1.
$$y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x^{2}} - \frac{5}{x^{3}} + \sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} =$$

$$= x^{-1} + 2x^{-2} - 5x^{-3} + x^{\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$g' = -x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - 4x^{-\frac{3}{2}} + 15x^{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
2. $y = x / 1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

$$g' = \sqrt{1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{x \cdot 2x}{x / 1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}} = \sqrt{1 + x^{\frac{1}{2}}} + \frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{1 + x^{\frac{1}{2}} + x^{2}}{\sqrt{1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{1 + 2x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{\sqrt{1 + x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}}$$
3. $g = \frac{ex}{1 - x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

$$g' = \frac{e(1 - x^{\frac{1}{2}}) + 4x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(1 - x^{\frac{1}{2}})^{2}} = \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{2}}})^{2}} = \frac{1$$

9'2 ln(x+ 1x2+1+ x. 1 (1+ x) - x

9 21x + Vx+VX Cosx = sign(cosx) 9 = VX+ JX+JX & VX+VX+VX 1+ 80x+0x) 20X+VX+0X (1+ 20X+1X)

**

4 = ancsin (sinx)