

## amazon.cn

In mid-2019, Amazon partially withdrew from the Chinese market.





Competition from *Alibaba* and *JD.com* was too strong for the American firm, which was unable to really break into the market.

Several factors explain the reason for this failure, we will address them in this presentation.

### #2 – Where the mistakes were made **ZONICH**

Just as McKinsey expected successfully establish itself Europe in the 1950s thanks to its reputation, Amazon expected to its power in Western harness markets in China. But Amazon from the suffered liability foreignness, and remained "stranger in a strange land"...

Amazon has no major competitive advantage in China over its domestic competitors. Unless someone is looking for a very specific imported product that cannot be found elsewhere, there is no reason for a consumer to choose Amazon because they will not be able to ship things as quickly or as cheap as Alibaba (Tmall) or JD.com already does.

## #3 – According to the theory Mazon.Ch



Only companies with a real and significant competitive advantage on their product(s)/service(s) can hope to break into a foreign market.

#### 1. Cultural Factors

Tastes
Attitudes
Behavior
Social Norms

#### 3. Technical Factors

Standards
Spatial Presence
Transportation
Language

#### 2. Commercial Factors

Distribution Customization Responsiveness

#### 4. Legal Factors

Regulation
National Security Issues

In addition, many factors can make implementation difficult.

Many of these are listed on the table above.



# #4 – What we can learn from it Mazon.Ch

Putting aside the economic climate, China is not an easy target, and many large Western companies are experiencing difficulties there. For example, Walmart sold its Chinese online shopping platform to JD.com in 2016 (in exchange for a stake in JD.com). In the same idea, the American internet majors - Google, Facebook, Netflix - are establishing themselves there with greater difficulty than elsewhere.

The difficulty of setting up in a new country without a significant comparative advantage is quite common, but very pronounced in a country such as China, which already has very powerful industry leaders and a very different culture from Western culture.

The willingness to export internationally is not enough, a strategy is needed to maximize the chances of success.

