-right is highlighted with a dense grid of colored hexagons. The colors represent different cell types or markers: green, magenta, blue, orange, red, and grey. The background outside the main cluster is a lighter shade of purple. The entire image is framed by a black border.

Br6129_new



Br8195



Br8700

