Stellar Evolution – Hints to exercises – Chapter 11

11.1 Core mass luminosity relation for AGB stars

(a) Take the time derivative of the Paczynski relation

$$\frac{\dot{L}}{L_{\odot}} = 5.9 \times 10^4 \left(\frac{\dot{M}_c}{M_{\odot}}\right) = 5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{yr}^{-1} \left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right) \implies$$

$$\int_{L(t_0)}^{L(t)} \left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right)^{-1} d\left(\frac{L}{L_{\odot}}\right) = \int_{t_0}^{t} 5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{yr}^{-1} dt \implies$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{L(t)}{L_{\odot}}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{L(t_0)}{L_{\odot}}\right) + 5.9 \times 10^{-7} (t - t_0) / \text{yr} \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{L(t)}{L_{\odot}} = 10^3 \exp\left(\frac{t - t_0}{1.69 \times 10^6 \text{ yr}}\right)$$

(b) $L = 4\pi R^2 \sigma T_{\text{eff}}^4$

$$R(t) = \left[\frac{L(t)}{4\pi\sigma T_{\text{off}}^4} \right]^{1/2} = 120 R_{\odot} \exp\left(\frac{t - t_0}{3.38 \times 10^6 \,\text{yr}} \right)$$

(c) Rewrite Paczynski relation and insert the expression for L(t).

$$\left(\frac{\dot{M}_c}{M_\odot}\right) = 5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{yr}^{-1} \left(\frac{M_c}{M_\odot} - 0.52\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\int_{M_c(t_0)}^{M_c(t)} \left(\frac{M_c}{M_{\odot}} - 0.52 \right)^{-1} d\left(\frac{M_c}{M_{\odot}} \right) = \int_{t_0}^{t} 5.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{yr}^{-1} dt \Rightarrow$$

Paczynski relation: t_0 : $L/L_{\odot} = 10^3 \Rightarrow M_c/M_{\odot} = 0.537$

$$\frac{M_c(t)}{M_{\odot}} = 0.52 + 0.017 \exp\left(\frac{t - t_0}{1.69 \times 10^6 \text{ yr}}\right)$$

11.2 Mass loss of AGB stars

(a) Insert L(t) and R(t) from the previous question into the Reimers relation, keeping η as a free parameter:

$$\frac{\dot{M}}{M_{\odot}} = -4 \times 10^{-13} \text{yr}^{-1} \times \eta \times 10^{3} \times 120 \times \exp\left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{t - t_{0}}{1.69 \times 10^{6} \text{ yr}}\right] \left(\frac{M}{M_{\odot}}\right)^{-1}$$

Now rewrite and use the hint

$$-4.8 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{yr^{-1}} \,\eta \,\exp\left[\frac{3(t-t_0)}{2 \times 1.69 \times 10^6 \,\mathrm{yr}}\right] = \left(\frac{\dot{M}}{M_\odot}\right) \left(\frac{M}{M_\odot}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \,\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}t} \left[\left(\frac{M}{M_\odot}\right)^2\right]$$

Rewrite and integrate this expression, then take the square root to obtain M(t)

$$\frac{M(t)}{M_{\odot}} = \left\{ \left(\frac{M_0}{M_{\odot}} \right)^2 - 0.108 \, \eta \, \left[\exp\left(\frac{t - t_0}{1.13 \times 10^6 \, \text{yr}} \right) - 1 \right] \right\}^{1/2}$$

- (b) Answer these questions for example by plotting $M_c(t)$ and M(t) and estimating the answer from your plot. For $\eta = 3$: $\Delta t \approx 2.82 \times 10^6$ yrs, $L \approx 5.31 \times 10^3 L_{\odot}$, $M_{\rm WD} \approx 0.610 \, M_{\odot}$.
- (c) For $\eta = 1$: $\Delta t \approx 3.96 \times 10^6$ yrs, $L \approx 1.04 \times 10^4 L_{\odot}$, $M_{\rm WD} \approx 0.697 \, M_{\odot}$. For $\eta = 9$: $\Delta t \approx 1.76 \times 10^6$ yrs, $L \approx 2.83 \times 10^3 L_{\odot}$, $M_{\rm WD} \approx 0.568 \, M_{\odot}$.