

# Automatic transformation from QVT-R to C# for Enterprise Architect CDL-Flex wrap-up @LieberLieber

Erwan Bousse

Business Informatics Group (BIG), TU Wien

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# Outline

- 1 Context
- 2 Presentation of the prototype
- 3 Additional work-in-progress
- 4 Conclusion

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# QVT-R model transformation language

- Declarative language by the OMG
- Based on relations between source and target patterns
- Intuitive concrete syntax

AssocToFKey

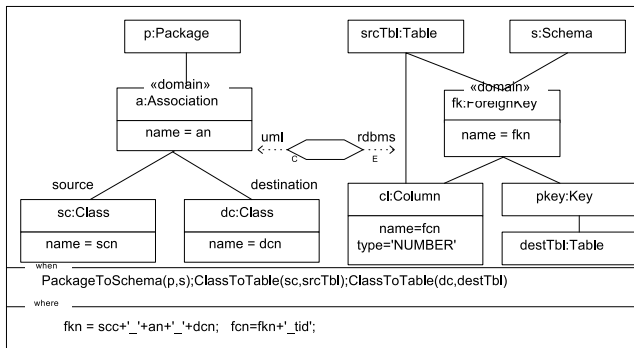


Figure A.8 - AssocToFKey relation

# Problem

- QVT-R transformation = a set of declarative constraints, ie. expresses the *what* and not the *how*
- Must be analyzed to determine which sequence of actions (ie. the *how*) must be done to create the target model
- Such analyses must be done at each execution, ie. significant overhead in the interpreter

## Idea

Move from an *interpreter* to a *compiler*, ie. **automatically generate C# code** from QVT-R transformations.

# Additional requirements/constraints

Requirements stated by Lieberlieber:

- Top relations are called manually, by the modeler (ie. no pattern matching or scheduling required)
- Metamodel interface: possibility to choose how the output model is constructed (eg. as EA elements, or pure C# objects)

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# Technologies used

- **Enterprise Architect (EA)**: modeling workbench
- **C#**: .NET programming language
- **T4**: .NET template language
- **Roslyn**: C# parser, to obtain an AST from C# code
- **.NET Modeling Framework (NMF)**: powerful library to manipulate models in C# and to interoperate with the Eclipse Modeling Framework (EMF), ie with the Ecore language
- **Ecore**: metamodeling language of the EMF



# Challenge: OCL

- OCL hard to manage (large, complex semantics)
- Used in:
  - Helper functions
  - When and where clauses

## Solution

- Use of C# instead of OCL, as expressions in the transformation
- Use of Roslyn to obtain a C# AST

# Overview (diagram)

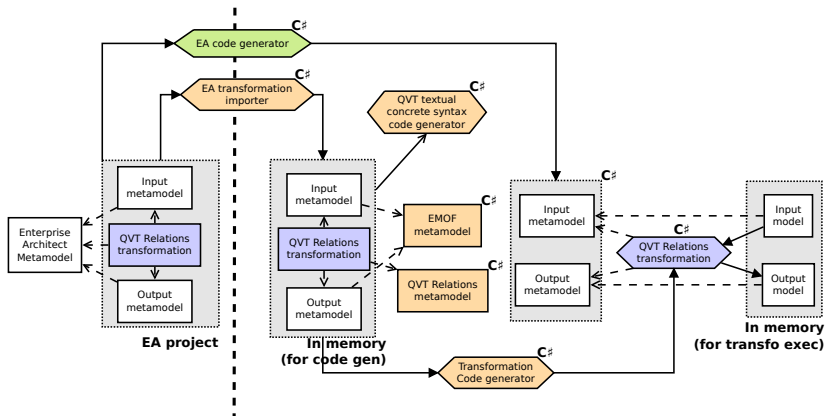


Figure 1: Architecture

# Overview (steps)

- Architecture based on independent and reusable components
- Main steps:
  - 0 Translation of `qvt.ecore` to `C#`, using NMF
  - 1 Model-to-model transformation from Enterprise Architect class diagram to EMOF, for both source and target metamodels
  - 2 Model-to-model transformation from QVT-R model in Enterprise Architect to QVT-R model conforming to the official QVT-R standard (slightly extended)
  - 3 Model-to-text transformation from QVT-R to `C#`, ie. code generation